Protein Data Bank Contents Guide:

Atomic Coordinate Entry Format Description

Version 3.20

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This format complies with the PDB Exchange Dictionary (PDBx) http://mmcif.pdb.org/dictionaries/mmcif_pdbx.dic/Index/index.html.

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1. Introduction

The Protein Data Bank (PDB) is an archive of experimentally determined three-dimensional structures of biological macromolecules that serves a global community of researchers, educators, and students. The data contained in the archive include atomic coordinates, crystallographic structure factors and NMR experimental data. Aside from coordinates, each deposition also includes the names of molecules, primary and secondary structure information, sequence database references, where appropriate, and ligand and biological assembly information, details about data collection and structure solution, and bibliographic citations.

This comprehensive guide describes the "PDB format" used by the members of the worldwide Protein Data Bank (wwPDB; Berman, H.M., Henrick, K. and Nakamura, H. Announcing the worldwide Protein Data Bank. *Nat Struct Biol* **10**, 980 (2003)). Questions should be sent to info@wwpdb.org

Information about file formats and data dictionaries can be found at http://wwpdb.org.

Version History:

Version 2.3: The format in which structures were released from 1998 to July 2007.

Version 3.0: Major update from Version 2.3; incorporates all of the revisions used by the wwPDB to integrate uniformity and remediation data into a single set of archival data files including IUPAC nomenclature. See <u>http://www.wwpdb.org/docs.html</u> for more details.

Version 3.1: Minor addenda to Version 3.0, introducing a small number of changes and extensions supporting the annotation practices adopted by the wwPDB beginning in August 2007 including chain ID standardization and biological assembly .

Version 3.15: Minor addenda to Version 3.20, introducing a small number of changes and extensions supporting the annotation practices adopted by the wwPDB beginning in October 2008 including DBREF, taxonomy and citation information.

Version 3.20: Current version, minor addenda to Version 3.1, introducing a small number of changes and extensions supporting the annotation practices adopted by the wwPDB beginning in December 2008 including DBREF, taxonomy and citation information.

September 15 2008, initial version

November 15 2008, add examples for Refmac template and coordinate with alternate conformation. December 24 2008, update REMARK 3 templates/examples, add Norine database in DBREF, update REMARK 500 on chiral center.

Basic Notions of the Format Description

Character Set

Only non-control ASCII characters, as well as the space and end-of-line indicator, appear in a PDB coordinate entry file. Namely:

abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ

1234567890

` - = [] \ ; ' , . / ~ ! @ # \$ % ^ & * () + { } | : " < > ?

The use of punctuation characters in the place of alphanumeric characters is discouraged.

The space, and end-of-line:. The end-of-line indicator is system-specific character; some systems may use a carriage return followed by a line feed, others only a line-feed character.

Special Characters

Greek letters are spelled out, i.e., alpha, beta, gamma, etc.

Bullets are represented as (DOT).

Right arrow is represented as -->.

Left arrow is represented as <--.

If "=" is surrounded by at least one space on each side, then it is assumed to be an equal sign, e.g., 2 + 4 = 6.

Commas, colons, and semi-colons are used as list delimiters in records that have one of the following data types:

List

SList

Specification List

Specification

If a comma, colon, or semi-colon is used in any context other than as a delimiting character, then the character must be escaped, i.e., immediately preceded by a backslash, "\".

Example - Use of "\" character:

COMPND	MOL_ID: 1;
COMPND	2 MOLECULE: GLUTATHIONE SYNTHETASE;
COMPND	3 CHAIN: A;
COMPND	4 SYNONYM: GAMMA-L-GLUTAMYL-L-CYSTEINE\:GLYCINE LIGASE
COMPND	5 (ADP-FORMING);
COMPND	6 EC: 6.3.2.3;
COMPND	7 ENGINEERED: YES

COMPND	MOL_ID: 1;
COMPND	2 MOLECULE: S-ADENOSYLMETHIONINE SYNTHETASE;
COMPND	3 CHAIN: A, B;
COMPND	4 SYNONYM: MAT, ATP\:L-METHIONINE S-ADENOSYLTRANSFERASE;
COMPND	5 EC: 2.5.1.6;
COMPND	6 ENGINEERED: YES;
COMPND	7 BIOLOGICAL_UNIT: TETRAMER;
COMPND	8 OTHER_DETAILS: TETRAGONAL MODIFICATION

Record Format

Every PDB file is presented in a number of lines. Each line in the PDB entry file consists of 80 columns. The last character in each PDB entry should be an end-of- line indicator.

Each line in the PDB file is self-identifying. The first six columns of every line contains a record name, that is left-justified and separated by a blank. The record name must be an exact match to one of the stated record names in this format guide.

The PDB file may also be viewed as a collection of record types. Each record type consists of one or more lines.

Each record type is further divided into fields.

Each record type is detailed in this document. The description of each record type includes the following sections:

- Overview
- Record Format
- Details
- Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control
- Relationship to Other Record Types
- Examples
- Known Problems

For records that are fully described in fixed column format, columns not assigned to fields must be left blank.

Types of Records

It is possible to group records into categories based upon how often the record type appears in an entry.

<u>One time, single line:</u> There are records that may only appear one time and without continuations in a file. Listed alphabetically, these are:

RECORD TYPE	DESCRIPTION
CRYST1	Unit cell parameters, space group, and Z.
END	Last record in the file.
HEADER	First line of the entry, contains PDB ID code, classification, and date of deposition.
NUMMDL	Number of models.
MASTER	Control record for bookkeeping.
ORIGXn	Transformation from orthogonal coordinates to the submitted coordinates (n = 1, 2, or 3).
SCALEn	Transformation from orthogonal coordinates to fractional crystallographic coordinates (n = 1, 2, or 3).

It is an error for a duplicate of any of these records to appear in an entry.

<u>One time, multiple lines</u>: There are records that conceptually exist only once in an entry, but the information content may exceed the number of columns available. These records are therefore continued on subsequent lines. Listed alphabetically, these are:

RECORD TYPE	DESCRIPTION
AUTHOR	List of contributors.
CAVEAT	Severe error indicator.
COMPND	Description of macromolecular contents of the entry.
EXPDTA	Experimental technique used for the structure determination.
MDLTYP	Contains additional annotation pertinent to the coordinates presented in the entry.
KEYWDS	List of keywords describing the macromolecule.
OBSLTE	Statement that the entry has been removed from distribution and list of the ID code(s) which replaced it.

SOURCE	Biological source of macromolecules in the entry.
SPLIT	List of PDB entries that compose a larger macromolecular complexes.
SPRSDE	List of entries obsoleted from public release and replaced by current entry.
TITLE	Description of the experiment represented in the entry.

The second and subsequent lines contain a continuation field, which is a right-justified integer. This number increments by one for each additional line of the record, and is followed by a blank character.

<u>Multiple times, one line:</u> Most record types appear multiple times, often in groups where the information is not logically concatenated but is presented in the form of a list. Many of these record types have a custom serialization that may be used not only to order the records, but also to connect to other record types. Listed alphabetically, these are:

RECORD TYPE	DESCRIPTION
ANISOU	Anisotropic temperature factors.
АТОМ	Atomic coordinate records for standard groups.
CISPEP	Identification of peptide residues in cis conformation.
CONECT	Connectivity records.
DBREF	Reference to the entry in the sequence database(s).
HELIX	Identification of helical substructures.
HET	Identification of non-standard groups heterogens).
HETATM	Atomic coordinate records for heterogens.
LINK	Identification of inter-residue bonds.
MODRES	Identification of modifications to standard residues.
MTRIXn	Transformations expressing non-crystallographic symmetry $(n = 1, 2, \text{ or } 3)$. There may be multiple sets of these records.
REVDAT	Revision date and related information.
SEQADV	Identification of conflicts between PDB and the named sequence database.
SHEET	Identification of sheet substructures.
SSBOND	Identification of disulfide bonds.

PDB File Format v. 3.2

<u>Multiple times, multiple lines</u>: There are records that conceptually exist multiple times in an entry, but the information content may exceed the number of columns available. These records are therefore continued on subsequent lines. Listed alphabetically, these are:

RECORD TYPE	DESCRIPTION
FORMUL	Chemical formula of non-standard groups.
HETNAM	Compound name of the heterogens.
HETSYN	Synonymous compound names for heterogens.
SEQRES	Primary sequence of backbone residues.
SITE	Identification of groups comprising important entity sites.

The second and subsequent lines contain a continuation field which is a right-justified integer. This number increments by one for each additional line of the record, and is followed by a blank character.

<u>Grouping:</u> There are three record types used to group other records. Listed alphabetically, these are:

RECORD TYPE	DESCRIPTION
ENDMDL	End-of-model record for multiple structures in a single coordinate entry.
MODEL	Specification of model number for multiple structures in a single coordinate entry.
TER	Chain terminator.

The MODEL/ENDMDL records surround groups of ATOM, HETATM, ANISOU, and TER records. TER records indicate the end of a chain.

<u>Other:</u> The remaining record types have a detailed inner structure. Listed alphabetically, these are:

RECORD TYPE	DESCRIPTION
JRNL	Literature citation that defines the coordinate set.
REMARK	General remarks; they can be structured or free form.

The wwPDB will use the following protocol in making changes to the way PDB coordinate entries are represented and archived. The purpose of the policy is to allow ample time for everyone to understand these changes and to assess their impact on existing programs. PDB format modifications are necessary to address the changing needs of PDB users as well as the changing nature of the data that is archived.

- 1. Comments and suggestions will be solicited from the community on specific problems and data representation issues as they arise.
- 2. Proposed format changes will be disseminated through <u>pdb-l@rcsb.org</u> and wwpdb.org.
- 3. A 60-day discussion period will follow the announcement of proposed changes. Comments and suggestions must be received within this time period. Major changes that are not upwardly compatible will be allotted up to twice the standard amount of discussion time.
- 4. The wwPDB will then work in consultation with the wwPDB Advisory Committee and the equivalent partner Scientific Advisory Committees to evaluate and reconcile all suggestions. The final decision will be officially announced via <u>pdb-l@rcsb.org</u> and wwpdb.org.
- 5. Implementation will follow official announcement of the format change. Major changes will not appear in PDB files earlier than 60 days after the announcement, allowing sufficient time to modify files and programs.

Order of Records

All records in a PDB coordinate entry must appear in a defined order. Mandatory record types are present in all entries. When mandatory data are not provided, the record name must appear in the entry with a NULL indicator. Optional items become mandatory when certain conditions exist. Record order and existence are described in the following table:

RECORD TYPE	EXISTENCE	CONDITIONS IF OPTIONAL
HEADER	Mandatory	
OBSLTE	Optional	Mandatory in entries that have been replaced by a newer entry.
TITLE	Mandatory	
SPLIT	Optional	Mandatory when large macromolecular complexes are split into multiple PDB entries.
CAVEAT	Optional	Mandatory when there are outstanding errors such as chirality.
COMPND	Mandatory	
SOURCE	Mandatory	
KEYWDS	Mandatory	
EXPDTA	Mandatory	
NUMMDL	Optional	Mandatory for NMR ensemble entries.
MDLTYP	Optional	Mandatory for NMR minimized average Structures or when the entire polymer chain contains C alpha or P atoms only.
AUTHOR	Mandatory	
REVDAT	Mandatory	
SPRSDE	Optional	Mandatory for a replacement entry.
JRNL	Optional	Mandatory for a publication describes the experiment.
REMARK 0	Optional	Mandatory for a re-refined structure
REMARK 1	Optional	
REMARK 2	Mandatory	

REMARK 3	Mandatory	
REMARK N	Optional	Mandatory under certain conditions.
DBREF	Optional	Mandatory for all polymers.
DBREF1/DBREF2	Optional	Mandatory when certain sequence database accession and/or sequence numbering does not fit preceding DBREF format.
SEQADV	Optional	Mandatory if sequence conflict exists.
SEQRES	Mandatory	Mandatory if ATOM records exist.
MODRES	Optional	Mandatory if modified group exists in the coordinates.
HET	Optional	Mandatory if a non-standard group other than water appears in the coordinates.
HETNAM	Optional	Mandatory if a non-standard group other than water appears in the coordinates.
HETSYN	Optional	
FORMUL	Optional	Mandatory if a non-standard group or water appears in the coordinates.
HELIX	Optional	
SHEET	Optional	
SSBOND	Optional	Mandatory if a disulfide bond is present.
LINK	Optional	Mandatory if non-standard residues appear in a polymer
CISPEP	Optional	
SITE	Optional	
CRYST1	Mandatory	
ORIGX1 ORIGX2 ORIGX3	Mandatory	
SCALE1 SCALE2 SCALE3	Mandatory	
MTRIX1 MTRIX2 MTRIX3	Optional	Mandatory if the complete asymmetric unit must be generated from the given coordinates using non-crystallographic symmetry.
MODEL	Optional	Mandatory if more than one model is present in the entry.

ATOM	Optional	Mandatory if standard residues exist.
ANISOU	Optional	
TER	Optional	Mandatory if ATOM records exist.
HETATM	Optional	Mandatory if non-standard group exists.
ENDMDL	Optional	Mandatory if MODEL appears.
CONECT	Optional	Mandatory if non-standard group appears and if LINK or SSBOND records exist.
MASTER	Mandatory	
END	Mandatory	

Sections of an Entry

The following table lists the various sections of a PDB entry (version 3.2) and the records within it:

SECTION	DESCRIPTION	RECORD TYPE
Title	Summary descriptive remarks	
Remark	Various comments about entry annotations in more depth than standard records	REMARKs 0-999
Primary structure	Peptide and/or nucleotide sequence and the relationship between the PDB sequence and that found in the sequence database(s)	DBREF, SEQADV, SEQRES MODRES
Heterogen	Description of non-standard groups	HET, HETNAM, HETSYN, FORMUL
Secondary structure	Description of secondary structure	HELIX, SHEET
Connectivity annotation	Chemical connectivity	SSBOND, LINK, CISPEP
Miscellaneous features	Features within the macromolecule	SITE

Crystallographic	Description of the crystallographic cell	CRYST1
Coordinate transformation	Coordinate transformation operators	ORIGXn, SCALEn, MTRIXn,
Coordinate	Atomic coordinate data	MODEL, ATOM, ANISOU, TER, HETATM, ENDMDL
Connectivity	Chemical connectivity	CONECT
Bookkeeping	Summary information, end-of-file marker	MASTER, END

Field Formats and Data Types

Each record type is presented in a table which contains the division of the records into fields by column number, defined data type, field name or a quoted string which must appear in the field, and field definition. Any column not specified must be left blank.

Each field contains an identified data type that can be validated by a program. These are:

DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION
AChar	An alphabetic character (A-Z, a-z).
Atom	Atom name.
Character	Any non-control character in the ASCII character set or a space.
Continuation	A two-character field that is either blank (for the first record of a set) or contains a two digit number right-justified and blank-filled which counts continuation records starting with 2. The continuation number must be followed by a blank.
Date	A 9 character string in the form DD-MMM-YY where DD is the day of the month, zero-filled on the left (e.g., 04); MMM is the common English 3-letter abbreviation of the month; and YY is the last two digits of the year. This must represent a valid date.
IDcode	A PDB identification code which consists of 4 characters, the first of which is a digit in the range 0 - 9; the remaining 3 are alpha-numeric, and letters are upper case only. Entries with a 0 as the first character do not contain coordinate data.
Integer	Right-justified blank-filled integer value.
Token	A sequence of non-space characters followed by a colon and a space.
List	A String that is composed of text separated with commas.
LString	A literal string of characters. All spacing is significant and must be preserved.
LString(n)	An LString with exactly n characters.
Real(n,m)	Real (floating point) number in the FORTRAN format Fn.m.
Record name	The name of the record: 6 characters, left-justified and blank-filled.

Residue name	One of the standard amino acid or nucleic acids, as listed below, or the non-standard group designation as defined in the HET dictionary. Field is right-justified.
SList	A String that is composed of text separated with semi-colons.
Specification	A String composed of a token and its associated value separated by a colon.
Specification List	A sequence of Specifications, separated by semi-colons.
String	A sequence of characters. These characters may have arbitrary spacing, but should be interpreted as directed below.
String(n)	A String with exactly n characters.
SymOP	An integer field of from 4 to 6 digits, right-justified, of the form nnnMMM where nnn is the symmetry operator number and MMM is the translation vector.

To interpret a String, concatenate the contents of all continued fields together, collapse all sequences of multiple blanks to a single blank, and remove any leading and trailing blanks. This permits very long strings to be properly reconstructed.

2. Title Section

This section contains records used to describe the experiment and the biological macromolecules present in the entry: HEADER, OBSLTE, TITLE, SPLIT, CAVEAT, COMPND, SOURCE, KEYWDS, EXPDTA, AUTHOR, REVDAT, SPRSDE, JRNL, and REMARK records.

HEADER

Overview

The HEADER record uniquely identifies a PDB entry through the idCode field. This record also provides a classification for the entry. Finally, it contains the date when the coordinates were deposited to the PDB archive.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"HEADER"	
11 - 50	String(40)	classification	Classifies the molecule(s).
51 - 59	Date	depDate	Deposition date. This is the date the coordinates were received at the PDB.
63 - 66	IDcode	idCode	This identifier is unique within the PDB.

Details

* The classification string is left-justified and exactly matches one of a collection of strings. A class list is available from the current wwPDB Annotation Documentation Appendices (http://www.wwpdb.org/docs.html). In the case of macromolecular complexes, the classification field must present a class for each macromolecule present. Due to the limited length of the classification field, strings must sometimes be abbreviated. In these cases, the full terms are given in KEYWDS.

* Classification may be based on function, metabolic role, molecule type, cellular location, etc. This record can describe dual functions of a molecules, and when applicable, separated by a comma ",". Entries with multiple molecules in a complex will list the classifications of each macromolecule separated by slash "/".

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The verification program checks that the deposition date is a legitimate date and that the ID code is well-formed.

PDB coordinate entry ID codes do not begin with 0. "No coordinates", or NOC files, given as 0xxx codes, contained no structural information and were bibliographic only. These entries were subsequently removed from PDB archive.

Relationships to Other Record Types

The classification found in HEADER also appears in KEYWDS, unabbreviated and in no strict order.

Example

OBSLTE

Overview

OBSLTE appears in entries that have been removed from public distribution.

This record acts as a flag in an entry that has been removed ("obsoleted") from the PDB's full release. It indicates which, if any, new entries have replaced the entry that was obsoleted. The format allows for the case of multiple new entries replacing one existing entry.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"OBSLTE"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records
12 - 20	Date	repDate	Date that this entry was replaced.
22 - 25	IDcode	idCode	ID code of this entry.
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode	rIdCode rIdCode rIdCode rIdCode rIdCode rIdCode rIdCode rIdCode	ID code of entry that replaced this one. ID code of entry that replaced this one.

Details

* It is PDB policy that only the principal investigator and/or the primary author who submitted an entry has the authority to obsolete it. All OBSLTE entries are available from the PDB archive (<u>ftp://ftp.wwpdb.org/pub/pdb/data/structures/obsolete</u>).

* Though the obsolete entry is removed from the public archive, the initial citation that reported the structure is carried over to the superseding entry.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

wwPDB staff adds this record at the time an entry is removed from release.

Relationships to Other Record Types

None.

Example

	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8
123456789	01234567890	1234567890	12345678901	2345678901234	56789012345	678901234	567890
OBSLTE	31-JAN-94	1MBP	2MBP				

TITLE

Overview

The TITLE record contains a title for the experiment or analysis that is represented in the entry. It should identify an entry in the same way that a citation title identifies a publication.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"TITLE "	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
11 - 80	String	title	Title of the experiment.

Details

* The title of the entry is free text and should describe the contents of the entry and any procedures or conditions that distinguish this entry from similar entries. It presents an opportunity for the depositor to emphasize the underlying purpose of this particular experiment.

* Some items that may be included in TITLE are:

- Experiment type.
- Description of the mutation.
- The fact that only alpha carbon coordinates have been provided in the entry.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

This record is free text so no verification of format is required. The title is supplied by the depositor, but staff may exercise editorial judgment in consultation with depositors in assigning the title.

Relationships to Other Record Types

COMPND, SOURCE, EXPDTA, and REMARKs provide information that may also be found in TITLE. You may think of the title as describing the experiment, and the compound record as describing the molecule(s).

Examples

```
TITLESTRUCTURE OF THE TRANSFORMED MONOCLINIC LYSOZYME BYTITLE2 CONTROLLED DEHYDRATIONTITLENMR STUDY OF OXIDIZED THIOREDOXIN MUTANT (C62A,C69A,C73A)TITLE2 MINIMIZED AVERAGE STRUCTURE
```

SPLIT (added)

Overview

The SPLIT record is used in instances where a specific entry composes part of a large macromolecular complex. It will identify the PDB entries that are required to reconstitute a complete complex.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SPLIT "	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode IDcode	idCode idCode idCode idCode idCode idCode idCode idCode idCode idCode idCode idCode	ID code of related entry. ID code of related entry.
72 - 75 77 - 80	IDcode IDcode	idCode idCode	ID code of related entry. ID code of related entry.

Details

* The SPLIT record can be continued on multiple lines, so that all related PDB entries are cataloged.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

This record will be generated at the time of processing the component PDB files of the large macromolecular complex when all complex constituents are deposited.

Relationships to Other Record Types

REMARK 350 will contain an amended statement to reflect the entire complex.

Examples

CAVEAT

Overview

CAVEAT warns of chirality errors in an entry.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"CAVEAT"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
12 - 15	IDcode	idCode	PDB ID code of this entry.
20 - 70	String	comment	Free text giving the reason for the CAVEAT.

Details

* The CAVEAT will also be included in cases where the wwPDB is unable to verify the transformation of the coordinates back to the crystallographic cell. In these cases, the molecular structure may still be correct.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

CAVEAT will be added to entries known to be incorrect.

COMPND (updated)

Overview

The COMPND record describes the macromolecular contents of an entry. Some cases where the entry contains a standalone drug or inhibitor, the name of the non-polymeric molecule will appear in this record. Each macromolecule found in the entry is described by a set of token: value pairs, and is referred to as a COMPND record component. Since the concept of a molecule is difficult to specify exactly, staff may exercise editorial judgment in consultation with depositors in assigning these names.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"COMPND"	
8 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
11 - 70	Specification list	compound	Description of the molecular components.

Details

* The compound record is a Specification list. The specifications, or tokens, that may be used are listed below:

TOKEN	VALUE DEFINITION
MOL_ID	Numbers each component; also used in SOURCE to associate the information.
MOLECULE	Name of the macromolecule.
CHAIN	Comma-separated list of chain identifier(s).
FRAGMENT	Specifies a domain or region of the molecule.
SYNONYM	Comma-separated list of synonyms for the MOLECULE.
EC	The Enzyme Commission number associated with the molecule. If there is more than one EC number, they are presented as a comma-separated list.
ENGINEERED	Indicates that the molecule was produced using recombinant technology or by purely chemical synthesis.
MUTATION	Indicates if there is a mutation.

OTHER_DETAILS Additional comments.

* In the case of synthetic molecules, the depositor will provide the description.

* For chimeric proteins, the protein name is comma-separated and may refer to the presence of a linker (protein_1, linker, protein_2).

* Asterisks in nucleic acid names (in MOLECULE) are for ease of reading.

* No specific rules apply to the ordering of the tokens, except that the occurrence of MOL_ID or FRAGMENT indicates that the subsequent tokens are related to that specific molecule or fragment of the molecule.

* When insertion codes are given as part of the residue name, they must be given within square brackets, i.e., H57[A]N. This might occur when listing residues in FRAGMENT or OTHER_DETAILS.

* For multi-chain molecules, e.g., the hemoglobin tetramer, a comma-separated list of CHAIN identifiers is used.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

CHAIN must match the chain identifiers(s) of the molecule(s). EC numbers are also checked.

Relationships to Other Record Types

In the case of mutations, the SEQADV records will present differences from the reference molecule. REMARK records may further describe the contents of the entry. Also see verification above.

Examples

2 3 4 5 7 6 8 1 COMPND MOL ID: 1; COMPND 2 MOLECULE: HEMOGLOBIN ALPHA CHAIN; COMPND 3 CHAIN: A, C; COMPND 4 SYNONYM: DEOXYHEMOGLOBIN ALPHA CHAIN; COMPND 5 ENGINEERED: YES; COMPND 6 MUTATION: YES; COMPND 7 MOL ID: 2; COMPND 8 MOLECULE: HEMOGLOBIN BETA CHAIN; COMPND 9 CHAIN: B, D; COMPND 10 SYNONYM: DEOXYHEMOGLOBIN BETA CHAIN; COMPND 11 ENGINEERED: YES; COMPND 12 MUTATION: YES MOL ID: 1; COMPND COMPND 2 MOLECULE: COWPEA CHLOROTIC MOTTLE VIRUS; COMPND 3 CHAIN: A, B, C; COMPND 4 SYNONYM: CCMV; COMPND 5 MOL ID: 2;

```
COMPND 6 MOLECULE: RNA (5'-(*AP*UP*AP*U)-3');

COMPND 7 CHAIN: D, F;

COMPND 8 ENGINEERED: YES;

COMPND 9 MOL_ID: 3;

COMPND 10 MOLECULE: RNA (5'-(*AP*U)-3');

COMPND 11 CHAIN: E;

COMPND 12 ENGINEERED: YES

COMPND MOL_ID: 1;

COMPND 2 MOLECULE: HEVAMINE A;

COMPND 3 CHAIN: A;

COMPND 4 EC: 3.2.1.14, 3.2.1.17;

COMPND 5 OTHER_DETAILS: PLANT ENDOCHITINASE/LYSOZYME
```

SOURCE (updated)

Overview

The SOURCE record specifies the biological and/or chemical source of each biological molecule in the entry. Some cases where the entry contains a standalone drug or inhibitor, the source information of this molecule will appear in this record. Sources are described by both the common name and the scientific name, e.g., genus and species. Strain and/or cell-line for immortalized cells are given when they help to uniquely identify the biological entity studied.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SOURCE"	
8 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
11 - 70	Specification List	srcName	Identifies the source of the macromolecule in a token: value format.

Details

TOKEN	VALUE DEFINITION
MOL_ID	Numbers each molecule. Same as appears in COMPND.
SYNTHETIC	Indicates a chemically-synthesized source.
FRAGMENT	A domain or fragment of the molecule may be specified.
ORGANISM_SCIENTIFIC	Scientific name of the organism.

ORGANISM_COMMON	Common name of the organism.
ORGANISM_TAXID	NCBI Taxonomy ID number of the organism.
STRAIN	Identifies the strain.
VARIANT	Identifies the variant.
CELL_LINE	The specific line of cells used in the experiment.
АТСС	American Type Culture Collection tissue culture number.
ORGAN	Organized group of tissues that carries on a specialized function.
TISSUE	Organized group of cells with a common function and structure.
CELL	Identifies the particular cell type.
ORGANELLE	Organized structure within a cell.
SECRETION	Identifies the secretion, such as saliva, urine, or venom, from which the molecule was isolated.
CELLULAR_LOCATION	Identifies the location inside/outside the cell.
PLASMID	Identifies the plasmid containing the gene.
GENE	Identifies the gene.
EXPRESSION_SYSTEM	Scientific name of the organism in which the molecule was expressed.
EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_COMMON	Common name of the organism in which the molecule was expressed.
EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_TAXID	NCBI Taxonomy ID of the organism used as the expression system.
EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_STRAIN	Strain of the organism in which the molecule was expressed.
EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_VARIANT	Variant of the organism used as the expression system.
EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_CELL_LINE	The specific line of cells used as the expression system.
EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_ATCC_NUMBER	Identifies the ATCC number of the expression System.

EXPRESSION SYSTEM ORGAN Specific organ which expressed the molecule. EXPRESSION SYSTEM TISSUE Specific tissue which expressed the molecule. EXPRESSION SYSTEM CELL Specific cell type which expressed the molecule. EXPRESSION SYSTEM ORGANELLE Specific organelle which expressed the molecule. EXPRESSION SYSTEM CELLULAR LOCATION Identifies the location inside or outside the cell which expressed the molecule. EXPRESSION SYSTEM VECTOR TYPE Identifies the type of vector used, i.e., plasmid, virus, or cosmid. EXPRESSION SYSTEM VECTOR Identifies the vector used. EXPRESSION SYSTEM PLASMID Plasmid used in the recombinant experiment. EXPRESSION SYSTEM GENE Name of the gene used in recombinant experiment. OTHER DETAILS Used to present information on the source which is not given elsewhere.

* The srcName is a list of tokens: value pairs describing each biological component of the entry.

* As in COMPND, the order is not specified except that MOL_ID or FRAGMENT indicates subsequent specifications are related to that molecule or fragment of the molecule.

* Only the relevant tokens need to appear in an entry.

* Molecules prepared by purely chemical synthetic methods are described by the specification SYNTHETIC followed by "YES" or an optional value, such as NON-BIOLOGICAL SOURCE or BASED ON THE NATURAL SEQUENCE. ENGINEERED must appear in the COMPND record.

* In the case of a chemically synthesized molecule using a biologically functional sequence (nucleic or amino acid), SOURCE reflects the biological origin of the sequence and COMPND reflects its synthetic nature by inclusion of the token ENGINEERED. The token SYNTHETIC appears in SOURCE.

* If made from a synthetic gene, ENGINEERED appears in COMPND and the expression system is described in SOURCE (SYNTHETIC does NOT appear in SOURCE).

* If the molecule was made using recombinant techniques, ENGINEERED appears in COMPND and the system is described in SOURCE.

* When multiple macromolecules appear in the entry, each MOL_ID, as given in the COMPND record, must be repeated in the SOURCE record along with the source information for the corresponding molecule.

* Hybrid molecules prepared by fusion of genes are treated as multi-molecular systems for the purpose of specifying the source. The token FRAGMENT is used to associate the source with its corresponding fragment.

- When necessary to fully describe hybrid molecules, tokens may appear more than once for a given MOL_ID.
- - All relevant token: value pairs that taken together fully describe each fragment are grouped following the appropriate FRAGMENT.
- - Descriptors relative to the full system appear before the FRAGMENT (see third example below).

* ORGANISM_SCIENTIFIC provides the Latin genus and species. Virus names are listed as the scientific name.

* Cellular origin is described by giving cellular compartment, organelle, cell, tissue, organ, or body part from which the molecule was isolated.

* CELLULAR_LOCATION may be used to indicate where in the organism the compound was found. Examples are: extracellular, periplasmic, cytosol.

* Entries containing molecules prepared by recombinant techniques are described as follows:

- The expression system is described.
- The organism and cell location given are for the source of the gene used in the cloning experiment.

* Transgenic organisms, such as mouse producing human proteins, are treated as expression systems.

* New tokens may be added by the wwPDB.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The biological source is compared to that found in the sequence databases. The Tax ID is identified and the corresponding scientific and common names for the organism is matched to a standard taxonomy database (such as NCBI).

Relationships to Other Record Types

Each macromolecule listed in COMPND must have a corresponding source.

Examples

2 3 4 5 6 7 1 8 SOURCE MOL ID: 1; SOURCE 2 ORGANISM SCIENTIFIC: AVIAN SARCOMA VIRUS; SOURCE 3 ORGANISM TAXID: 11876 SOURCE 4 STRAIN: SCHMIDT-RUPPIN B; SOURCE 5 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM: ESCHERICHIA COLI; SOURCE 6 EXPRESSION SYSTEM TAXID: 562 SOURCE 7 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_PLASMID: PRC23IN SOURCE MOL ID: 1; SOURCE 2 ORGANISM SCIENTIFIC: GALLUS GALLUS; SOURCE 3 ORGANISM_COMMON: CHICKEN; SOURCE 3 ORGANISM_TAXID: 9031 SOURCE 4 ORGAN: HEART; SOURCE 5 TISSUE: MUSCLE

For a Chimera protein:

SOURCE	MOL_ID: 1;
SOURCE	2 ORGANISM_SCIENTIFIC: MUS MUSCULUS, HOMO SAPIENS;
SOURCE	3 ORGANISM_COMMON: MOUSE, HUMAN;
SOURCE	3 ORGANISM_TAXID: 10090, 9606
SOURCE	5 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM: ESCHERICHIA COLI;
SOURCE	6 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_TAXID: 344601
SOURCE	6 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_STRAIN: B171;
SOURCE	7 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_VECTOR_TYPE: PLASMID;
SOURCE	8 EXPRESSION_SYSTEM_PLASMID: P4XH-M13;

KEYWDS

Overview

The KEYWDS record contains a set of terms relevant to the entry. Terms in the KEYWDS record provide a simple means of categorizing entries and may be used to generate index files. This record addresses some of the limitations found in the classification field of the HEADER record. It provides the opportunity to add further annotation to the entry in a concise and computer-searchable fashion.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"KEYWDS"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of records if necessary.
11 - 70	List	keywds	Comma-separated list of keywords relevant to the entry.

Details

* The KEYWDS record contains a list of terms relevant to the entry, similar to that found in journal articles. A phrase may be used if it presents a single concept (e.g., reaction center). Terms provided in this record may include those that describe the following:

- Functional classification.
- Metabolic role.
- Known biological or chemical activity.
- Structural classification.

*Other classifying terms may be used. No particular ordering is required. A number of PDB entries contain complexes of macromolecules. In these cases, all terms applicable to each molecule should be provided separated by a comma.

*Note that the terms in the KEYWDS record duplicate those found in the classification field of the HEADER record. Terms abbreviated in the HEADER record are unabbreviated in KEYWDS.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

Terms used in the KEYWDS record are subject to scientific and editorial review. A list of terms, definitions, and synonyms will be maintained by the wwPDB. Every attempt will be made to provide some level of consistency with keywords used in other biological databases.

Relationships to Other Record Types

HEADER records contain a classification term which must also appear in KEYWDS. Scientific judgment will dictate when terms used in one entry to describe a molecule should be included in other entries with the same or similar molecules.

Example

EXPDTA (updated)

Overview

The EXPDTA record presents information about the experiment.

The EXPDTA record identifies the experimental technique used. This may refer to the type of radiation and sample, or include the spectroscopic or modeling technique. Permitted values include:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION FIBER DIFFRACTION NEUTRON DIFFRACTION ELECTRON CRYSTALLOGRAPHY ELECTRON MICROSCOPY SOLID-STATE NMR SOLUTION NMR SOLUTION SCATTERING

*Note:Since October 15, 2006, theoretical models are no longer accepted for deposition. Any theoretical models deposited prior to this date are archived at http://ftp.wwpdb.org/pub/pdb/data/structures/models. Please see the documentation from previous versions for the related file format description.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"EXPDTA"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
11 - 70	SList	technique	The experimental technique(s) with optional comment describing the sample or experiment.

Details

* EXPDTA is mandatory and appears in all entries. The technique must match one of the permitted values. See above.

* If more than one technique was used for the structure determination and is being represented in the entry, EXPDTA presents the techniques as a semi-colon separated list.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The verification program checks that the EXPDTA record appears in the entry and that the technique

matches one of the allowed values. It also checks that the relevant standard REMARK is added, as in the cases of NMR or electron microscopy studies, that the appropriate CRYST1 and SCALE values are used. If an entry contains multiple models, the verification program checks for the correct number of matching MODEL/ENDMDL records.

Relationships to Other Record Types

If the experiment is an NMR or electron microscopy study, this may be stated in the TITLE, and the appropriate EXPDTA and REMARK records should appear. Specific details of the data collection and experiment appear in the REMARKs.

In the case of a polycrystalline fiber diffraction study, CRYST1 and SCALE contain the normal unit cell data.

Examples

5 7 1 2 3 4 6 8 EXPDTA X-RAY DIFFRACTION EXPDTA NEUTRON DIFFRACTION; X-RAY DIFFRACTION EXPDTA SOLUTION NMR EXPDTA ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

NUMMDL (added)

Overview

The NUMMDL record indicates total number of models in a PDB entry.

Record Format			
COLUMNS	рата	TYPE	

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"NUMMDL"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of records if necessary.
11 - 14	Integer	modelNumber	Number of models.

Details

* The modelNumber field lists total number of models in a PDB entry and is left justified.

* If more than one model appears in the entry, the number of models included must be stated.

* NUMMDL is mandatory if a PDB entry contains more than one models.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The verification program checks that the modelNumber field is correctly formatted.

Example

MDLTYP (added)

Overview

The MDLTYP record contains additional annotation pertinent to the coordinates presented in the entry.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"MDLTYP"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
11 - 80	SList	comment	Free Text providing additional structural annotation.

Details

* The MDLTYP record will be used by the wwPDB to highlight certain features of the deposited coordinates as described below.

* For entries that are determined by NMR methods and the coordinates deposited are either a minimized average or regularized mean structure, this record will contain the tag "MINIMIZED AVERAGE" to highlight the nature of the deposited coordinates in the entry.

* Where the entry contains entire polymer chains that have only either C-alpha (for proteins) or P atoms (for nucleotides), the MDLTYP record will be used to describe the contents of such chains along with the chain identifier. For these polymeric chains, REMARK 470 (Missing Atoms) will be omitted.

* If multiple features need to be described in this record, they will be separated by a ";" delineator.

* Where an entry has multiple features requiring description in this record including MINIMIZED AVERAGE, the MINIMIZED AVERAGE value will precede all other annotation.

* New descriptors may be added by the wwPDB.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The chain_identifiers described in this record must be present in the COMPND, SEQRES and the coordinate section of the entry.

Example

1	0	2	4	-	C	7	0
\perp	Z	3	4	5	6	7	8

MDLTYP CA ATOMS ONLY, CHAIN A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, J, K ; P ATOMS ONLY, MDLTYP 2 CHAIN X, Y, Z

MDLTYP MINIMIZED AVERAGE; CA ATOMS ONLY, CHAIN A, B

AUTHOR

Overview

The AUTHOR record contains the names of the people responsible for the contents of the entry.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"AUTHOR"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
11 - 70	List	authorList	List of the author names, separated by commas.

Details

* The authorList field lists author names separated by commas with no subsequent spaces.

* Representation of personal names:

- First and middle names are indicated by initials, each followed by a period, and precede the surname.
- Only the surname (family or last name) of the author is given in full.
- Hyphens can be used if they are part of the author's name.
- Apostrophes are allowed in surnames.
- Umlauts and other character modifiers are not given.

* Structure of personal names:

- There is no space after any initial and its following period.
- Blank spaces are used in a name only if properly part of the surname (e.g., J.VAN DORN), or between surname and Jr., II, or III

Abbreviations that are part of a surname, such as Jr., St. or Ste., are followed by a period and a space before the next part of the surname.

* Representation of corporate, organization or university names:

• Group names used for one or all of the authors should be spelled out in full.

• The name of the larger group comes before the name of a subdivision, e.g., University of Somewhere, Department of Chemistry.

* Structure of list:

- Line breaks between multiple lines in the authorList occur only after a comma.
- Personal names are not split across two lines.

* Special cases:

• Names are given in English if there is an accepted English version; otherwise in the native language, transliterated if necessary.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The verification program checks that the authorList field is correctly formatted. It does not perform any spelling checks or name verification.

Relationships to Other Record Types

The format of the names in the AUTHOR record is the same as in JRNL and REMARK 1 references.

