



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report

Feb 27, 2014 – 01:07 AM GMT

PDB ID : 3GD9  
Title : Crystal structure of laminaripentaose-producing beta-1,3-glucanase in complex with laminaritetraose  
Authors : Wu, H.M.; Hsu, M.T.; Liu, S.W.; Lai, C.C.; Li, Y.K.; Wang, W.C.  
Deposited on : 2009-02-23  
Resolution : 1.80 Å (reported)

This is a full wwPDB validation report for a publicly released PDB entry.  
We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)  
A user guide is available at <http://wwpdb.org/ValidationPDFNotes.html>

---

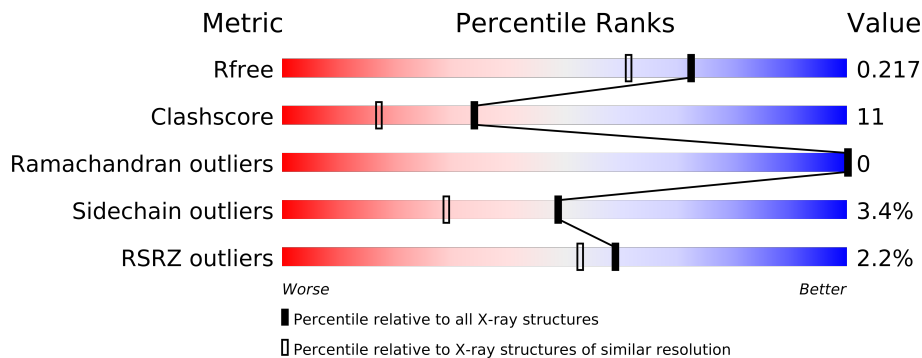
The following versions of software and data (see [references](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.15 2013  
Xtriage (Phenix) : dev-1323  
EDS : stable22639  
Percentile statistics : 21963  
Refmac : 5.8.0049  
CCP4 : 6.3.0 (Settle)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et. al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : stable22683

# 1 Overall quality at a glance


The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	66092	3513 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	79885	4461 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	78287	4404 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	78261	4403 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	66119	3515 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	367	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3454 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogen and 0 are deuterium.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Laminaripentaose-producingbeta-1,3-guluase (LPHase).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	362	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2757	1733	497	521	6			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	35	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9Z4I2

- Molecule 2 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (4-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	4	Total	C	O	0	0
			45	24	21		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	35	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q9Z4I2

- Molecule 3 is water.

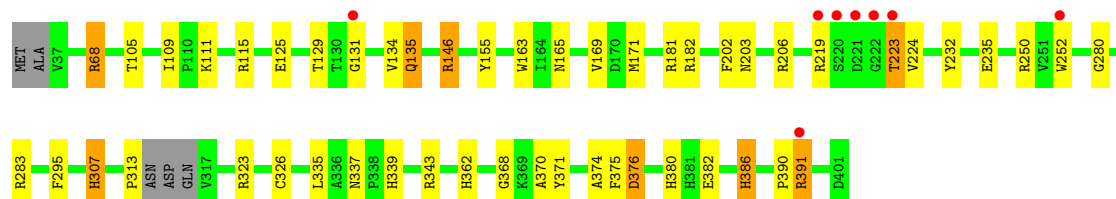
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	652	Total	O	0	0
			652	652		

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Laminaripentaose-producingbeta-1,3-guluae (LPHase)

Chain A: 



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	45.98Å 60.35Å 149.12Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 1.80 29.58 – 1.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.0 (30.00-1.80) 97.0 (29.58-1.80)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.04	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	17.11 (at 1.80Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.166 , 0.217 0.170 , 0.217	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1919 reflections (5.29%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.059	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.38 , 55.8	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 38199 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3454	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.53% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, BGC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.68	0/2835	0.54	0/3871

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
2	A	2	0
All	All	2	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	A	3	BGC	C1
2	A	4	BGC	C1

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	111	LYS	Peptide

### 5.2 Close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogens

added by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, and the number in parentheses is this value normalized per 1000 atoms of the molecule in the chain. The Symm-Clashes column gives symmetry related clashes, in the same way as for the Clashes column.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2757	0	2647	60	0
2	A	45	0	39	3	0
3	A	652	0	0	20	0
All	All	3454	0	2686	60	0

Clashscore is defined as the number of clashes calculated for the entry per 1000 atoms (including hydrogens) of the entry. The overall clashscore for this entry is 11.