Example

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REVDAT (updated)

Overview

REVDAT records contain a history of the modifications made to an entry since its release.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REVDAT"	
8 - 10	Integer	modNum	Modification number.
11 - 12	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
14 - 22	Date	modDate	Date of modification (or release for new entries) in DD-MMM-YY format. This is not repeated on continued lines.
24 - 28	String(5)	modId	Identifies this particular modification. It links to the archive used internally by the PDB. This is not repeated on continuation lines.
32	Integer	modType	An integer identifying the type of modification. For all revisions, the modification type is listed as 1
40 - 45 47 - 52 54 - 59 61 - 66	LString(6) LString(6) LString(6) LString(6)	record record record record	Modification detail. Modification detail. Modification detail. Modification detail.

Details

* Each time revisions are made to the entry, a modification number is assigned in increasing (by 1) numerical order. REVDAT records appear in descending order (most recent modification appears first). New entries have a REVDAT record with modNum equal to 1 and modType equal to 0. Allowed modTypes are:

- 0 Initial released entry.
- 1 Other modification.

* Each revision may have more than one REVDAT record, and each revision has a separate continuation field.

* Modification details are typically PDB record names such as JRNL, SOURCE, TITLE, or COMPND.

A special modification detail VERSN indicates that the file has undergone a change in version. The current version will be specified in REMARK 4.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The modType must be one of the defined types, and the given record type must be valid. If modType is 0, the modId must match the entry's ID code in the HEADER record.

Relationships to Other Record Types

In the case of a version revision, the current will be specified in REMARK 4.

Template

5 7 1 2 3 4 6 8 REVDAT 2 15-OCT-99 1ABC 1 REMARK REVDAT 1 09-JAN-89 1ABC 0 2 7 1 3 4 5 8 6 REVDAT 2 11-MAR-08 2ABC 1 JRNL VERSN REVDAT 1 09-DEC-03 2ABC 0

SPRSDE

Overview

The SPRSDE records contain a list of the ID codes of entries that were made obsolete by the given coordinate entry and removed from the PDB release set. One entry may replace many.

It is wwPDB policy that only the principal investigator of a structure has the authority to obsolete it.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SPRSDE"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows for multiple ID codes.
12 - 20	Date	sprsdeDate	Date this entry superseded the listed entries. This field is not copied on continuations.
22 - 25	IDcode	idCode	ID code of this entry. This field is not copied on continuations.
32 - 35	IDcode	sIdCode	ID code of a superseded entry.
37 - 40	IDcode	sIdCode	ID code of a superseded entry.
42 - 45	IDcode	sIdCode	ID code of a superseded entry.
47 - 50	IDcode	sIdCode	ID code of a superseded entry.
52 - 55	IDcode	sIdCode	ID code of a superseded entry.
57 - 60	IDcode	sIdCode	ID code of a superseded entry.
62 - 65	IDcode	sIdCode	ID code of a superseded entry.
67 - 70	IDcode	sIdCode	ID code of a superseded entry.

Details

* The ID code list is terminated by the first blank sldCode field.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

wwPDB checks that the superseded entries have actually been removed from release.

Relationships to Other Record Types

The sprsdeDate is usually the date the entry is released, and therefore matches the date in the REVDAT 1 record. The ID code found in the idCode field must be the same as one found in the idCode field of the HEADER record.

Example

	1 2	3	4	5	6	7	8
123456789	01234567890	1234567890123	4567890123	3456789012345	678901234	567890123450	67890
SPRSDE	17-JUL-84	4HHB 1H	HB				
SPRSDE	27-FEB-95	1GDJ 1L	H4 2LH4				

JRNL (updated)

Overview

The JRNL record contains the primary literature citation that describes the experiment which resulted in the deposited coordinate set. There is at most one JRNL reference per entry. If there is no primary reference, then there is no JRNL reference. Other references are given in REMARK 1.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 70	LString	text	See Details below.

Details

* The following tables are used to describe the sub-record types of the JRNL record.

* The AUTH sub-record is mandatory in JRNL. This is followed by TITL, EDIT, REF, PUBL, REFN, PMID and DOI sub- record types. REF and REFN are also mandatory in JRNL. EDIT and PUBL may appear only if the reference is to a non-journal.

<u>1. AUTH</u>

* AUTH contains the list of authors associated with the cited article or contribution to a larger work (i.e., AUTH is not used for the editor of a book).

* The author list is formatted similarly to the AUTHOR record. It is a comma-separated list of names. Spaces at the end of a sub-record are not significant; all other spaces are significant. See the AUTHOR record for full details.

* The authorList field of continuation sub-records in JRNL differs from that in AUTHOR by leaving no leading blank in column 20 of any continuation lines.

* One author's name, consisting of the initials and family name, cannot be split across two lines. If there are continuation sub-records, then all but the last sub-record must end in a comma.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"AUTH"	Appears on all continuation records.
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Allows a long list of authors.

20 - 70 List authorList List of the authors.

<u>2. TITL</u>

* TITL specifies the title of the reference. This is used for the title of a journal article, chapter, or part of a book. The TITL line is omitted if the author(s) listed in authorList wrote the entire book (or other work) listed in REF and no section of the book is being cited.

* If an article is in a language other than English and is printed with an alternate title in English, the English language title is given, followed by a space and then the name of the language (in its English form, in square brackets) in which the article is written.

* If the title of an article is in a non-Roman alphabet the title is transliterated.

* The actual title cited is reconstructed in a manner identical to other continued records, i.e., trailing blanks are discarded and the continuation line is concatenated with a space inserted.

* A line cannot end with a hyphen. A compound term (two elements connected by a hyphen) or chemical names which include a hyphen must appear on a single line, unless they are too long to fit on one line, in which case the split is made at a normally-occurring hyphen. An individual word cannot be hyphenated at the end of a line and put on two lines. An exception is when there is a repeating compound term where the second element is omitted, e.g., "DOUBLE- AND TRIPLE-RESONANCE". In such a case the non-completed word "DOUBLE-" could end a line and not alter reconstruction of the title.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"TITL"	Appears on all continuation records.
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Permits long titles.
20 - 70	LString	title	Title of the article.

<u>3. EDIT</u>

* EDIT appears if editors are associated with a non-journal reference. The editor list is formatted and concatenated in the same way that author lists are.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6 10	Record name LString(1)		

13 - 16	LString(4)	"TITL"	Appears on all continuation records.
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Permits long titles.
20 - 70	LString	title	Title of the article.

<u>4. REF</u>

* REF is a group of fields that contain either the publication status or the name of the publication (and any supplement and/or report information), volume, page, and year. There are two forms of this sub-record group, depending upon the citation's publication status.

4a. If the reference has not been published yet, the sub-record type group has the form:

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(3)	"REF"	
20 - 34	LString(15)	"TO BE PUBLISHE	D"

* Publication name (first item in pubName field):

If the publication is a serial (i.e., a journal, an annual, or other non-book or non-monographic item issued in parts and intended to be continued indefinitely), use the abbreviated name of the publication as listed in PubMed with periods.

If the publication is a book, monograph, or other non-serial item, use its full name according to the Anglo-American Cataloguing Rules, 2nd Revised Edition; (AACR2R). (Non-serial items include theses, videos, computer programs, and anything that is complete in one or a finite number of parts.) If there is a sub-title, verifiable in an online catalog, it will be included using the same punctuation as in the source of verification. Preference will be given to verification using cataloging of the Library of Congress, the National Library of Medicine, and the British Library, in that order.

If a book is part of a monographic series: the full name of the book (according to the AACR2R) is listed first, followed by the name of the series in which it was published. The series information is given within parentheses and the series name is preceded by "IN:" and a space. The series name should be listed in full unless the series has an accepted ISO abbreviation. If applicable, the series name should be followed, after a comma and a space, by a volume (V.) and/or number (NO.) and/or part (PT.) indicator and its number and/or letter in the series.

* Supplement (follows publication name in pubName field):

If a reference is in a supplement to the volume listed, or if information about a "part" is needed to distinguish multiple parts with the same page numbering, such information should be put in the REF sub-record.

A supplement indication should follow the name of the publication and should be preceded by a comma and a space. Supplement should be abbreviated as "SUPPL." If there is a supplement number or letter, it should follow "SUPPL." without an intervening space. A part indication should also follow the name of the publication and be preceded by a comma and a space. A part should be abbreviated as "PT.", and the number or letter should follow without an intervening space.

If there is both a supplement and a part, their order should reflect the order printed on the work itself.

* Report (follows publication name and any supplement or part information in pubName field):

If a book has a report designation, the report information should follow the title and precede series information. The name and number of the report is given in parentheses, and the name is preceded by "REPORT:" and a space.

* Reconstruction of publication name:

The name of the publication is reconstructed by removing any trailing blanks in the pubName field, and concatenating all of the pubName fields from the continuation lines with an intervening space. There are two conditions where no intervening space is added between lines: when the pubName field on a line ends with a hyphen or a period, or when the line ends with a hyphen (-). When the line ends with a period (.), add a space if this is the only period in the entire pubName field; do not add a space if there are two or more periods throughout the pubName field, excluding any periods after the designations "SUPPL", "V", "NO", or "PT".

* Volume, page, and year (volume, first page, year fields respectively):

The REF sub-record type group also contains information about volume, page, and year when applicable.

In the case of a monograph with multiple volumes which is also in a numbered series, the number in the volume field represents the number of the book, not the series. (The volume number of the series is in parentheses with the name of the series, as described above under publication name.)

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(3)	"REF "	
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Allows long publication names.
20 - 47	LString	pubName	Name of the publication including section or series designation. This is the only field of this sub-record which may be

50 - 51	LString(2)	"V."	Appears in the first sub-record only, and only if column 55 is non-blank.
52 - 55	String	volume	Right-justified blank-filled volume information; appears in the first sub-record only.
57 - 61	String	page	First page of the article; appears in the first sub-record only.
63 - 66	Integer	year	Year of publication; first sub-record only.

5. PUBL

* PUBL contains the name of the publisher and place of publication if the reference is to a book or other non-journal publication. If the non-journal has not yet been published or released, this sub-record is absent.

* The place of publication is listed first, followed by a space, a colon, another space, and then the name of the publisher/issuer. This arrangement is based on the ISBD(M) International Standard Bibliographic Description for Monographic Publications (Rev.Ed., 1987) and the AACR2R, and is used in public online catalogs in libraries. Details on the contents of PUBL are given below.

* Place of publication:

Give the place of publication. If the name of the country, state, province, etc. is considered necessary to distinguish the place of publication from others of the same name, or for identification, then follow the city with a comma, a space, and the name of the larger geographic area.

If there is more than one place of publication, only the first listed will be used. If an online catalog record is used to verify the item, the first place listed there will be used, omitting any brackets. Preference will be given to the cataloging done by the Library of Congress, the National Library of Medicine, and the British Library, in that order.

* Publisher's name (or name of other issuing entity):

Give the name of the publisher in the shortest form in which it can be understood and identified internationally, according to AACR2R rule 1.4D.

If there is more than one publisher listed in the publication, only the first will be used in the PDB file. If an online catalog record is used to verify the item, the first place listed there will be used for the name of the publisher. Preference will be given to the cataloging of the Library of Congress, the National Library of Medicine, and the British Library, in that order.

* Ph.D. and other theses:

Theses are presented in the PUBL record if the degree has been granted and the thesis made available for public consultation by the degree-granting institution. The name of the degree-granting institution (the issuing agency) is followed by a space and "(THESIS)".

* Reconstruction of place and publisher:

The PUBL sub-record type can be reconstructed by removing all trailing blanks in the pub field and concatenating all of the pub fields from the continuation lines with an intervening space. Continued lines do not begin with a space.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"PUBL"	
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Allows long publisher and place names.
20 - 70	LString	pub	City of publication and name of the publisher/institution.

6. REFN (changed)

* REFN is a group of fields that contain encoded references to the citation. No continuation lines are possible. Each piece of coded information has a designated field.

* There are two forms of this sub-record type group, depending upon the publication status.

6a. This form of the REFN sub-record type group is used if the citation has not been published.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"REFN"	

6b. This form of the REFN sub-record type group is used if the citation has been published.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"REFN"	
36 - 39	LString(4)	"ISSN" or "ESSN"	International Standard Serial Number or Electronic Standard Serial Number.
41 - 65	LString	issn	ISSN number (final digit may be a letter and may contain one or more dashes).

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7. PMID (added)

* PMID lists the PubMed unique accession number of the publication related to the entry.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"PMID"	
20 - 79	Integer	continuation	unique PubMed identifier number assigned to the publication describing the experiment. Allows for a long PubMed ID number.

8. DOI (added)

* DOI is the Digital Object Identifier for the related electronic publication ("e-pub"), if applicable.

* Every DOI consists of a publisher prefix, a fore-slash ("/"), and then a suffix which can be any length and may include a combination of numbers and alphabets. For example: 10.1073/PNAS.0712393105

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"DOI "	
20 - 79	LString	continuation	Unique DOI assigned to the publication describing the experiment. Allows for a long DOI string.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

wwPDB verifies that this record is correctly formatted.

Citations appearing in JRNL may not also appear in REMARK 1.

Relationships to Other Record Types

The publication cited as the JRNL record may not be repeated in REMARK 1.

Example

1		2 3	4	1	5	6	7	8
12345678903	12345678	901234567890	1234567890	1234567890	0123456789	012345678	9012345678	90
JRNL	AUTH	G.FERMI,M.F	.PERUTZ,B.S	SHAANAN,R	.FOURME			
JRNL	TITL	THE CRYSTAL	STRUCTURE	OF HUMAN	DEOXYHAEM	IOGLOBIN A	Т	
JRNL	TITL 2	1.74 A RESC	LUTION					

JRNL	REF	J.MOL.BIOL. V. 1	175	159 1984
JRNL	REFN	ISSN 0022-2836		
JRNL	PMID	6726807		
JRNL	DOI	10.1016/0022-2836(84)90472-8		

Known Problems

* Interchange of bibliographic information and linking with other databases is hampered by the lack of labels or specific locations for certain types of information or by more than one type of information being in a particular location. This is most likely to occur with books, series, and reports. Some of the points below provide details about the variations and/or blending of information.

* Titles of the publications that require more than 28 characters on the REF line must be continued on subsequent lines. There is some awkwardness due to volume, page, and year appearing on the first REF line, thereby splitting up the title.

* Information about a supplement and its number/letter is presented in the publication's title field (on the REF lines in columns 20 - 47).

* When series information for a book is presented, it is added to the REF line. The number of REF lines can become large in some cases because of the 28-column limit for title information in REF.

- * Books that are issued in more than one series are not accommodated.
- * Pagination is limited to the beginning page.

REMARK

Overview

REMARK records present experimental details, annotations, comments, and information not included in other records. In a number of cases, REMARKs are used to expand the contents of other record types. A new level of structure is being used for some REMARK records. This is expected to facilitate searching and will assist in the conversion to a relational database.

The very first line of every set of REMARK records is used as a spacer to aid in reading.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
8 - 10	Integer	remarkNum	Remark number. It is not an error for remark n to exist in an entry when remark n-1 does not.
12 - 70	LString	empty	Left as white space in first line of each new remark.

REMARKs 0-4

REMARK 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 detailed below, are specific for re-refinement, references, resolution, final refinement, and PDB File Format version, respectively.

REMARK 0 (added), Re-refinement notice

REMARK 0 identifies entries in which a re-refinement has been performed using the data from an existing entry.

Template

Note: In entries where REMARK 0 is included as described above, remarks REMARK 1 and REMARK 900 will also reflect the reuse of existing experimental data.

REMARK 200 REMARK: AUTHOR USED THE SF(MR) DATA FROM ENTRY XXXX.

NOTE: the rest of REMARKs 200 and 280 are blank, since the re-refinement author did not collect original data.

REMARK 1 (updated), Related publications

REMARK 1 lists important publications related to the structure presented in the entry. These citations are chosen by the depositor. They are listed in reverse-chronological order. Citations are not repeated from the JRNL records. After the first blank record and the REFERENCE sub-record, the sub-record types for REMARK 1 are the same as in the JRNL sub-record types. For details, see the JRNL section.

Record Format and Details

As with all other remarks, the first line is empty and is used as a spacer.

The following tables are used to describe the sub-record types of REMARK 1.

1. REFERENCE

Each reference is preceded by a line indicating the reference number in the entry.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
12 - 20	LString(9)	"REFERENCE"	
22 - 70	Integer	refNum	Reference number. Starts with 1 and increments by 1.

<u>2. AUTH</u>

AUTH contains the list of authors of the reference.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"AUTH"	Appears on all continuation records.
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Allows a long list of authors.
20 - 70	List	authorList	List of the authors.

See JRNL AUTH for details.

<u>3. TITL</u>

TITL specifies the title of the reference.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"TITL"	Appears on all continuation records.
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Permits long titles.
20 - 70	LString	title	Title of the article.

See JRNL TITL for details.

<u>4. EDIT</u>

EDIT appears if editors are associated with a non-journal reference.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"TITL"	Appears on all continuation records.
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Permits long list of editors.
20 - 70	LString	editorList	List of the editors.

See JRNL EDIT for details.

<u>5. REF</u>

REF is a group of fields which contains the name of the publication.

5a. If it has not been published yet, the REF sub-record type has the form:

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(3)	"REF"	
20 - 34	LString(15)	"TO BE PUBLISHE	D"

At the present time, there is no formal mechanism in place for monitoring the subsequent publication of referenced papers. wwPDB relies upon the depositor to provide reference update information since preliminary information can change by the time of actual publication.

5b. If the reference has been published, then the REF sub-record type group contains information about the name of the publication, supplement, report, volume, page, and year, in the appropriate fields.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(3)	"REF"	
17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Permits long publication names.
20 - 47	LString	pubName	Name of the publication including section or series designation. This is the only field of this record which may be continued on successive records.
50 - 51	LString(2)	"V."	Appears in the first record only, and only if column 55 is filled in.
52 - 55	String	volume	Right-justified blank-filled volume information; appears in the first sub-record only.
57 - 61	String	page	First page of the article; appears in the first sub-record only.
63 - 66	Integer	year	First record year of publication.

See JRNL REF for details.

<u>6. PUBL</u>

PUBL contains the name of the publisher and place of publication if the reference is to a book or other non-journal publication. If the reference has not yet been published or released, this sub-record is absent.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"PUBL"	

17 - 18	Continuation	continuation	Permits long publisher and city information.
20 - 70	LString	pub	Name of the publisher and city of publication.

See JRNL PUBL for details.

7. REFN (changed)

REFN is a group of fields which contains encoded references to the citation.

7a. If the citation has not been published, this form of the REFN sub-record type group is used.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"REFN"	

7b. If the citation has been published, this form of the REFN sub-record type group is used.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"1"	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"REFN"	
36 - 39	LString(4)	"ISSN" or "ESSN"	International Standard Serial Number or Electronic Standard Serial Number.
41 - 65	LString	issn	ISSN number.

See JRNL REFN for details.

8. PMID (added)

* PMID lists the PubMed unique accession number of the publication related to the entry.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"PMID"	
20 - 79	Integer	continuation	unique PubMed identifier number assigned to the publication describing the experiment. Allows for a long pubmed id number.

9. DOI (added)

* DOI is the Digital Object Identifier for the related electronic publication ("e-pub"), if applicable.

* Every DOI consists of a publisher prefix, a fore-slash ("/"), and then a suffix which can be any length and may include a combination of numbers and alphabets. For example: 10.1073/PNAS.0712393105

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"JRNL "	
13 - 16	LString(4)	"DOI "	
20 - 79	LString	continuation	Unique DOI assigned to the Publication describing the experiment. Allows for a long DOI string.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

wwPDB verifies that this record is correctly formatted.

Relationships to Other Record Types

Citations appearing in REMARK 1 may not appear in JRNL.

Examples

```
2
                           3
                                     4
                                              5
                                                                 7
                                                                           8
                                                        6
        1
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
REMARK
      1
REMARK 1 REFERENCE 1
      1 AUTH J.N.BREG, J.H.J.VAN OPHEUSDEN, M.J.M.BURGERING,
REMARK
REMARK 1 AUTH 2 R.BOELENS, R.KAPTEIN
REMARK 1 TITL STRUCTURE OF ARC REPRESSOR IN SOLUTION: EVIDENCE
REMARK
      1 TITL 2 FOR A FAMILY OF B-SHEET DNA-BINDING PROTEIN
REMARK
        1 REF NATURE
                                              V. 346 586 1990
                                 ISSN 0028-0836
      1 REFN
REMARK
      1 PMID 2377232
REMARK
      1 DOI
                10.1038/346586a0
REMARK
REMARK
       1 REFERENCE 2
      1 AUTH J.N.BREG, R.BOELENS, A.V.E.GEORGE, R.KAPTEIN
REMARK
REMARK
      1 TITL SEQUENCE-SPECIFIC 1H NMR ASSIGNMENT AND SECONDARY
       1 TITL 2 STRUCTURE OF THE ARC REPRESSOR OF BACTERIOPHAGE
REMARK
      1 TITL 3 P22 AS DETERMINED BY 2D 1H NMR SPECTROSCOPY
REMARK
REMARK
      1 REF BIOCHEMISTRY
                                              V. 28 9826 1989
      1 REFN
                                ISSN 0006-2960
REMARK
      1 PMID 2611268
REMARK
REMARK
      1
REMARK
      1 REFERENCE 1
```

REMARK	1	AUTH	J.MAREK, J.VEVODOVA, I.SMATANOVA, Y.NAGATA,
REMARK	1	AUTH 2	L.A.SVENSSON, J.NEWMAN, M.TAKAGI, J.DAMBORSKY
REMARK	1	TITL	CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THE HALOALKANE DEHALOGENASE
REMARK	1	TITL 2	FROM SPHINGOMONAS PAUCIMOBILIS UT26
REMARK	1	REF	BIOCHEMISTRY V. 39 14082 2000
REMARK	1	REFN	ISSN 0006-2960
REMARK	1	PMID	11087355
REMARK	1	DOI	10.1021/bi001539c

Known Problems

See JRNL for a listing of problems associated with references.

REMARK 2 (updated), Resolution

REMARK 2 states the highest resolution, in Angstroms, that was used in building the model. As with all the remarks, the first REMARK 2 record is empty and is used as a spacer.

Record Format and Details

* The second REMARK 2 record has one of two formats. The first is used for diffraction studies, the second for other types of experiments in which resolution is not relevant, e.g., NMR.

* For diffraction experiments,

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"2"	
12 - 22	LString(11)	"RESOLUTION."	
24 - 30	Real(7.2)	resolution	Resolution.
32 - 41	LString(10)	"ANGSTROMS."	

* REMARK 2 when not a diffraction experiment:

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"2"	
12 - 38	LString(28)	"RESOLUTION. N	NOT APPLICABLE."
41 - 70	String	comment	Comment in free text.

* Additional explanatory text may be included starting with the third line of the REMARK 2 record. For example, depositors may wish to qualify the resolution value provided due to unusual experimental conditions.

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"REMARK"	
10	LString(1)	"2"	
12 - 22	LString(11)	"RESOLUTION."	
24 - 70	String	comment	Comment in free text.

Example

REMARK 3 (updated), Final refinement information

Overview

REMARK 3 presents information on refinement program(s) used and related statistics. For nondiffraction studies, REMARK 3 is used to describe any refinement done, but its format is mostly free text.

Details

* The value "NULL" is given when there is no data available for a particular token.

* If more than one refinement package was used, they may be named in "OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS". However, REMARK 3 statistics are given for the final refinement run.

The format of this remark changes with the evolution of refinement software. Selected representative templates or examples are provided here.

Refinement using X-PLOR

Template/example

3

REMARK

REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	PROGRAM : X-PLOR 3.851
REMARK	3	AUTHORS : BRUNGER
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 2.47
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 34.50
REMARK	3	DATA CUTOFF (SIGMA(F)) : 0.000
REMARK	3	DATA CUTOFF HIGH (ABS(F)) : NULL
REMARK	3	DATA CUTOFF LOW (ABS(F)) : NULL
REMARK	3	COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : NULL
REMARK	3	NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS : 28372
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD : THROUGHOUT
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : RANDOM
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.174
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE : 0.244
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : NULL
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 2819
REMARK	3	ESTIMATED ERROR OF FREE R VALUE : NULL
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	FIT IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION BIN.
REMARK	3	TOTAL NUMBER OF BINS USED : NULL
REMARK	3	BIN RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (A) : NULL
REMARK	3	BIN RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (A) : NULL
REMARK	3	BIN COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : NULL
REMARK	3	REFLECTIONS IN BIN (WORKING SET) : NULL
REMARK	3	BIN R VALUE (WORKING SET) : NULL
REMARK	3	BIN FREE R VALUE : NULL
REMARK	3	BIN FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : NULL
REMARK	3	BIN FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : NULL
REMARK	3	ESTIMATED ERROR OF BIN FREE R VALUE : NULL
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	PROTEIN ATOMS : 5711
		NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS : 0
REMARK	3	HETEROGEN ATOMS : 0
	-	SOLVENT ATOMS : 132
REMARK		
		B VALUES.
		FROM WILSON PLOT (A**2) : 31.94
		MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : 27.18
		OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE.
		B11 (A**2) : NULL
		B22 (A**2) : NULL
REMARK	3	B33 (A**2) : NULL

REMARK 3 B12 (A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) : NULL remark 3 B23 (A**2) : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR. REMARK 3 ESD FROM LUZZATI PLOT (A) : 0.24 ESD FROM SIGMAA (A) : 0.25 remark 3 REMARK 3 LOW RESOLUTION CUTOFF (A) : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATED ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR. REMARK 3 ESD FROM C-V LUZZATI PLOT (A) : NULL REMARK 3 ESD FROM C-V SIGMAA (A) : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES. REMARK 3 BOND LENGTHS (A) : 0.006 REMARK 3 BOND ANGLES (DEGREES) : 1.18 REMARK 3 DIHEDRAL ANGLES (DEGREES) : 27.95 REMARK 3 IMPROPER ANGLES (DEGREES) : 27.9 remark 3 REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL MODEL : GROUPED ISOTROPIC B-FACTORS, 2 Bremark 3 VALUES/RESIDUE remark 3 REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS. RMS SIGMA REMARK 3 MAIN-CHAIN BOND (A**2) : NULL ; NULL (A**2) : NULL ; NULL MAIN-CHAIN ANGLE remark 3 REMARK 3 SIDE-CHAIN BOND (A**2) : NULL ; NULL (A**2) : NULL ; NULL REMARK 3 SIDE-CHAIN ANGLE remark 3 REMARK 3 NCS MODEL : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 NCS RESTRAINTS. RMS SIGMA/WEIGHT GROUP 1POSITIONAL(A) : NULL ; NULLGROUP 1B-FACTOR(A**2) : NULL ; NULL remark 3 remark 3 remark 3 REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 1 : NULL REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 1 : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NULL

Refinement using CNS

Template/example

3

REMARK

```
3 REFINEMENT.
REMARK
REMARK
       3 PROGRAM : CNS 1.2
REMARK 3 AUTHORS
                     : BRUNGER, ADAMS, CLORE, DELANO, GROS, GROSSE-
REMARK 3
                     : KUNSTLEVE, JIANG, KUSZEWSKI, NILGES, PANNU,
      3
REMARK
                     : READ, RICE, SIMONSON, WARREN
       3
REMARK
REMARK
      3 REFINEMENT TARGET : ENGH & HUBER
      3
REMARK
REMARK 3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 2.20
REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 19.87
REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF
                              (SIGMA(F)) : 2.0
REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF HIGH
REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF LOW
                                (ABS(F)) : 89190.68
                                (ABS(F)) : 0.0000
REMARK 3 COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : 91.1
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS
                                        : 32745
remark 3
REMARK 3 FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD
                                       : THROUGHOUT
          FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : RANDOM
remark 3
REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.203
                               : 0.237
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE
      3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE
                                     (%): 5.0
REMARK
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 1633
REMARK 3 ESTIMATED ERROR OF FREE R VALUE : 0.006
remark 3
REMARK
      3 FIT IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION BIN.
REMARK
       3 TOTAL NUMBER OF BINS USED
                                          : 6
REMARK 3 BIN RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH
                                      (A) : 2.00
REMARK 3 BIN RESOLUTION RANGE LOW
                                       (A) : 2.13
       3 BIN COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : NULL
REMARK
REMARK 3 REFLECTIONS IN BIN (WORKING SET) : 0
REMARK 3 BIN R VALUE
                              (WORKING SET) : 0.237
      3 FREE R VALUE
REMARK
                                    : NULL
      3
          FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE
REMARK
                                     (%) : NULL
      3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : NULL
REMARK
REMARK
      3 ESTIMATED ERROR OF FREE R VALUE : NULL
REMARK
      3
       3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK
REMARK
        3 PROTEIN ATOMS : 2172
      3 NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS
                                : 0
REMARK
      3
                                : 0
REMARK
          HETEROGEN ATOMS
      3 SOLVENT ATOMS
                                : 127
REMARK
      3
REMARK
      3 B VALUES.
REMARK
      3 FROM WILSON PLOT
                                   (A**2) : 11.20
REMARK
REMARK
      3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : 25.20
```

```
REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE.
REMARK 3 B11 (A**2) : 2.38000
REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) : 2.38000
REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) : -4.76000
REMARK 3 B12 (A**2) : 0.00000
REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) : 0.00000
          B23 (A**2) : 0.00000
remark 3
remark 3
REMARK 3 ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR.
REMARK 3 ESD FROM LUZZATI PLOT
                                  (A) : 0.22
REMARK 3 ESD FROM SIGMAA
                                    (A) : 0.07
REMARK 3 LOW RESOLUTION CUTOFF
                                (A) : 5.00
REMARK 3
REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATED ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR.
REMARK 3 ESD FROM C-V LUZZATI PLOT (A) : 0.26
REMARK 3 ESD FROM C-V SIGMAA
                                    (A) : 0.18
remark 3
REMARK 3 RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES.
REMARK 3 BOND LENGTHS
                                     (A) : 0.006
REMARK 3 BOND ANGLES
                              (DEGREES) : 1.30
                              (DEGREES) : 24.30
REMARK 3 DIHEDRAL ANGLES
REMARK 3 IMPROPER ANGLES
                              (DEGREES) : 0.82
remark 3
REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL MODEL : RESTRAINED
REMARK
       3
REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS.
                                            RMS SIGMA
REMARK 3 MAIN-CHAIN BOND (A**2) : NULL ; NULL
REMARK 3 MAIN-CHAIN ANGLE
                                    (A**2) : NULL ; NULL
          SIDE-CHAIN BOND
remark 3
                                    (A**2) : NULL ; NULL
REMARK 3 SIDE-CHAIN ANGLE
                                    (A**2) : NULL ; NULL
remark 3
REMARK 3 BULK SOLVENT MODELING.
REMARK 3 METHOD USED : FLAT MODEL
REMARK 3 KSOL : 0.45
REMARK 3 BSOL
                    : 64.83
REMARK 3
REMARK 3 NCS MODEL : NULL
REMARK 3
REMARK 3 NCS RESTRAINTS.
                                             RMS SIGMA/WEIGHT
REMARK3GROUP1POSITIONAL(A) : NULL ; NULLREMARK3GROUP1B-FACTOR(A**2) : NULL ; NULL
remark 3
REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 1 : PROTEIN REP.PARAM
REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 2 : WATER REP.PARAM
REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 3 : ION.PARAM
REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 4 : NULL
REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 1 : PROTEIN.TOP
REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 2 : WATER.TOP
REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 3 : ION.TOP
REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 4 : NULL
remark 3
REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: BULK SOLVENT MODEL USED
```

Refinement using CNX

Template/example

REMARK

3

```
3 REFINEMENT.
REMARK
                   : CNX
REMARK
        3 PROGRAM
                     : BRUNGER, ADAMS, CLORE, DELANO, GROS, GROSSE-
REMARK 3 AUTHORS
      3
                     : KUNSTLEVE, JIANG, KUSZEWSKI, NILGES, PANNU,
REMARK
      3
REMARK
                      : READ, RICE, SIMONSON, WARREN
        3
REMARK
REMARK 3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 3.00
REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 50.00
REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF
                              (SIGMA(F)) : 0.000
REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF HIGH
                                (ABS(F)) : 1000.000
REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF LOW
                                  (ABS(F)) : 0.0000
remark 3
          COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : 94.0
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS
                                         : 20693
remark 3
REMARK 3 FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD
                                        : NULL
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : NULL
REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : NULL
      3
          R VALUE
                   (WORKING SET) : 0.219
REMARK
                                     : 0.319
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE
                                      (%): 7.500
      3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT
                                         : 1643
REMARK
      3
REMARK
          ESTIMATED ERROR OF FREE R VALUE : NULL
remark 3
      3 FIT/AGREEMENT OF MODEL WITH ALL DATA.
REMARK
      3
REMARK
          R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET, NO CUTOFF) : NULL
        3 R VALUE
                            (WORKING SET, NO CUTOFF) : NULL
REMARK
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE
                                     (NO CUTOFF) : NULL
      3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE
                                      (%, NO CUTOFF) : NULL
REMARK
        3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT (NO CUTOFF) : NULL
REMARK
      3 ESTIMATED ERROR OF FREE R VALUE (NO CUTOFF) : NULL
REMARK
      3 TOTAL NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS (NO CUTOFF) : 20693
REMARK
      3
REMARK
      3 FIT IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION BIN.
REMARK
REMARK 3 TOTAL NUMBER OF BINS USED : NULL
REMARK 3 BIN RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH
                                       (A) : NULL
      3 BIN RESOLUTION RANGE LOW
REMARK
                                        (A) : NULL
        3 BIN COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : NULL
REMARK
REMARK
      3 REFLECTIONS IN BIN (WORKING SET) : NULL
      3 BIN R VALUE
                               (WORKING SET) : NULL
REMARK
      3
REMARK
          BIN FREE R VALUE
                                            : NULL
      3
          BIN FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : NULL
REMARK
      3 BIN FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : NULL
REMARK
      3 ESTIMATED ERROR OF BIN FREE R VALUE : NULL
REMARK
REMARK
        3
REMARK
      3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT.
```

: 7895 REMARK 3 PROTEIN ATOMS REMARK 3 NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS : 0 REMARK 3 HETEROGEN ATOMS : 276 REMARK 3 SOLVENT ATOMS : 0 remark 3 REMARK 3 B VALUES. (A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 FROM WILSON PLOT REMARK 3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : 43.13 REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE. REMARK 3 B11 (A**2) : -6.46200 REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) : 0.93900 REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) : 5.52300 REMARK 3 B12 (A**2) : 0.00000 REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) : 0.00000 REMARK 3 B23 (A**2) : 0.00000 remark 3 REMARK 3 ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR. REMARK 3 ESD FROM LUZZATI PLOT (A) : NULL REMARK 3 ESD FROM SIGMAA (A) : NULL REMARK 3 LOW RESOLUTION CUTOFF (A) : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATED ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR. REMARK 3 ESD FROM C-V LUZZATI PLOT (A) : NULL REMARK 3 ESD FROM C-V SIGMAA (A) : NULL REMARK 3 REMARK 3 RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES. REMARK 3 BOND LENGTHS (A) : 0.010 REMARK 3 BOND ANGLES (DEGREES) : 1.85 (DEGREES) : 1.85 (DEGREES) : NULL REMARK 3 BOND ANGLES REMARK 3 DIHEDRAL ANGLES REMARK 3 IMPROPER ANGLES (DEGREES) : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL MODEL : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS. RMS SIGMA REMARK 3 MAIN-CHAIN BOND (A**2) : 1.284 ; 1.500 MAIN-CHAIN ANGLE remark 3 (A**2) : 2.239 ; 2.000 REMARK 3 SIDE-CHAIN BOND (A**2) : 1.709 ; 2.000 REMARK 3 SIDE-CHAIN ANGLE (A**2) : 2.698 ; 2.500 remark 3 REMARK 3 BULK SOLVENT MODELING. REMARK 3 METHOD USED : NULL REMARK 3 KSOL : NULL remark 3 BSOL : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 NCS MODEL : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 1 : PROTEIN REP.PARAM REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 2 : DNA-RNA REP.PARAM REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 3 : WATER REP.PARAM REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 4 : N1234.XPRM REMARK 3 PARAMETER FILE 5 : LIG12AB.XPRM REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 1 : PROTEIN.TOP REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 2 : DNA-RNA.TOP REMARK 3 TOPOLOGY FILE 3 : WATER.TOP

REMARK3TOPOLOGY FILE4: ION.TOPREMARK3TOPOLOGY FILE5: NULLREMARK3OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NULL

REMARK

Refinement using REFMAC

Template/example 1

3

```
3 REFINEMENT.
REMARK
      3PROGRAM: REFMAC 5.3.00173AUTHORS: MURSHUDOV, VAGIN, DODSON
REMARK
remark 3
remark 3
REMARK 3 REFINEMENT TARGET : MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD
       3
REMARK
REMARK 3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 2.20
REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 50.00
REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF (SIGMA(F)) : 0.000
REMARK 3 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 99.7
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS
                                         : 41377
       3
REMARK
REMARK 3 FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD : THROUGHOUT
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : RANDOM
REMARK3RVALUE(WORKING + TEST SET): 0.228REMARK3RVALUE(WORKING SET): 0.225REMARK3FREE RVALUE: 0.283
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : 5.200
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 2256
remark 3
REMARK 3 FIT IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION BIN.
REMARK 3 TOTAL NUMBER OF BINS USED : 20
REMARK3BIN RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH(A) : 2.20REMARK3BIN RESOLUTION RANGE LOW(A) : 2.26
REMARK 3 REFLECTION IN BIN (WORKING SET) : 2978
REMARK 3 BIN COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : 98.65
REMARK 3 BIN R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.2840
REMARK 3 BIN FREE R VALUE SET COUNT : 161
REMARK 3 BIN FREE R VALUE
                                              : 0.3680
REMARK
       3
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT.
      3PROTEIN ATOMS3NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS3HETEROGEN ATOMS41244588
REMARK 3 PROTEIN ATOMS : 2043
REMARK
REMARK
REMARK
REMARK
       3
       3 B VALUES.
REMARK
        3 FROM WILSON PLOT (A**2) : 41.60
REMARK
REMARK 3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : 27.81
REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE.
       3
           B11 (A**2) : 4.03000
REMARK
REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) : -3.59000
REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) : -0.44000
REMARK 3 B12 (A**2) : 0.00000
REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) : -0.05000
```

REMARK	3	B23 (A**2) : 0.00000			
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3	ESTIMATED OVERALL COORDINATE ERROR.			
REMARK	3	ESU BASED ON R VALUE		(A):	0.345
REMARK	3	ESU BASED ON R VALUE ESU BASED ON FREE R VALUE ESU BASED ON MAXIMUM LIKELTHOOD		(A):	0.256
REMARK	3	ESU BASED ON MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD		(A):	0.236
REMARK	3	ESU FOR B VALUES BASED ON MAXIMUM LIKEL	IHOOD	(A**2):	17.897
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3	CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS.			
REMARK	3	CORRELATION COEFFICIENT FO-FC : 0.1	948		
REMARK	3	CORRELATION COEFFICIENT FO-FC FREE : 0.	922		
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3	RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES	COUNT	RMS	WEIGHT
REMARK	3	BOND LENGTHS REFINED ATOMS (A):	6752	; 0.012	; 0.022
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3			; 0.001	
REMARK	3			; 0.196	
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3			; 0.179	
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3	H-BOND (XY) REFINED ATOMS (A):			
REMARK	3			; NULL	
REMARK	3			; NULL	
REMARK	3			; NULL	
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3	SYMMETRY METAL-ION REFINED ATOMS (A):		; NULL	
	3			; NULL	
REMARK	3			,	,
REMARK	3	ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS.	COUNT	RMS	WEIGHT
	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3		2201	, 1.910	, 1.000
REMARK	-	ANISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS.	COUNT	RMS	WEIGHT
	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3			, 110111	,
	3				
		NUMBER OF DIFFERENT NCS GROUPS : 5			
REMARK	3				
T (TT TT TT /T /	5				

REMARK 3 NCS GROUP NUMBER : 1 CULT NAMES : L A remark 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS NCS GROUP : 1 COMPONENT C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI CODE remark 3 1 L I L 107 6 1 A 1 A 107 6 GROUP CHAIN COUNT RMS WEIGHT remark 3 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 remark 3 REMARK 3 LOOSE POSITIONAL 1 (A): 1461; 0.25; 5.00 REMARK 3 LOOSE THERMAL 1 (A**2): 1461; 0.73; 10.00 remark 3 : 2 REMARK 3 NCS GROUP NUMBER REMARK 3 CHAIN NAMES : L A remark 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS NCS GROUP : 1 COMPONENT C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI CODE remark 3 REMARK31L108L2116REMARK31A108A2116REMARK3GROUP CHAINCOUNTRMS 6 GROUP CHAIN COUNT RMS WEIGHT
 REMARK
 3
 LOOSE POSITIONAL
 2
 (A):
 1359 ;
 0.23 ;
 5.00

 REMARK
 3
 LOOSE THERMAL
 2
 (A**2):
 1359 ;
 1.29 ;
 10.00
 remark 3 REMARK 3 NCS GROUP NUMBER : 3 REMARK 3 CHAIN NAMES : H B REMARK3NUMBER OF COMPONENTS NCS GROUP : 1REMARK3COMPONENT C SSSEQI TO C SSSE COMPONENT C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI CODE REMARK31H1H1136REMARK31B1B1136REMARK3GROUP CHAINCOUNTRMS 1 B 1 B GROUP CHAIN 6 COUNT RMS WEIGHT REMARK 3 LOOSE POSITIONAL 3 (A): 1547; 0.11; 5.00 REMARK 3 LOOSE THERMAL 3 (A**2): 1547 ; 1.00 ; 10.00 remark 3 REMARK3NCS GROUP NUMBER: 4REMARK3CHAIN NAMES: H BREMARK3NUMBER OF COMPONENTS NCS GROUP : 1 REMARK 3 NCS GROUP NUMBER : 4 remark 3 COMPONENT C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI CODE REMARK31H114H1266REMARK31B114B1266REMARK3GROUP CHAINCOUNTRMSWEIGHT
 REMARK
 3
 LOOSE POSITIONAL
 4
 (A):
 155 ;
 0.38 ;
 5.00

 REMARK
 3
 LOOSE THERMAL
 4
 (A**2):
 155 ;
 1.95 ;
 10.00
 remark 3 REMARK 3 NCS GROUP NUMBER : 5 REMARK 3 CHAIN NAMES : H B remark 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS NCS GROUP : 1 remark 3 COMPONENT C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI CODE REMARK31H136H2276REMARK31B136B2276REMARK3GROUP CHAINCOUNTRMSWEIGHT
 REMARK
 3
 LOOSE POSITIONAL
 5
 (A):
 973 ;
 0.23 ;
 5.00

 REMARK
 3
 LOOSE THERMAL
 5
 (A**2):
 973 ;
 0.82 ;
 10.00
 remark 3 REMARK 3 TLS DETAILS REMARK 3 NUMBER OF TLS GROUPS : 4 remark 3 REMARK 3 TLS GROUP : 1

REMARK 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS GROUP : 1 REMARK C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI 3 COMPONENTS REMARK 3 RESIDUE RANGE : A 1 A 221 REMARK 3 ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 38.5186 9.2498 17.0299 REMARK 3 T TENSOR REMARK 3 T11: 0.2639 T22: 0.1856
 REMARK
 3
 T33:
 0.0412
 T12:
 0.0129

 REMARK
 3
 T13:
 -0.0229
 T23:
 0.0075
 т33: REMARK 3 L TENSOR L11: remark 3 1.2476 L22: 18.8186 L33: 0.7358 L12: -0.9182 L13: -0.4633 L23: -2.8572 remark 3 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 S TENSOR S11: -0.1230 S12: -0.1350 S13: remark 3 0.1070 remark 3 S21: 0.1833 S22: 0.1989 S23: -0.0673 S31: 0.2988 S32: 0.3017 S33: -0.0759 REMARK 3 3 REMARK REMARK 3 TLS GROUP : 2 REMARK 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS GROUP : 1 REMARK 3 COMPONENTS C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI REMARK 3 RESIDUE RANGE : в 1 В 227 REMARK 3 ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 18.6717 -2.2091 -2.3508 REMARK 3 T TENSOR remark 3 T11: 0.3169 T22: 0.0830 т33: REMARK 3 0.0521 T12: 0.0175 T13: -0.0382 T23: 0.0060 remark 3 REMARK 3 L TENSOR

 REMARK
 3
 L11:
 2.8160
 L22:
 1.2951

 REMARK
 3
 L33:
 2.1804
 L12:
 0.8548

 REMARK
 3
 L13:
 -2.1037
 L23:
 -1.0227

 REMARK 3 S TENSOR S11: remark 3 0.1656 S12: 0.1951 S13: 0.1602 remark 3 S21: -0.3132 S22: 0.0276 S23: 0.3597 remark 3 S31: -0.0658 S32: -0.1993 S33: -0.1933 remark 3 remark 3 TLS GROUP : 3 REMARK 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS GROUP : 1 REMARK 3 COMPONENTS C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI REMARK 3 RESIDUE RANGE : H 1 Η 227 REMARK 3 ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 17.9538 -1.3383 43.2238 REMARK 3 T TENSOR remark 3 T11: 0.3108 T22: 0.1076 т33: remark 3 0.0689 T12: -0.0386 т13: remark 3 0.0466 T23: 0.0367 REMARK 3 L TENSOR REMARK3L11:0.7004L22:1.2871REMARK3L33:2.0590L12:-0.2673REMARK3L13:1.1558L23:-0.0172 REMARK 3 S TENSOR S11: remark 3 0.0754 S12: -0.1826 S13: -0.0304 S21: remark 3 0.2142 S22: 0.1332 S23: 0.2512 remark 3 S31: 0.1977 S32: -0.2560 S33: -0.2086 remark 3 REMARK 3 TLS GROUP : 4

REMARK	3	NUMBER OF COMPONENTS GROUP : 1
REMARK	3	COMPONENTS C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI
REMARK	3	RESIDUE RANGE: L 1 L 221
REMARK	3	ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 36.2584 -4.5702 24.8879
REMARK	3	T TENSOR
REMARK	3	T11: 0.2779 T22: 0.1946
REMARK	3	T33: 0.0079 T12: 0.0203
REMARK	3	T13: -0.0113 T23: 0.0538
REMARK	3	L TENSOR
REMARK	3	L11: 2.9390 L22: 17.8781
REMARK	3	L33: 6.7012 L12: 4.8729
REMARK	3	L13: 1.9743 L23: 1.1500
REMARK	3	S TENSOR
REMARK	3	S11: -0.0794 S12: 0.0598 S13: 0.3426
REMARK	3	S21: 0.2222 S22: 0.0581 S23: 0.7020
REMARK	3	S31: 0.0016 S32: 0.1934 S33: 0.0213
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	BULK SOLVENT MODELLING.
REMARK	3	METHOD USED : MASK
REMARK	3	PARAMETERS FOR MASK CALCULATION
REMARK	3	VDW PROBE RADIUS : 1.20
REMARK	3	ION PROBE RADIUS : 0.80
REMARK	3	SHRINKAGE RADIUS : 0.80
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: HYDROGENS HAVE BEEN ADDED IN THE
REMARK	3	RIDING POSITIONS

Template/example 2

REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	PROGRAM : REFMAC 5.5.0057
REMARK	3	AUTHORS : MURSHUDOV, VAGIN, DODSON
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	REFINEMENT TARGET : MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 1.40
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 38.27
REMARK	3	DATA CUTOFF (SIGMA(F)) : NULL
REMARK	3	COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 99.8
REMARK	3	NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS : 102082
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD : THROUGHOUT
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : RANDOM
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : 0.179
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.179
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE : 0.193
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : 5.000

REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 5384 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 FIT IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION BIN. REMARK 3 TOTAL NUMBER OF BINS USED : 20 REMARK 3 BIN RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (A) : 1.40 (A) : 1.44 REMARK 3 BIN RESOLUTION RANGE LOW REMARK 3 REFLECTION IN BIN (WORKING SET) : 7804 REMARK 3 BIN COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : 103.34 REMARK 3 BIN R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.3830 REMARK 3 BIN FREE R VALUE SET COUNT : 404 : 0.3790 REMARK 3 BIN FREE R VALUE remark 3 REMARK 3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT. REMARK 3 PROTEIN ATOMS : 1043 REMARK 3 NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS : 0 REMARK 3 HETEROGEN ATOMS : 0 : 65 REMARK 3 SOLVENT ATOMS REMARK 3 REMARK 3 B VALUES. REMARK 3 FROM WILSON PLOT (A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : 14.92 REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE. REMARK 3 B11 (A**2) : -7.82000 REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) : -6.91000 REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) : 14.73000 REMARK 3 B12 (A**2) : 0.00000 REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) : 7.83000 REMARK 3 B23 (A**2) : 0.00000 remark 3 REMARK 3 ESTIMATED OVERALL COORDINATE ERROR. REMARK 3 ESU BASED ON R VALUE (A): 0.013 REMARK 3 ESU BASED ON FREE R VALUE (A): 0.012 REMARK 3 ESU BASED ON MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD (A): 0.037 REMARK 3 ESU FOR B VALUES BASED ON MAXIMUM LIKELIHOOD (A**2): 1.010 remark 3 REMARK 3 CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS. REMARK 3 CORRELATION COEFFICIENT FO-FC : 0.969 REMARK 3 CORRELATION COEFFICIENT FO-FC FREE : 0.965 remark 3 REMARK 3 RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES COUNT RMS WEIGHT
 REMARK
 3
 BOND LENGTHS REFINED ATOMS
 (A):
 4192 ;
 0.012 ;
 0.022

 REMARK
 3
 BOND LENGTHS OTHERS
 (A):
 2871 ;
 0.001 ;
 0.020
 REMARK 3 BOND ANGLES REFINED ATOMS (DEGREES): 5694 ; 1.405 ; 1.992 REMARK 3 BOND ANGLES OTHERS (DEGREES): 7056 ; 0.928 ; 3.000

 REMARK
 3
 TORSION ANGLES, PERIOD 1
 (DEGREES):
 558 ; 5.807 ; 5.000

 REMARK
 3
 TORSION ANGLES, PERIOD 2
 (DEGREES):
 172 ; 35.581 ; 23.953

 REMARK
 3
 TORSION ANGLES, PERIOD 3
 (DEGREES):
 773 ; 12.566 ; 15.000

 REMARK
 3
 TORSION ANGLES, PERIOD 4
 (DEGREES):
 29 ;12.738 ;15.000

 REMARK
 3
 CHIRAL-CENTER RESTRAINTS
 (A**3):
 659 ; 0.087 ; 0.200

 REMARK
 3
 GENERAL PLANES REFINED ATOMS
 (A): 4650 ; 0.006 ; 0.020

 REMARK
 3
 GENERAL PLANES OTHERS
 (A): 817 ; 0.001 ; 0.020

 REMARK 3 NON-BONDED CONTACTS REFINED ATOMS (A): NULL ; NULL ; NULL REMARK 3 NON-BONDED CONTACTS OTHERS (A): NULL; NULL; NULL REMARK 3 NON-BONDED TORSION REFINED ATOMS (A): NULL; NULL; NULL

REMARK	3	NON-BONDED TORSION OTHERS (A): NULL; NULL; NULL
REMARK	3	H-BOND (XY) REFINED ATOMS (A): NULL ; NULL ; NULL
REMARK	3	H-BOND (XY) OTHERS (A): NULL ; NULL ; NULL
REMARK	3	POTENTIAL METAL-ION REFINED ATOMS (A): NULL ; NULL ; NULL
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	SYMMETRY VDW REFINED ATOMS (A): NULL ; NULL ; NULL
REMARK	3	SYMMETRY VDW OTHERS (A): NULL ; NULL ; NULL
REMARK	3	SYMMETRY H-BOND REFINED ATOMS (A): NULL ; NULL ; NULL
REMARK	3	SYMMETRY H-BOND OTHERS (A): NULL ; NULL ; NULL
REMARK	3	SYMMETRY METAL-ION REFINED ATOMS (A): NULL; NULL; NULL
REMARK	3	SYMMETRY METAL-ION OTHERS (A): NULL; NULL; NULL
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS. COUNT RMS WEIGHT
REMARK	3	MAIN-CHAIN BOND REFINED ATOMS (A**2): 2610 ; 0.801 ; 1.500
REMARK	3	MAIN-CHAIN BOND OTHER ATOMS (A**2): 1080 ; 0.208 ; 1.500
REMARK	3	MAIN-CHAIN ANGLE REFINED ATOMS (A**2): 4200 ; 1.425 ; 2.000
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	SIDE-CHAIN ANGLE REFINED ATOMS (A**2): 1470 ; 3.654 ; 4.500
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	ANISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS. COUNT RMS WEIGHT
REMARK	3	
REMARK	-	NCS RESTRAINTS STATISTICS
REMARK	3	NUMBER OF DIFFERENT NCS GROUPS : 1
REMARK	3	NONDER OF DIFFERENT ROD OROFID . 1
REMARK	3	NCS GROUP NUMBER : 1
REMARK	-	CHAIN NAMES : A B C D
REMARK		NUMBER OF COMPONENTS NCS GROUP : 1
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	$1 \qquad A \qquad 3 \qquad A \qquad 300 \qquad 6$
REMARK	3	1 B 3 B 300 6
REMARK	3	1 C 3 C 300 6
REMARK	3	1 D 3 D 300 6
REMARK	3	GROUP CHAIN COUNT RMS WEIGHT
	-	
		LOOSE POSITIONAL 1 A (A): 1265; 0.730; 5.000 LOOSE POSITIONAL 1 B (A): 1265; 0.550; 5.000
REMARK		LOOSE POSITIONAL 1 B (A): 1265; 0.550; 5.000 LOOSE POSITIONAL 1 C (A): 1265; 0.670; 5.000
REMARK		
REMARK	-	
REMARK		
REMARK		
REMARK		
REMARK	3	
REMARK		
		NUMBER OF TWIN DOMAINS : 2
REMARK		TWIN DOMAIN : 1
REMARK		TWIN OPERATOR : H,K,L
		TWIN FRACTION : 0.867
		TWIN DOMAIN : 2
		TWIN OPERATOR : L, -K, H
REMARK		TWIN FRACTION : 0.133
REMARK	3	

```
REMARK
          3 TLS DETAILS
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF TLS GROUPS : 4
REMARK
          3
REMARK 3 TLS GROUP : 1
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS GROUP : 1
REMARK 3 COMPONENTS C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI
REMARK 3 RESIDUE RANGE : A 0
                                                                  А
                                                                          300
REMARK 3 ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 18.1228 50.5084 22.0082
REMARK 3 T TENSOR

      REMARK
      3
      T11:
      -0.1434
      T22:
      -0.0225

      REMARK
      3
      T33:
      -0.0349
      T12:
      -0.0039

      REMARK
      3
      T13:
      -0.0011
      T23:
      -0.0142

REMARK 3 L TENSOR

      REMARK
      3
      L11:
      0.2499
      L22:
      2.6544

      REMARK
      3
      L33:
      3.1537
      L12:
      -0.0787

      REMARK
      3
      L13:
      -0.1230
      L23:
      -0.1410

REMARK 3 S TENSOR
                S11: -0.0939 S12: -0.0135 S13: 0.0635
remark 3
remark 3
                    S21: 0.4552 S22: 0.0720 S23: 0.3304
remark 3
                    S31: -0.0916 S32: -0.2462 S33: 0.0219
remark 3
REMARK 3 TLS GROUP : 2
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS GROUP : 1
REMARK 3 COMPONENTS
                                             C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI
REMARK 3 RESIDUE RANGE :
                                            в 2
                                                                    В
                                                                          300
REMARK 3 ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 26.3124 33.3641 14.1724
REMARK 3 T TENSOR

        REMARK
        3
        T11:
        0.0332
        T22:
        -0.0920

        REMARK
        3
        T33:
        -0.0634
        T12:
        -0.0201

        REMARK
        3
        T13:
        0.0037
        T23:
        0.0130

REMARK 3 L TENSOR

        REMARK
        3
        L11:
        0.8985
        L22:
        2.2480

        REMARK
        3
        L33:
        0.4623
        L12:
        -1.0984

        REMARK
        3
        L13:
        -0.0114
        L23:
        0.6608

REMARK 3 S TENSOR
                s11: -0.0856 s12: -0.0481 s13: -0.1305
remark 3
                   s21: 0.2230 s22: 0.0179 s23: 0.0879
remark 3
REMARK 3
                    S31: 0.1878 S32: 0.0617 S33: 0.0677
REMARK
           3
REMARK 3 TLS GROUP : 3
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF COMPONENTS GROUP : 1
REMARK 3 COMPONENTS
                                        C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI
REMARK 3 RESIDUE RANGE :
                                                             C 300
                                              С З
REMARK 3 ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 31.0030 33.2958 50.0967
REMARK 3 T TENSOR
remark 3
                   T11: -0.1785 T22: -0.0337
                    т33:
                                                   0.0202
REMARK 3
                               -0.0199 T12:
                  T13: -0.0342 T23: -0.0065
remark 3
REMARK 3 L TENSOR

      REMARK
      3
      L11:
      1.1097
      L22:
      4.1071

      REMARK
      3
      L33:
      2.4647
      L12:
      0.0878

      REMARK
      3
      L13:
      0.3839
      L23:
      0.9425

REMARK 3 S TENSOR
REMARK 3 S11: -0.0357 S12: 0.1026 S13: -0.1055
```

REMARK	3	s21: -0.2843 s22: 0.0934 s23: 0.3463
REMARK	3	S31: 0.4808 S32: -0.0374 S33: -0.0577
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	TLS GROUP : 4
REMARK	3	NUMBER OF COMPONENTS GROUP : 1
REMARK	3	COMPONENTS C SSSEQI TO C SSSEQI
REMARK	3	RESIDUE RANGE : D 2 D 300
REMARK	3	ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 36.9044 51.7770 58.1371
REMARK	3	T TENSOR
REMARK	3	T11: 0.0198 T22: -0.0873
REMARK	3	T33: -0.0907 T12: -0.0053
REMARK	3	T13: 0.0045 T23: 0.0206
REMARK	3	L TENSOR
REMARK	3	L11: 0.6326 L22: 2.2127
REMARK	3	L33: 1.0826 L12: 0.2556
REMARK	3	L13: 0.1927 L23: 0.6195
REMARK	3	S TENSOR
REMARK	3	S11: -0.0674 S12: 0.0446 S13: 0.0174
REMARK	3	S21: -0.1848 S22: 0.0310 S23: 0.0198
REMARK	3	S31: -0.2108 S32: 0.0752 S33: 0.0364
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	BULK SOLVENT MODELLING.
REMARK	3	METHOD USED : BABINET MODEL WITH MASK
REMARK	3	PARAMETERS FOR MASK CALCULATION
REMARK	3	VDW PROBE RADIUS : 1.40
REMARK	3	ION PROBE RADIUS : 0.80
REMARK	3	SHRINKAGE RADIUS : 0.80
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: HYDROGENS HAVE BEEN ADDED IN THE
REMARK	3	RIDING POSITIONS

Refinement using NUCLSQ

Template

3

REMARK

```
3 REFINEMENT.
REMARK
REMARK 3 PROGRAM : NUCLSQ
REMARK 3 AUTHORS
                    : WESTHOF, DUMAS, MORAS
remark 3
      3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK
REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) :
REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) :
REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF (SIGMA(F)) :
REMARK 3 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) :
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS
                                     :
remark 3
REMARK 3 FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD
                                       :
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION :
REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) :
REMARK 3 R VALUE
                    (WORKING SET) :
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE
                                       :
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE
                                    (%) :
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT
remark 3
REMARK 3 FIT/AGREEMENT OF MODEL WITH ALL DATA.
REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET, NO CUTOFF) :
REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING SET, NO CUTOFF) :
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE
                                    (NO CUTOFF) :
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%, NO CUTOFF) :
REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT (NO CUTOFF) :
      3 TOTAL NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS (NO CUTOFF) :
REMARK
      3
REMARK
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT.
      3 PROTEIN ATOMS
REMARK
                                :
REMARK 3 NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS
                               :
REMARK 3 HETEROGEN ATOMS
                               :
REMARK 3 SOLVENT ATOMS
                               :
      3
REMARK
REMARK 3 B VALUES.
REMARK 3 FROM WILSON PLOT (A**2):
REMARK 3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) :
REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE.
REMARK 3 B11 (A**2) :
REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) :
REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) :
         B12 (A**2) :
      3
REMARK
REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) :
      3 B23 (A**2) :
REMARK
      3
REMARK
REMARK 3 ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR.
REMARK 3 ESD FROM LUZZATI PLOT (A) :
```

REMARK	3	ESD FROM SIGMAA	(A)	:				
REMARK	3	LOW RESOLUTION CUTOFF	(A)	:				
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALU	JES.					
REMARK	3	DISTANCE RESTRAINTS.				RMS		SIGMA
REMARK	3	SUGAR-BASE BOND DISTANCE		(A)	:		;	
REMARK	3	SUGAR-BASE BOND ANGLE DISTAN	ICE	(A)	:		;	
REMARK	3	PHOSPHATE BONDS DISTANCE		(A)	:		;	
REMARK	3	PHOSPHATE BOND ANGLE, H-BONI	D	(A)	:		;	
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	PLANE RESTRAINT		(A)	:		;	
REMARK	3	CHIRAL-CENTER RESTRAINT	(A	**3)	:		;	
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	NON-BONDED CONTACT RESTRAINTS	5.					
REMARK	3	SINGLE TORSION CONTACT		(A)	:		;	
REMARK	3	MULTIPLE TORSION CONTACT		(A)	:		;	
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTR	RAIN	rs.		RMS	S	IGMA
REMARK	3	SUGAR-BASE BONDS	(A*:	*2)	:		;	
REMARK	3	SUGAR-BASE ANGLES	(A*:	*2)	:		;	
REMARK	3	PHOSPHATE BONDS	(A*:	*2)	:		;	
REMARK	3	PHOSPHATE BOND ANGLE, H-BOND	(A*	*2)	:		;	
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS:						

Refinement using CCP4, PROFFT, GPRLSA, and related programs

Template/example

3

REMARK

3 REFINEMENT. REMARK 3 PROGRAM : PROFFT3 AUTHORS : KONNERT, HENDRICKSON, FINZEL REMARK 3 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT. REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 1.65 REMARK REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 5.00 REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF (SIGMA(F)) : 2.000 3 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (응) : NULL REMARK remark 3 NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS : 10699 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT. REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD : NONE REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : NULL REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : 0.180 REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING SET) : NULL remark 3 FREE R VALUE : NULL REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : NULL REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : NULL 3 REMARK REMARK 3 FIT/AGREEMENT OF MODEL WITH ALL DATA. REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET, NO CUTOFF) : NULL REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING SET, NO CUTOFF) : NULL REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE (NO CUTOFF) : NULL REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%, NO CUTOFF) : NULL 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT (NO CUTOFF) : NULL REMARK 3 TOTAL NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS (NO CUTOFF) : NULL REMARK REMARK 3 3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT. REMARK : 843 REMARK 3 PROTEIN ATOMS 3 NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS : 0 REMARK 3 HETEROGEN ATOMS : 6 REMARK 3 SOLVENT ATOMS REMARK : 85 3 REMARK REMARK 3 B VALUES. 3 FROM WILSON PLOT (A**2) : NULL REMARK REMARK 3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : 17.28 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE. REMARK 3 B11 (A**2) : NULL REMARK REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) : NULL 3 B12 (A**2) : NULL REMARK remark 3 B13 (A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 B23 (A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 REMARK 3 ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR. REMARK3ESDFROMLUZZATIPLOT(A): 0.20REMARK3ESDFROMSIGMAA(A): NULL

REMARK	3	LOW RESOLUTION CUTOFF	(A)	: NU	JLI	L		
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VAL	JUES.					
REMARK	3	DISTANCE RESTRAINTS.				RMS		SIGMA
REMARK	3	BOND LENGTH		(A)	:	0.012	;	NULL
REMARK	3	ANGLE DISTANCE		(A)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	INTRAPLANAR 1-4 DISTANCE		(A)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	H-BOND OR METAL COORDINATIC	DN	(A)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	PLANE RESTRAINT		(A)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	CHIRAL-CENTER RESTRAINT	(A*	*3)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	NON-BONDED CONTACT RESTRAINT	s.					
REMARK	3	SINGLE TORSION		(A)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	MULTIPLE TORSION		(A)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	H-BOND (XY)		(A)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	H-BOND (X-HY)		(A)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	CONFORMATIONAL TORSION ANGLE	REST	RAII	TI	s.		
REMARK	3	SPECIFIED (DEGRE	ES)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	PLANAR (DEGRE	ES)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	STAGGERED (DEGRE	ES)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	TRANSVERSE (DEGRE	ES)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR REST	RAINT	s.		RMS		SIGMA
REMARK	3	MAIN-CHAIN BOND	(A*	*2)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	MAIN-CHAIN ANGLE	(A*	*2)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	SIDE-CHAIN BOND	(A*	*2)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3	SIDE-CHAIN ANGLE	(A*	*2)	:	NULL	;	NULL
REMARK	3							
REMARK	3	OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NUL	Ŀ					

Refinement using SHELXL

Template

REMARK

3

3 PROGRAM : SHELXL-97
3 AUTHORS : G.M.SHELDRICK
3
3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
3 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 1.15
3 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 30.00
3DATA CUTOFF(SIGMA(F)): 0.000
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 99.8
3 CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD : FREE R
3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : RANDOM
3
3 FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT (NO CUTOFF).
3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET, NO CUTOFF) : 0.116
3 R VALUE (WORKING SET, NO CUTOFF) : 0.116
3 FREE R VALUE (NO CUTOFF) : 0.145
3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%, NO CUTOFF) : 5.000
3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT (NO CUTOFF) : 4279
3 TOTAL NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS (NO CUTOFF) : 85756
3
3 FIT/AGREEMENT OF MODEL FOR DATA WITH F>4SIG(F).
3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET, F>4SIG(F)) : 0.010
3 R VALUE (WORKING SET, F>4SIG(F)) : 0.010
$3 \text{FREE R VALUE} \qquad (\text{F>4SIG(F)}) : 0.136$
3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%, F>4SIG(F)) : 5.000
3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT $(F>4SIG(F))$: 3859
3 TOTAL NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS (F>4SIG(F)) : 77074
3 IOTAL NOMBER OF REFLECTIONS (F/451G(F)) . //0/4
S 3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT.
3 PROTEIN ATOMS : 1439
3 PROTEIN ATOMS : 1439 3 NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS : 0
3 HETEROGEN ATOMS : 0
3 SOLVENT ATOMS : 288
3
3 MODEL REFINEMENT.
2
3 OCCUPANCY SUM OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS : 1638.00
3 OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS : 1406.00
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS1038.003OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES : 7
3 OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS : 1406.00
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES : 7
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES: 73NUMBER OF LEAST-SQUARES PARAMETERS: 15553
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES: 73NUMBER OF LEAST-SQUARES PARAMETERS: 155533NUMBER OF RESTRAINTS: 19134
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES: 73NUMBER OF LEAST-SQUARES PARAMETERS: 155533NUMBER OF RESTRAINTS: 191343
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES : 73NUMBER OF LEAST-SQUARES PARAMETERS: 155533NUMBER OF RESTRAINTS: 191343RMS DEVIATIONS FROM RESTRAINT TARGET VALUES.3BOND LENGTHS(A) : 0.015
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES : 73NUMBER OF LEAST-SQUARES PARAMETERS: 155533NUMBER OF RESTRAINTS: 191343RMS DEVIATIONS FROM RESTRAINT TARGET VALUES.3BOND LENGTHS(A) : 0.0153ANGLE DISTANCES(A) : 0.030
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES : 73NUMBER OF LEAST-SQUARES PARAMETERS: 155533NUMBER OF RESTRAINTS: 191343RMS DEVIATIONS FROM RESTRAINT TARGET VALUES.3BOND LENGTHS(A) : 0.0153ANGLE DISTANCES(A) : 0.0303SIMILAR DISTANCES (NO TARGET VALUES) (A) : 0.000
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES : 73NUMBER OF LEAST-SQUARES PARAMETERS: 155533NUMBER OF RESTRAINTS: 191343RMS DEVIATIONS FROM RESTRAINT TARGET VALUES.3BOND LENGTHS(A) : 0.0153ANGLE DISTANCES(A) : 0.0303SIMILAR DISTANCES (NO TARGET VALUES)(A) : 0.0303DISTANCES FROM RESTRAINT PLANES(A) : 0.030
3OCCUPANCY SUM OF HYDROGEN ATOMS: 1406.003NUMBER OF DISCRETELY DISORDERED RESIDUES : 73NUMBER OF LEAST-SQUARES PARAMETERS: 155533NUMBER OF RESTRAINTS: 191343RMS DEVIATIONS FROM RESTRAINT TARGET VALUES.3BOND LENGTHS(A) : 0.0153ANGLE DISTANCES(A) : 0.0303SIMILAR DISTANCES (NO TARGET VALUES) (A) : 0.000

REMARK	3	ANTI-BUMPING DISTANCE RESTRAINTS	(A)	:	0.032
REMARK	3	RIGID-BOND ADP COMPONENTS	(A**2)	:	0.005
REMARK	3	SIMILAR ADP COMPONENTS	(A**2)	:	0.048
REMARK	3	APPROXIMATELY ISOTROPIC ADPS	(A**2)	:	0.107
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3	BULK SOLVENT MODELING.			
REMARK	3	METHOD USED: MOEWS & KRETSINGER,	J.MOL.B	IO]	L.91(1973)201-228
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3	STEREOCHEMISTRY TARGET VALUES : EN	NGH & HUB	BEI	R
REMARK	3	SPECIAL CASE: NULL			
REMARK	3				
REMARK	3	OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NULL			

REMARK

Refinement using TNT/BUSTER

Template/example 1

3

3 REFINEMENT. REMARK REMARK 3 PROGRAM : TNT REMARK 3 AUTHORS : TRONRUD, TEN EYCK, MATTHEWS remark 3 3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT. REMARK REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 1.60 REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 30.00 REMARK 3 DATA CUTOFF (SIGMA(F)): 0.000 REMARK 3 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 93.6 REMARK 3 NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS : 80952 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 USING DATA ABOVE SIGMA CUTOFF. REMARK 3 CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD : THROUGHOUT REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SELECTION : RANDOM REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : 0.160 REMARK3RVALUE(WORKING SET)0.158REMARK3FREE RVALUE: 0.215 REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : NULL REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 6164 3 REMARK REMARK 3 USING ALL DATA, NO SIGMA CUTOFF. REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET, NO CUTOFF) : 0.1600 REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING SET, NO CUTOFF) : NULL REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE (NO CUTOFF) : NULL REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%, NO CUTOFF) : NULL REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT (NO CUTOFF) : NULL 3 TOTAL NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS (NO CUTOFF) : 80952 REMARK 3 REMARK REMARK 3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT. 3 PROTEIN ATOMS : 5555 REMARK 3 NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS : 0 REMARK : 69 REMARK 3 HETEROGEN ATOMS REMARK 3 SOLVENT ATOMS : 681 3 REMARK 3 WILSON B VALUE (FROM FCALC, A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 REMARK REMARK 3 RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES. RMS WEIGHT COUNT 3BOND LENGTHS(A) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL3BOND ANGLES(DEGREES) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL3TORSION ANGLES(DEGREES) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL REMARK REMARK REMARK 3 PSEUDOROTATION ANGLES (DEGREES) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL REMARK TRIGONAL CARBON PLANES (A) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL REMARK 3 3 GENERAL PLANES (A) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTORS (A**2) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL REMARK 3 NON-BONDED CONTACTS (A) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL REMARK REMARK 3 REMARK 3 INCORRECT CHIRAL-CENTERS (COUNT) : NULL

REMARK 3 REMARK 3 BULK SOLVENT MODELING. REMARK 3 METHOD USED : NULL : NULL : NULL REMARK 3 KSOL REMARK 3 BSOL remark 3 REMARK 3 RESTRAINT LIBRARIES. REMARK 3 STEREOCHEMISTRY : ENGH & HUBER REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTOR RESTRAINTS : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NULL

Template/example 2

REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	PROGRAM : BUSTER-TNT 2.1.1
REMARK	3	AUTHORS : BLANC, ROVERSI, VONRHEIN, BRICOGNE, TRONRUD,
REMARK	3	: TEN EYCK, MATTHEWS
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 1.75
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 34.65
REMARK	3	DATA CUTOFF (SIGMA(F)) : 0.000
REMARK		COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 97.4
REMARK	3	NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS : 53863
REMARK	3	
REMARK		USING DATA ABOVE SIGMA CUTOFF.
REMARK	3	CROSS-VALIDATION METHOD : THROUGHOUT
REMARK		
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : 0.182
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.180
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE : 0.218
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : 5.000
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 2691
REMARK		
REMARK	3	FIT IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION BIN.
REMARK	3	TOTAL NUMBER OF BINS USED : 9
REMARK		BIN RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 1.75
REMARK		BIN RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 1.86
REMARK	3	BIN COMPLETENESS (WORKING+TEST) (%) : 97.43
REMARK	3	REFLECTIONS IN BIN (WORKING + TEST SET) : 7826
REMARK	3	BIN R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : 0.2400
REMARK		REFLECTIONS IN BIN (WORKING SET) : 7447
REMARK		BIN R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.2376
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	BIN FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : 4.84
REMARK	3	BIN FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 379
REMARK	3	ESTIMATED ERROR OF FREE R VALUE : NULL
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT.
		PROTEIN ATOMS : 3944
REMARK	3	NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS : 0

REMARK 3 HETEROGEN ATOMS REMARK 3 SOLVENT ATOMS : 44 : 257 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 B VALUES. REMARK 3 FROM WILSON PLOT (A**2) : 26.46 REMARK 3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : 28.30 REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE. REMARK 3 B11 (A**2) : 0.83777 REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) : 6.21317 REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) : -7.05095 REMARK 3 B12 (A**2) : 0.00000 REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) : -7.10165 REMARK 3 B23 (A**2) : 0.00000 remark 3 REMARK 3 ESTIMATED COORDINATE ERROR. REMARK 3 ESD FROM LUZZATI PLOT (A) : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 CORRELATION COEFFICIENTS. REMARK 3 CORRELATION COEFFICIENT FO-FC : NULL REMARK 3 CORRELATION COEFFICIENT FO-FC FREE : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 RMS DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES RMS WEIGHT COUNT REMARK 3 BOND LENGTHS (A) : 0.011 ; 2.000 ; 4060
 REMARK
 3
 BOND ANGLES
 (DEGREES)
 : 1.186
 ; 2.000
 ; 547

 REMARK
 3
 TORSION ANGLES
 (DEGREES)
 : 16.973
 ; 0.000
 ; 827
 REMARK 3 BOND ANGLES (DEGREES) : 1.186 ; 2.000 ; 5477 REMARK 3 PSEUDOROTATION ANGLES (DEGREES) : NULL ; NULL ; NULL REMARK 3 TRIGONAL CARBON PLANES (A) : 0.012 ; 2.000 ; 101 REMARK 3 GENERAL PLANES (A) : 0.018 ; 5.000 ; 608 REMARK 3 ISOTROPIC THERMAL FACTORS (A**2) : 1.634 ; 20.000; 4060 REMARK 3 NON-BONDED CONTACTS (A) : 0.044 ; 5.000 ; 34 remark 3 REMARK 3 INCORRECT CHIRAL-CENTERS (COUNT) : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NULL

REMARK

Refinement using PHENIX

Template/example 1

3

REMARN	5		
REMARK	3	REFINEMENT.	
REMARK	3	PROGRAM : PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	
REMARK	3	AUTHORS : PAUL ADAMS, PAVEL AFONINE, VICENT CHEN, IAN	
REMARK	3	: DAVIS, KRESHNA GOPAL, RALF GROSSE-	
REMARK	3	: KUNSTLEVE, LI-WEI HUNG, ROBERT IMMORMINO,	
REMARK	3	: TOM IOERGER, AIRLIE MCCOY, ERIK MCKEE, NIGEL	
REMARK	3	: MORIARTY, REETAL PAI, RANDY READ, JANE	
REMARK	3	: RICHARDSON, DAVID RICHARDSON, TOD ROMO, JIM	
REMARK	3	: SACCHETTINI, NICHOLAS SAUTER, JACOB SMITH,	
REMARK	3	: LAURENT STORONI, TOM TERWILLIGER, PETER	
REMARK	3	: ZWART	
REMARK	3	. ZWARI	
	3		
REMARK		REFINEMENT TARGET : ML	
REMARK	3		
REMARK	3	DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.	
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 2.99	
REMARK	3		
REMARK	3		
REMARK	3	COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 96.7	
REMARK	3	NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS : 242645	
REMARK	3		
REMARK	3	FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.	
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : 0.293	
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.291	
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE : 0.335	
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : 4.980	
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 12081	
REMARK	3		
REMARK	3	FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT (IN BINS).	
REMARK	3	BIN RESOLUTION RANGE COMPL. NWORK NFREE RWORK RFREE	
REMARK	3	1 40.0700 - 9.2600 0.98 8197 419 0.1970 0.2050	
REMARK	3	2 9.2600 - 7.3700 0.98 7994 409 0.1560 0.1990	
REMARK	3		
REMARK	3	7 5.1200 - 4.8600 0.97 7819 387 0.2550 0.3210	
	3	8 4.8600 - 4.6500 0.97 7693 423 0.2690 0.3260	
REMARK			
REMARK	3		
REMARK	3	10 4.4700 - 4.3200 0.97 7691 403 0.2690 0.3280	
REMARK	3	11 4.3200 - 4.1800 0.97 7731 402 0.2560 0.3040 12 4.1000 4.0000 0.000 7760 407 0.2610 0.3170	
REMARK	3	12 4.1800 - 4.0600 0.98 7760 407 0.2610 0.3170	
REMARK	3	13 4.0600 - 3.9500 0.97 7685 398 0.2710 0.3070	
REMARK	3	14 3.9500 - 3.8600 0.98 7758 403 0.2970 0.3650	
REMARK	3	15 3.8600 - 3.7700 0.98 7713 431 0.2890 0.3260	
REMARK	3	16 3.7700 - 3.6900 0.98 7737 386 0.2870 0.3520	
REMARK	3	17 3.6900 - 3.6200 0.98 7719 410 0.2910 0.3230	