All (60) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Distance(Å)	Clash(Å)
1:A:171:MET:SD	3:A:630:HOH:O	1.94	1.21
1:A:68:ARG:HG2	1:A:68:ARG:HH11	0.99	1.11
1:A:146:ARG:HD2	1:A:146:ARG:O	1.55	1.04
1:A:146:ARG:HD2	1:A:146:ARG:C	1.81	1.01
1:A:252:TRP:HZ3	1:A:280:GLY:O	1.45	0.98
1:A:146:ARG:CD	1:A:146:ARG:O	2.14	0.94
1:A:326:CYS:SG	3:A:631:HOH:O	2.27	0.92
1:A:68:ARG:NH1	1:A:68:ARG:HG2	1.81	0.91
1:A:68:ARG:CG	1:A:68:ARG:HH11	1.85	0.89
1:A:146:ARG:HH11	1:A:146:ARG:CG	1.91	0.84
1:A:125:GLU:HG3	3:A:824:HOH:O	1.81	0.81
1:A:252:TRP:CZ3	1:A:280:GLY:O	2.32	0.80
1:A:252:TRP:HH2	1:A:295:PHE:O	1.65	0.79
1:A:219:ARG:HG3	1:A:223:THR:HB	1.63	0.79
1:A:146:ARG:CD	1:A:146:ARG:C	2.51	0.78
1:A:326:CYS:CB	3:A:631:HOH:O	2.30	0.78
1:A:182:ARG:NH2	3:A:648:HOH:O	2.18	0.76
1:A:146:ARG:HH11	1:A:146:ARG:HG2	1.49	0.76
1:A:235:GLU:OE1	3:A:634:HOH:O	2.05	0.73
1:A:202:PHE:CE1	1:A:224:VAL:HG11	2.26	0.70
1:A:362:HIS:HE1	1:A:376:ASP:OD2	1.77	0.68
1:A:146:ARG:HD3	1:A:146:ARG:O	1.95	0.64
1:A:252:TRP:CH2	1:A:295:PHE:O	2.50	0.63
1:A:326:CYS:HB3	3:A:631:HOH:O	1.97	0.61
1:A:203:ASN:HD22	1:A:206:ARG:HH12	1.47	0.61
1:A:182:ARG:NH2	3:A:1003:HOH:O	2.35	0.59
1:A:386:HIS:HB3	3:A:620:HOH:O	2.02	0.59
1:A:283:ARG:NH2	3:A:595:HOH:O	2.36	0.59