REMARK	3	18 3.6200 - 3.5500 0.98 7683 426 0.2770 0.3200
REMARK	3	19 3.5500 - 3.4800 0.98 7756 375 0.2950 0.3480
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	23 3.3200 - 3.2700 0.98 7700 414 0.3410 0.3840
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	25 3.2200 - 3.1800 0.97 7541 419 0.3400 0.3790
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	27 3.1400 - 3.1000 0.96 7613 381 0.3580 0.3940
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	BULK SOLVENT MODELLING.
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	B SOL : 56.99
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	ERROR ESTIMATES.
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3 3	PHASE ERROR (DEGREES, MAXIMUM-LIKELIHOOD BASED) : 36.180
REMARK		
REMARK	3	B23 (A**2) : 0.00000
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	TWINNING INFORMATION.
REMARK	3	FRACTION: 0.2950
REMARK	3	OPERATOR: -H,-K,L
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES.
REMARK	3	RMSD COUNT
REMARK	3	BOND : 0.059 59703
REMARK	3	ANGLE : 3.995 80640
REMARK	3	CHIRALITY : 0.243 9800
REMARK	3	PLANARITY: 0.013 10535
REMARK	3	DIHEDRAL : 24.960 22449
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	TLS DETAILS
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	
REMARK	2	
	3	DELECTION. CHAIN A
REMARK	3 3	
REMARK REMARK	3 3 3	ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 34.3280 -44.3362 -33.2464

REMARK	З	T11: -0.3752 T22: -0.2836	
REMARK		T33: -0.1972 T12: -0.0686	
REMARK		T13: 0.0888 T23: -0.1454	
REMARK		L TENSOR	
REMARK		L11: -0.0328 L22: -0.0264	
REMARK		L33: -0.0458 L12: -0.0047	
REMARK		L13: 0.0289 L23: -0.0435	
REMARK		S TENSOR	
REMARK		S11: -0.0220 S12: 0.7030 S13: 0.0888	
REMARK		S21: -0.7542 S22: -0.0140 S23: -0.0265	
REMARK		S31: -0.2584 S32: 0.0315 S33: 0.0000	
REMARK		TLS GROUP : 2	
REMARK	-	SELECTION: CHAIN B	
REMARK		ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 45.1940 -82.3594 -33.3841	
REMARK		T TENSOR	
REMARK		T11: -0.0302 T22: -0.0378	
REMARK		T33: -0.0668 T12: -0.0642	
REMARK		T13: 0.1450 T23: -0.0811	
REMARK	-	L TENSOR	
REMARK		L11: 0.0154 L22: 0.0032	
REMARK		L33: -0.0145 L12: 0.0014	
REMARK		L13: 0.0441 L23: 0.0209	
REMARK		S TENSOR	
REMARK		S11: -0.0023 S12: 0.6259 S13: 0.1176	
REMARK		S21: -0.6677 S22: -0.0510 S23: 0.0868	
REMARK		S31: -0.1498 S32: -0.2360 S33: 0.0000	
REMARK		TLS GROUP : 3	
REMARK		SELECTION: CHAIN C	
REMARK	3	ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 81.9697 -97.2090 -33.4842	
REMARK	3	T TENSOR	
REMARK	3	T11: -0.2480 T22: -0.3700	
REMARK	3	T33: -0.1970 T12: 0.0271	
REMARK	3	T13: 0.0948 T23: 0.1261	
REMARK		L TENSOR	
REMARK		L11: -0.0431 L22: -0.0280	
REMARK		L33: -0.0440 L12: 0.0175	
REMARK	3	L13: 0.0465 L23: 0.0381	
REMARK	3	S TENSOR	
REMARK	3	S11: -0.0226 S12: 0.7182 S13: -0.0052	
REMARK	3	S21: -0.7057 S22: -0.0069 S23: 0.1273	
REMARK	3	S31: 0.0400 S32: -0.2722 S33: 0.0000	
REMARK	3	TLS GROUP : 4	
REMARK	3	SELECTION: CHAIN D	
REMARK	3	ORIGIN FOR THE GROUP (A): 116.5141 -77.7951 -33.2613	
REMARK	3	T TENSOR	
REMARK	3	T11: -0.3864 T22: -0.1961	
REMARK	3	T33: -0.1626 T12: 0.0163	
REMARK	3	T13: 0.0020 T23: 0.1413	
REMARK	3	L TENSOR	
REMARK	3	L11: -0.0288 L22: -0.0282	
REMARK	3	L33: -0.0395 L12: 0.0063	
REMARK	3	L13: -0.0122 L23: 0.0401	
REMARK	3	S TENSOR	
REMARK	3	S11: -0.0178 S12: 0.6303 S13: -0.0642	
	-		

REMARK	3	S21 · −0 7512 S22 ·	-0.0110 S23: 0.0796
REMARK	-		-0.1247 \$33: 0.0000
REMARK			0.121, 555. 0.0000
REMARK	-	NCS DETAILS	
REMARK		NUMBER OF NCS GROUPS :	3
REMARK		NCS GROUP : 1	
REMARK	3	NCS OPERATOR : 1	
REMARK	3	REFERENCE SELECTION:	CHAIN A AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK	3	SELECTION :	CHAIN B AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK		ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	
REMARK			0.214
REMARK		NCS OPERATOR : 2	
REMARK	3	REFERENCE SELECTION:	CHAIN A AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK			CHAIN C AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK		ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	
REMARK			0.214
REMARK		NCS OPERATOR : 3	
REMARK	3	REFERENCE SELECTION:	CHAIN A AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK			CHAIN D AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK	3	ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	
REMARK			0.186
REMARK	3	NCS OPERATOR : 4	
REMARK	3	REFERENCE SELECTION:	CHAIN A AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK			CHAIN E AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK	3	ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	3856
REMARK			0.213
REMARK	3	NCS OPERATOR : 5	
REMARK	3		CHAIN A AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK	3		CHAIN F AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK		ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	
REMARK			0.226
REMARK		NCS OPERATOR : 6	
REMARK			CHAIN A AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK			CHAIN G AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK		ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	
REMARK			0.214
REMARK	-	NCS GROUP : 2	
REMARK		NCS OPERATOR : 1	
REMARK			CHAIN H AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK			CHAIN I AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK		ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	
REMARK			0.224
REMARK		NCS OPERATOR : 2	CHAIN HAND (DECCEO 2.525)
REMARK REMARK			CHAIN H AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK		ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	CHAIN J AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK			0.231
REMARK		NCS OPERATOR : 3	0.231
REMARK			CHAIN H AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK			CHAIN K AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
REMARK		ATOM PAIRS NUMBER :	
REMARK			0.203
REMARK		NCS OPERATOR : 4	
REMARK			CHAIN H AND (RESSEQ 2:525)
-	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

REMARK 3 SELECTION : CHAIN L AND (RESSEQ 2:525) ATOM PAIRS NUMBER : 3856 remark 3 REMARK 3 RMSD : 0.215 REMARK 3 NCS OPERATOR : 5 REMARK 3 REFERENCE SELECTION: CHAIN H AND (RESSEQ 2:525) REMARK3SELECTION: CHAINREMARK3ATOM PAIRS NUMBER: 3856REMARK3RMSD: 0.239 SELECTION : CHAIN M AND (RESSEQ 2:525) : 0.239 REMARK 3 NCS OPERATOR : 6 REMARK3REFERENCE SELECTION: CHAIN H AND (RESSEQ 2:525)REMARK3SELECTION: CHAIN N AND (RESSEQ 2:525) REMARK 3 ATOM PAIRS NUMBER : 3856 RMSD remark 3 : 0.227 REMARK 3 NCS GROUP : 3 REMARK 3 NCS OPERATOR : 1 REMARK3REFERENCE SELECTION: CHAIN O AND (RESSEQ 1:97)REMARK3SELECTION: CHAIN P AND (RESSEQ 1:97)REMARK3ATOM PAIRS NUMBER: 728DEMARK2DMOD: 0.207 remark 3 RMSD : 0.207 REMARK 3 NCS OPERATOR : 2 REMARK3REFERENCE SELECTION: CHAIN O AND (RESSEQ 1:97)REMARK3SELECTION: CHAIN Q AND (RESSEQ 1:97)REMARK3ATOM PAIRS NUMBER: 728REMARK3RMSD: 0.211 REMARK 3 NCS OPERATOR : 3 REMARK 3 REFERENCE SELECTION: CHAIN O AND (RESSEQ 1:97) CSELECTION: CHA.REMARK3ATOM PAIRS NUMBER: 728REMARK3RMSD• 0 1 SELECTION : CHAIN R AND (RESSEQ 1:97) : 0.196 REMARK 3 NCS OPERATOR : 4 REMARK3REFERENCE SELECTION: CHAIN O AND (RESSEQ 1:97)REMARK3SELECTION: CHAIN S AND (RESSEQ 1:97)REMARK3ATOM PAIRS NUMBER: 728 remark 3 RMSD : 0.200 REMARK 3 NCS OPERATOR : 5 REMARK3REFERENCE SELECTION: CHAIN O AND (RESSEQ 1:97)REMARK3SELECTION: CHAIN T AND (RESSEQ 1:97)REMARK3ATOM PAIRS NUMBER: 728REMARK3RMSD: 0.214 REMARK 3 NCS OPERATOR : 6 REMARK 3 REFERENCE SELECTION: CHAIN O AND (RESSEQ 1:97) remark 3 SELECTION : CHAIN U AND (RESSEQ 1:97) REMARK 3 ATOM PAIRS NUMBER : 728 RMSD remark 3 : 0.205 remark 3

REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NULL

Template/example 2 (Xray/Neutron hybrid)

REMARK	3 I	REFINEMENT.	
REMARK	3	PROGRAM	: PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)
REMARK	3	AUTHORS	: PAUL ADAMS, PAVEL AFONINE, VICENT CHEN, IAN

REMARK	3	: DAVIS, KRESHNA GOPAL, RALF GROSSE-
REMARK	3	: KUNSTLEVE, LI-WEI HUNG, ROBERT IMMORMINO,
REMARK	3	: TOM IOERGER, AIRLIE MCCOY, ERIK MCKEE, NIGEL
REMARK	3	: MORIARTY, REETAL PAI, RANDY READ, JANE
REMARK	3	: RICHARDSON, DAVID RICHARDSON, TOD ROMO, JIM
REMARK	3	: SACCHETTINI, NICHOLAS SAUTER, JACOB SMITH,
REMARK	3	: LAURENT STORONI, TOM TERWILLIGER, PETER
REMARK	3	: ZWART
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	X-RAY DATA.
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	REFINEMENT TARGET : ML
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 1.75
REMARK	3	RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 33.56
REMARK	3	MIN(FOBS/SIGMA FOBS) : 1.330
REMARK	3	COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 98.8
REMARK	3	NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS : 31524
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : 0.132
REMARK	3	R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.129
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE : 0.166
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : 9.360
REMARK	3	FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 2952
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT (IN BINS).
REMARK	3	BIN RESOLUTION RANGE COMPL. NWORK NFREE RWORK RFREE
REMARK	3	1 33.5691 - 4.8295 0.99 1424 130 14.0900 17.9800
REMARK	3	2 4.8295 - 3.8351 1.00 1420 125 10.3500 11.3600
REMARK	3	3 3.8351 - 3.3508 1.00 1378 129 10.5000 12.4600
REMARK	3	4 3.3508 - 3.0447 1.00 1413 122 11.7500 13.7300
REMARK	3	5 3.0447 - 2.8265 1.00 1385 138 11.9800 16.9100
REMARK	3	6 2.8265 - 2.6600 1.00 1384 131 12.7800 16.5000
REMARK	3	7 2.6600 - 2.5268 1.00 1351 162 12.1800 17.9600
REMARK	3	
REMARK	3	9 2.4168 - 2.3238 1.00 1381 130 12.3100 15.4300
REMARK	3	10 2.3238 - 2.2437 1.00 1385 142 12.5900 17.5500
REMARK	3	11 2.2437 - 2.1735 1.00 1368 123 12.0600 18.7300
REMARK	3	12 2.1735 - 2.1114 1.00 1377 143 11.8600 15.5300
REMARK	3	13 2.1114 - 2.0558 1.00 1337 171 11.3000 16.9600
REMARK	3	14 2.0558 - 2.0057 1.00 1353 143 11.9200 15.9400
REMARK	3	15 2.0057 - 1.9601 0.99 1386 144 12.2000 16.0500
REMARK	3	16 1.9601 - 1.9184 1.00 1340 136 12.9800 19.2100
REMARK	3	10 1.9001 1.9104 1.00 1940 190 1912100 17 1.9184 - 1.8800 1.00 1380 142 13.7700 21.1700
REMARK	3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
REMARK	з З	21 1.1005 1.1522 0.15 1000 155 20.5500 25.0900
REMARK REMARK	3 3	BULK SOLVENT MODELLING.
REMARK		METHOD USED : FLAT BULK SOLVENT MODEL
REMARK		SOLVENT RADIUS : 1.11
ADMAN	J	SOUVENT NADIOS . I.II

REMARK 3 SHRINKAGE RADIUS : 0.90 REMARK 3 K SOL : 0.35 REMARK 3 B SOL : 29.39 remark 3 REMARK 3 ERROR ESTIMATES. REMARK 3 COORDINATE ERROR (MAXIMUM-LIKELIHOOD BASED) : 0.190 PHASE ERROR (DEGREES, MAXIMUM-LIKELIHOOD BASED) : 15.390 remark 3 remark 3 REMARK 3 B VALUES. REMARK 3 FROM WILSON PLOT (A**2) : 17.52 REMARK 3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE. REMARK 3 B11 (A**2) : 5.33780 REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) : 5.45600 REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) : 4.24070 REMARK 3 B12 (A**2) : 0.00000 REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) : 0.43090 REMARK 3 B23 (A**2) : 0.00000 remark 3 REMARK 3 TWINNING INFORMATION. REMARK 3 FRACTION: NULL REMARK 3 OPERATOR: NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES. remark 3 RMSD COUNT REMARK 3 BOND : NULL REMARK 3 ANGLE : NULL NULL NULL REMARK 3 CHIRALITY : NULL NULL REMARK 3 PLANARITY : NULL NULL REMARK 3 DIHEDRAL : NULL NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 TLS DETAILS REMARK 3 NUMBER OF TLS GROUPS : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 NCS DETAILS remark 3 NUMBER OF NCS GROUPS : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NULL REMARK 3 REMARK 3 NEUTRON DATA. remark 3 REMARK 3 REFINEMENT TARGET : ML remark 3 REMARK 3 DATA USED IN REFINEMENT. REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (ANGSTROMS) : 2.19 REMARK 3 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (ANGSTROMS) : 40.11 REMARK 3 MIN(FOBS/SIGMA FOBS) : 1.530 REMARK 3 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 72.8 REMARK 3 NUMBER OF REFLECTIONS : 11884 remark 3 REMARK 3 FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT. REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING + TEST SET) : 0.260 REMARK 3 R VALUE (WORKING SET) : 0.257 REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE : 0.291

REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET SIZE (%) : 8.350 REMARK 3 FREE R VALUE TEST SET COUNT : 992 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 FIT TO DATA USED IN REFINEMENT (IN BINS).

 REMARK
 3
 1
 40.1164
 4.1959
 0.93
 2018
 176
 19.7800
 20.5900

 REMARK
 3
 2
 4.1959
 3.3309
 0.89
 1915
 175
 21.1000
 25.3500

 REMARK
 3
 3.3309
 2.9100
 0.78
 1669
 152
 25.7100
 30.8200

 REMARK
 3
 4
 2.9100
 2.6440
 0.70
 1475
 141
 26.7100
 30.7500

 REMARK
 3
 5
 2.6440
 2.4545
 0.64
 1350
 133
 28.7700
 33.5100

 REMARK
 3
 6
 2.4545
 2.3098
 0.60
 1269
 117
 30.9500
 33.6400

 REMARK
 3
 7
 2.3098
 0.56
 1196
 98
 22.2000
 20.2000

 REMARK 3 BIN RESOLUTION RANGE COMPL. NWORK NFREE RWORK RFREE remark 3 REMARK 3 BULK SOLVENT MODELLING. REMARK 3 METHOD USED : FLAT BULK SOLVENT MODEL REMARK 3 SOLVENT RADIUS : 1.11 REMARK 3 SHRINKAGE RADIUS : 0.90 REMARK 3 K SOL : 0.53 REMARK 3 B SOL : 82.90 remark 3 REMARK 3 ERROR ESTIMATES. REMARK 3 COORDINATE ERROR (MAXIMUM-LIKELIHOOD BASED) : 0.450 REMARK 3 PHASE ERROR (DEGREES, MAXIMUM-LIKELIHOOD BASED) : 26.920 remark 3 REMARK 3 B VALUES. REMARK 3 FROM WILSON PLOT (A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 MEAN B VALUE (OVERALL, A**2) : NULL REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE. REMARK 3 B11 (A**2) : -0.70340 REMARK 3 B22 (A**2) : -6.62540 REMARK 3 B33 (A**2) : -7.07190 REMARK 3 B12 (A**2) : -0.00000 REMARK 3 B13 (A**2) : -1.25130 REMARK 3 B23 (A**2) : -0.00000 remark 3 REMARK 3 TWINNING INFORMATION. REMARK 3 FRACTION: NULL REMARK 3 OPERATOR: NULL 3 REMARK REMARK 3 DEVIATIONS FROM IDEAL VALUES. RMSD COUNT remark 3 REMARK 3 BOND : 0.018 5216 REMARK 3 ANGLE : 1.759 9458 remark 3 CHIRALITY : 0.160 392 REMARK 3 PLANARITY : 0.011 779 1363 REMARK 3 DIHEDRAL : 25.100 REMARK 3 REMARK 3 TLS DETAILS REMARK 3 NUMBER OF TLS GROUPS : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 NCS DETAILS REMARK 3 NUMBER OF NCS GROUPS : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NULL

Refinement using Electron Microscopy

Template/Example

3

REMARK

3 REFINEMENT REMARK 3 SOFTWARE PACKAGES : SIMPLEX, PYPFT, EMFIT, O, XPLOR REMARK REMARK 3 RECONSTRUCTION SCHEMA : ICOSAHEDRAL remark 3 3 EM MAP-MODEL FITTING AND REFINEMENT REMARK REMARK 3 PDB ENTRY : PDB ID 1HX6 REMARK 3 REFINEMENT SPACE : RECIPROCAL REMARK 3 REFINEMENT PROTOCOL : RIGID BODY REFINEMENT REMARK 3 REFINEMENT TARGET : R-FACTOR REMARK 3 OVERALL ANISOTROPIC B VALUE : NULL remark 3 REMARK 3 FITTING PROCEDURE : THE CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF THE MAJOR COAT REMARK 3 PROTEIN P3 (PDB FILE 1HX6) WAS PLACED INTO THE CRYO-EM REMARK 3 DENSITY MAP. THE CAPSID PROTEIN WAS FIRST MANUALLY REMARK 3 POSITIONED INTO THE CRYO-EM DENSITY CORRESPONDING TO REMARK 3 POSITIONS OF THE FOUR INDEPENDENT TRIMERS IN THE REMARK 3 ICOSAHEDRAL ASYMMETRIC UNIT. THESE POSITIONS WERE THEN REMARK 3 REFINED BY RIGID BODY REFINEMENT IN RECIPROCAL SPACE WITH REMARK 3 THE PROGRAM XPLOR. REMARK 3 QUALITY OF THE FIT R-FACTOR= 0.339, CROSS-CORRELATION REMARK 3 COEFFICIENT 0.915, ATOMS OUTSIDE DENSITY PER ICOSAHEDRAL REMARK 3 ASYMMETRIC UNIT 527 (1.5%), ATOM CLASHES PER ICOSAHEDRAL REMARK 3 ASYMMETRIC UNIT 115 (0.3%) REMARK 3 REMARK 3 EM IMAGE RECONSTRUCTION STATISTICS REMARK 3 NOMINAL PIXEL SIZE (ANGSTROMS) : 3.68 3 ACTUAL PIXEL SIZE (ANGSTROMS) REMARK : 3.44 REMARK 3 EFFECTIVE RESOLUTION (ANGSTROMS) : 14.0 REMARK 3 NUMBER OF PARTICLES : 1800 3 CTF CORRECTION METHOD : NULL REMARK 3 REMARK REMARK 3 EM RECONSTRUCTION MAGNIFICATION CALIBRATION: THE PIXEL REMARK 3 SIZE OF THE CRYO-EM MAP WAS OBTAINED USING THE X-RAY 3 STRUCTURE OF THE P3 TRIMER AS A REFERENCE. AFTER AN INITIAL REMARK 3 FITTING USING THE NOMINAL PIXEL SIZE, THE P3 TRIMERS IN THE REMARK 3 ICOSAHEDRAL ASYMMETRIC UNIT WERE GRADUALLY TRANSLATED TOWARDS REMARK REMARK 3 THE CENTER OF THE PARTICLE UNTIL THE CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC R-FACTOR 3 WAS MINIMISED. REMARK REMARK 3 3 OTHER DETAILS: THE ORIENTATIONS WERE REFINED BY THE CROSS REMARK 3 COMMON LINES LINES METHOD (SIMPLEX) AND THE POLAR FOURIER REMARK REMARK 3 TRANSFORM METHOD. MODEL-BASED, POLAR-FOURIER-TRANSFORM 3 (FULLER ET AL. 1996, J.STRUC.BIOL. 116, 48-55; BAKER AND REMARK REMARK 3 CHENG, 1996, J.STRUC.BIOL. 116, 120-130) MODEL-BASED CROSS 3 COMMON LINES SEARCH AND REFINEMENT (CROWTHER ET AL. 1970, REMARK 3 NATURE (LONDON) 226, 421-425; FULLER ET AL. 1996, REMARK REMARK 3 J.STRUC.BIOL. 116, 48-55; FERLENGHI ET AL. 1998, J.MOL.BIOL.

REMARK	3	283, 71-81). THE EFFECTIVE RESOLUTION OF THE FINAL
REMARK	3	RECONSTRUCTED DENSITY WAS DETERMINED TO BE AT LEAST 25
REMARK	3	ANGSTROMS, AS MEASURED BY RANDOMLY SPLITTING THE PARTICLES
REMARK	3	INTO TWO SETS AND CALCULATING THE FOURIER SHELL CORRELATION
REMARK	3	OBTAINED FROM SEPARATE RECONSTRUCTIONS (HARAUZ AND VAN HEEL
REMARK	3	1986, OPTIK 73, 146-156). THE EIGENVALUE SPECTRUM GAVE AN
REMARK	3	INDICATION OF THE RANDOMNESS OF THE DATA THAT WAS INCLUDED
REMARK	3	IN THE RECONSTRUCTION. THE COMPLETENESS OF THE DATA WAS
REMARK	3	VERIFIED IN THAT ALL EIGENVALUES EXCEEDED 100. THE COORDINATES
REMARK	3	ARE IN THE P, Q, R FRAME IN ANGSTROM UNITS AND CORRESPOND
REMARK	3	TO ICOSAHEDRAL SYMMETRY AXES. THE ORIGIN IS CHOSEN AT THE
REMARK	3	CENTER OF THE VIRUS WITH P, Q AND R ALONG MUTUALLY
REMARK	3	PERPENDICULAR TWO-FOLD AXES OF THE ICOSAHEDRON. THEY SHOULD
REMARK	3	REMAIN IN THAT FRAME FOR THE EASE OF THE USER IN CREATING
REMARK	3	THE BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT VIRAL COMPLEX PARTICLE USING
REMARK	3	THE 60 ICOSAHEDRAL SYMMETRY OPERATORS. RESIDUES NOT VISIBLE
REMARK	3	IN THE ORIGINAL CRYSTAL STRUCTURES ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE
REMARK	3	CRYO-EM STRUCTURE MODEL.

Example for Solution Scattering

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remark 3
REMARK 3 REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 PROGRAM : INSIGHTII 98
          AUTHORS
remark 3
                     :
remark 3
REMARK 3 NUMBER OF NON-HYDROGEN ATOMS USED IN REFINEMENT.
REMARK 3 PROTEIN ATOMS
                               : 188
                                : 0
REMARK 3 NUCLEIC ACID ATOMS
REMARK 3 HETEROGEN ATOMS
                                : 0
                                : 0
REMARK 3 SOLVENT ATOMS
remark 3
REMARK 3 OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: THE INFORMATION FOR THE HIS402
REMARK 3 ALLOTYPE IS LISTED FIRST IN REMARK 265; THE INFORMATION FOR
REMARK 3 THE TYR402 ALLOTYPE IS LISTED SECOND. THE COORDINATES CONTAIN
REMARK 3 ONLY CA ATOMS.
```

Non-diffraction studies

Until standard refinement remarks are adopted for non-diffraction studies, refinement details will appear in REMARK 3 formatted in free text, beginning on the sixth line of the remark.

Template

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 1234567890188
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Example

REMARK	3		
REMARK	3	REFINEMENT.	
REMARK	3	PROGRAM : CNSSOLVE 1.1, X-PLOR 2.11.2, PROCHECK NMR 3.51,	
REMARK	3	MOLPROBITY 3.01, QUEEN 1.1, PSVS 1.3	
REMARK	3	AUTHORS : BRUNGER, ET. AL. (CNSSOLVE), CLORE ET. AL. (X-	
REMARK	3	PLOR), LASKOWSKI, MACARTHUR (PROCHECK NMR),	
REMARK	3	LOVELL, RICHARDSON ET. AL. (MOLPROBITY),	
REMARK	3	NABUURS, VUISTER (QUEEN), BHATTACHARYA,	
REMARK	3	MONTELIONE (PSVS)	
REMARK	3		
REMARK	3	OTHER REFINEMENT REMARKS: NOESY ASSIGNMENT MADE WITH ITERATIVE	
REMARK	3	METHOD USING CNS, HYPER (DIHEDRAL) AND DYANA FOLLOWED BY NIH-	
REMARK	3	XPLOR FOR SIMMULATED ANNEALING MD. CONVERGED STRUCTURES WERE	

REMARK 3 FURTHER MINIMIZED USING CNS IN EXPLICIT H2O SHELL (NILGES
REMARK 3 PROTOCOL). FULL LENGTH SEQUENCE WAS CARRIED THROUGH THE
REMARK 3 REFINEMENT PROTOCOL. COORDINATES FROM DISORDERED REGIONS,
REMARK 3 INCLUDING HEXHIS TAG, WERE NOT REPORTED. STRUCTURE IS BASED ON
REMARK 3 439 CONSTRAINTS (216 LONG RANGE), 43 DIHEDRAL AND 20 H-BOND.

REMARK 4 (updated), Format

Remark 4 indicates the version of the PDB File Format used to generate the file.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 4 REMARK 4 XXXX COMPLIES WITH FORMAT V. N.MM, DD-MMM-YY

XXXX refers to the ID code of the entry.

N.MM refers to the version number. The current version is 3.20.

DD-MMM-YY refers to the release date of that version of the format. DD is the day of the month (a number 01 through 31), MMM is the English 3-letter abbreviation for the month, and YY is the year.

Example

REMARK 4 REMARK 4 1ABC COMPLIES WITH FORMAT V. 3.20, 01-DEC-08

REMARKs 5 - 99

Overview

REMARKs following the format REMARK 4 consist of free text annotation, pre-defined templates, and token: value pair-styled templates. Presented here are examples of REMARK sections.

Record Format and Details

* As with all other REMARKs, the first line of each REMARK is empty and is used as a spacer.

* REMARKs 5-99 are no longer for use of free text annotation.

REMARK 100 (updated), Deposition or Processing Site

This REMARK indicates PDB process site: RCSB, PDBe, PDBj or BNL. This remark also contains process date and site id code with exception of BNL entries.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 100 THIS ENTRY HAS BEEN PROCESSED BY XXXX on DD-MMM-YY. REMARK 100 THE XXXX ID CODE IS VVVVVVVVV.

XXXX is the process site. VVVVVVVVVV is the site id code. The format of the date in this remark is DD-MMM-YY. DD is the day of the month (a number 01 through 31), MMM is the English 3-letter abbreviation for the month, and YY is the year.

Examples

REMARK 100 REMARK 100 THIS ENTRY HAS BEEN PROCESSED BY RCSB on 10-MAR-06. REMARK 100 THE RCSB ID CODE IS RCSB036809. REMARK 100 REMARK 100 THIS ENTRY HAS BEEN PROCESSED BY PDBE on 13-FEB-07. REMARK 100 THE PDBE ID CODE IS EBI-28843. REMARK 100 REMARK 100 THIS ENTRY HAS BEEN PROCESSED BY PDBJ on 21-MAR-05. REMARK 100 THE RCSB ID CODE IS RCSB026278. REMARK 100 REMARK 100 THIS ENTRY HAS BEEN PROCESSED BY BNL.

REMARKs 200-265, Experimental Details

REMARKs in this range present the data collection details for the data which resulted in the refinement statistics of REMARK 3. They provide information on the structure determination experiment, which may have been done by diffraction, NMR or some other technique.

The "NULL" value will be used if the data for a token is not supplied by the depositor.

REMARK 200 (updated), X-ray Diffraction Experimental Details

REMARK 200 is mandatory if single crystal, fiber, or polycrystalline X-ray diffraction experiments were performed. The format of date in this remark is DD-MMM-YY. DD is the day of the month (a number 01 through 31), MMM is the English 3-letter abbreviation for the month, and YY is the year.

Template

12345678901284567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890100000000000000000000000000000000000	8
REMARK 200 EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS REMARK 200 EXPERIMENT TYPE : X-RAY DIFFRACTION	7890
REMARK 200 EXPERIMENT TYPE : X-RAY DIFFRACTION	
REMARK 200 DATE OF DATA COLLECTION :	
REMARK 200 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) :	
REMARK 200 PH :	
REMARK 200 NUMBER OF CRYSTALS USED :	
REMARK 200	
REMARK 200 SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) :	
REMARK 200 RADIATION SOURCE :	
REMARK 200 BEAMLINE :	
REMARK 200 X-RAY GENERATOR MODEL :	
REMARK 200 MONOCHROMATIC OR LAUE (M/L) :	
REMARK 200 WAVELENGTH OR RANGE (A) :	
REMARK 200 MONOCHROMATOR :	
REMARK 200 OPTICS :	
REMARK 200	
REMARK 200 DETECTOR TYPE :	
REMARK 200 DETECTOR MANUFACTURER :	
REMARK 200 INTENSITY-INTEGRATION SOFTWARE :	
REMARK 200 DATA SCALING SOFTWARE :	
REMARK 200	
REMARK 200 NUMBER OF UNIQUE REFLECTIONS :	
REMARK 200 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (A) :	
REMARK 200 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (A) :	
REMARK 200 REJECTION CRITERIA (SIGMA(I)) :	
REMARK 200	
REMARK 200 OVERALL.	
REMARK 200 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) :	
REMARK 200 DATA REDUNDANCY :	
REMARK 200 R MERGE (I):	
REMARK 200 R SYM (I):	

REMARK 200 <1/SIGMA(1) > FOR THE DATA SET : REMARK 200 REMARK 200 IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL. REMARK 200 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE HIGH (A) : REMARK 200 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE LOW (A) : REMARK 200 COMPLETENESS FOR SHELL (%) : REMARK 200 DATA REDUNDANCY IN SHELL : REMARK 200 R MERGE FOR SHELL (1) : REMARK 200 R SYM FOR SHELL (I) : REMARK 200 <I/SIGMA(I)> FOR SHELL : REMARK 200 REMARK 200 METHOD USED TO DETERMINE THE STRUCTURE: REMARK 200 SOFTWARE USED: REMARK 200 STARTING MODEL: REMARK 200 REMARK 200 REMARK:

Examples

The following **example** illustrates the how REMARK 200 will be used in cases in which multiple data collections are described. In this example, data items corresponding to different data collection sessions are separated by semi-colons. Multiple data values within a single session (e.g. wavelength) are separated by commas.

REMARK	200			
		EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS		
REMARK	200	EXPERIMENT TYPE	:	X-RAY DIFFRACTION
		DATE OF DATA COLLECTION		
REMARK	200	TEMPERATURE (KELVIN)	:	100; 100
REMARK	200	PH	:	8.00
REMARK	200	NUMBER OF CRYSTALS USED	:	2
REMARK				
REMARK	200	SYNCHROTRON (Y/N)	:	Ү; Ү
REMARK	200	RADIATION SOURCE BEAMLINE	:	APS ; APS
REMARK	200	BEAMLINE	:	17ID; 17ID
REMARK	200	X-RAY GENERATOR MODEL	:	NULL
REMARK	200	MONOCHROMATIC OR LAUE (M/L)	:	M; M
REMARK	200	WAVELENGTH OR RANGE (A)	:	1.5545; 1.0720, 1.0723,
REMARK	200			1.0543
REMARK	200	WAVELENGTH OR RANGE (A) MONOCHROMATOR OPTICS	:	SI (111); SI (111)
REMARK	200	OPTICS	:	NULL
REMARK	200			
		DETECTOR TYPE		
REMARK	200	DETECTOR MANUFACTURER	:	ADSC QUANTUM 210; ADSC
REMARK	200			QUANTUM 210
REMARK	200	INTENSITY-INTEGRATION SOFTWARE	:	DENZO
REMARK	200	DATA SCALING SOFTWARE	:	HKL
REMARK	200			
REMARK		NUMBER OF UNIQUE REFLECTIONS		
		RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (A)		
		RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (A)		
REMARK	200	REJECTION CRITERIA (SIGMA(I))	:	0.000

REMARK 200 REMARK 200 OVERALL. REMARK 200 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : 98.3 REMARK 200 DATA REDUNDANCY : 19.800 REMARK 200 R MERGE (I) : NULL REMARK 200 R SYM (I) : 0.07500 REMARK 200 <I/SIGMA(I) > FOR THE DATA SET : 17.0000 REMARK 200 REMARK 200 IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL. REMARK 200 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE HIGH (A) : 1.90 REMARK 200 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE LOW (A) : 1.97 REMARK 200 COMPLETENESS FOR SHELL (%) : 83.4 REMARK 200 DATA REDUNDANCY IN SHELL : 3.00 REMARK 200 R MERGE FOR SHELL (I) : NULL REMARK 200R SYM FOR SHELL(I) : 0.650REMARK 200<I/SIGMA(I)> FOR SHELL: 1.500 (I) : 0.65000 REMARK 200 REMARK 200 DIFFRACTION PROTOCOL: SINGLE WAVELENGTH; MAD REMARK 200 METHOD USED TO DETERMINE THE STRUCTURE: MAD REMARK 200 SOFTWARE USED: SOLVE 2.02 REMARK 200 STARTING MODEL: NULL REMARK 200 REMARK 200 REMARK: NULL

REMARK 205, Fiber Diffraction, Fiber Sample Experiment Details

REMARK 205 is mandatory if data was obtained from a fiber diffraction - non-crystalline sample study

Template

REMARKs 210 and 215/217, NMR Experiment Details

Remark 210 is mandatory if data was obtained from an NMR experiment.

Template

3 4 5 7 1 2 6 8 REMARK 210 REMARK 210 EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS REMARK 210 EXPERIMENT TYPE : NMR REMARK 210 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) : REMARK 210 PH : REMARK 210 REMARK 210 NMR EXPERIMENTS CONDUCTED : REMARK 210 SPECTROMETER FIELD STRENGTH : REMARK 210 SPECTROMETER MODEL REMARK 210 SPECTROMETER MANUFACTURER : REMARK 210 REMARK 210 STRUCTURE DETERMINATION. REMARK 210 SOFTWARE USED : REMARK 210 METHOD USED : REMARK 210 REMARK 210 CONFORMERS, NUMBER CALCULATED : REMARK 210 CONFORMERS, NUMBER SUBMITTED : REMARK 210 CONFORMERS, SELECTION CRITERIA : REMARK 210 REMARK 210 REMARK: Example

REMARK 210 REMARK 210 EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS REMARK 210 EXPERIMENT TYPE : NMR REMARK 210 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) : 293

REMARK	210	PH	:	7.0
REMARK	210	IONIC STRENGTH	:	NULL
REMARK	210	PRESSURE	:	AMBIENT
REMARK	210	SAMPLE CONTENTS	:	4.0 MM PHYLLOSEPTIN-2,
REMARK	210			TRIFLUOROETHANOL/WATER (60%/
REMARK	210			40%)
REMARK	210			
REMARK	210	NMR EXPERIMENTS CONDUCTED	:	2D 1H-1H TOCSY, 2D 1H-1H
REMARK	210			NOESY, 2D 1H-13C HSQC, 2D 1H-
REMARK	210			15N HSQC
REMARK	210	SPECTROMETER FIELD STRENGTH	:	600 MHZ
REMARK	210	SPECTROMETER MODEL	:	AVANCE DRX
REMARK	210	SPECTROMETER MANUFACTURER	:	BRUKER
REMARK	210			
REMARK	210	STRUCTURE DETERMINATION.		
REMARK	210	SOFTWARE USED	:	XWINNMR, NMRPIPE, NMRVIEW
REMARK	210			5.0.4, X-PLOR_NIH 2.17.0,
REMARK	210			MOLMOL 2K.2, PROCHECK 3.5.4
REMARK	210	METHOD USED	:	SIMULATED ANNEALING
REMARK	210			
REMARK	210	CONFORMERS, NUMBER CALCULATED	:	200
REMARK	210	CONFORMERS, NUMBER SUBMITTED	:	10
REMARK	210	CONFORMERS, SELECTION CRITERIA	:	STRUCTURES WITH THE LOWEST
REMARK	210			ENERGY
REMARK	210			
REMARK	210	BEST REPRESENTATIVE CONFORMER IN	1	THIS ENSEMBLE : 1
REMARK	210			
REMARK	210	REMARK: NULL		

REMARK 215 is necessary if data was obtained from a solution NMR experiment.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12345678901278 REMARK 215 THE COORDINATES IN THIS ENTRY WERE GENERATED FROM SOLUTION REMARK 215 NMR DATA. PROTEIN DATA BANK CONVENTIONS REQUIRE THAT REMARK 215 CRYST1 AND SCALE RECORDS BE INCLUDED, BUT THE VALUES ON REMARK 215 THESE RECORDS ARE MEANINGLESS.

Remark 217 is used in place of REMARK 215 if a Solid State NMR experiment was performed.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 217 REMARK 217 SOLID STATE NMR STUDY REMARK 217 THE COORDINATES IN THIS ENTRY WERE GENERATED FROM SOLID REMARK 217 STATE NMR DATA. PROTEIN DATA BANK CONVENTIONS REQUIRE THAT REMARK 217 CRYST1 AND SCALE RECORDS BE INCLUDED, BUT THE VALUES ON REMARK 217 THESE RECORDS ARE MEANINGLESS.

REMARK 230, Neutron Diffraction Experiment Details

REMARK 230 is mandatory if data was obtained from a neutron diffraction study. The format of the date in this remark is DD-MMM-YY. DD is the day of the month (a number 01 through 31), MMM is the English 3-letter abbreviation for the month, and YY is the year.

Template

2 3 4 5 6 7 1 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 230 REMARK 230 EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS REMARK 230 EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON DIFFRACTION REMARK 230 DATE OF DATA COLLECTION : REMARK 230 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) : REMARK 230 PH : REMARK 230 NUMBER OF CRYSTALS USED : remark 230 REMARK 230 NEUTRON SOURCE REMARK 230 BEAMLINE : (A) : REMARK 230 WAVELENGTH OR RANGE REMARK 230 MONOCHROMATOR : REMARK 230 OPTICS : REMARK 230 REMARK 230 DETECTOR TYPE : REMARK 230 DETECTOR MANUFACTURER REMARK 230 INTENSITY-INTEGRATION SOFTWARE : REMARK 230 DATA SCALING SOFTWARE : REMARK 230 REMARK 230 NUMBER OF UNIQUE REFLECTIONS : REMARK 230 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (A) : REMARK 230 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (A) : REMARK 230 REJECTION CRITERIA (SIGMA(I)) : REMARK 230 REMARK 230 OVERALL. REMARK 230 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%) : REMARK 230 DATA REDUNDANCY : remark 230 r merge (I) : REMARK 230 R SYM (I) : REMARK 230 <1/SIGMA(I) > FOR THE DATA SET : REMARK 230 REMARK 230 IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL.

REMARK 230 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE HIGH (A) : REMARK 230 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE LOW (A) : REMARK 230 COMPLETENESS FOR SHELL (%) : REMARK 230 DATA REDUNDANCY IN SHELL : REMARK 230 R MERGE FOR SHELL (I) : REMARK 230 R SYM FOR SHELL (I) : REMARK 230 <I/SIGMA(I)> FOR SHELL : REMARK 230 REMARK 230 METHOD USED TO DETERMINE THE STRUCTURE: REMARK 230 SOFTWARE USED : REMARK 230 STARTING MODEL: REMARK 230 REMARK 230 REMARK:

Example

remark 23	30	
REMARK 23	0 EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS	
REMARK 23	C EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS C EXPERIMENT TYPE C DATE OF DATA COLLECTION	: NEUTRON DIFFRACTION
REMARK 23	0 DATE OF DATA COLLECTION	: 05-MAY-03
REMARK 23	0 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN)	: 293.0
REMARK 23	80 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) 80 PH	: 5.30
remark 23	0 NUMBER OF CRYSTALS USED	: 1
remark 23	30	
remark 23	0 NEUTRON SOURCE 0 BEAMLINE	: NULL
remark 23	0 BEAMLINE	: NULL
remark 23	0 WAVELENGTH OR RANGE (A)	: 2.88
remark 23	0 MONOCHROMATOR	: ELLASTICALLY BENT SILICON
remark 23	0WAVELENGTH OR RANGE(A)0MONOCHROMATOR0OPTICS	: MONOCHROMATOR
remark 23	30	
remark 23	0 DETECTOR TYPE 0 DETECTOR MANUFACTURER	: NEUTRON IMAGING PLATE
remark 23	0 DETECTOR MANUFACTURER	: BIX-3
remark 23	0 INTENSITY-INTEGRATION SOFTWARE	: DENZO
remark 23	0 DATA SCALING SOFTWARE	: SCALEPACK
remark 23	80	
remark 23		
remark 23	0 RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH (A)	: 2.400
	80 RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (A)	
remark 23	0 REJECTION CRITERIA (SIGMA(I))	: 1.000
remark 23	80	
remark 23	0 OVERALL.	
remark 23	0 COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%)	: 92.5
remark 23	0 DATA REDUNDANCY	: NULL
remark 23	30DATA REDUNDANCY30R MERGE30R SYM31(I)	: 0.14300
remark 23	80 R SYM (I)	: NULL
remark 23	30 <1/SIGMA(I)> FOR THE DATA SET	: NULL
remark 23	-	
	0 IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL	
	0 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE	
	0 HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANGE	
remark 23	O COMPLETENESS FOR SHELL (%)	: 82.1
remark 23	30DATA REDUNDANCY IN SHELL30R MERGE FOR SHELL(I)	: NULL
REMARK 23	30 R MERGE FOR SHELL (I)	: 0.39500

REMARK 230 R SYM FOR SHELL (I) : NULL REMARK 230 <I/SIGMA(I)> FOR SHELL : 2.300 REMARK 230 REMARK 230 METHOD USED TO DETERMINE THE STRUCTURE: MOLECULAR REPLACEMENT REMARK 230 SOFTWARE USED : CNS REMARK 230 STARTING MODEL: PDB ENTRY 1UCR REMARK 230 REMARK 230 REMARK: NULL

REMARK 240 (updated), Electron Crystallography Experiment Details

REMARK 240 is mandatory if data was obtained from an electron crystallography study. The format of the date in this remark is DD-MMM-YY. DD is the day of the month (a number 01 through 31), MMM is the English 3-letter abbreviation for the month, and YY is the year.

Template

	1	2 3	4	[5	6		7	8
1234567	78901	23456789012345678901234567	8901234	567890	01234	1567890	1234567	89012345	567890
REMARK	240								
REMARK	240	EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS							
REMARK	240	RECONSTRUCTION METHOD		:					
REMARK	240	SAMPLE TYPE		:					
REMARK	240	SPECIMEN TYPE		:					
REMARK	240	DATA ACQUISITION							
REMARK	240	DATE OF DATA COLLECTION		:					
REMARK	240	TEMPERATURE (KI	ELVIN)	:					
REMARK	240	PH		:					
REMARK	240	NUMBER OF CRYSTALS USED		:					
REMARK	240	MICROSCOPE MODEL		:					
REMARK	240	DETECTOR TYPE		:					
REMARK	240	ACCELERATION VOLTAGE (KV)	:					
REMARK	240	NUMBER OF UNIQUE REFLECT	IONS	:					
REMARK	240	RESOLUTION RANGE HIGH	(A)	:					
REMARK	240	RESOLUTION RANGE LOW	(A)	:					
		DATA SCALING SOFTWARE		:					
REMARK	240	COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE	(응)	:					
REMARK	240	DATA REDUNDANCY		:					
REMARK	240	IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION	N SHELL						
REMARK	240	HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL	, RANGE	HIGH	(A)	:			
REMARK	240	HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL	, RANGE	LOW	(A)	:			
REMARK	240	COMPLETENESS FOR SHELL	(응)	:					
REMARK	240	DATA REDUNDANCY IN SHELL		:					
REMARK	240	R MERGE FOR SHELL	(I)	:					
REMARK	240	METHOD USED TO DETERMINE	THE ST	RUCTU	RE:				
REMARK	240	SOFTWARE USED		:					
REMARK	240	STARTING MODEL		:					

Example

remark 2	240			
remark 2	240	EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS		
remark 2	240	RECONSTRUCTION METHOD	:	CRYSTALLOGRAPHY
remark 2	240	SAMPLE TYPE	:	2D CRYSTAL
remark 2	240	SPECIMEN TYPE	:	VITREOUS ICE (CRYO EM)
remark 2	240	DATA ACQUISITION		
remark 2	240	DATE OF DATA COLLECTION	:	01-DEC-03
remark 2	240	TEMPERATURE (KELVIN)	:	300.0
remark 2	240	PH	:	6.00
remark 2	240	NUMBER OF CRYSTALS USED	:	286

remark 240	MICROSCOPE MODEL	: JEM3000SFF
REMARK 240	DETECTOR TYPE	
remark 240	ACCELERATION VOLTAGE (KV)	
remark 240		
REMARK 240	-	
REMARK 240	RESOLUTION RANGE LOW (A)	
	DATA SCALING SOFTWARE	
	COMPLETENESS FOR RANGE (%)	
REMARK 240	DATA REDUNDANCY	
REMARK 240	IN THE HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHEL	
REMARK 240	HIGHEST RESOLUTION SHELL, RANG	
REMARK 240		
REMARK 240	COMPLETENESS FOR SHELL (%)	()
REMARK 240		
	R MERGE FOR SHELL (I)	
REMARK 240		
REMARK 240		REPLACEMENT
	SOFTWARE USED	
	STARTING MODEL	: CNS : PDB ENTRY 1SOR
REMARK 240	STARTING MODEL	: PUB ENTRY ISOR

REMARK 245 (updated), Electron Microscopy Experiment Details

REMARK 245 is mandatory if data was obtained from a EM study. The format of the date in this remark is DD-MMM-YY. DD is the day of the month (a number 01 through 31), MMM is the English 3-letter abbreviation for the month, and YY is the year.

Template

2 3 4 5 7 1 6 8 123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 245 REMARK 245 EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS REMARK 245 RECONSTRUCTION METHOD : REMARK 245 SPECIMEN TYPE : REMARK 245 REMARK 245 ELECTRON MICROSCOPE SAMPLE REMARK 245 SAMPLE TYPE : REMARK 245 PARTICLE TYPE : REMARK 245 NAME OF SAMPLE : REMARK 245 SAMPLE CONCENTRATION (MG ML-1) : REMARK 245 SAMPLE SUPPORT DETAILS : REMARK 245 SAMPLE VITRIFICATION DETAILS : REMARK 245 SAMPLE BUFFER PH REMARK 245 : REMARK 245 SAMPLE DETAILS : REMARK 245 REMARK 245 DATA ACQUISITION REMARK 245 DATE OF EXPERIMENT : REMARK 245 NUMBER OF MICROGRAPHS-IMAGES : REMARK 245 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) : REMARK 245 MICROSCOPE MODEL : REMARK 245 DETECTOR TYPE : REMARK 245 MINIMUM DEFOCUS (NM) : REMARK 245 MAXIMUM DEFOCUS (NM) : REMARK 245 MINIMUM TILT ANGLE (DEGREES) : REMARK 245 MAXIMUM TILT ANGLE (DEGREES) : REMARK 245 NOMINAL CS : REMARK 245 IMAGING MODE : REMARK 245 ELECTRON DOSE (ELECTRONS NM**-2) : REMARK 245 ILLUMINATION MODE : REMARK 245 NOMINAL MAGNIFICATION : REMARK 245 CALIBRATED MAGNIFICATION : REMARK 245 SOURCE : REMARK 245 ACCELERATION VOLTAGE (KV) : REMARK 245 IMAGING DETAILS

Example

REMARK	245			
		EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS		
REMARK	245	RECONSTRUCTION METHOD	:	SINGLE PARTICLE
REMARK	245	SPECIMEN TYPE	:	VITREOUS ICE (CRYO EM)
REMARK	245			
REMARK	245	ELECTRON MICROSCOPE SAMPLE		
REMARK	245	SAMPLE TYPE	:	PARTICLE
REMARK	245	PARTICLE TYPE	:	MIXED SYMMETRY
		NAME OF SAMPLE		
REMARK	245	SAMPLE CONCENTRATION (MG ML-1)	:	20.00
REMARK	245	SAMPLE SUPPORT DETAILS	:	NULL
REMARK	245	SAMPLE VITRIFICATION DETAILS		
REMARK	245	SAMPLE BUFFER	:	H2O
REMARK	245	PH	:	7.50
REMARK	245	SAMPLE DETAILS	:	PHAGE
REMARK	245			
REMARK	245	DATA ACQUISITION		
REMARK	245	DATE OF EXPERIMENT		: 06-JAN-02
REMARK	245	NUMBER OF MICROGRAPHS-IMAGES		: NULL
REMARK	245	TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) MICROSCOPE MODEL DETECTOR TYPE		: 100.00
REMARK	245	MICROSCOPE MODEL		: FEI/PHILIPS CM300FEG/T
REMARK	245	DETECTOR TYPE		: NULL
REMARK	245	MINIMUM DEFOCUS (NM) MAXIMUM DEFOCUS (NM) MINIMUM TILT ANGLE (DEGREES)		: 500.00
REMARK	245	MAXIMUM DEFOCUS (NM)		: 3400.00
REMARK	245	MINIMUM TILT ANGLE (DEGREES)		: 0.00
REMARK	245	MAXIMUM TILT ANGLE (DEGREES)		: 0.00
REMARK	245	NOMINAL CS IMAGING MODE		: 1.40
REMARK	245	IMAGING MODE		: BRIGHT FIELD
REMARK	245	ELECTRON DOSE (ELECTRONS NM**-2	2)	: 20.00
REMARK	245	ILLUMINATION MODE		: SPOT SCAN
REMARK	245	ILLUMINATION MODE NOMINAL MAGNIFICATION		: 45000
REMARK	245	CALIBRATED MAGNIFICATION		: 47000
REMARK				: FIELD EMISSION GUN
REMARK	245	ACCELERATION VOLTAGE (KV)		: 300

REMARK 247, Electron Microscopy details

REMARK 247 is mandatory if data was obtained from an EM study.

Template

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1 REMARK 247 REMARK 247 ELECTRON MICROSCOPY REMARK 247 THE COORDINATES IN THIS ENTRY WERE GENERATED FROM REMARK 247 ELECTRON MICROSCOPY DATA. PROTEIN DATA BANK CONVENTIONS REMARK 247 REQUIRE THAT CRYST1 AND SCALE RECORDS BE INCLUDED, REMARK 247 BUT THE VALUES ON THESE RECORDS ARE MEANINGLESS REMARK 247 EXCEPT FOR THE CALCULATION OF THE STRUCTURE FACTORS

REMARK 250, Other Type of Experiment Details

REMARKs specific to other kinds of studies, not listed above. REMARK 250 is mandatory if other than X-ray, NMR, neutron, or electron study. The format of the date in this remark is DD-MMM-YY. DD is the day of the month (a number 01 through 31), MMM is the English 3-letter abbreviation for the month, and YY is the year.

Template

REMARK 265, Solution Scattering Experiment Details

Examples

REMARK				
		EXPERIMENTAL DETAILS		
REMARK				
		EXPERIMENT TYPE : X-RAY SOLUTION SCATTERING	3	
REMARK	265	DATA ACQUISITION		
REMARK	265	RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE	:	SRS BEAMLINE 2.1
REMARK	265	SYNCHROTRON (Y/N)	:	Y
REMARK	265	RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE	:	2.1
REMARK	265	BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT	:	NULL
REMARK	265	DETECTOR TYPE	:	500-CHANNEL QUADRANT
REMARK	265	DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS	:	NULL
REMARK	265	TEMPERATURE (KELVIN)	:	288
REMARK	265	PH	:	NULL
REMARK	265	NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED	:	10
REMARK	265	PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML)	:	0.7 - 14
REMARK	265	SAMPLE BUFFER	:	TRIS
REMARK	265	SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE	:	ОТОКО
REMARK	265	DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE	:	SCTPL5, GNOM
REMARK	265	GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM)	:	11.1
		SIGMA MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION		
		R(XS-1) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM)		
		R(XS-1) SIGMA MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII		
		R(XS-2) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM)		
		R(XS-2) SIGMA MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII		
REMARK	265		•	4()
		P(R) PROTEIN LENGTH (NM)	:	40
REMARK	265			
REMARK REMARK	265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERI		
REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERI DATA ACQUISITION	ENC	3
REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERI DATA ACQUISITION	ENC	3
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK BEMARK	265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERJ DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N)	ENC :	G ILL N
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK BEMARK	265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERJ DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N)	ENC :	G ILL N
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK BEMARK	265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERJ DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N)	ENC :	G ILL N
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTER DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE	ENC : : : :	G ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS	E N C : : : : :	G ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN)	E N (: : : : :	G ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH	E N (: : : : :	G ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED	ENC : : : : : :	G ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML)	ENC : : : : : :	G ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER	ENC : : : : : : :	ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE	E N (: : : : : : : : :	ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	$\begin{array}{c} 265\\ \end{array}$	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE		ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY SCTPL5, GNOM
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM)		ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY SCTPL5, GNOM 11.3
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM) SIGMA MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION		ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY SCTPL5, GNOM 11.3 0.4
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	265 265	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERN DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM) SIGMA MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION R(XS-1) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM)	ENC : : : : : : : : : : : : :	ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY SCTPL5, GNOM 11.3 0.4 3.9
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	$\begin{array}{c} 265\\$	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERN DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM) SIGMA MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION R (XS-1) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM) R (XS-1) SIGMA MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII		ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY SCTPL5, GNOM 11.3 0.4 3.9 0.2
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	$\begin{array}{c} 265\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 26555\\ 26555555555555555555$	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERN DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM) SIGMA MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION R (XS-1) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM) R (XS-1) SIGMA MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII R (XS-2) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM)		<pre>ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY SCTPL5, GNOM 11.3 0.4 3.9 0.2 1.51</pre>
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	$\begin{array}{c} 265\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 26555\\ 26555\\ 265555\\ 26555555555555555555$	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM) SIGMA MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION R(XS-1) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM) R(XS-2) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM) R(XS-2) SIGMA MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII		ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY SCTPL5, GNOM 11.3 0.4 3.9 0.2 1.51 0.06
REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK REMARK	$\begin{array}{c} 265\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 2655\\ 26555\\ 26555\\ 265555\\ 26555555555555555555$	EXPERIMENT TYPE : NEUTRON SOLUTION SCATTERS DATA ACQUISITION RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE SYNCHROTRON (Y/N) BEAMLINE BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT DETECTOR TYPE DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS TEMPERATURE (KELVIN) PH NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML) SAMPLE BUFFER DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM) SIGMA MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION R(XS-1) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM) R(XS-2) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM) R(XS-2) SIGMA MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII		<pre>ILL N NULL D11, D22 AREA NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL 0.4 - 9.6 PBS IN 99.9% D20 DETEC, RNILS, SPOLLY SCTPL5, GNOM 11.3 0.4 3.9 0.2 1.51</pre>

remark 26	55		
REMARK 26	5 DATA ACQUISITION		
REMARK 26	5 RADIATION/NEUTRON SOURCE	:	ISIS
REMARK 26	55 SYNCHROTRON (Y/N)		
REMARK 26	5 BEAMLINE	:	PULSED NEUTRON
REMARK 26	5 BEAMLINE INSTRUMENT		LOQ
REMARK 26	5 DETECTOR TYPE	:	AREA (TIME-OF-FLIGHT)
remark 26	5 DETECTOR MANUFACTURER DETAILS	:	NULL
REMARK 26	55 TEMPERATURE (KELVIN)	:	NULL
remark 26			
	5 NUMBER OF TIME FRAMES USED		
remark 26	5 PROTEIN CONCENTRATION RANGE (MG/ML)		
	5 SAMPLE BUFFER	:	PBS IN 99.9% D20
remark 26	55 DATA REDUCTION SOFTWARE 55 DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE	:	COLLETTE
remark 26	55 DATA ANALYSIS SOFTWARE	:	SCTPL5, GNOM
remark 26	5 GUINIER MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION (NM)	:	11.7
remark 26	5 SIGMA MEAN RADIUS OF GYRATION	:	0.5
remark 26	5 R(XS-1) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM)	:	NULL
remark 26	5 R(XS-1) SIGMA MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII	:	NULL
remark 26	5 R(XS-2) MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII (NM)	:	NULL
remark 26	5 R(XS-2) SIGMA MEAN CROSS SECTIONAL RADII	:	NULL
remark 26	5 P(R) PROTEIN LENGTH (NM)	:	40
remark 26	5		

REMARKs 280-290, Crystallographic Details

REMARK 280, Crystal

REMARK 280 presents information about the crystal. The solvent content and Matthews coefficient are provided for protein and polypeptide crystals. Crystallization conditions are in free text.

REMARK 280 is mandatory for single crystal studies.

Template

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```

Example

```
REMARK 280 CRYSTAL
REMARK 280 SOLVENT CONTENT, VS (%): 36.85
REMARK 280 MATTHEWS COEFFICIENT, VM (ANGSTROMS**3/DA): 1.79
REMARK 280
REMARK 280 CRYSTALLIZATION CONDITIONS: 1.4M SODIUM ACETATE,
REMARK 280 0.1M MES PH 6.5
```

REMARK 285, CRYST1

REMARK 285 presents information about the unit cell.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 285 REMARK 285 CRYST1 REMARK 285 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

Example

REMARK 285 REMARK 285 CRYST1 REMARK 285 TEXT TO EXPLAIN UNUSUAL UNIT-CELL DATA: THE DATA WAS REMARK 285 COLLECTED ON TWO-DIMENSIONAL CRYSTALS AND HENCE THE REMARK 285 C-AXIS REPEAT DOES NOT CORRESPOND TO A REAL REPEAT, BUT REMARK 285 INSTEAD REFERS TO THE SAMPLING THAT IS USED TO DESCRIBE REMARK 285 THE CONTINUOUS TRANSFORM. THE C VALUE OF 100.9 IS REMARK 285 THEREFORE THE VALUE WHICH SHOULD BE USED IN REMARK 285 INTERPRETING THE MEANING OF THE L INDEX.

REMARK 290, Crystallographic Symmetry

REMARK 290 is mandatory for crystalline studies. The REMARK is automatically generated.

Example

1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8
1234567890	1234567890123	4567890123	4567890123	45678901234	156789012345678	901234567890
remark 290						
remark 290	CRYSTALLOGRA	PHIC SYMME	TRY			
remark 290	SYMMETRY OPE	RATORS FOR	SPACE GROU	JP: P 21 21	_ 21	
REMARK 290						
REMARK 290	SYMOP	SYMMETRY				
remark 290	NNNMMM	OPERATOR				
REMARK 290		Х,Ү,Ζ				
REMARK 290		1/2-X,-Y,				
REMARK 290		-X,1/2+Y,	1/2-Z			
REMARK 290		1/2+X,1/2	-Y,-Z			
REMARK 290						
REMARK 290		IN -> OPERA	TOR NUMBER			
REMARK 290		IM -> TRANS	LATION VEC	IOR		
REMARK 290						
	CRYSTALLOGRA		-			
					HE ATOM/HETATM	
	RECORDS IN T		TO PRODUCE	CRYSTALLOG	GRAPHICALLY	
	RELATED MOLE					
REMARK 290			0.00000			
REMARK 290			1.000000			
REMARK 290			0.00000			
REMARK 290	-	-1.000000				
REMARK 290	-		-1.000000			
REMARK 290			0.000000			
REMARK 290		3 -1.000000				
REMARK 290			1.000000			
REMARK 290				-1.000000		
REMARK 290				0.00000		
REMARK 290				0.00000		
REMARK 290	SMTRY3 4	0.000000	0.00000	-1.000000	0.00000	
REMARK 290						

REMARK 300 (updated), Biomolecule

Description of the biologically functional molecule (biomolecule) in free text. Remark 300 is mandatory if REMARK 350 is provided.

Template

3 2 4 5 6 7 8 1 123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 300 REMARK 300 BIOMOLECULE: 1 REMARK 300 SEE REMARK 350 FOR THE AUTHOR PROVIDED AND/OR PROGRAM REMARK 300 GENERATED ASSEMBLY INFORMATION FOR THE STRUCTURE IN REMARK 300 THIS ENTRY. THE REMARK MAY ALSO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON REMARK 300 BURIED SURFACE AREA. REMARK 300 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

Examples

REMARK 300 REMARK 300 BIOMOLECULE: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 REMARK 300 SEE REMARK 350 FOR THE AUTHOR PROVIDED AND/OR PROGRAM REMARK 300 GENERATED ASSEMBLY INFORMATION FOR THE STRUCTURE IN REMARK 300 THIS ENTRY. THE REMARK MAY ALSO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON REMARK 300 BURIED SURFACE AREA.

REMARK 300 REMARK 300 BIOMOLECULE: 1, 2, 3 REMARK 300 SEE REMARK 350 FOR THE AUTHOR PROVIDED AND/OR PROGRAM REMARK 300 GENERATED ASSEMBLY INFORMATION FOR THE STRUCTURE IN REMARK 300 THIS ENTRY. THE REMARK MAY ALSO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON REMARK 300 BURIED SURFACE AREA. REMARK 300 DETAILS: THE CATALYTIC SUBUNIT OF LIVER ALCOHOL DEHYDROGENASE FROM REMARK 300 EQUUS CABALLUS IS A HOMODIMER.

Example - Icosahedral virus

REMARK 300 REMARK 300 BIOMOLECULE: 1 REMARK 300 SEE REMARK 350 FOR THE AUTHOR PROVIDED AND/OR PROGRAM REMARK 300 GENERATED ASSEMBLY INFORMATION FOR THE STRUCTURE IN REMARK 300 THIS ENTRY. THE REMARK MAY ALSO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON REMARK 300 BURIED SURFACE AREA. REMARK 300 DETAILS: THE ASSEMBLY REPRESENTED IN THIS ENTRY HAS REGULAR REMARK 300 ICOSAHEDRAL POINT SYMMETRY (SCHOENFLIES SYMBOL = I).

Example - Helical viruses

REMARK 300 REMARK 300 BIOMOLECULE: 1 REMARK 300 SEE REMARK 350 FOR THE AUTHOR PROVIDED AND/OR PROGRAM REMARK 300 GENERATED ASSEMBLY INFORMATION FOR THE STRUCTURE IN REMARK 300 THIS ENTRY. THE REMARK MAY ALSO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON REMARK 300 BURIED SURFACE AREA. REMARK 300 DETAILS: THE ASSEMBLY REPRESENTED IN THIS ENTRY HAS REGULAR REMARK 300 HELICAL SYMMETRY WITH THE FOLLOWING PARAMETERS: REMARK 300 ROTATION PER SUBUNIT (TWIST) = -33.23 DEGREES REMARK 300 RISE PER SUBUNIT (HEIGHT) = 16.00 ANGSTROMS REMARK 300 IN ADDITION, THERE IS 5-FOLD CIRCULAR REMARK 300 SYMMETRY AROUND THE HELIX AXIS

Example - point symmetry crystal structure

REMARK 300 REMARK 300 BIOMOLECULE: 1 REMARK 300 SEE REMARK 350 FOR THE AUTHOR PROVIDED AND/OR PROGRAM REMARK 300 GENERATED ASSEMBLY INFORMATION FOR THE STRUCTURE IN REMARK 300 THIS ENTRY. THE REMARK MAY ALSO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON REMARK 300 BURIED SURFACE AREA. REMARK 300 DETAILS: THE ASSEMBLY REPRESENTED IN THIS ENTRY HAS REMARK 300 REGULAR DIHEDRAL POINT SYMMETRY (SCHOENFLIES SYMBOL = D17).

REMARK 350 (updated), Generating the Biomolecule

REMARK 350 presents all transformations, both crystallographic and non-crystallographic, needed to generate the biomolecule. These transformations operate on the coordinates in the entry. Both author and computational descriptions of assemblies are provided, if applicable.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 350 COORDINATES FOR A COMPLETE MULTIMER REPRESENTING THE KNOWN REMARK 350 BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT OLIGOMERIZATION STATE OF THE REMARK 350 MOLECULE CAN BE GENERATED BY APPLYING BIOMT TRANSFORMATIONS REMARK 350 GIVEN BELOW. BOTH NON-CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC AND REMARK 350 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC OPERATIONS ARE GIVEN. REMARK 350 REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE: 1 REMARK 350 AUTHOR DETERMINED BIOLOGICAL UNIT: DODECAMERIC REMARK 350 SOFTWARE DETERMINED QUATERNARY STRUCTURE: DODECAMERIC REMARK 350 SOFTWARE USED: PISA REMARK 350 TOTAL BURIED SURFACE AREA: 2990 ANGSTROM**2 REMARK 350 SURFACE AREA OF THE COMPLEX: 9330 ANGSTROM**2 REMARK 350 CHANGE IN SOLVENT FREE ENERGY: -40.0 KCAL/MOL REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, REMARK 350 AND CHAINS: J, K, L REMARK 350 BIOMT1 1 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000 BIOMT2 1 0.00000 REMARK 350 1.000000 0.000000 0.00000 REMARK 350 BIOMT3 1 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000 0.00000

Note: If entry is part of a SPLIT record (larger multi-protein complex), REMARK 350 represents only the quaternary structure of that split entry.

```
REMARK 350 COORDINATES FOR A COMPLETE MULTIMER REPRESENTING THE KNOWN
REMARK 350 BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT OLIGOMERIZATION STATE OF THE
REMARK 350 MOLECULE CAN BE GENERATED BY APPLYING BIOMT TRANSFORMATIONS
REMARK 350 GIVEN BELOW. BOTH NON-CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC AND
REMARK 350 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC OPERATIONS ARE GIVEN.
REMARK 350
REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE: 1
REMARK 350 QUATERNARY STRUCTURE FOR THIS ENTRY: 21MERIC
REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I,
                             AND CHAINS: J, K, L, M, N, O, P, Q, T,
REMARK 350
REMARK 350
                             AND CHAINS: S, T, U
REMARK 350
           BIOMT1 1 1.000000 0.000000
                                            0.000000
                                                            0.00000
REMARK 350
           BIOMT2 1 0.000000
                                  1.000000 0.000000
                                                            0.00000
REMARK 350 BIOMT3 1 0.000000
                                  0.000000
                                           1.000000
                                                            0.00000
```

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Example – Author and computed assembly predictions agree

REMARK 350 COORDINATES FOR A COMPLETE MULTIMER REPRESENTING THE KNOWN REMARK 350 BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT OLIGOMERIZATION STATE OF THE REMARK 350 MOLECULE CAN BE GENERATED BY APPLYING BIOMT TRANSFORMATIONS REMARK 350 GIVEN BELOW. BOTH NON-CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC AND REMARK 350 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC OPERATIONS ARE GIVEN. REMARK 350 REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE: 1 REMARK 350 AUTHOR DETERMINED BIOLOGICAL UNIT: DODECAMERIC REMARK 350 SOFTWARE DETERMINED OUATERNARY STRUCTURE: DODECAMERIC REMARK 350 SOFTWARE USED: PISA REMARK 350 TOTAL BURIED SURFACE AREA: 2990 ANGSTROM**2 REMARK 350 SURFACE AREA OF THE COMPLEX: 9330 ANGSTROM**2 REMARK 350 CHANGE IN SOLVENT FREE ENERGY: -40.0 KCAL/MOL REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, REMARK 350 AND CHAINS: J, K, L REMARK 350 BIOMT1 1 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000 0.00000 REMARK 350 BIOMT2 1 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000 0.00000 REMARK 350 BIOMT3 1 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000 0.00000

Note: The value for the average buried surface area will be round to the nearest 10.

Example – Author and computed assembly predictions differ

```
REMARK 350 COORDINATES FOR A COMPLETE MULTIMER REPRESENTING THE KNOWN
REMARK 350 BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT OLIGOMERIZATION STATE OF THE
REMARK 350 MOLECULE CAN BE GENERATED BY APPLYING BIOMT TRANSFORMATIONS
REMARK 350 GIVEN BELOW. BOTH NON-CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC AND
REMARK 350 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC OPERATIONS ARE GIVEN.
REMARK 350
REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE: 1
REMARK 350 AUTHOR DETERMINED BIOLOGICAL UNIT: HEXAMERIC
REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: A, B, C, D, E, F
REMARK 350 BIOMT1 1 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
                                                           0.00000
REMARK 350 BIOMT2 1 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000
                                                           0.00000
REMARK 350
           BIOMT3 1 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000
                                                           0.00000
REMARK 350
REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE: 2
REMARK 350 AUTHOR DETERMINED BIOLOGICAL UNIT: HEXAMERIC
REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: G, H, I, J, K, L
REMARK 350 BIOMT1 1 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
                                                           0.00000
REMARK 350 BIOMT2 1 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000
                                                           0.00000
           BIOMT3 1 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000
REMARK 350
                                                           0.00000
REMARK 350
REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE: 3
REMARK 350 SOFTWARE DETERMINED QUATERNARY STRUCTURE: DODECAMERIC
REMARK 350 SOFTWARE USED: PISA
REMARK 350 TOTAL BURIED SURFACE AREA: 2990 ANGSTROM**2
REMARK 350 SURFACE AREA OF THE COMPLEX: 9330 ANGSTROM**2
REMARK 350 CHANGE IN SOLVENT FREE ENERGY: -40.0 KCAL/MOL
REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I,
                             AND CHAINS: J, K, L
REMARK 350
```

REMARK	350	BIOMT1	1	1.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.00000
REMARK	350	BIOMT2	1	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000	0.00000
REMARK	350	BIOMT3	1	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000

Example – When there are no quaternary assemblies provided by either author or software

```
REMARK 350 COORDINATES FOR A COMPLETE MULTIMER REPRESENTING THE KNOWN
REMARK 350 BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT OLIGOMERIZATION STATE OF THE
REMARK 350 MOLECULE CAN BE GENERATED BY APPLYING BIOMT TRANSFORMATIONS
REMARK 350 GIVEN BELOW. BOTH NON-CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC AND
REMARK 350 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC OPERATIONS ARE GIVEN.
REMARK 350
REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE:
                       1
REMARK 350 SOFTWARE DETERMINED OUATERNARY STRUCTURE: MONOMERIC
REMARK 350 SOFTWARE USED: PISA
REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: A
                                                        0.00000
REMARK 350 BIOMT1 1 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
REMARK 350 BIOMT2 1 0.000000 1.000000 0.000000
                                                         0.00000
REMARK 350 BIOMT3 1 0.000000 0.000000 1.000000
                                                         0.00000
```

Note that the average buried surface area is not included in this example because the quaternary structure is a monomer.

Example – When software predicts multiple quaternary assemblies

For example, the author states the biological unit to be a dimer, but software predicts the quaternary structure to be either a dimer or a tetramer:

```
REMARK 300
REMARK 300
REMARK 300 BIOMOLECULE: 1, 2
REMARK 300 SEE REMARK 350 FOR THE AUTHOR PROVIDED AND/OR PROGRAM
REMARK 300 GENERATED ASSEMBLY INFORMATION FOR THE STRUCTURE IN
REMARK 300 THIS ENTRY. THE REMARK MAY ALSO PROVIDE INFORMATION ON
REMARK 300 BURIED SURFACE AREA.
REMARK 300
REMARK 350 COORDINATES FOR A COMPLETE MULTIMER REPRESENTING THE KNOWN
REMARK 350 BIOLOGICALLY SIGNIFICANT OLIGOMERIZATION STATE OF THE
REMARK 350 MOLECULE CAN BE GENERATED BY APPLYING BIOMT TRANSFORMATIONS
REMARK 350 GIVEN BELOW. BOTH NON-CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC AND
REMARK 350 CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC OPERATIONS ARE GIVEN.
REMARK 350
REMARK 350 BIOMOLECULE: 1
REMARK 350 AUTHOR DETERMINED BIOLOGICAL UNIT: DIMERIC
REMARK 350 SOFTWARE DETERMINED QUATERNARY STRUCTURE: DIMERIC
REMARK 350 SOFTWARE USED: PISA
REMARK 350 TOTAL BURIED SURFACE AREA: 1460 ANGSTROM**2
REMARK 350 SURFACE AREA OF THE COMPLEX: 9330 ANGSTROM**2
REMARK 350 CHANGE IN SOLVENT FREE ENERGY: -40.0 KCAL/MOL
REMARK 350 APPLY THE FOLLOWING TO CHAINS: A, B
REMARK 350 BIOMT1 1 1.000000 0.000000 0.000000
                                                           0.00000
```

REMARK	350	BIOMT2	1	0.00000	1.000000	0.000000	0.00000
REMARK	350	BIOMT3	1	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.00000
REMARK	350						
REMARK	350	BIOMOLECUL	Е:	2			
REMARK	350	SOFTWARE D	ETE	RMINED QUA	TERNARY ST	RUCTURE: TETRAM	IERIC
REMARK	350	SOFTWARE U	SED): PISA			
REMARK	350	TOTAL BURI	ΕD	SURFACE AR	EA: 2860 A	NGSTROM**2	
REMARK	350	SURFACE AR	ΕA	OF THE COM	PLEX: 1233	0 ANGSTROM**2	
REMARK	350	GAIN IN SO	LVE	NT FREE EN	ERGY: -20.	5 KCAL/MOL	
REMARK	350	APPLY THE	FOI	LOWING TO	CHAINS: A,	В	
REMARK	350	BIOMT1	1	1.000000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000
REMARK	350	BIOMT2	1	0.00000	1.000000	0.00000	0.00000
REMARK	350	BIOMT3	1	0.00000	0.00000	1.000000	0.00000
REMARK	350	BIOMT1	2	-1.000000	0.000000	0.00000	0.00000
REMARK	350	BIOMT2	2	0.00000	1.000000	0.00000	0.00000
REMARK	350	BIOMT3	2	0.000000	0.000000	-1.000000	0.00000

REMARK 375 (updated), Special Position

REMARK 375 specifies atoms which lie within 0.15A of a symmetry-related atom and therefore, are considered to be on a special position, with cumulative occupancies of such atoms not exceeding 1.0.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 375 REMARK 375 SPECIAL POSITION REMARK 375 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

Example

REMARK 375 REMARK 375 SPECIAL POSITION REMARK 375 HOH A 301 LIES ON A SPECIAL POSITION. REMARK 375 HOH A 77 LIES ON A SPECIAL POSITION. REMARK 375 SPECIAL POSITION REMARK 375 HOH A 13 LIES ON A SPECIAL POSITION. REMARK 375 HOH A 28 LIES ON A SPECIAL POSITION. REMARK 375 HOH A 36 LIES ON A SPECIAL POSITION.

REMARK 400, Compound

Further details about the macromolecular contents of the entry.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 400 REMARK 400 COMPOUND REMARK 400 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

Examples

REMARK 400 COMPOUND REMARK 400 THE PRD1 SUS1 MUTANT LACKS THE PACKAGING PROTEIN P9 REMARK 400 AND PRODUCES ONLY EMPTY PARTICLES, WHICH REPRESENT REMARK 400 AN ASSEMBLY INTERMEDIATE REMARK 400 COMPOUND REMARK 400 COMPONENT OF NAPHTHALENE DIOXYGENASE (NDO) REMARK 400 MULTICOMPONENT ENZYME SYSTEM WHICH CATALYZES THE INCORPORATION REMARK 400 OF BOTH ATOMS OF MOLECULAR OXYGEN INTO NAPHTHALENE TO FORM REMARK 400 CIS-NAPHTHALENE DIHYDRODIOL.

REMARK 450, Source

Further details about the biological source of the macromolecular contents of the entry.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 450 REMARK 450 SOURCE REMARK 450 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

REMARK 465 (updated), Missing residues

REMARK 465 lists the residues that are present in the SEQRES records but are completely absent from the coordinates section.

Template for non NMR entries

```
1
               2
                       3
                               4
                                       5
                                               6
                                                       7
                                                               8
REMARK 465
REMARK 465 MISSING RESIDUES
REMARK 465 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES WERE NOT LOCATED IN THE
REMARK 465 EXPERIMENT. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN
REMARK 465 IDENTIFIER; SSSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE.)
REMARK 465
REMARK 465
        M RES C SSSEQI
```

Example