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Distance(Å)	Clash(Å)
1:A:169:VAL:HG21	2:A:3:BGC:H6C1	1.85	0.58
1:A:202:PHE:CD1	1:A:224:VAL:HG11	2.38	0.58
1:A:362:HIS:HD2	1:A:368:GLY:O	1.86	0.57
1:A:146:ARG:CG	1:A:146:ARG:NH1	2.58	0.56
1:A:182:ARG:CZ	3:A:648:HOH:O	2.53	0.53
1:A:134:VAL:O	3:A:935:HOH:O	2.19	0.53
1:A:135:GLN:NE2	3:A:482:HOH:O	2.39	0.52
1:A:313:PRO:C	3:A:623:HOH:O	2.48	0.51
1:A:219:ARG:HG3	1:A:223:THR:O	2.09	0.51
1:A:390:PRO:O	1:A:391:ARG:CB	2.58	0.51
1:A:165:ASN:OD1	1:A:165:ASN:C	2.50	0.50
1:A:163:TRP:CD2	2:A:1:GLC:H5	2.47	0.50
1:A:232:TYR:HA	1:A:235:GLU:HG3	1.94	0.49
1:A:181:ARG:O	1:A:390:PRO:O	2.31	0.48
1:A:105:THR:HG21	3:A:947:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:109:ILE:CG2	1:A:155:TYR:CE2	2.97	0.47
1:A:163:TRP:CE2	1:A:386:HIS:CD2	3.04	0.46
1:A:390:PRO:O	1:A:391:ARG:HD2	2.16	0.46
1:A:374:ALA:CB	2:A:4:BGC:H6C1	2.45	0.45
1:A:115:ARG:NH1	1:A:135:GLN:HG3	2.32	0.44
1:A:337:ASN:ND2	1:A:339:HIS:H	2.16	0.44
1:A:362:HIS:CE1	1:A:376:ASP:OD2	2.64	0.42
1:A:125:GLU:HG2	3:A:1009:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:235:GLU:HG2	3:A:756:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:323:ARG:HG2	1:A:375:PHE:CZ	2.54	0.42
1:A:370:ALA:O	1:A:382:GLU:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:129:THR:HG23	1:A:131:GLY:H	1.84	0.41
1:A:219:ARG:HD2	3:A:939:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:A:307:HIS:HD2	3:A:476:HOH:O	2.04	0.41
1:A:380:HIS:HD2	3:A:881:HOH:O	2.03	0.41
1:A:109:ILE:HG21	1:A:155:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.41
1:A:250:ARG:HB3	1:A:335:LEU:HD11	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries

of similar resolution. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	358/367 (98%)	348 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	290/294 (99%)	280 (97%)	10 (3%)	49	29

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	68	ARG
1	A	135	GLN
1	A	146	ARG
1	A	223	THR
1	A	307	HIS
1	A	343	ARG
1	A	371	TYR
1	A	376	ASP
1	A	386	HIS
1	A	391	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	108	GLN
1	A	203	ASN
1	A	214	ASN
1	A	307	HIS
1	A	337	ASN
1	A	362	HIS
1	A	380	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA chains in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

4 carbohydrates are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	GLC	A	1	2	12,12,12	0.87	0	17,17,17	2.25	5 (29%)
2	BGC	A	2	2	10,11,12	0.72	0	11,15,17	1.60	3 (27%)
2	BGC	A	3	2	10,11,12	0.56	0	11,15,17	1.45	2 (18%)
2	BGC	A	4	2	10,11,12	0.59	0	11,15,17	1.23	2 (18%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	A	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	A	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	A	3	2	1/1/4/5	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	A	4	2	1/1/4/5	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	1	GLC	O5-C1-C2	6.03	119.20	109.86
2	A	1	GLC	C1-C2-C3	3.73	116.45	110.53
2	A	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	3.63	119.91	113.40
2	A	3	BGC	O3-C3-C2	-3.26	103.96	109.94
2	A	2	BGC	O3-C3-C2	-2.89	104.66	109.94
2	A	2	BGC	O5-C5-C4	-2.72	107.20	110.65
2	A	2	BGC	O3-C3-C4	-2.37	105.03	110.35
2	A	1	GLC	O3-C3-C2	-2.31	105.16	110.35
2	A	3	BGC	O3-C3-C4	-2.27	105.27	110.35
2	A	1	GLC	O5-C5-C4	2.18	113.80	109.76
2	A	4	BGC	C3-C4-C5	2.17	114.07	110.20
2	A	4	BGC	C6-C5-C4	-2.01	108.14	113.00

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	A	3	BGC	C1
2	A	4	BGC	C1

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	362/367 (98%)	-0.21	8 (2%) 59 53	7, 14, 24, 44	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	221	ASP	3.7
1	A	220	SER	3.4
1	A	223	THR	3.1
1	A	391	ARG	2.8
1	A	222	GLY	2.8
1	A	219	ARG	2.8
1	A	252	TRP	2.6
1	A	131	GLY	2.3

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	GLC	A	1	12/12	0.27	8.66	25,27,28,29	0
2	BGC	A	2	11/12	0.24	6.16	21,22,24,26	0

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	BGC	A	4	11/12	0.18	5.04	29,30,31,31	0
2	BGC	A	3	11/12	0.10	0.30	20,22,23,25	0

## 6.4 Ligands

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.