```
REMARK 465
REMARK 465 MISSING RESIDUES
REMARK 465 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES WERE NOT LOCATED IN THE
REMARK 465 EXPERIMENT. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN
REMARK 465 IDENTIFIER; SSSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE.)
REMARK 465
REMARK 465 M RES C SSSEOI
REMARK 465
             ARG A
                       46
REMARK 465
             GLY A
                       47
REMARK 465
             ALA A
                       48
REMARK 465
             ARG A
                       49
                       50
REMARK 465
             MET A
```

Template for NMR entries (added)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 465 REMARK 465 MISSING RESIDUES REMARK 465 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES WERE NOT LOCATED IN THE REMARK 465 EXPERIMENT. (RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; REMARK 465 SSSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE.) REMARK 465 MODELS X-YYY REMARK 465 RES C SSSEQI

The models is listed as a range, X-YYY.

Example

REMARK 465 REMARK 465 MISSING RESIDUES REMARK 465 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES WERE NOT LOCATED IN THE REMARK 465 EXPERIMENT. (RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; REMARK 465 SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE.) REMARK 465 MODELS 1-20 REMARK 465 RES C SSSEQI REMARK 465 MET A 1 REMARK 465 GLY A 2

REMARK 470 (updated), Missing Atom(s)

Non-hydrogen atoms of standard residues which are missing from the coordinates are listed. Missing HETATMs (atoms within hetetrogen groups) are not listed here.

Template for non NMR entries

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 REMARK 470 REMARK 470 MISSING ATOM REMARK 470 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE MISSING ATOMS (M=MODEL NUMBER; REMARK 470 RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEO=SEOUENCE NUMBER; REMARK 470 I=INSERTION CODE): REMARK 470 M RES CSSEQI ATOMS

Example

```
REMARK 470
REMARK 470 MISSING ATOM
REMARK 470 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE MISSING ATOMS (M=MODEL NUMBER;
REMARK 470 RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER;
REMARK 470 I=INSERTION CODE):
REMARK 470 M RES CSSEOI ATOMS
remark 470
            ARG A 412
                      CG CD NE CZ
                                          NH1 NH2
REMARK 470
            ARG A 456
                       CG CD NE
                                      СZ
                                          NH1 NH2
            GLU A 486
                       CG CD OE1 OE2
REMARK 470
REMARK 470
            GLU A 547
                      CG CD OE1
                                     OE2
REMARK 470
            GLU A 548
                       CG CD OE1 OE2
            LYS A 606
                        CG CD CE
REMARK 470
                                      NZ
REMARK 470
             ARG B 456
                        CG CD
                                 ΝE
                                      СZ
                                          NH1 NH2
REMARK 470
            ASP B 484 CG OD1 OD2
```

REMARK 470	GLN B 485	CG	CD	OE1	NE2		
REMARK 470	GLU B 486	CG	CD	OE1	OE2		
REMARK 470	ARG B 490	CG	CD	NE	СZ	NH1	NH2
REMARK 470	GLU B 522	CG	CD	OE1	OE2		
REMARK 470	ARG B 576	CG	CD	NE	СZ	NH1	NH2
REMARK 470	ASP B 599	CG	OD1	OD2			

Template for NMR entries (added)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 470 MISSING ATOM REMARK 470 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE MISSING ATOMS (RES=RESIDUE NAME; REMARK 470 C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE): remark 470 MODELS X-YYY REMARK 470 RES CSSEQI ATOMS

The models is listed as a range, X-YYY.

Example

```
REMARK 470 MISSING ATOM
REMARK 470 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE MISSING ATOMS(RES=RESIDUE NAME;
REMARK 470 C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE):
REMARK 470 MODELS 1-25
REMARK 470 RES CSSEQI ATOMS
REMARK 470 ILE A 20 CD1
REMARK 470 THR A 59 CG2
```

REMARK 475 (added), Residues modeled with zero occupancy

REMARK 475 enumerates residues modeled with zero occupancy.

Template

Examples

REMARK 475 REMARK 475 ZERO OCCUPANCY RESIDUES REMARK 475 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES WERE MODELED WITH ZERO OCCUPANCY. REMARK 475 THE LOCATION AND PROPERTIES OF THESE RESIDUES MAY NOT REMARK 475 BE RELIABLE. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME;

REMARK 475 C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE) REMARK 475 M RES C SSEQI REMARK 475 DG D 4 REMARK 475 REMARK 475 ZERO OCCUPANCY RESIDUES REMARK 475 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES WERE MODELED WITH ZERO OCCUPANCY. REMARK 475 THE LOCATION AND PROPERTIES OF THESE RESIDUES MAY NOT REMARK 475 BE RELIABLE. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; REMARK 475 C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE) REMARK 475 M RES C SSEQI REMARK 475 GLY A 24

REMARK 480 (added), Polymer atoms modeled with zero occupancy

REMARK 480 enumerates non-hydrogen atoms in residues modeled with zero occupancy.

Template

2 3 5 7 1 4 6 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 480 REMARK 480 ZERO OCCUPANCY ATOM REMARK 480 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE ATOMS MODELED WITH ZERO REMARK 480 OCCUPANCY. THE LOCATION AND PROPERTIES OF THESE ATOMS REMARK 480 MAY NOT BE RELIABLE. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; REMARK 480 C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE): REMARK 480 M RES C SSEQI ATOMS

Examples

```
REMARK 480
REMARK 480 ZERO OCCUPANCY ATOM
REMARK 480 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE ATOMS MODELED WITH ZERO
REMARK 480 OCCUPANCY. THE LOCATION AND PROPERTIES OF THESE ATOMS
REMARK 480 MAY NOT BE RELIABLE. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME;
REMARK 480 C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE):
REMARK 480 M RES C SSEQI ATOMS
REMARK 480
               DC D
                    3 C4'
                               04' C1' C3'
                                                 03'
REMARK 480
REMARK 480 ZERO OCCUPANCY ATOM
REMARK 480 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE ATOMS MODELED WITH ZERO
REMARK 480 OCCUPANCY. THE LOCATION AND PROPERTIES OF THESE ATOMS
REMARK 480 MAY NOT BE RELIABLE. (M=MODEL NUMBER;
REMARK 480 RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER;
REMARK 480 I=INSERTION CODE):
REMARK 480 M RES C SSEQI ATOMS
                         CG ND1 CD2 CE1 NE2
REMARK 480 HIS A 26
REMARK 480
            HIS B 26 CB CG ND1
                                        CD2 CE1 NE2
            GLU B 52 CD OE1 OE2
remark 480
```

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REMARK 500 (updated), Geometry and Stereochemistry

REMARK 500 provides further details about the stereochemistry of the structure. This REMARK is generated automatically and may incorporate comments provided by the author. It is currently divided into the subtopics:

- CLOSE CONTACTS IN SAME ASYMMETRIC UNIT,
- CLOSE CONTACTS,
- COVALENT BOND LENGTHS,
- COVALENT BOND ANGLES,
- TORSION ANGLES,
- NON-CIS & NON-TRANS,
- PLANAR GROUPS,
- MAIN CHAIN PLANARITY,
- CHIRAL CENTERS.

Additional subtopics may be added as needed. For close contacts, the cutoff limit is 2.2 Angstroms for non-hydrogen atoms and is 1.6 Angstroms for H and D atoms. These distances are listed in the REMARK 500 for close contacts symmetry.

All the calculations on RMSD deviations include all the atoms present in the coordinates including atoms with zero occupancy.

The calculation of bond and angle deviations for protein entries will be based on the updated Engh & Huber amino acid target values¹. For nucleic acids, the Parkinson et al., statistics will be used for these calculations². All bonds and angles that deviate more than 6 times from their standard target values will be flagged as a deviation. The PHI/PSI values are based on the Kleywegt-Jones calculations³.

The improper CA-C-CB-N angles for chiral centers are calculated and are defined below with 10 degree allowed deviations.

+35 for L amino acids

-35 for D amino acids

- +25 to +45 degree range is defined as sp3, L.
 - If D is expected, it gives "WRONG HAND" in the details. If the calculated value is positive and outside this range, it gives "OUTSIDE RANGE" in the details.
- -10 to +10 degree range is defined as sp2, planar. If it is expected to be sp2 and the value is outside this range, it gives "EXPECTING PLANAR" in the details. If it is expected to be sp3 and the value is within this range, it gives "EXPECTING SP3" in the details.
- -45 to -25 degree range is defined as sp3, D.

¹ Structure quality and target parameters. R. A. Engh and R. Huber. International Tables for Crystallography (2006). Vol. F, ch. 18.3, pp. 382-392 ² "New Parameters for the Refinement of Nucleic Acid Containing Structures." G. Parkinson, J. Vojtechovsky, L. Clowney, A. Brunger*, and H. M. Berman. (1996) Acta Cryst. D 52, 57-64

³ "PHI/PSI- Chology: Ramachandran revisited. "G.J. Kleywegt and T.A. Jones (1996) Structure 4, 1395-1400.

W/PONG HAND" in the details. If the calculated value is pogative and

If L is expected, it gives "WRONG HAND" in the details. If the calculated value is negative and outside this range, it gives "OUTSIDE RANGE" in the details.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1234567890 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: REMARK 500 REME TEXT GOES HERE.

Example – Close Contacts in the same asymmetric unit

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: CLOSE CONTACTS IN SAME ASYMMETRIC UNIT REMARK 500 REMARK 500 THE FOLLOWING ATOMS ARE IN CLOSE CONTACT. REMARK 500 REMARK 500 ATM1 RES C SSEQI ATM2 RES C SSEQI DISTANCE REMARK 500 N PHE 1 8 - OD2 ASP 1 31 2.17 REMARK 500 OD2 ASP 1 31 - N PHE 1 8 2.17 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 THIS ENTRY HAS 104 CLOSE CONTACTS REMARK 500 REMARK 500 REMARK: NULL

Example – Close Contacts

REMARK 500 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: CLOSE CONTACTS REMARK 500 REMARK 500 THE FOLLOWING ATOMS THAT ARE RELATED BY CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC REMARK 500 SYMMETRY ARE IN CLOSE CONTACT. AN ATOM LOCATED WITHIN 0.15 REMARK 500 ANGSTROMS OF A SYMMETRY RELATED ATOM IS ASSUMED TO BE ON A REMARK 500 SPECIAL POSITION AND IS, THEREFORE, LISTED IN REMARK 375 REMARK 500 INSTEAD OF REMARK 500. ATOMS WITH NON-BLANK ALTERNATE REMARK 500 LOCATION INDICATORS ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE CALCULATIONS. REMARK 500 REMARK 500 DISTANCE CUTOFF: REMARK 500 2.2 ANGSTROMS FOR CONTACTS NOT INVOLVING HYDROGEN ATOMS REMARK 500 1.6 ANGSTROMS FOR CONTACTS INVOLVING HYDROGEN ATOMS REMARK 500 REMARK 500 ATM1 RES C SSEQI ATM2 RES C SSEQI SSYMOP DISTANCE REMARK 500

 REMARK
 500
 OH
 TYR 1
 90
 O
 HOH
 343
 1566
 2.09

 REMARK
 500
 OE1
 GLU 1
 134
 CB
 LYS 2
 135
 1556
 2.18

 REMARK
 500
 THIS ENTRY HAS
 64
 SYMMETRY CONTACTS
 24
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Example – Covalent bond lengths

1 2 З 4 5 6 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: COVALENT BOND LENGTHS REMARK 500 REMARK 500 THE STEREOCHEMICAL PARAMETERS OF THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES REMARK 500 HAVE VALUES WHICH DEVIATE FROM EXPECTED VALUES BY MORE REMARK 500 THAN 6*RMSD (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN REMARK 500 IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE). REMARK 500 REMARK 500 STANDARD TABLE: REMARK 500 FORMAT: (10X, I3, 1X, 2(A3, 1X, A1, I4, A1, 1X, A4, 3X), 1X, F6.3) REMARK 500 REMARK 500 EXPECTED VALUES PROTEIN: ENGH AND HUBER, 1999 REMARK 500 EXPECTED VALUES NUCLEIC ACID: CLOWNEY ET AL 1996 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 M RES CSSEQI ATM1 RES CSSEQI ATM2 DEVIATION REMARK 500 ASP B 117 CB ASP B 117 CG -0.129 REMARK 500 CYS J 29 CB CYS J 29 SG -0.111 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 REMARK: NULL

Example – Covalent bond angles

```
REMARK 500
REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY
REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: COVALENT BOND ANGLES
REMARK 500
REMARK 500 THE STEREOCHEMICAL PARAMETERS OF THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES
REMARK 500 HAVE VALUES WHICH DEVIATE FROM EXPECTED VALUES BY MORE
REMARK 500 THAN 6*RMSD (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN
REMARK 500 IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE).
REMARK 500
REMARK 500 STANDARD TABLE:
REMARK 500 FORMAT: (10X, I3, 1X, A3, 1X, A1, I4, A1, 3 (1X, A4, 2X), 12X, F5.1)
REMARK 500
REMARK 500 EXPECTED VALUES: ENGH AND HUBER, 1999
REMARK 500 EXPECTED VALUES NUCLEIC ACID: CLOWNEY ET AL 1996
REMARK 500
REMARK 500 M RES CSSEQI ATM1 ATM2 ATM3
REMARK 500 VAL A 124 CB - CA - C
                                           ANGL. DEV. = -12.0 DEGREES
REMARK 500 ARG B 70 NE - CZ - NH1 ANGL. DEV. = -3.0 DEGREES
REMARK 500
```

REMARK 500 REMARK: NULL

Example – Torsion angles

4 1 2 3 5 6 7 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: TORSION ANGLES REMARK 500 REMARK 500 TORSION ANGLES OUTSIDE THE EXPECTED RAMACHANDRAN REGIONS: REMARK 500 (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; REMARK 500 SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE). REMARK 500 REMARK 500 STANDARD TABLE: REMARK 500 FORMAT: (10X, I3, 1X, A3, 1X, A1, I4, A1, 4X, F7.2, 3X, F7.2) REMARK 500 REMARK 500 EXPECTED VALUES: GJ KLEYWEGT AND TA JONES (1996). PHI/PSI-REMARK 500 CHOLOGY: RAMACHANDRAN REVISITED. STRUCTURE 4, 1395 - 1400 REMARK 500 PHI REMARK 500 M RES CSSEOI PSI REMARK 500 ASN A 100 -110.87 -163.72 -28.81 -31.64 REMARK 500 ILE A 166 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 REMARK: NULL

Example – Cis/Trans geometry

REMARK 500 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: NON-CIS, NON-TRANS REMARK 500 REMARK 500 THE FOLLOWING PEPTIDE BONDS DEVIATE SIGNIFICANTLY FROM BOTH REMARK 500 CIS AND TRANS CONFORMATION. CIS BONDS, IF ANY, ARE LISTED REMARK 500 ON CISPEP RECORDS. TRANS IS DEFINED AS 180 +/- 30 AND REMARK 500 CIS IS DEFINED AS 0 +/- 30 DEGREES. REMARK 500 MODEL OMEGA
 REMARK
 500
 ARG
 A
 413
 ASP
 A
 414

 REMARK
 500
 ALA
 B
 288
 ASN
 B
 289
 0 147.84 0 -39.12 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 REMARK: NULL

Example – Planar groups

REMARK 500 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: PLANAR GROUPS REMARK 500 REMARK 500 PLANAR GROUPS IN THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE A TOTAL REMARK 500 RMS DISTANCE OF ALL ATOMS FROM THE BEST-FIT PLANE REMARK 500 BY MORE THAN AN EXPECTED VALUE OF 6*RMSD, WITH AN REMARK 500 RMSD 0.02 ANGSTROMS, OR AT LEAST ONE ATOM HAS REMARK 500 AN RMSD GREATER THAN THIS VALUE REMARK 500 (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; REMARK 500 SSEO=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE). REMARK 500 REMARK 500 M RES CSSEOI RMS TYPE REMARK 500 TYR A 36 0.08 SIDE CHAIN REMARK 500 REMARK 500 REMARK: NULL

Example – Main chain planarity

4 2 3 5 7 8 1 6 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: MAIN CHAIN PLANARITY REMARK 500 REMARK 500 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE A PSEUDO PLANARITY REMARK 500 TORSION ANGLE, C(I) - CA(I) - N(I+1) - O(I), GREATER REMARK 500 10.0 DEGREES. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; REMARK 500 C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; REMARK 500 I=INSERTION CODE). REMARK 500 ANGLE -10.28 REMARK 500 M RES CSSEQI REMARK 500 0 GLY A 289 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 REMARK: NULL

Example – Chiral centers

5 6 4 7 3 1 2 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 GEOMETRY AND STEREOCHEMISTRY REMARK 500 SUBTOPIC: CHIRAL CENTERS REMARK 500 REMARK 500 UNEXPECTED CONFIGURATION OF THE FOLLOWING CHIRAL REMARK 500 CENTER(S) USING IMPROPER C--N--CA--CB CHIRALITY REMARK 500 M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN REMARK 500 IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE REMARK 500 REMARK 500 STANDARD TABLE: REMARK 500 FORMAT: (10X, I3, 1X, A3, 1X, A1, I4, A1, 6X, F5.1, 6X, A1, 10X, A1, 3X, A16) REMARK 500 REMARK 500 M RES CSSEQI IMPROPER EXPECTED FOUND DETAILS REMARK 500 16 LEU A 20 0.1 L D EXPECTING SP3 -96.0 L REMARK 500 16 VAL A 21 D OUTSIDE RANGE -96.0 L -54.1 L -42.0 L -96.9 L -133.0 L 53.6 L -45.4 L REMARK 500 16 GLN A 22 D OUTSIDE RANGE D WRONG HAND D OUTSIDE RAN D OUTSIDE RAN L OUTSIDE RAN D OUTSIDE RAN REMARK 500 16 THR A 24 REMARK 500 16 LYS A 26 D OUTSIDE RANGE REMARK 500 16 ARG A 29 D OUTSIDE RANGE REMARK 500 16 LEU A 31 OUTSIDE RANGE REMARK 500 16 LYS A 32 D OUTSIDE RANGE REMARK 500 16 GLU A 33 -41.3 L D WRONG HAND D WRONG HAND -43.2 L REMARK 500 16 ASP A 34 REMARK 500 REMARK 500 REMARK: NULL

8

REMARK 525 (updated), Distant Solvent Atoms

REMARK 525 lists solvent atoms more than 5 Angstroms from any polymer chain.

Template

Example

REMARK 525 REMARK 525 SOLVENT REMARK 525 REMARK 525 THE SOLVENT MOLECULES HAVE CHAIN IDENTIFIERS THAT REMARK 525 INDICATE THE POLYMER CHAIN WITH WHICH THEY ARE MOST REMARK 525 CLOSELY ASSOCIATED. THE REMARK LISTS ALL THE SOLVENT REMARK 525 MOLECULES WHICH ARE MORE THAN 5A AWAY FROM THE REMARK 525 NEAREST POLYMER CHAIN (M=MODEL NUMBER; REMARK 525 RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE REMARK 525 NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE): REMARK 525 REMARK 525 M RES CSSEQI REMARK 525 HOH B 89 DISTANCE = 6.29 ANGSTROMS REMARK 525 HOH B 94 DISTANCE = 5.58 ANGSTROMS

REMARK 600, Heterogen

Further details on the heterogens in the entry.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 600 REMARK 600 REMARK 600 REMARK 600 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

Example

REMARK 600 REMARK 600 HETEROGEN REMARK 600 REMARK 600 CHAIN A ENDOTHIAPEPSIN: REMARK 600 RESIDUES ASP 54 AND GLY 55 HAVE CYCLISED REMARK 600 TO FORM A SUCCINIMIDE (RESIDUE SUI 54) REMARK 600 REMARK 600 CHAIN B IN THIS PDB ENTRY IS THE REMARK 600 GEM-DIOL INHIBITOR PD-135.040

REMARK 610 and REMARK 615 (added)

Ligands or hetgroups that are not part of any polymer (protein or nucleic acid) in the structure may also have missing atoms or atoms with zero occupancy. In such instances the name of the hetgroup or ligand, chain ID and model number (if applicable) will be listed in REMARK 610 (for missing atoms) or REMARK 615 (for atoms with 0.00 occupancy). As the list of specific atoms missing from a hetgroup may be really large, they will not listed in the remarks described above. The list of all missing atoms from the ligands may be easily derived by comparing the coordinates of the hetgroup to its definition in the ligand dictionary.

REMARK 610, Non-polymer residues with missing atoms

REMARK 610 enumerates non-polymer residues with missing atoms.

Example

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 REMARK 610 REMARK 610 MISSING HETEROATOM REMARK 610 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE MISSING ATOMS (M=MODEL NUMBER; REMARK 610 RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; REMARK 610 I=INSERTION CODE): REMARK 610 M RES C SSEQI REMARK 610 PPI 438

REMARK 615, Non-polymer residues containing atoms with zero occupancy

REMARK 615 enumerates non-polymer residues containing atoms modeled with zero occupancy.

Example

2 3 5 6 1 4 7 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 615 REMARK 615 ZERO OCCUPANCY ATOM REMARK 615 THE FOLLOWING RESIDUES HAVE ATOMS MODELED WITH ZERO REMARK 615 OCCUPANCY. THE LOCATION AND PROPERTIES OF THESE ATOMS REMARK 615 MAY NOT BE RELIABLE. (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; REMARK 615 C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE): REMARK 615 M RES C SSEQI REMARK 615 PPI 438

REMARK 620 (added), Metal coordination

Details of metal coordination are provided in REMARK 620. By default, coordination angles for any metal coordination and surrounding residues (if present) will be provided in this REMARK.

Template:

3 2 4 5 6 7 8 REMARK 620 REMARK 620 METAL COORDINATION REMARK 620 (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; REMARK 620 SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE): REMARK 620 REMARK 620 COORDINATION ANGLES FOR: M RES CSSEQI METAL REMARK 620 N RES CSSEQI ATOM

Example

```
REMARK 620
REMARK 620 METAL COORDINATION
REMARK 620 (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER;
REMARK 620
           SSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE):
REMARK 620
REMARK 620 COORDINATION ANGLES FOR: M RES CSSEQI METAL
REMARK 620
                                    F3S A 107 FE1
REMARK 620 N RES CSSEQI ATOM
REMARK 620 1 CYS A 39
                       SG
REMARK 620 2 F3S A 107 FE3 142.2
REMARK 620 3 F3S A 107 FE4 154.3
                                  59.7
REMARK 620 4 F3S A 107
                      S1 120.2 53.8
                                        55.7
REMARK 620 5 F3S A 107
                      S2 113.0 103.5 54.3 106.6
REMARK 620 6 F3S A 107 S3 103.8 53.0 101.7 103.2 109.2
REMARK 620 N
                               1
                                     2
                                           3
                                                4
                                                      5
REMARK 620
REMARK 620 COORDINATION ANGLES FOR: M RES CSSEQI METAL
REMARK 620
                                    F3S A 107
                                                FE3
REMARK 620 N RES CSSEQI ATOM
REMARK 620 1 F3S A 107 FE1
                           59.0
REMARK 620 2 F3S A 107 FE4
REMARK 620 3 F3S A 107
                      S1 52.7 55.1
                      s3 52.9 101.0 102.1
REMARK 620 4 F3S A 107
REMARK 620 5 CYS A 45
                      SG 146.5 146.2 115.6 112.8
REMARK 620 6 F3S A 107 S4 103.5 54.5 106.3 109.6 110.0
REMARK 620 N
                                     2
                                           3
                               1
                                                4
                                                      5
REMARK 620
REMARK 620 COORDINATION ANGLES FOR: M RES CSSEOI METAL
REMARK 620
                                    F3S A 107 FE4
REMARK 620 N RES CSSEQI ATOM
REMARK 620 1 F3S A 107
                       FE1
REMARK 620 2 F3S A 107 FE3
                           61.3
REMARK 620 3 F3S A 107
                       S1
                           53.4
                                  53.9
```

REMARK 620 4 F3S A 107 S2 54.4 105.0 104.5 REMARK 620 5 CYS A 20 SG 142.7 140.2 109.0 114.5 S4 105.1 54.1 104.8 111.7 111.6 REMARK 620 6 F3S A 107 REMARK 620 N 1 2 3 4 5 REMARK 620 REMARK 620 COORDINATION ANGLES FOR: M RES CSSEQI METAL REMARK 620 F3S A 108 FE1 REMARK 620 N RES CSSEQI ATOM REMARK 620 1 F3S A 108 S3 REMARK 620 2 CYS A 16 SG 120.1 REMARK 620 3 F3S A 108 FE3 51.4 145.9 REMARK 620 4 F3S A 108 FE4 54.3 148.5 59.9 REMARK 620 5 F3S A 108 S1 98.3 110.0 50.6 101.5 REMARK 620 6 F3S A 108 S2 104.2 109.4 104.5 53.3 114.7 1 2 3 4 REMARK 620 N 5 REMARK 620

REMARK 630 (added), Inhibitor Description

Details of inhibitor/peptide inhibitor which is presented as a chemical component (het group) are provided in REMARK 630. By default, molecule type and inhibitor's name will be provided in this REMARK.

Template:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 REMARK 630 MOLECULE TYPE: REMARK 630 MOLECULE NAME: REMARK 630 (M=MODEL NUMBER; RES=RESIDUE NAME; C=CHAIN IDENTIFIER; REMARK 630 SSSEQ=SEQUENCE NUMBER; I=INSERTION CODE.) REMARK 630 REMARK 630 M RES C SSSEQI REMARK 630 SOURCE: REMARK 630 SUBCOMP: REMARK 630 STRUCTURE DETAILS: REMARK 630 OTHER DETAILS:

REMARK 650, Helix

Further details on the helical portions of the entry.

Template

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
REMARK 650 HELIX
REMARK 650 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.
```

Examples

REMARK 650 REMARK 650 HELIX REMARK 650 DETERMINATION METHOD: KDSSP REMARK 650 THE MAJOR DOMAINS ARE: "N" FOR N-TERMINAL DOMAIN, "B" FOR REMARK 650 BETA-BARREL DOMAIN, AND "C" FOR C-TERMINAL DOMAIN. "F" REMARK 650 REFERS TO THE ACTIVE SITE FLAP. ALPHA HELICES ARE NAMED REMARK 650 WITH TWO CHARACTERS, THE FIRST REFERRING TO THE DOMAIN REMARK 650 IN WHICH THEY OCCUR.

REMARK 650 HELIX REMARK 650 DETERMINATION METHOD: AUTHOR PROVIDED.

REMARK 700, Sheet

Further details on the sheet content of the structure. Several standard templates are shown.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 700 REMARK 700 SHEET REMARK 700 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

Examples

REMARK 700 REMARK 700 SHEET REMARK 700 DETERMINATION METHOD: REMARK 700 THE SHEET STRUCTURE OF THIS MOLECULE IS BIFURCATED. ΙN REMARK 700 ORDER TO REPRESENT THIS FEATURE IN THE SHEET RECORDS BELOW, REMARK 700 TWO SHEETS ARE DEFINED. STRANDS N1, N2, N3 AND N4 OF SHEET REMARK 700 XXX AND XXX ARE IDENTICAL. REMARK 700 REMARK 700 SHEET REMARK 700 DETERMINATION METHOD: REMARK 700 THE SHEET PRESENTED AS XXX ON SHEET RECORDS BELOW IS REMARK 700 ACTUALLY AN N-STRANDED BETA-BARREL. THIS IS REMARK 700 REPRESENTED BY A N+1-STRANDED SHEET IN WHICH THE FIRST AND REMARK 700 LAST STRANDS ARE IDENTICAL. REMARK 700 REMARK 700 SHEET REMARK 700 DETERMINATION METHOD: REMARK 700 THERE ARE SEVERAL BIFURCATED SHEETS IN THIS STRUCTURE. REMARK 700 EACH IS REPRESENTED BY TWO SHEETS WHICH HAVE ONE OR MORE REMARK 700 IDENTICAL STRANDS. REMARK 700 SHEETS XXX AND XXX REPRESENT ONE BIFURCATED SHEET. REMARK 700 SHEETS XXX AND XXX REPRESENT ONE BIFURCATED SHEET.

N1, N2, N3 and N4 represent strand numbers, and XXX represents sheet identifiers.

When the remark for several bifurcated sheets is used, its last line is repeated for the appropriate number of bifurcated sheets, as shown in the last template above.

Examples

REMARK 700 REMARK 700 SHEET REMARK 700 THE SHEET STRUCTURE OF THIS MOLECULE IS BIFURCATED. IN REMARK 700 ORDER TO REPRESENT THIS FEATURE IN THE SHEET RECORDS BELOW, REMARK 700 TWO SHEETS are defined. STRANDS 3, 4, AND 5 REMARK 700 OF SHEET *B2A* AND *B2B* ARE IDENTICAL. STRANDS 3, 4, AND REMARK 700 5 OF SHEET *B2C* AND *B2D* ARE IDENTICAL. REMARK 700

REMARK 700 SHEET REMARK 700 STRANDS 1 TO 4 OF THE BETA-SHEET HAVE GREEK-KEY TOPOLOGY. REMARK 700 THE SHEET FORMS A FIVE-STRANDED BETA-BARREL WITH BULGES IN REMARK 700 STRANDS 3 AND 5. IN ORDER TO REPRESENT THIS FEATURE IN THE REMARK 700 SHEET RECORDS BELOW, TWO SHEETS ARE DEFINED.

REMARK 700 REMARK 700 SHEET REMARK 700 THE SHEET PRESENTED AS S5 ON SHEET RECORDS BELOW IS REMARK 700 ACTUALLY A 6-STRANDED BETA-BARREL. THIS IS REMARK 700 REPRESENTED BY A 7-STRANDED SHEET IN WHICH THE FIRST AND REMARK 700 LAST STRANDS ARE IDENTICAL.

REMARK 700 REMARK 700 SHEET REMARK 700 DETERMINATION METHOD: AUTHOR PROVIDED.

REMARK 800 (updated), Important Sites

Further details on important sites of the entry. REMARK 800 is mandatory if SITE records exist.

Template

* Site identifiers are 3-letter codes in a character range of AC1-ZZ9 if it is software determined.

Examples

REMARK 800 REMARK 800 SITE REMARK 800 SITE IDENTIFIER: RCA REMARK 800 EVIDENCE CODE: AUTHOR REMARK 800 SITE DESCRIPTION: DESIGNATED RECOGNITION REGION IN PRIMARY REMARK 800 REFERENCE. PROPOSED TO AFFECT SUBSTRATE SPECIFICITY. REMARK 800 REMARK 800 SITE IDENTIFIER: RCB REMARK 800 EVIDENCE CODE: AUTHOR REMARK 800 SITE DESCRIPTION: DESIGNATED RECOGNITION REGION IN PRIMARY REMARK 800 REFERENCE. PROPOSED TO AFFECT SUBSTRATE SPECIFICITY. REMARK 800 REMARK 800 SITE REMARK 800 SITE IDENTIFIER: AC1 REMARK 800 EVIDENCE CODE: SOFTWARE REMARK 800 SITE DESCRIPTION: BINDING SITE FOR RESIDUE BAT A 19 REMARK 800 REMARK 800 SITE IDENTIFIER: AC2 REMARK 800 EVIDENCE CODE: SOFTWARE REMARK 800 SITE DESCRIPTION: BINDING SITE FOR RESIDUE CA A 1 REMARK 800 REMARK 800 SITE IDENTIFIER: AC3 REMARK 800 EVIDENCE CODE: SOFTWARE REMARK 800 SITE DESCRIPTION: BINDING SITE FOR RESIDUE BIL A 20

Relationship to other records:

Remark 800 is mandatory if site records exist.

REMARK 900, Related Entries

This REMARK provides information about other PDB entries related to the entry. These may include coordinate entries deposited as a related set, an EMDB identifier for the related EM map, a BMRB identifier for the related NMR chemical shifts, or a structural genomics target identifier.

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 900 RELATED ENTRIES REMARK 900 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

Examples

REMARK 900 REMARK 900 RELATED ENTRIES REMARK 900 RELATED ID: 2GB8 RELATED DB: PDB REMARK 900 SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF WT CC-CCP COMPLEX REMARK 900 RELATED ID: 2PCC RELATED DB: PDB REMARK 900 CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF WT CC-CCP COMPLEX REMARK 900 RELATED ID: 1YCC RELATED DB: PDB REMARK 900 CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF YEAST ISO-1-CYTOCHROME C REMARK 900 RELATED ID: 1ZBY RELATED DB: PDB REMARK 900 HIGH-RESOLUTION CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF YEAST CYTOCHROME C REMARK 900 PEROXIDASE

REMARK 900 REMARK 900 RELATED ENTRIES REMARK 900 RELATED ID: STR82 RELATED DB: TARGETDB REMARK 900 RELATED ID: 15386 RELATED DB: BMRB

REMARK 999, Sequence

This remark is a free text remark which describes anything unusual about a particular polymer sequence in SEQRES records.

For examples,

- 1. If the exact sequence of the sample is not known, due to, for example, proteolysis, the sequence should match the coordinates and a REMARK 999 can be added.
- 2. The information about a sequence region of a chimeric protein which does not match the UNP entry, such as a linker region, can be added to REMARK 999.
- 3. Sequence conflicts which are listed in the UNP reference can also be described in REMARK 999. A full explanation of the microheterogeneity for all residues at a particular residue number can be elaborated in REMARK 999.
- If the coordinates alignment with the sequence is unknown and the residue numbering is arbitrary. The sequence would be poly UNK. The sequence, if it is known, would be listed in the REMARK 999

Template

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 REMARK 999 REMARK 999 SEQUENCE REMARK 999 FREE TEXT GOES HERE.

Example

REMARK 999 REMARK 999 SEQUENCE REMARK 999 THE N-TERMINAL 19 RESIDUES 'GSHMVPGQKQHYVQPTAAN' REMARK 999 CORRESPOND TO A PHAGE-DISPLAY DERIVED PEPTIDE, REMARK 999 WHICH IS FUSED TO THE SECRETION CHAPERONE PROTEIN REMARK 999 REMARK 999 SEOUENCE REMARK 999 THE SEQUENCE USED IS THAT PROVIDED BY THE CDNA, WHICH REMARK 999 CORRECTS SEVERAL ASP/ASN AND GLU/GLN MISASSIGNMENTS. REMARK 999 REMARK 999 SEQUENCE REMARK 999 THR AT POSITION 74 WAS FOUND BY WOLMAN ET AL., JOURNAL OF REMARK 999 BIOCHEMISTRY 263, 15506 (1988). REMARK 999 SEQUENCE REMARK 999 THE INSERTED RESIDUES AT THE N-TERMINUS OF THE PROTEIN REMARK 999 CORRESPOND TO A 32-RESIDUE DSE3 LANTHIDE-BINDING TAG REMARK 999 THE RESIDUES NUMBERED 66 TO 100 IN THIS ENTRY CORRESPOND

REMARK 999 TO RESIDUES -4 TO 13 AND -1' TO 15' IN THE PRIMARY CITATION.

3. Primary Structure Section

The primary structure section of a PDB formatted file contains the sequence of residues in each chain of the macromolecule(s). Embedded in these records are chain identifiers and sequence numbers that allow other records to link into the sequence.

DBREF (standard format)

The DBREF record provides cross-reference links between PDB sequences (what appears in SEQRES record) and a corresponding database sequence.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"DBREF "	
8 - 11	IDcode	idCode	ID code of this entry.
13	Character	chainID	Chain identifier.
15 - 18	Integer	seqBegin	Initial sequence number of the PDB sequence segment.
19	AChar	insertBegin	Initial insertion code of the PDB sequence segment.
21 - 24	Integer	seqEnd	Ending sequence number of the PDB sequence segment.
25	AChar	insertEnd	Ending insertion code of the PDB sequence segment.
27 - 32	LString	database	Sequence database name.
34 - 41	LString	dbAccession	Sequence database accession code.
43 - 54	LString	dbIdCode	Sequence database identification code.
56 - 60	Integer	dbseqBegin	Initial sequence number of the database seqment.
61	AChar	idbnsBeg	Insertion code of initial residue of the segment, if PDB is the reference.
63 - 67	Integer	dbseqEnd	Ending sequence number of the database segment.
68	AChar	dbinsEnd	Insertion code of the ending residue of

the segment, if PDB is the reference.

Note: By default this format is used as long as the information entered into these fields fits. For sequence databases that use longer accession code or long sequence numbering, the new DBREF1/DBREF2 format can be used.

Details

* PDB entries contain multi-chain molecules with sequences that may be wild type, variant, or synthetic. Sequences may also have been modified through site-directed mutagenesis experiments (engineered). A number of PDB entries report structures of individual domains cleaved from larger molecules.

The DBREF records present sequence correlations between PDB SEQRES records and corresponding GenBank (for nucleic acids) or UNIPROT/Norine (for proteins) entries. PDB entries containing heteropolymers are linked to different sequence database entries.

* Database names and their abbreviations as used on DBREF records.

	Database abbreviations
Database name	(columns 27 - 32)
GenBank	GB
Protein Data Bank	PDB
UNIPROT	UNP
Norine	NORINE

* wwPDB does not guarantee that all possible references to the listed databases will be provided. In most cases, only one reference to a sequence database will be provided.

* If no reference is found in the sequence databases, then the PDB entry itself is given as the reference.

* Selection of the appropriate sequence database entry or entries to be linked to a PDB entry is done on the basis of the sequence and its biological source. Questions on entry assignment that may arise are resolved by consultation with the database.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The sequence database entry found during PDB's search is compared to that provided by the depositor and any differences are resolved or annotated.

All polymers in the entry will be assigned a DBREF record.

Relationships to Other Record Types

DBREF represents the sequence as found in SEQRES records.

DBREF1/DBREF2 replaces DBREF when the accession codes or sequence numbering does not fit the DBREF format.

Examp	oles									
-	1		2	3	4	5	6		7	8
123456	78901234	56789	012345	67890123	345678901	2345678901234	456789012	3456789	01234567	890
DBREF	2JHQ A	1	226	UNP	Q9KPK8	UNG_VIBCH	1	226		
DBREF	ЗАКҮ А	1	219	UNP	P07170	KAD1_YEAST	3	221		
DBREF	1HAN A	2	298	UNP	P47228	BPHC_BURCE	1	297		
DBREF	3D3I A	0	760	UNP	P42592	YGJK_ECOLI	23	783		
DBREF	3D3I B	0	760	UNP	P42592	YGJK_ECOLI	23	783		
DBREF	3C2J A	1	8	PDB	3C2J	3C2J	1	8		
DBREF	3C2J B	101	108	PDB	3C2J	3C2J	101	108		
DBREF	1FFK O	2	2923	GB	3377779	AF034620	2597	5518		
DBREF	1FFK 9	1	122	GB	3377779	AF034620	5658	5779		
DBREF	1UNJ X	6	11	NORINE	NOR00228	NOR00228	6	11		

DBREF1 / DBREF2 (added)

Details

This updated two-line format is used when the accession code or sequence numbering does not fit the space allotted in the standard DBREF format. This includes some GenBank sequence numbering (greater than 5 characters) and UNIMES accession numbers (greater than 12 characters).

Record Format

DBREF1

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"DBREF1"	
8 - 11	IDcode	idCode	ID code of this entry.
13	Character	chainID	Chain identifier.
15 - 18	Integer	seqBegin	Initial sequence number of the PDB sequence segment.
19	AChar	insertBegin	Initial insertion code of the PDB sequence segment.
21 - 24	Integer	seqEnd	Ending sequence number of the PDB sequence segment.
25	AChar	insertEnd	Ending insertion code of the PDB sequence segment.
27 - 32	LString	database	Sequence database name.
48 - 67	LString	dbIdCode	Sequence database identification code.

DBREF2

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"DBREF2"	
8 - 11	IDcode	idCode	ID code of this entry.
13	Character	chainID	Chain identifier.
19 - 40	LString	dbAccession	Sequence database accession code.
45 - 54	Integer	seqBegin	Initial sequence number of the Database segment.

58 - 67	Integer	seqEnd	Ending sequence number of the
			Database segment.

Details

* The DBREF1/DBREF2 record presents sequence correlations between PDB SEQRES records and corresponding GenBank (for nucleic acids) or UNIMES (for proteins) entries. Several cases are easily represented by means of pointers between the databases using DBREF.

* Database names and their abbreviations as used as in DBREF records.

	Database abbreviations
Database name	(columns 27 - 32)
GenBank	GB
UNIMES	UNIMES

* wwPDB does not guarantee that all possible references to the listed databases will be provided. In most cases, only one reference to a sequence database will be provided.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The sequence database entry found by wwPDB staff is compared to answers provided by the depositor; any differences are resolved or annotated appropriately.

Relationships to Other Record Types

DBREF1/DBREF2 represents the sequence as found in SEQRES records.

Template

	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
123456	789012	345678	9012345	678901234	15678901234	5678901234	56789012345	567890123	4567890
DBREF1	2J83 .	A 61	322	XXXXXX		YYYYYYY	YYYYYYYYYY	YYY	
DBREF2	2J83 .	A	Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	. Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	ZZZZZZZ	nnnnnnnn	mmmmmmmn	nmm	

Examples

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12345678901234	56789012345	678901234	56789012345	567890123456	578901234	56789012345	67890
DBREF1 2J83 A	61 322	UNIMES		UPI000148	3A153		
DBREF2 2J83 A	MES0000	5880000		61		322	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890							
DBREF1 2J83 A	61 322	GB		AE017221			
DBREF2 2J83 A	4619791	9		1534489	1537	377	

SEQADV

Overview

The SEQADV record identifies differences between sequence information in the SEQRES records of the PDB entry and the sequence database entry given in DBREF. Please note that these records were designed to identify differences and not errors. No assumption is made as to which database contains the correct data. A comment explaining any engineered differences in the sequence between the PDB and the sequence database may also be included here.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SEQADV"	
8 - 11	IDcode	idCode	ID code of this entry.
13 - 15	Residue name	resName	Name of the PDB residue in conflict.
17	Character	chainID	PDB chain identifier.
19 - 22	Integer	seqNum	PDB sequence number.
23	AChar	iCode	PDB insertion code.
25 - 28	LString	database	
30 - 38	LString	dbIdCode	Sequence database accession number.
40 - 42	Residue name	dbRes	Sequence database residue name.
44 - 48	Integer	dbSeq	Sequence database sequence number.
50 - 70	LString	conflict	Conflict comment.

Details

* In a number of cases, conflicts between the sequences found in PDB entries and in sequence database reference entries have been noted. There are several possible reasons for these conflicts, including natural variants or engineered sequences (mutants), polymorphic sequences, or ambiguous or conflicting experimental results. These discrepancies are reported in SEQADV. Additional details may be included in remark 999.

* When conflicts arise which are not classifiable by these terms, a reference to either a published paper, a PDB entry, or a REMARK within the entry is given.

* The comment "SEE REMARK 999" is included when the explanation for the conflict is too long to fit the SEQADV record.

* Some of the possible conflict comments:

- Cloning artifact
- Expression tag
- Conflict
- Engineered
- Variant
- Insertion
- Deletion
- Microheterogeneity
- Chromophore

* Microheterogeneity is to be represented as a variant with one of the possible residues in the site being selected (arbitrarily) as the primary residue. The residues which do not match to the UNP reference will be listed in SEQADV records with the explanation of "microheterogeneity".

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

SEQADV records are automatically generated.

Relationships to Other Record Types

SEQADV refers to the sequence as found in the SEQRES records, and to the sequence database reference found on DBREF.

REMARK 999 contains text that explains discrepancies when the explanation is too lengthy to fit in SEQADV.

Examples

1	2	3	4	5 6 7 8
123456789012345678	9012345678	39012345678	39012345	567890123456789012345678901234567890
SEQADV 3ABC MET A	-1 UNP	P10725		EXPRESSION TAG
SEQADV 3ABC GLY A	50 UNP	P10725	VAL	50 ENGINEERED
SEQADV 2QLE CRO A	66 UNP	P42212	SER	65 CHROMOPHORE
SEQADV 20KW LEU A	64 UNP	P42212	PHE	64 SEE REMARK 999

SEQRES (updated)

Overview

SEQRES records contain a listing of the consecutive chemical components covalently linked in a linear fashion to form a polymer. The chemical components included in this listing may be standard or modified amino acid and nucleic acid residues. It may also include other residues that are linked to the standard backbone in the polymer. Chemical components or groups covalently linked to side-chains (in peptides) or sugars and/or bases (in nucleic acid polymers) will not be listed here.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SEQRES"	
8 - 10	Integer	serNum	Serial number of the SEQRES record for the current chain. Starts at 1 and increments by one each line. Reset to 1 for each chain.
12	Character	chainID	Chain identifier. This may be any single legal character, including a blank which is is used if there is only one chain.
14 - 17	Integer	numRes	Number of residues in the chain. This value is repeated on every record.
20 - 22	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
24 - 26	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
28 - 30	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
32 - 34	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
36 - 38	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
40 - 42	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
44 - 46	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
48 - 50	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
52 - 54	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
56 - 58	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
60 - 62	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
64 - 66	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
68 - 70	Residue name	resName	Residue name.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The residues presented in the ATOM records must agree with those on the SEQRES records.

The SEQRES records are checked using sequence databases and information provided by the depositor.

SEQRES is compared to the ATOM records during processing, and both are checked against the sequence databases. All discrepancies are either resolved or annotated appropriately in the entry.

The ribo- and deoxyribonucleotides in the SEQRES records are distinguished. The ribo- forms of these residues are identified with the residue names A, C, G, U and I. The deoxy- forms of these residues are identified with the residue names DA, DC, DG, DT and DI. Modified nucleotides in the sequence are identified by separate 3-letter residue codes. The *plus* character prefix to label modified nucleotides (e.g. +A, +C, +T) is no longer used.

Example

	1		2		3			4		5			6		7		8
12345678	8901234	15678	90123	3456	78901	12345	56789	90123	34567	78901	12345	56789	90123	34567	78901	23456	7890
SEQRES	1 A	21	GLY	ILE	VAL	GLU	GLN	CYS	CYS	THR	SER	ILE	CYS	SER	LEU		
SEQRES	2 A	21	TYR	GLN	LEU	GLU	ASN	TYR	CYS	ASN							
SEQRES	1 B	30	PHE	VAL	ASN	GLN	HIS	LEU	CYS	GLY	SER	HIS	LEU	VAL	GLU		
SEQRES	2 B	30	ALA	LEU	TYR	LEU	VAL	CYS	GLY	GLU	ARG	GLY	PHE	PHE	TYR		
SEQRES	3 B	30	THR	PRO	LYS	ALA											
SEQRES	1 C	21	GLY	ILE	VAL	GLU	GLN	CYS	CYS	THR	SER	ILE	CYS	SER	LEU		
SEQRES	2 C	21	TYR	GLN	LEU	GLU	ASN	TYR	CYS	ASN							
SEQRES	1 D	30	PHE	VAL	ASN	GLN	HIS	LEU	CYS	GLY	SER	HIS	LEU	VAL	GLU		
SEQRES	2 D	30	ALA	LEU	TYR	LEU	VAL	CYS	GLY	GLU	ARG	GLY	PHE	PHE	TYR		
SEQRES	3 D	30	THR	PRO	LYS	ALA											
SEQRES	1 A	8	DA	DA	DC	DC	DG	DG	DT	DT							
SEQRES	1 B	8	DA	DA	DC	DC	DG	DG	DT	DT							
SEQRES	1 X	39	U	С	С	С	С	С	G	U	G	С	С	С	А		
SEQRES	2 X	39	U	A	G	С	G	G	С	G	U	G	G	A	А		
SEQRES	3 X	39	С	С	A	С	С	С	G	U	U	С	С	С	А		

Known Problems

Polysaccharides do not lend themselves to being represented in SEQRES.

There is no mechanism provided to describe the sequence order if their starting position is unknown.

For cyclic peptides, a residue is arbitrarily assigned as the N-terminus.

MODRES (updated)

Overview

The MODRES record provides descriptions of modifications (e.g., chemical or post-translational) to protein and nucleic acid residues. Included are correlations between residue names given in a PDB entry and standard residues.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"MODRES"	
8 - 11	IDcode	idCode	ID code of this entry.
13 - 15	Residue name	resName	Residue name used in this entry.
17	Character	chainID	Chain identifier.
19 - 22	Integer	seqNum	Sequence number.
23	AChar	iCode	Insertion code.
25 - 27	Residue name	stdRes	Standard residue name.
30 - 70	String	comment	Description of the residue modification.

Details

* Residues modified post-translationally, enzymatically, or by design are described in MODRES records. In those cases where the wwPDB has opted to use a non-standard residue name for the residue, MODRES also correlates the new name to the precursor standard residue name.

* Modified nucleotides in the sequence are now identified by separate 3-letter residue codes. The *plus* character prefix to label modified nucleotides (e.g. +A, +C, +T) is no longer used.

* MODRES is mandatory when modified standard residues exist in the entry. Examples of some modification descriptions:

- Glycosylation site
- Post-translational modification
- Designed chemical modification
- Phosphorylation site
- D-configuration

* A MODRES record is not required if coordinate records are not provided for the modified residue.

* D-amino acids are given their own residue name (resName), i.e., DAL for D-alanine. This resName appears in the SEQRES records, and has the associated MODRES, HET, and FORMUL records. The coordinates are given as HETATMs within the ATOM records and occur in the correct order within the chain. This ordering is an exception to the stated Order of Records.

* When a standard residue name is used to describe a modified site, resName (columns 13-15) and stdRES (columns 25-27) contain the same value.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

MODRES is generated by the wwPDB.

Relationships to Other Record Types

MODRES maps ATOM and HETATM records to the standard residue names. HET, and FORMUL may also appear.

Example

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8

 123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890

 MODRES 2ROL ASN A
 74
 ASN
 GLYCOSYLATION SITE

 MODRES 11L2 1MG D
 1937
 G
 1N-METHYLGUANOSINE-5'-MONOPHOSPHATE

 MODRES 4ABC MSE B
 32
 MET
 SELENOMETHIONINE

4. Heterogen Section (updated)

The heterogen section of a PDB formatted file contains the complete description of non-standard residues in the entry. Detailed chemical definitions of non-polymer chemical components are described in the Chemical Component Dictionary (<u>ftp://ftp.wwpdb.org/pub/pdb/data/monomers</u>)

HET

HET records are used to describe non-standard residues, such as prosthetic groups, inhibitors, solvent molecules, and ions for which coordinates are supplied. Groups are considered HET if they are not part of a biological polymer described in SEQRES and considered to be a molecule bound to the polymer, or they are a chemical species that constitute part of a biological polymer and is not one of the following:

- standard amino acids, or
- standard nucleic acids (C, G, A, U, I, DC, DG, DA, DU, DT and DI), or
- unknown amino acid (UNK) or nucleic acid (N) where UNK and N are used to indicate the unknown residue name.

HET records also describe chemical components for which the chemical identity is unknown, in which case the group is assigned the hetID UNL (Unknown Ligand).

The heterogen section of a PDB formatted file contains the complete description of non-standard residues in the entry.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"HET "	
8 - 10	LString(3)	hetID	Het identifier, right-justified.
13	Character	ChainID	Chain identifier.
14 - 17	Integer	seqNum	Sequence number.
18	AChar	iCode	Insertion code.
21 - 25	Integer	numHetAtoms	Number of HETATM records for the group present in the entry.
31 - 70	String	text	Text describing Het group.

Details

* Each HET group is assigned a hetID of not more than three (3) alphanumeric characters. The sequence number, chain identifier, insertion code, and number of coordinate records are given for each occurrence of the HET group in the entry. The chemical name of the HET group is given in the HETNAM record and synonyms for the chemical name are given in the HETSYN records, see http://ftp.wwpdb.org/pub/pdb/data/monomers.

* There is a separate HET record for each occurrence of the HET group in an entry.

* A particular HET group is represented in the PDB archive with a unique hetID.

* PDB entries do not have HET records for water molecules, deuterated water, or methanol (when used as solvent).

* Unknown atoms or ions will be represented as UNX with the chemical formula X1. Unknown ligands are UNL; unknown amino acids are UNK.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

For each het group that appears in the entry, the wwPDB checks that the corresponding HET, HETNAM, HETSYN, FORMUL, HETATM, and CONECT records appear, if applicable. The HET record is generated automatically using the Chemical Component Dictionary and information from the HETATM records.

Each unique hetID represents a unique molecule.

Relationships to Other Record Types

For each het group that appears in the entry, there must be corresponding HET, HETNAM, HETSYN, FORMUL, HETATM, and CONECT records. LINK records may also be created.

Example

	1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8
123450	678901	2345	5678	901234567	89012345	6789012345	6789012345	56789012345	678901234	567890
HET	TRS	ç	975	8						
HET	UDP	A14	157	25						
HET	B3P	A14	158	19						
HET	NAG	Y	3	15						
HET	FUC	Y	4	10						
HET	NON	Y	5	12						
HET	UNK	A 1	61	1						

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HETNAM

Overview

This record gives the chemical name of the compound with the given hetID.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"HETNAM"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
12 - 14	LString(3)	hetID	Het identifier, right-justified.
16 - 70	String	text	Chemical name.

Details

* Each hetID is assigned a unique chemical name for the HETNAM record, see ftp://ftp.wwpdb.org/pub/pdb/data/monomers .

* Other names for the group are given on HETSYN records.

* PDB entries follow IUPAC/IUB naming conventions to describe groups systematically.

* The special character "~" is used to indicate superscript in a heterogen name. For example: N^6 will be listed in the HETNAM section as N~6~, with the ~ character indicating both the start and end of the superscript in the name, e.g.,

N- (BENZYLSULFONYL) SERYL-N~1~- { 4- [AMINO (IMINO) METHYL] BENZYL } GLYCINAMIDE

* Continuation of chemical names onto subsequent records is allowed.

* Only one HETNAM record is included for a given hetID, even if the same hetID appears on more than one HET record.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

For each het group that appears in the entry, the corresponding HET, HETNAM, FORMUL, HETATM, and CONECT records must appear. The HETNAM record is generated automatically using the Chemical Component Dictionary and information from HETATM records.

Relationships to Other Record Types

For each het group that appears in the entry, there must be corresponding HET, HETNAM, FORMUL, HETATM, and CONECT records. HETSYN and LINK records may also be created.

Example

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
123456789	01234	56789012345678	9012345678	9012345678	3901234567	8901234567	8901234567	890
HETNAM	NAG	N-ACETYL-D-GI	JUCOSAMINE					
HETNAM	SAD	BETA-METHYLEN	IE SELENAZO	LE-4-CARBC	XAMIDE AD	ENINE		
HETNAM 2	SAD	DINUCLEOTIDE						
HETNAM	UDP	URIDINE-5'-DI	PHOSPHATE					
HETNAM	UNX	UNKNOWN ATOM	OR ION					
HETNAM	UNL	UNKNOWN LIGAN	ID					
HETNAM	B3P	2-[3-(2-HYDRC	XY-1,1-DIH	YDROXYMETH	IYL-ETHYLA	MINO)-		
HETNAM	2 B3P	PROPYLAMINO]	-2-HYDROXY	METHYL-PRO	PANE-1,3-	DIOL		

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HETSYN

Overview

This record provides synonyms, if any, for the compound in the corresponding (i.e., same hetID) HETNAM record. This is to allow greater flexibility in searching for HET groups.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"HETSYN"	
9 - 10	Continuation	continuation	Allows concatenation of multiple records.
12 - 14	LString(3)	hetID	Het identifier, right-justified.
16 - 70	SList	hetSynonyms	List of synonyms.

Details

* The wwPDB does not guarantee a complete list of possible synonyms. New synonyms may be added. The list can be continued onto additional HETSYN records. Even if the same hetID appears on more than one HET record, only one set of HETSYN records is included for the hetID.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

For each HETSYN record in the entry, the corresponding HET, HETNAM, FORMUL, HETATM, and CONECT records must appear.

Relationships to Other Record Types

If there is a HETSYN record there must be corresponding HET, HETNAM, FORMUL, HETATM, and CONECT records. LINK records may also be created.

Example

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FORMUL

Overview

The FORMUL record presents the chemical formula and charge of a non-standard group.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"FORMUL"	
9 - 10	Integer	compNum	Component number.
13 - 15	LString(3)	hetID	Het identifier.
17 - 18	Integer	continuation	Continuation number.
19	Character	asterisk	"*" for water.
20 - 70	String	text	Chemical formula.

Details

* The elements of the chemical formula are given in the order C, H, N, and O, with other elements following in alphabetical order, each separated by a single space.

* The number of each atom type present immediately follows its chemical symbol without an intervening blank space. There will be no number indicated if there is only one atom for a particular atom type.

* Each set of SEQRES records and each HET group is assigned a component number in an entry. These numbers are assigned serially, beginning with 1 for the first set of SEQRES records. In addition:

- If a HET group is presented on a SEQRES record its FORMUL is assigned the component number of the chain in which it appears.
- If the HET group occurs more than once and is not presented on SEQRES records, the component number of its first occurrence is used.

* All occurrences of the HET group within a chain are grouped together with a multiplier. The remaining occurrences are also grouped with a multiplier. The sum of the multipliers is the number equaling the number of times that that HET group appears in the entry.

* A continuation field is provided in the event that more space is needed for the formula.

Columns 17 - 18 are used in order to maintain continuity with the existing format.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

For each het group that appears in the entry, the corresponding HET, HETNAM, FORMUL, HETATM, and CONECT records must appear. The FORMUL record is generated automatically by PDB processing programs using the het group template file and information from HETATM records. UNL, UNK and UNX will not be listed in FORMUL even though these het groups present in the coordinate section.

Relationships to Other Record Types

For each het group that appears in the entry, the corresponding HET, HETNAM, FORMUL, HETATM, and CONECT records must appear.

Example

5 1 2 3 4 6 7 8 FORMUL 2 SO4 2(04 S 2-) FORMUL 3 GLC C6 H12 O6 FORMUL 3 FOL 2(C19 H17 N7 O6 2-) FORMUL 4 CL 2(CL 1-) 2(CA 2+) FORMUL 5 CA FORMUL 1 ACE C2 H4 O FORMUL 2 UDP C9 H14 N2 O12 P2 FORMUL 3 B3P C11 H26 N2 O6 FORMUL 8 HOH *463(H2 O)

Known Problems

Partially deuterated centers are not well represented in this record.

5. Secondary Structure Section

The secondary structure section of a PDB formatted file describes helices, sheets, and turns found in protein and polypeptide structures.

HELIX

Overview

HELIX records are used to identify the position of helices in the molecule. Helices are named, numbered, and classified by type. The residues where the helix begins and ends are noted, as well as the total length.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"HELIX "	
8 - 10	Integer	serNum	Serial number of the helix. This starts at 1 and increases incrementally.
12 - 14	LString(3)	helixID	Helix identifier. In addition to a serial number, each helix is given an alphanumeric character helix identifier.
16 - 18	Residue name	initResName	Name of the initial residue.
20	Character	initChainID	Chain identifier for the chain containing this helix.
22 - 25	Integer	initSeqNum	Sequence number of the initial residue.
26	AChar	initICode	Insertion code of the initial residue.
28 - 30	Residue name	endResName	Name of the terminal residue of the helix.
32	Character	endChainID	Chain identifier for the chain containing this helix.
34 - 37	Integer	endSeqNum	Sequence number of the terminal residue.
38	AChar	endICode	Insertion code of the terminal residue.
39 - 40	Integer	helixClass	Helix class (see below).
41 - 70	String	comment	Comment about this helix.
72 - 76	Integer	length	Length of this helix.

Details

* Additional HELIX records with different serial numbers and identifiers occur if more than one helix is present.

* The initial residue of the helix is the N-terminal residue.

* Helices are classified as follows:

	CLASS NUMBER
TYPE OF HELIX	(COLUMNS 39 - 40)
Right-handed alpha (default)	1
Right-handed omega	2
Right-handed pi	3
Right-handed gamma	4
Right-handed 310	5
Left-handed alpha	6
Left-handed omega	7
Left-handed gamma	8
27 ribbon/helix	9
Polyproline	10

Relationships to Other Record Types

There may be related information in the REMARKs.

Example

	1		2		3		4	5	6	7	8
1234567	8901	234567	8901	23456	7890123	845678	9012	23456789012345	56789012345	5678901234	567890
HELIX	1	HA GI	ΥA	86	GLY A	94	1				9
HELIX	2	HB GI	ΥB	86	GLY B	94	1				9
HELIX	21	21 PF	.0 J	385	LEU J	388	5				4
HELIX	22	22 PH	ΕJ	397	PHE J	402	5				6

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SHEET

Overview

SHEET records are used to identify the position of sheets in the molecule. Sheets are both named and numbered. The residues where the sheet begins and ends are noted.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SHEET "	
8 - 10	Integer	strand	Strand number which starts at 1 for each strand within a sheet and increases by one.
12 - 14	LString(3)	sheetID	Sheet identifier.
15 - 16	Integer	numStrands	Number of strands in sheet.
18 - 20	Residue name	initResName	Residue name of initial residue.
22	Character	initChainID	Chain identifier of initial residue in strand.
23 - 26	Integer	initSeqNum	Sequence number of initial residue in strand.
27	AChar	initICode	Insertion code of initial residue in strand.
29 - 31	Residue name	endResName	Residue name of terminal residue.
33	Character	endChainID	Chain identifier of terminal residue.
34 - 37	Integer	endSeqNum	Sequence number of terminal residue.
38	AChar	endICode	Insertion code of terminal residue.
39 - 40	Integer	sense	Sense of strand with respect to previous strand in the sheet. O if first strand, 1 if parallel,and -1 if anti-parallel.
42 - 45	Atom	curAtom	Registration. Atom name in current strand.
46 - 48	Residue name	curResName	Registration. Residue name in current strand
50	Character	curChainId	Registration. Chain identifier in current strand.
51 - 54	Integer	curResSeq	Registration. Residue sequence number

in current strand.

55	AChar	curICode	Registration. Insertion code in current strand.
57 - 60	Atom	prevAtom	Registration. Atom name in previous strand.
61 - 63	Residue name	prevResName	Registration. Residue name in previous strand.
65	Character	prevChainId	Registration. Chain identifier in previous strand.
66 - 69	Integer	prevResSeq	Registration. Residue sequence number in previous strand.
70	AChar	prevICode	Registration. Insertion code in previous strand.

Details

* The initial residue for a strand is its N-terminus. Strand registration information is provided in columns 39 - 70. Strands are listed starting with one edge of the sheet and continuing to the spatially adjacent strand.

* The sense in columns 39 - 40 indicates whether strand n is parallel (sense = 1) or anti-parallel (sense = -1) to strand n-1. Sense is equal to zero (0) for the first strand of a sheet.

* The registration (columns 42 - 70) of strand n to strand n-1 may be specified by one hydrogen bond between each such pair of strands. This is done by providing the hydrogen bonding between the current and previous strands. No register information should be provided for the first strand.

* Split strands, or strands with two or more runs of residues from discontinuous parts of the amino acid sequence, are explicitly listed. Detail description can be included in the REMARK 700.

Relationships to Other Record Types

If the entry contains bifurcated sheets or beta-barrels, the relevant REMARK 700 records must be provided. See the REMARK section for details.

Examples

	1		2		3		4		5			6		7		8
12345678	89012	23456	78901	23456	7890123	4567	8901	234	567890	12345	6789	01234	156	578901234	156789	0
SHEET	1	A 5	THR	A 107	ARG A	110	0									
SHEET	2	A 5	ILE	A 96	THR A	99	-1	Ν	LYS A	98	0	THR	А	107		
SHEET	3	A 5	ARG	A 87	SER A	91	-1	Ν	LEU A	89	0	TYR	А	97		
SHEET	4	A 5	TRP	A 71	ASP A	. 75	-1	Ν	ALA A	74	0	ILE	А	88		
SHEET	5	A 5	GLY	A 52	PHE A	56	-1	Ν	PHE A	56	0	TRP	Α	71		

SHEET	1	в 5	THR B	107	ARG B	110 0						
SHEET	2	В 5	ILE B	96	THR B	99 -1	Ν	LYS B	98	0	THR B	107
SHEET	3	в 5	ARG B	87	SER B	91 -1	Ν	LEU B	89	0	TYR B	97
SHEET	4	в 5	TRP B	71	ASP B	75 -1	Ν	ALA B	74	0	ILE B	88
SHEET	5	в 5	GLY B	52	ILE B	55 -1	Ν	ASP B	54	0	GLU B	73

The sheet presented as BS1 below is an eight-stranded beta-barrel. This is represented by a ninestranded sheet in which the first and last strands are identical.

SHEET	1 BS1 9 VAL	13 ILE	17	0						
SHEET	2 BS1 9 ALA	70 ILE	73	1	0	TRP	72	Ν	ILE	17
SHEET	3 BS1 9 LYS	127 PHE	132	1	0	ILE	129	Ν	ILE	73
SHEET	4 BS1 9 GLY	221 ASP	225	1	0	GLY	221	Ν	ILE	130
SHEET	5 BS1 9 VAL	248 GLU	253	1	0	PHE	249	Ν	ILE	222
SHEET	6 BS1 9 LEU	276 ASP	278	1	Ν	LEU	277	0	GLY	252
SHEET	7 BS1 9 TYR	310 THR	318	1	0	VAL	317	Ν	ASP	278
SHEET	8 BS1 9 VAL	351 TYR	356	1	0	VAL	351	Ν	THR	318
SHEET	9 BS1 9 VAL	13 ILE	17	1	Ν	VAL	14	0	PRO	352

The sheet structure of this example is bifurcated. In order to represent this feature, two sheets are defined. Strands 2 and 3 of BS7 and BS8 are identical.

SHEET	1 BS7 3 HIS	662 THR	665 0			
SHEET	2 BS7 3 LYS	639 LYS	648 -1 N	PHE 643	O HIS	662
SHEET	3 BS7 3 ASN	596 VAL	600 -1 N	TYR 598	O ILE	646
SHEET	1 BS8 3 ASN	653 TRP	656 0			
SHEET	2 BS8 3 LYS	639 LYS	648 -1 N	LYS 647	O THR	655
SHEET	3 BS8 3 ASN	596 VAL	600 -1 N	TYR 598	O ILE	646

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6. Connectivity Annotation Section

The connectivity annotation section allows the depositors to specify the existence and location of disulfide bonds and other linkages.

SSBOND (updated)

The SSBOND record identifies each disulfide bond in protein and polypeptide structures by identifying the two residues involved in the bond.

The disulfide bond distance is included after the symmetry operations at the end of the SSBOND record.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SSBOND"	
8 - 10	Integer	serNum	Serial number.
12 - 14	LString(3)	"CYS"	Residue name.
16	Character	chainID1	Chain identifier.
18 - 21	Integer	seqNuml	Residue sequence number.
22	AChar	icodel	Insertion code.
26 - 28	LString(3)	"CYS"	Residue name.
30	Character	chainID2	Chain identifier.
32 - 35	Integer	seqNum2	Residue sequence number.
36	AChar	icode2	Insertion code.
60 - 65	SymOP	syml	Symmetry operator for residue 1.
67 - 72	SymOP	sym2	Symmetry operator for residue 2.
74 - 78	Real(5.2)	Length	Disulfide bond distance

Details

* Bond distances between the sulfur atoms must be close to expected value.

* sym1 and sym2 are right justified and are always given even when identity operator (no cell translation) is to be applied to the residue.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

wwPDB processing programs generate these records automatically

Relationships to Other Record Types

CONECT records are generated for the disulfide bonds when SG atoms of both cysteines are present in the coordinate records.

Example

	1		2	3		4	5	6	7	8
12345678	3901234	56789	01234567	8901	23456	789012345	6789012345	67890123456	7890123	4567890
SSBOND	1 CYS	A	6 CY	SA	127			1555	1555	2.03
SSBOND	2 CYS	A	30 CY	SA	115			1555	1555	2.07
SSBOND	3 CYS	A	64 CY	SA	80			1555	1555	2.06
SSBOND	4 CYS	A	76 CY	SA	94			1555	1555	2.04

Known Problems

If SG of cysteine is disordered then there are possible alternate linkages. wwPDB practice is to put together all possible SSBOND records. This is problematic because the alternate location identifier is not specified in the SSBOND record.

LINK (updated)

Overview

The LINK records specify connectivity between residues that is not implied by the primary structure. Connectivity is expressed in terms of the atom names. They also include the distance associated with the each linkage following the symmetry operations at the end of each record.

This record supplements information given in CONECT records and is provided here for convenience in searching.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"LINK "	
13 - 16	Atom	name1	Atom name.
17	Character	altLoc1	Alternate location indicator.
18 - 20	Residue name	resNamel	Residue name.
22	Character	chainID1	Chain identifier.
23 - 26	Integer	resSeq1	Residue sequence number.
27	AChar	iCode1	Insertion code.
43 - 46	Atom	name2	Atom name.
47	Character	altLoc2	Alternate location indicator.
48 - 50	Residue name	resName2	Residue name.
52	Character	chainID2	Chain identifier.
53 - 56	Integer	resSeq2	Residue sequence number.
57	AChar	iCode2	Insertion code.
60 - 65	SymOP	syml	Symmetry operator atom 1.
67 - 72	SymOP	sym2	Symmetry operator atom 2.
74 - 78	Real(5.2)	Length	Link distance

Details

* The atoms involved in bonds between HET groups or between a HET group and standard residue

are listed.

- * Inter-residue linkages not implied by the primary structure are listed (e.g., reduced peptide bond).
- * Non-standard linkages between residues, e.g., side-chain to side-chain, are listed.
- * Each LINK record specifies one linkage.

* These records do not specify connectivity within a HET group (see CONECT) or disulfide bridges (see SSBOND).

* sym1 and sym2 are right justified and are given as blank when the identity operator (and no cell translation) is to be applied to the atom.

- For NMR entries, only one set (or model) of LINK records will be supplied.
- Coordinate bonds are also listed as LINKs: describe this somewhere in this section

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The distance between the pair of atoms listed must be consistent with the bonding.

Relationships to Other Record Types

CONECT records are generated from LINKs when both atoms are present in the entry. If symmetry operators are given to generate one of the residues involved in the bond, REMARK 290 defines the symmetry transformation.

1		2		3	4	5		6	7	8
123456789012	3456	78901	23456	789012345	567890123450	57890	123456789	01234567	890123	4567890
LINK	0	GLY .	A 49		NA	NA	A6001	1555	1555	2.98
LINK	OG1	THR	A 51		NA	NA	A6001	1555	1555	2.72
LINK	OD2	ASP	A 66		NA	NA	A6001	1555	1555	2.72
LINK	NE	ARG	A 68		NA	NA	A6001	1555	1555	2.93
LINK	C21	2EG	A 7		C22	2 2EG	в 19	1555	1555	1.56

CISPEP

Overview

CISPEP records specify the prolines and other peptides found to be in the *cis* conformation. Each cis peptide is listed on a separate line, with a consecutive numbering sequence.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"CISPEP"	
8 - 10	Integer	serNum	Record serial number.
12 - 14	LString(3)	pepl	Residue name.
16	Character	chainID1	Chain identifier.
18 - 21	Integer	seqNum1	Residue sequence number.
22	AChar	icode1	Insertion code.
26 - 28	LString(3)	pep2	Residue name.
30	Character	chainID2	Chain identifier.
32 - 35	Integer	seqNum2	Residue sequence number.
36	AChar	icode2	Insertion code.
44 - 46	Integer	modNum	Identifies the specific model.
54 - 59	Real(6.2)	measure	Angle measurement in degrees.

Details

* Cis peptides are those with omega angles of 0°±30°. Deviations larger than 30° are listed in REMARK 500.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

These records are generated automatically.

Relationships to Other Record Types

Peptide bonds which deviate significantly from either the *cis* or *trans* conformation are annotated in REMARK 500.

_	1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8
12345678	390123456	7890123	45678901	234567	8901234	567890123	3456789012345	678901234	567890
CISPEP	1 SER A	58	GLY A	59		0	20.91		
CISPEP	1 GLY A	116	GLY A	117		0	18.50		
CISPEP	1 MET A	1	SER A	2		0	-3.69		

7. Miscellaneous Features Section

The miscellaneous features section may describe properties in the molecule such as environments surrounding a non-standard residue or the assembly of an active site. Other features may be described in the remarks section but are not given a specific record type so far.

SITE

Overview

* Site records specify residues comprising catalytic, co-factor, anti-codon, regulatory or other essential sites or environments surrounding ligands present in the structure.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SITE "	
8 - 10	Integer	seqNum	Sequence number.
12 - 14	LString(3)	siteID	Site name.
16 - 17	Integer	numRes	Number of residues that compose the site.
19 - 21	Residue name	resName1	Residue name for first residue that creates the site.
23	Character	chainID1	Chain identifier for first residue of site.
24 - 27	Integer	seql	Residue sequence number for first residue of the site.
28	AChar	iCode1	Insertion code for first residue of the site.
30 - 32	Residue name	resName2	Residue name for second residue that creates the site.
34	Character	chainID2	Chain identifier for second residue of the site.
35 - 38	Integer	seq2	Residue sequence number for second residue of the site.
39	AChar	iCode2	Insertion code for second residue of the site.
41 - 43	Residue name	resName3	Residue name for third residue that

creates the site.

45	Character	chainID3	Chain identifier for third residue of the site.
46 - 49	Integer	seq3	Residue sequence number for third residue of the site.
50	AChar	iCode3	Insertion code for third residue of the site.
52 - 54	Residue name	resName4	Residue name for fourth residue that creates the site.
56	Character	chainID4	Chain identifier for fourth residue of the site.
57 - 60	Integer	seq4	Residue sequence number for fourth residue of the site.
61	AChar	iCode4	Insertion code for fourth residue of the site.

Details

* The sequence number (columns 8 - 10) is reset to 1 for each new site.

* SITE identifiers (columns 12 - 14) should be fully explained in remark 800.

* If a site is composed of more than four residues, these may be specified on additional records bearing the same site identifier.

* SITE records can include HET groups.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

Every SITE must have a corresponding description in remark 800. The numbering of sequential SITE records and format of each one is verified, as well as the existence of each residue in the ATOM records.

Relationships to Other Record Types

Each listed SITE needs a corresponding REMARK 800 that details its significance.

Example

5 2 3 4 6 7 1 8 123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890 SITE 1 AC1 3 HIS A 94 HIS A 96 HIS A 119 SITE 1 AC2 5 ASN A 62 GLY A 63 HIS A 64 HOH A 328 2 AC2 5 HOH A 634 SITE 1 AC3 5 GLN A 136 GLN A 137 PRO A 138 SITE GLU A 205

SITE	2	AC3	5	CYS	А	206									
SITE	1	AC4	11	HIS	А	64	HIS	А	94	HIS	А	96	HIS	А	119
SITE	2	AC4	11	LEU	А	198	THR	А	199	THR	А	200	TRP	А	209
SITE	3	AC4	11	НОН	А	572	HOH	А	582	HOH	А	635			

8. Crystallographic and Coordinate Transformation Section

This section describes the geometry of the crystallographic experiment and the coordinate system transformations.

CRYST1

Overview

The CRYST1 record presents the unit cell parameters, space group, and Z value. If the structure was not determined by crystallographic means, CRYST1 simply provides the unitary values, with an appropriate REMARK.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"CRYST1"	
7 - 15	Real(9.3)	a	a (Angstroms).
16 - 24	Real(9.3)	b	b (Angstroms).
25 - 33	Real(9.3)	С	c (Angstroms).
34 - 40	Real(7.2)	alpha	alpha (degrees).
41 - 47	Real(7.2)	beta	beta (degrees).
48 - 54	Real(7.2)	gamma	gamma (degrees).
56 - 66	LString	sGroup	Space group.
67 - 70	Integer	Z	Z value.

Details

* If the entry describes a structure determined by a technique other than X-ray crystallography, CRYST1 contains a = b = c = 1.0, alpha = beta = gamma = 90 degrees, space group = P 1, and Z = 1.

* The Hermann-Mauguin space group symbol is given without parenthesis, e.g., P 43 21 2. Please note that the screw axis is described as a two digit number.

* The full International Table's Hermann-Mauguin symbol is used, e.g., P 1 21 1 instead of P 21.

* For a rhombohedral space group in the hexagonal setting, the lattice type symbol used is H.

* The Z value is the number of polymeric chains in a unit cell. In the case of heteropolymers, Z is the number of occurrences of the most populous chain.

As an example, given two chains A and B, each with a different sequence, and the space group P 2 that has two equipoints in the standard unit cell, the following table gives the correct Z value.

Asymmetric Unit Content	Z value
А	2
AA	4
AB	2
AAB	4
AABB	4

* In the case of a polycrystalline fiber diffraction study, CRYST1 and SCALE contain the normal unit cell data.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The given space group and Z values are checked during processing for correctness and internal consistency. The calculated SCALE factor is compared to that supplied by the depositor. Packing is also computed, and close contacts of symmetry-related molecules are diagnosed.

Relationships to Other Record Types

The unit cell parameters are used to calculate SCALE. If the EXPDTA record is NMR, Electron microscopy, or Fiber Diffraction, the CRYST1 record is predefined as in the last example (see below). In these cases, an explanatory REMARK must also appear in the entry. Some fiber diffraction structures will be done this way, while others will have a CRYST1 record containing measured values.

Examples

 1
 2
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
 8

 1234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
 2
 CRYST1
 52.000
 58.600
 61.900
 90.00
 90.00
 P 21 21 21
 8

 CRYST1
 42.544
 69.085
 50.950
 90.00
 95.55
 90.00
 P 1 21 1
 2

Example of experimental method other than X-ray crystallography or fiber diffraction

CRYST1 1.000 1.000 1.000 90.00 90.00 P 1 1

Known Problems

No standard deviations are given.

ORIGXn

Overview

The ORIGXn (n = 1, 2, or 3) records present the transformation from the orthogonal coordinates contained in the entry to the submitted coordinates.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"ORIGXn"	n=1, 2, or 3
11 - 20	Real(10.6)	o[n][1]	Onl
21 - 30	Real(10.6)	o[n][2]	On2
31 - 40	Real(10.6)	o[n][3]	On3
46 - 55	Real(10.5)	t[n]	Tn

Details

* This information is included in the file even if the transformation is an identity transformation (unitary matrix, null translation vector). See the SCALE section of this document for a definition of the default orthogonal Angstroms system.

* If the original submitted coordinates are Xsub, Ysub, Zsub and the orthogonal Angstroms coordinates contained in the data entry are X, Y, Z, then:

Xsub = 011X + 012Y + 013Z + T1 Ysub = 021X + 022Y + 023Z + T2 Zsub = 031X + 032Y + 033Z + T3

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

If the coordinates are submitted in the same orthogonal Angstrom coordinate frame as they appear in the entry (the usual case), then ORIGX is an identity matrix with a null translation vector. If the transformation is not an identity matrix with a null translation vector, then applying this transformation to the coordinates in the entry yields the coordinates of the original deposited file.

Relationships to Other Record Types

ORIGX relates the coordinates in the ATOM and HETATM records to the coordinates in the file.

```
1
           2
                 3
                       4
                             5
                                   6
                                         7
                                                8
ORIGX1
      0.963457 0.136613 0.230424
                            16.61000
      -0.158977 0.983924 0.081383
                            13.72000
ORIGX2
     -0.215598 -0.115048 0.969683
                           37.65000
ORIGX3
```

SCALEn

Overview

The SCALEn (n = 1, 2, or 3) records present the transformation from the orthogonal coordinates as contained in the entry to fractional crystallographic coordinates. Non-standard coordinate systems should be explained in the remarks.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"SCALEn"	n=1, 2, or 3
11 - 20	Real(10.6)	s[n][1]	Snl
21 - 30	Real(10.6)	s[n][2]	Sn2
31 - 40	Real(10.6)	s[n][3]	Sn3
46 - 55	Real(10.5)	u[n]	Un

Details

* The standard orthogonal Angstroms coordinate system used is related to the axial system of the unit cell supplied (CRYST1 record) by the following definition:

If vector a, vector b, vector c describe the crystallographic cell edges, and vector A, vector B, vector C are unit cell vectors in the default orthogonal Angstroms system, then vector A, vector B, vector C and vector a, vector b, vector c have the same origin; vector A is parallel to vector a, vector B is parallel to vector C times vector A, and vector C is parallel to vector a times vector b (i.e., vector c*). * If the orthogonal Angstroms coordinates are X, Y, Z, and the fractional cell coordinates are xfrac, yfrac, zfrac, then:

```
xfrac = S11X + S12Y + S13Z + U1
yfrac = S21X + S22Y + S23Z + U2
zfrac = S31X + S32Y + S33Z + U3
```

* For NMR, fiber diffraction, and EM entries, SCALE is given as an identity matrix with no translation.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The inverse of the determinant of the SCALE matrix equals the volume of the cell. This volume is calculated and compared to the SCALE matrix supplied by the depositor.

Relationships to Other Record Types

The SCALE transformation is related to the CRYST1 record, as the inverse of the determinant of the SCALE matrix equals the cell volume.

1	L 2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1234567890)12345678901	2345678901	23456789012	3456789012345	6789012345	56789012345	67890
SCALE1	0.019231	0.000000	0.000000	0.0000			
SCALE2	0.00000	0.017065	0.000000	0.0000			
SCALE3	0.00000	0.000000	0.016155	0.0000			

MTRIXn

Overview

The MTRIXn (n = 1, 2, or 3) records present transformations expressing non-crystallographic symmetry. MTRIXn will appear only when such transformations are required to generate an entire asymmetric unit, such as a large viral structure.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"MTRIXn"	n=1, 2, or 3
8 - 10	Integer	serial	Serial number.
11 - 20	Real(10.6)	m[n][1]	Mnl
21 - 30	Real(10.6)	m[n][2]	Mn2
31 - 40	Real(10.6)	m[n][3]	Mn 3
46 - 55	Real(10.5)	v[n]	Vn
60	Integer	iGiven	1 if coordinates for the representations which are approximately related by the transformations of the molecule are contained in the entry. Otherwise, blank.

Details

* The MTRIX transformations operate on the coordinates in the entry to yield equivalent representations of the molecule in the same coordinate frame. One trio of MTRIX records with a constant serial number is given for each non-crystallographic symmetry operation defined. If coordinates for the representations which are approximately related by the given transformation are present in the file, the last "iGiven" field is set to 1. Otherwise, this field is blank.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

All MTRIX records are verified using records from the author and review.

Relationships to Other Record Types

None. Example

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
12345678	39012345	6789012345	678901234	56789012345	67890123456	578901234	567890123456	7890
MTRIX1	1 -1.0	00000 0.0	00000 0.	000000	0.00000	1		

MTRIX2	1	0.00000	1.000000	0.00000	0.0000	1
MTRIX3	1	0.000000	0.000000	-1.000000	0.00000	1

9. Coordinate Section

The Coordinate Section contains the collection of atomic coordinates as well as the MODEL and ENDMDL records.

MODEL

Overview

The MODEL record specifies the model serial number when multiple models of the same structure are presented in a single coordinate entry, as is often the case with structures determined by NMR.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"MODEL "	
11 - 14	Integer	serial	Model serial number.

Details

*This record is used only when more than one model appears in an entry. Generally, it is employed mainly for NMR structures. The chemical connectivity should be the same for each model. ATOM, HETATM, ANISOU, and TER records for each model structure and are interspersed as needed between MODEL and ENDMDL records.

*The numbering of models is sequential, beginning with 1.

* All models in a deposition should be superimposed in an appropriate author determined manner and only one superposition method should be used. Structures from different experiments, or different domains of a structure should not be superimposed and deposited as models of a deposition.

* All models in an NMR ensemble should be homogeneous – each model should have the exact same atoms (hydrogen and heavy atoms), sequence and chemistry.

*Deposition of minimized average structure (if available) must be accompanied with ensemble and must be homogeneous with ensemble.

*If a collection contains more than 99,999 total atoms, then more than one entry must be made.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

Entries with multiple models in the NUMMDL record are checked for corresponding pairs of MODEL/ ENDMDL records, and for consecutively numbered models.

Relationships to Other Record Types

Each MODEL must have a corresponding ENDMDL record.

1234567	1 89013	2345	2 67890	123	34567	3 8901234	5678	4 901234567	5	6	1234567	7 890123456	8
MODEL	00012	1	01050.		1007	0901201	0070	501251507	09012313	01050.	1201007	090120100	1050
ATOM	1	Ν	ALA	A	1	11	.104	6.134	-6.504	1.00	0.00		Ν
ATOM	2	CA	ALA	А	1	11	.639	6.071	-5.147	1.00	0.00		С
 ATOM	293	1HG	GLU	А	18	-14	.861	-4.847	0.361	1.00	0.00		Н
ATOM	294	2HG	GLU	A	18	-13	.518	-3.769	0.084	1.00	0.00		Н
TER	295		GLU	А	18								
ENDMDL													
MODEL	000	2		_	1	1.0		6 880	<i>с</i>	1 0 0	0 0 0		
АТОМ АТОМ	296 297	N CA	ALA ALA		1 1		.883		-6.464 -5.142		0.00		N C
-	291	CA	ALA	A	T	11	.451	0.001	-3.142	1.00	0.00		C
ATOM	588	1HG	GLU	A	18	-13	.363	-4.163	-2.372	1.00	0.00		Н
ATOM	589	2HG	GLU	А	18	-12	.634	-3.023	-3.475	1.00	0.00		Н
TER	590		GLU	A	18								
ENDMDL													
	1		2			з		Л	5	6		7	Q
1234567	1 89012	2345	2 67890	123	34567	3 8901234	5678	4 901234567	5 89012345	6	1234567	7 890123456	8
1234567 MODEL		2345 1		123	345678	-	5678	-	-	-	1234567	7 890123456	-
					34567; 1	8901234	5678 .883	901234567	-	678903	1234567 83.80		-
MODEL	89012 1	1 N	67890:	A		8901234 72		901234567 57.697	89012345	678903 0.50			7890
MODEL ATOM	89012 1 2 3	1 N CA C	67890: AALA AALA AALA AALA	A A A	1 1 1	8901234 72 73 74	.883 .796 .549	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551	56.410 56.644 57.997	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05		7890 N C C
MODEL ATOM ATOM	89012 1 2	1 N CA C	67890: AALA AALA	A A A	1 1	8901234 72 73 74	.883 .796	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551	289012345 56.410 56.644	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78		7890 N C
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 1 2 3	1 N CA C	67890: AALA AALA AALA AALA	A A A	1 1 1	8901234 72 73 74	.883 .796 .549	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551	56.410 56.644 57.997	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05		7890 N C C
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 1 2 3	1 N CA C	67890: AALA AALA AALA AALA	A A A	1 1 1	8901234 72 73 74	.883 .796 .549	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551	56.410 56.644 57.997	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05		7890 N C C
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 1 2 3 4	1 N CA C	67890: AALA AALA AALA AALA	A A A	1 1 1	8901234 72 73 74 73	.883 .796 .549 .951	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551	56.410 56.644 57.997	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05		7890 N C C
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM 	89012 1 2 3 4 7900	1 N CA C O	67890: AALA AALA AALA AALA	A A A	1 1 1	8901234 72 73 74 73 -24	.883 .796 .549 .951	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075	678903 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77		7890 N C C O
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM HETATM3 HETATM3	89012 1 2 3 4 7900 7901	1 N CA C O	AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA	A A A	1 1 1 1	8901234 72 73 74 73 -24 -28	.883 .796 .549 .951 .915 .699	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413 147.513	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075 36.413	678903 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77 41.86		7890 N C C O
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM HETATM3 HETATM3 HETATM3 ENDMDL	89012 1 2 3 4 7900 7901	1 N CA C O O	AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AHOH AHOH	A A A	1 1 1 1 490 491	8901234 72 73 74 73 -24 -28	.883 .796 .549 .951 .915 .699	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413 147.513 130.471	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075 36.413 22.248	678903 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77 41.86 36.06		7890 N C C O
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM HETATM3 HETATM3 HETATM3 ENDMDL MODEL	89012 1 2 3 4 7900 7901 7902	1 N CA C O O O O 2	AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AHOH AHOH	A A A	1 1 1 490 491 492	8901234 72 73 74 73 -24 -28 -33	.883 .796 .549 .951 .915 .699 .309	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413 147.513 130.471 184.488	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075 36.413 22.248 26.176	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77 41.86 36.06 15.00		7890 N C C O O
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM HETATM3 HETATM3 HETATM3 ENDMDL MODEL ATOM	89012 1 2 3 4 7900 7901 7901 7902	1 N CA C O O O O O 2 N	67890: AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AHOH AHOH AHOH	A A A A	1 1 1 1 490 491 492	8901234 72 73 74 73 -24 -28 -33 72	.883 .796 .549 .951 .915 .699 .309	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413 147.513 130.471 184.488 57.697	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075 36.413 22.248 26.176 56.410	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77 41.86 36.06 15.00 83.80		7890 N C C O O O O N
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM HETATM3 HETATM3 HETATM3 ENDMDL MODEL ATOM ATOM	89012 1 2 3 4 7900 7901 7902 1 2	1 N CA C O O O O O 2 N	67890: AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AHOH AHOH	A A A A A	1 1 1 1 490 491 492 1	8901234 72 73 74 73 -24 -28 -33 72 73	.883 .796 .549 .951 .915 .699 .309 .883 .796	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413 147.513 130.471 184.488 57.697 56.531	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075 36.413 22.248 26.176 56.410 56.644	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77 41.86 36.06 15.00 83.80 84.78		7890 N C C O O O O O O N C
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM HETATM3 HETATM3 HETATM3 ENDMDL MODEL ATOM	89012 1 2 3 4 7900 7901 7901 7902	1 N CA C 0 0 0 0 2 N CA	67890: AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AHOH AHOH AHOH	A A A A A A	1 1 1 1 490 491 492	8901234 72 73 74 73 -24 -28 -33 72 73 74	.883 .796 .549 .951 .915 .699 .309	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413 147.513 130.471 184.488 57.697	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075 36.413 22.248 26.176 56.410	0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77 41.86 36.06 15.00 83.80		7890 N C C O O O O N
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM HETATM3 HETATM3 HETATM3 ENDMDL MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 1 2 3 4 7900 7901 7902 1 2 3	1 N CA C O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AHOH AHOH	A A A A A A A A	1 1 1 1 490 491 492 1 1 1	8901234 72 73 74 73 74 73 -24 -28 -33 72 73 74 73 74 73	.883 .796 .549 .951 .915 .699 .309 .883 .796 .549	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413 147.513 130.471 184.488 57.697 56.531 56.551	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075 36.413 22.248 26.176 56.410 56.644 57.997	678903 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77 41.86 36.06 15.00 83.80 84.78 85.05		7890 N C C O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM HETATM3 HETATM3 HETATM3 ENDMDL MODEL ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 1 2 3 4 7900 7901 7902 1 2 3 4	1 N CA C O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AALA AAL	A A A A A A A A A	1 1 1 1 490 491 492 1 1 1 1	8901234 72 73 74 73 74 -24 -28 -33 72 73 74 73 74 73 74	.883 .796 .549 .951 .915 .699 .309 .883 .796 .549 .951	901234567 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413 147.513 130.471 184.488 57.697 56.531 56.551 56.413	289012345 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075 36.413 22.248 26.176 56.410 56.644 57.997 59.075	678903 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77 41.86 36.06 15.00 83.80 84.78 85.05 84.77		7890 N C C O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O

ATOM	7	CA	BASP	A	2	76.801	56.651	59.048	0.50 85.67	С
ATOM	8	С	BASP	А	2	76.283	57.361	60.309	0.50 84.80	С

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ATOM

Overview

The ATOM records present the atomic coordinates for standard amino acids and nucleotides. They also present the occupancy and temperature factor for each atom. Non-polymer chemical coordinates use the HETATM record type. The element symbol is always present on each ATOM record; charge is optional.

Changes in ATOM/HETATM records result from the standardization atom and residue nomenclature. This nomenclature is described in the Chemical Component Dictionary (<u>ftp://ftp.wwpdb.org/pub/pdb/data/monomers</u>).

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"ATOM "	
7 - 11	Integer	serial	Atom serial number.
13 - 16	Atom	name	Atom name.
17	Character	altLoc	Alternate location indicator.
18 - 20	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
22	Character	chainID	Chain identifier.
23 - 26	Integer	resSeq	Residue sequence number.
27	AChar	iCode	Code for insertion of residues.
31 - 38	Real(8.3)	Х	Orthogonal coordinates for X in Angstroms.
39 - 46	Real(8.3)	У	Orthogonal coordinates for Y in Angstroms.
47 - 54	Real(8.3)	Z	Orthogonal coordinates for Z in Angstroms.
55 - 60	Real(6.2)	occupancy	Occupancy.
61 - 66	Real(6.2)	tempFactor	Temperature factor.
77 - 78	LString(2)	element	Element symbol, right-justified.
79 - 80	LString(2)	charge	Charge on the atom.

Details

* ATOM records for proteins are listed from amino to carboxyl terminus.

- * Nucleic acid residues are listed from the 5' \rightarrow 3' terminus.
- * No ordering is specified for polysaccharides.

* The list of ATOM records in a chain is terminated by a TER record.

* If more than one model is present in the entry, each model is delimited by MODEL and ENDMDL records.

* If an atom is provided in more than one position, then a non-blank alternate location indicator must be used as the alternate location indicator (Ares, Bres, where res=3-letter code for amino acid) for each of the atomic positions. Within a residue, all atoms that are associated with each other in a given conformation are assigned the same alternate position indicator. There are two ways of representing alternate conformation- either at atom level or at residue level.

* For atoms that are in alternate sites indicated by the alternate site indicator, sorting of atoms in the ATOM/HETATM list uses the following general rules:

- In the simple case that involves a few atoms or a few residues with alternate sites, the coordinates occur one after the other in the entry.
- In the case of a large heterogen groups which are disordered, the atoms for each conformer are listed together.

* The insertion code is commonly used in sequence numbering.

* If the depositor provides the data, then the isotropic B value is given for the temperature factor.

* If there are neither isotropic B values from the depositor, nor anisotropic temperature factors in ANISOU, then the default value of 0.0 is used for the temperature factor.

* Columns 79 - 80 indicate any charge on the atom, e.g., 2+, 1-. In most cases, these are blank.

* For refinements with program REFMAC prior 5.5.0042 which use TLS refinement, the values of B may include only the TLS contribution to the isotropic temperature factor rather than the full isotropic value.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The ATOM/HETATM records are checked for PDB file format, sequence information, and packing. **Relationships to Other Record Types**

The ATOM records are compared to the corresponding sequence database. Sequence discrepancies appear in the SEQADV record. Missing atoms are annotated in the remarks. HETATM records are formatted in the same way as ATOM records. The sequence implied by ATOM records must be

identical to that given in SEQRES, with the exception that residues that have no coordinates, e.g., due to disorder, must appear in SEQRES.

	1		2		3		4	5	6		7	8
1234567		3456		1234						1234567	, 8901234567	-
ATOM	32	Ν	AARG	A	-3	11.281	86.699	94.383	0 50	35.88		N
ATOM	33	N	BARG		-3	11.296	86.721	94.521		35.60		N
ATOM	34		AARG		-3	12.353	85.696	94.456		36.67		С
ATOM	35	-	BARG		-3	12.333	85.862	95.041		36.42		C
ATOM	36	С	AARG		-3	13.559	86.257	95.222		37.37		С
ATOM	37	С	BARG		-3	12.759	86.530	96.365		36.39		С
ATOM	38	0	AARG		-3	13.753	87.471	95.270		37.74		0
ATOM	39	0	BARG		-3	12.924	87.757	96.420		37.26		0
ATOM	40	СВ	AARG	A	-3	12.774	85.306	93.039	0.50	37.25		С
ATOM	41	СВ	BARG	А	-3	13.428	85.746	93.980	0.50	36.60		С
ATOM	42	CG	AARG	А	-3	11.754	84.432	92.321	0.50	38.44		С
ATOM	43	CG	BARG	А	-3	12.866	85.172	92.651	0.50	37.31		С
ATOM	44	CD	AARG	А	-3	11.698	84.678	90.815	0.50	38.51		С
ATOM	45	CD	BARG	А	-3	13.374	85.886	91.406	0.50	37.66		С
ATOM	46	NE	AARG	А	-3	12.984	84.447	90.163	0.50	39.94		N
ATOM	47	NE	BARG	А	-3	12.644	85.487	90.195	0.50	38.24		N
MOTA	48	СΖ	AARG	А	-3	13.202	84.534	88.850	0.50	40.03		С
ATOM	49	СZ	BARG	А	-3	13.114	85.582	88.947	0.50	39.55		С
ATOM	50	NHI	AARG	А	-3	12.218	84.840	88.007	0.50	40.76		N
ATOM	51	NHI	BARG	А	-3	14.338	86.056	88.706	0.50	40.23		N
ATOM	52	NH2	2AARG	А	-3	14.421	84.308	88.373	0.50	40.45		N
	1		2		3		4	5	6		7	8
	89012	3456	578903		45678901	23456789	01234567	89012345	678901		7 8901234567	-
ATOM	89012 32	Ν	578901 AARG	A	45678901 -3	23456789 11.281	01234567 86.699	89012345 94.383	678902 0.50	35.88	8901234567	890 N
ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33	N CA	678901 AARG AARG	A A	45678901 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353	01234567 86.699 85.696	289012345 94.383 94.456	678901 0.50 0.50	35.88 36.67	8901234567	890 N C
АТОМ АТОМ АТОМ	89012 32 33 34	N CA C	578902 AARG AARG AARG AARG	A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50	35.88 36.67 37.37	8901234567	890 N C C
ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35	N CA C O	578902 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG	A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74	8901234567	890 N C C O
ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36	N CA C O CB	578903 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG	A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25	8901234567	890 N C C O C
ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37	N CA C O CB CG	578903 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG	A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321	678903 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44	8901234567	890 N C C C C C
ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	N CA C O CB CG CD	578903 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG	A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C
ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	N CA O CB CG CD NE	578903 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C N
ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ	578903 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C N C
ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NHJ	AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG	A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840	89012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007	678903 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76	8901234567	890 N C C C C C N N
ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NHI	578902 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840 84.308	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C N N N N
ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	N CA C O CB CG CD NE CZ NH2 NH2	578902 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840 84.308 86.721	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C N N N N
ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NH1 NH2 N CA	578903 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296 12.333	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840 84.308 86.721 85.862	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521 95.041	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60 36.42	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C C N C N N N C
ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NHI NHI CA C	578902 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296 12.333 12.759	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.534 84.840 84.308 86.721 85.862 86.530	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521 95.041 96.365	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60 36.42 36.39	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C C N N C N N N C C
ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NH CA C C O	57890 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296 12.333 12.759 12.924	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840 84.308 86.721 85.862 86.530 87.757	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521 95.041 96.365 96.420	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60 36.42 36.39 37.26	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C C C N C N N N C C O
ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NH1 NH2 N CA C O CB	AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296 12.333 12.759 12.924 13.428	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840 84.308 86.721 85.862 86.530 87.757 85.746	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521 95.041 96.365 96.420 93.980	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60 36.42 36.39 37.26 36.60	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C C N C N N N C C O C C O C C C C
ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NH1 NH2 N CA C CB CB CG	AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296 12.333 12.759 12.924 13.428 12.866	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840 84.308 86.721 85.862 86.530 87.757 85.746 85.172	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521 95.041 96.365 96.420 93.980 92.651	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60 36.42 36.39 37.26 36.60 37.31	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C C N N C C C C C C C C C
ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NH1 NH2 N CA C CB CB CG CD	578903 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296 12.333 12.759 12.924 13.428 12.866 13.374	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840 84.308 86.721 85.862 86.530 87.757 85.746 85.172 85.886	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521 95.041 95.041 96.365 96.420 93.980 92.651 91.406	678902 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.50 0.	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60 36.42 36.39 37.26 36.60 37.31 37.66	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C C N N N C C C C C C C C
ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NH2 N CA C C CB CG CD NE	578901 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296 12.333 12.759 12.924 13.428 12.866 13.374 12.644	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.308 86.721 85.862 86.530 87.757 85.746 85.172 85.886 85.487	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521 95.041 95.041 96.365 96.420 93.980 92.651 91.406 90.195	67890 0.5	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60 36.42 36.39 37.26 36.60 37.31 37.66 38.24	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C C C N N N C C C C C C N N N C C N C N C C N C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N C C C N N C C C N N C C C N N C C C N N C C C N N C C C N N N C C C N N N C C C N N N C C C N N N N C C C N
ATOM ATOM	89012 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	N CA C CB CG CD NE CZ NH2 N CA C CA C CB CG CD NE CZ	578903 AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AARG AAR	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	45678901 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3 -3	23456789 11.281 12.353 13.559 13.753 12.774 11.754 11.698 12.984 13.202 12.218 14.421 11.296 12.333 12.759 12.924 13.428 12.866 13.374	01234567 86.699 85.696 86.257 87.471 85.306 84.432 84.678 84.447 84.534 84.840 84.308 86.721 85.862 86.530 87.757 85.746 85.172 85.886	289012345 94.383 94.456 95.222 95.270 93.039 92.321 90.815 90.163 88.850 88.007 88.373 94.521 95.041 95.041 96.365 96.420 93.980 92.651 91.406	67890 0.5	35.88 36.67 37.37 37.74 37.25 38.44 38.51 39.94 40.03 40.76 40.45 35.60 36.42 36.39 37.26 36.60 37.31 37.66	8901234567	890 N C C C C C C C N N N C C C C C C C C

ANISOU

Overview

The ANISOU records present the anisotropic temperature factors.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"ANISOU"	
7 - 11	Integer	serial	Atom serial number.
13 - 16	Atom	name	Atom name.
17	Character	altLoc	Alternate location indicator
18 - 20	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
22	Character	chainID	Chain identifier.
23 - 26	Integer	resSeq	Residue sequence number.
27	AChar	iCode	Insertion code.
29 - 35	Integer	u[0][0]	U(1,1)
36 - 42	Integer	u[1][1]	U(2,2)
43 - 49	Integer	u[2][2]	U(3,3)
50 - 56	Integer	u[0][1]	U(1,2)
57 - 63	Integer	u[0][2]	U(1,3)
64 - 70	Integer	u[1][2]	U(2,3)
77 - 78	LString(2)	element	Element symbol, right-justified.
79 - 80	LString(2)	charge	Charge on the atom.

Details

* Columns 7 - 27 and 73 - 80 are identical to the corresponding ATOM/HETATM record.

* The anisotropic temperature factors (columns 29 - 70) are scaled by a factor of 10**4

(Angstroms**2) and are presented as integers.

* The anisotropic temperature factors are stored in the same coordinate frame as the atomic coordinate records.

* ANISOU values are listed only if they have been provided by the depositor.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The depositor provides ANISOU records, and the wwPDB verifies their format.

Relationships to Other Record Types

The anisotropic temperature factors are related to the corresponding ATOM/HETATM isotropic temperature factors as ,B(eq), as described in the ATOM and HETATM sections.

Example

	1		2		3	4	5		6	7	8
1234567	89012	3456	78901	234567	89012345	6789012	34567890	12345678	8901234	56789012	34567890
ATOM	107	Ν	GLY .	A 13	12.	681 37	.302 -25	.211 1.0	000 15.	56	Ν
ANISOU	107	Ν	GLY .	A 13	2406	1892	1614	198	519	-328	N
ATOM	108	CA	GLY .	A 13	11.	982 37	.996 -26	.241 1.0	000 16.	92	С
ANISOU	108	CA	GLY .	A 13	2748	2004	1679	-21	155	-419	С
ATOM	109	С	GLY .	A 13	11.	678 39	.447 -26	.008 1.0	000 15.	73	С
ANISOU	109	С	GLY .	A 13	2555	1955	1468	87	357	-109	С
ATOM	110	0	GLY .	A 13	11.	444 40	.201 -26	.971 1.0	000 20.	93	0
ANISOU	110	0	GLY .	A 13	3837	2505	1611	164	-121	189	0
MOTA	111	Ν	ASN .	A 14	11.	608 39	.863 -24	.755 1.0	000 13.	68	Ν
ANISOU	111	Ν	ASN .	A 14	2059	1674	1462	27	244	-96	Ν

Relationships to Other Record Types

The standard deviations for the anisotropic temperature factors are related to the corresponding ATOM/ HETATM ANISOU temperature factors.

	1		2		3	4	5		6	7	8
1234567	89012	3456	7890123	34567	890123456	7890123	45678901	2345678	9012345	567890123	4567890
MOTA	107	Ν	GLY A	13	12.6	81 37.	302 -25.	211 1.0	00 15.5	56	Ν
ANISOU	107	Ν	GLY A	13	2406	1892	1614	198	519	-328	Ν
SIGUIJ	107	Ν	GLY A	13	10	10	10	10	10	10	Ν
ATOM	108	CA	GLY A	13	11.9	82 37.	996 -26.	241 1.0	00 16.9	92	С
ANISOU	108	CA	GLY A	13	2748	2004	1679	-21	155	-419	С
SIGUIJ	108	CA	GLY A	13	10	10	10	10	10	10	С
ATOM	109	С	GLY A	13	11.6	78 39.	447 -26.	008 1.0	00 15.	73	С
ANISOU	109	С	GLY A	13	2555	1955	1468	87	357	-109	С
SIGUIJ	109	С	GLY A	13	10	10	10	10	10	10	С

ATOM	110	0	GLY A	13	11.444	40.201 -26	5.971 1.	000 20.9	93	0
ANISOU	110	0	GLY A	13	3837 25	05 1611	164	-121	189	0
SIGUIJ	110	0	GLY A	13	10	10 10	10	10	10	0
ATOM	111	Ν	ASN A	14	11.608	39.863 -24	1.755 1.	000 13.6	58	Ν
ANISOU	111	Ν	ASN A	14	2059 16	74 1462	27	244	-96	Ν
SIGUIJ	111	Ν	ASN A	14	10	10 10	10	10	10	Ν

TER

Overview

The TER record indicates the end of a list of ATOM/HETATM records for a chain.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"TER "	
7 - 11	Integer	serial	Serial number.
18 - 20	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
22	Character	chainID	Chain identifier.
23 - 26	Integer	resSeq	Residue sequence number.
27	AChar	iCode	Insertion code.

Details

* Every chain of ATOM/HETATM records presented on SEQRES records is terminated with a TER record.

* The TER records occur in the coordinate section of the entry, and indicate the last residue presented for each polypeptide and/or nucleic acid chain for which there are determined coordinates. For proteins, the residue defined on the TER record is the carboxy-terminal residue; for nucleic acids it is the 3'-terminal residue.

* For a cyclic molecule, the choice of termini is arbitrary.

* Terminal oxygen atoms are presented as OXT for proteins, and as O5' or OP3 for nucleic acids. These atoms are present only if the last residue in the polymer is truly the last residue in the SEQRES.

* The TER record has the same residue name, chain identifier, sequence number and insertion code as the terminal residue. The serial number of the TER record is one number greater than the serial number of the ATOM/HETATM preceding the TER.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

TER must appear at the terminal carboxyl end or 3' end of a chain. For proteins, there is usually a terminal oxygen, labeled OXT. The validation program checks for the occurrence of TER and OXT records.

Relationships to Other Record Types

The residue name appearing on the TER record must be the same as the residue name of the immediately preceding ATOM or non-water HETATM record. **Example**

1		2		3	4	5	6	7	8
12345678901	234567	789012	345678	90123456789	901234567	89012345	678901	234567890	1234567890
ATOM 601	. N	LEU A	75	-17.070	-16.002	2.409	1.00	55.63	Ν
ATOM 602	2 CA	LEU A	75	-16.343	-16.746	3.444	1.00	55.50	С
ATOM 603	3 C	LEU A	75	-16.499	-18.263	3.300	1.00	55.55	С
ATOM 604	l 0	LEU A	75	-16.645	-18.789	2.195	1.00	55.50	0
ATOM 605	5 CB	LEU A	75	-16.776	-16.283	4.844	1.00	55.51	С
TER 606	5	LEU A	75						
ATOM 1185	5 0	LEU B	75	26.292	-4.310	16.940	1.00	55.45	0
ATOM 1186	5 CB	LEU B	75	23.881	-1.551	16.797	1.00	55.32	С
TER 1187	7	LEU B	75						
HETATM 1188	8 H2	SRT A	1076	-17.263	11.260	28.634	1.00	59.62	Н
HETATM 1189) HA	SRT A	1076	-19.347	11.519	28.341	1.00	59.42	Н
HETATM 1190) НЗ	SRT A	1076	-17.157	14.303	28.677	1.00	58.00	Н
HETATM 1191	. HB	SRT A	1076	-15.110	13.610	28.816	1.00	57.77	Н
HETATM 1192	2 01	SRT A	1076	-17.028	11.281	31.131	1.00	62.63	0
ATOM 295	5 HB2	ALA A	18	4.601	-9.393	7.275	1.00	0.00	Н
ATOM 296	5 HB3	ALA A	18	3.340	-9.147	6.043	1.00	0.00	Н
TER 297	7	ALA A	18						
ENDMDL									

HETATM

Overview

Non-polymer or other "non-standard" chemical coordinates, such as water molecules or atoms presented in HET groups use the HETATM record type. They also present the occupancy and temperature factor for each atom. The ATOM records present the atomic coordinates for standard residues. The element symbol is always present on each HETATM record; charge is optional.

Changes in ATOM/HETATM records will require standardization in atom and residue nomenclature. This nomenclature is described in the Chemical Component Dictionary, http://ftp.wwpdb.org/pub/pdb/data/monomers.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"HETATM"	
7 - 11	Integer	serial	Atom serial number.
13 - 16	Atom	name	Atom name.
17	Character	altLoc	Alternate location indicator.
18 - 20	Residue name	resName	Residue name.
22	Character	chainID	Chain identifier.
23 - 26	Integer	resSeq	Residue sequence number.
27	AChar	iCode	Code for insertion of residues.
31 - 38	Real(8.3)	х	Orthogonal coordinates for X.
39 - 46	Real(8.3)	У	Orthogonal coordinates for Y.
47 - 54	Real(8.3)	Z	Orthogonal coordinates for Z.
55 - 60	Real(6.2)	occupancy	Occupancy.
61 - 66	Real(6.2)	tempFactor	Temperature factor.
77 - 78	LString(2)	element	Element symbol; right-justified.
79 - 80	LString(2)	charge	Charge on the atom.

Details

* The x, y, z coordinates are in Angstrom units.

* No ordering is specified for polysaccharides.

* See the HET section of this document regarding naming of heterogens. See the Chemical Component Dictionary for residue names, formulas, and topology of the HET groups that have appeared so far in the PDB (see ftp://ftp.wwpdb.org/pub/pdb/data/monomers).

* If the depositor provides the data, then the isotropic B value is given for the temperature factor.

* If there are neither isotropic B values provided by the depositor, nor anisotropic temperature factors in ANISOU, then the default value of 0.0 is used for the temperature factor.

* Insertion codes and element naming are fully described in the ATOM section of this document.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

Processing programs check ATOM/HETATM records for PDB file format, sequence information, and packing.

Relationships to Other Record Types

HETATM records must have corresponding HET, HETNAM, FORMUL and CONECT records, except for waters.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8
1234567890123456	5789012345678	39012345678	901234567	789012345	67890123456	78901234567890
HETATM 8237 MG	MG A1001	13.872	-2.555	-29.045	1.00 27.36	MG
HETATM 3835 FE	HEM A 1	17.140	3.115	15.066	1.00 14.14	FE
HETATM 8238 S	SO4 A2001	10.885	-15.746	-14.404	1.00 47.84	S
HETATM 8239 01	SO4 A2001	11.191	-14.833	-15.531	1.00 50.12	0
HETATM 8240 O2	SO4 A2001	9.576	-16.338	-14.706	1.00 48.55	0
HETATM 8241 03	SO4 A2001	11.995	-16.703	-14.431	1.00 49.88	0
HETATM 8242 04	SO4 A2001	10.932	-15.073	-13.100	1.00 49.91	0

ENDMDL

Overview

The ENDMDL records are paired with MODEL records to group individual structures found in a coordinate entry.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"ENDMDL"	

Details

* MODEL/ENDMDL records are used only when more than one structure is presented in the entry, as is often the case with NMR entries.

* All the models in a multi-model entry must represent the same structure.

* Every MODEL record has an associated ENDMDL record.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

Entries with multiple structures in the EXPDTA record are checked for corresponding pairs of MODEL/ ENDMDL records, and for consecutively numbered models.

Relationships to Other Record Types

There must be a corresponding MODEL record.

In the case of an NMR entry, the EXPDTA record states the number of model structures that are present in the individual entry.

```
3
                                     4
                                               5
                                                         6
                                                                            8
        1
                  2
                                                                  7
123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
. . .
. . .
                             -14.364 14.787 -14.258 1.00 0.00
ATOM 14550 1HG GLU
                    122
                                                                          Η
ATOM 14551 2HG GLU 122
                             -13.794 13.738 -12.961 1.00 0.00
                                                                          Η
     14552
                GLU
                     122
TER
ENDMDL
            9
MODEL
                      1
ATOM 14553 N SER
                           -28.280 1.567 12.004 1.00 0.00
                                                                          Ν
                      1
                            -27.749 0.392 11.256 1.00 0.00
ATOM 14554 CA SER
                                                                          С
. . .
```

ATOM 16369 1HG GLU 122 -3.757 18.546 -8.439 1.00 0.00 H ATOM 16370 2HG GLU 122 -3.066 17.166 -7.584 1.00 0.00 H TER 16371 GLU 122 ENDMDL

10. Connectivity Section

This section provides information on atomic connectivity. LINK, SSBOND, and CISPEP are found in the Connectivity Annotation section.

CONECT

Overview

The CONECT records specify connectivity between atoms for which coordinates are supplied. The connectivity is described using the atom serial number as shown in the entry. CONECT records are mandatory for HET groups (excluding water) and for other bonds not specified in the standard residue connectivity table. These records are generated automatically.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"CONECT"	
7 - 11	Integer	serial	Atom serial number
12 - 16	Integer	serial	Serial number of bonded atom
17 - 21	Integer	serial	Serial number of bonded atom
22 - 26	Integer	serial	Serial number of bonded atom
27 - 31	Integer	serial	Serial number of bonded atom

Details

* CONECT records are present for:

- Intra-residue connectivity within non-standard (HET) residues (excluding water).
- Inter-residue connectivity of HET groups to standard groups (including water) or to other HET groups.
- Disulfide bridges specified in the SSBOND records have corresponding records.

* No differentiation is made between atoms with delocalized charges (excess negative or positive

charge).

* Atoms specified in the CONECT records have the same numbers as given in the coordinate section.

* All atoms connected to the atom with serial number in columns 7 - 11 are listed in the remaining fields of the record.

* If more than four fields are required for non-hydrogen and non-salt bridges, a second CONECT record with the same atom serial number in columns 7 - 11 will be used.

* These CONECT records occur in increasing order of the atom serial numbers they carry in columns 7 - 11. The target-atom serial numbers carried on these records also occur in increasing order.

* The connectivity list given here is redundant in that each bond indicated is given twice, once with each of the two atoms involved specified in columns 7 - 11.

* For hydrogen bonds, when the hydrogen atom is present in the coordinates, a CONECT record between the hydrogen atom and its acceptor atom is generated.

* For NMR entries, CONECT records for one model are generated describing heterogen connectivity and others for LINK records assuming that all models are homogeneous models.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

Connectivity is checked for unusual bond lengths.

Relationships to Other Record Types

CONECT records must be present in an entry that contains either non-standard groups or disulfide bonds.

Example

```
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
12345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890123456789012345678901234567890
CONECT 1179 746 1184 1195 1203
CONECT 1179 1211 1222
CONECT 1021 544 1017 1020 1022 1211 1222 1311
```

Known Problems

CONECT records involving atoms for which the coordinates are not present in the entry (e.g., symmetry-generated) are not given.

CONECT records involving atoms for which the coordinates are missing due to disorder, are also not provided.

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11. Bookkeeping Section

The Bookkeeping Section provides some final information about the file itself.

MASTER

Overview

The MASTER record is a control record for bookkeeping. It lists the number of lines in the coordinate entry or file for selected record types.

Record Format

COLUMNS	DATA TYPE	FIELD	DEFINITION
1 - 6	Record name	"MASTER"	
11 - 15	Integer	numRemark	Number of REMARK records
16 - 20	Integer	"0"	
21 - 25	Integer	numHet	Number of HET records
26 - 30	Integer	numHelix	Number of HELIX records
31 - 35	Integer	numSheet	Number of SHEET records
36 - 40	Integer	numTurn	deprecated
41 - 45	Integer	numSite	Number of SITE records
46 - 50	Integer	numXform	Number of coordinate transformation records (ORIGX+SCALE+MTRIX)
51 - 55	Integer	numCoord	Number of atomic coordinate records records (ATOM+HETATM)
56 - 60	Integer	numTer	Number of TER records
61 - 65	Integer	numConect	Number of CONECT records
66 - 70	Integer	numSeq	Number of SEQRES records

Details

* MASTER gives checksums of the number of records in the entry, for selected record types.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

The MASTER line is automatically generated.

Relationships to Other Record Types

MASTER presents a checksum of the lines present for each of the record types listed above.

1	-	2		3		4		5	6		7	8
1234567890	1234567	89012	34567	89012	34567	89012	34567	8901234	5678901	23456	789012	34567890
MASTER	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	6 293	30 2	0	29	

END

Overview

The END record marks the end of the PDB file.

Record Format

COLUMNS DATA TYPE FIELD DEFINITION 1 - 6 Record name "END "

Details

* END is the final record of a coordinate entry.

Verification/Validation/Value Authority Control

END must appear in every coordinate entry.

Relationships to Other Record Types

This is the final record in the entry.