



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report

Feb 27, 2014 – 07:35 AM GMT

PDB ID : 3OOG  
Title : human cAMP-dependent protein kinase in complex with a small fragment  
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Deposited on : 2010-08-31  
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB validation summary report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at <http://wwpdb.org/ValidationPDFNotes.html>

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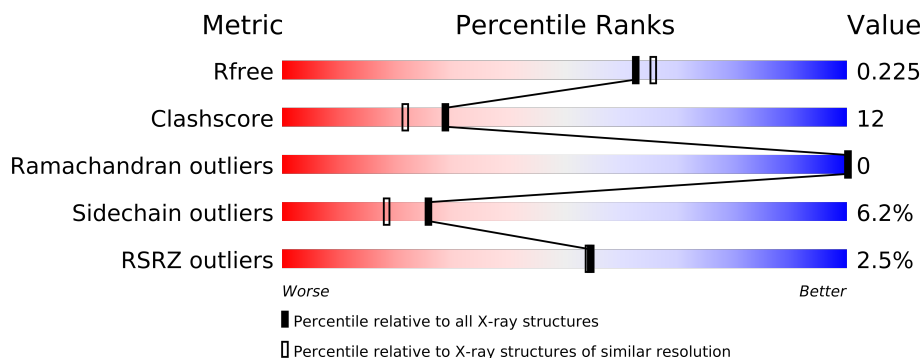
The following versions of software and data (see [references](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.15 2013  
Xtriage (Phenix) : dev-1323  
EDS : stable22639  
Percentile statistics : 21963  
Refmac : 5.8.0049  
CCP4 : 6.3.0 (Settle)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et. al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : stable22683

# 1 Overall quality at a glance



The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	66092	4888 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	79885	6188 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	78287	6102 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	78261	6100 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	66119	4890 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	351	
2	B	20	

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2947 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogen and 0 are deuterium.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

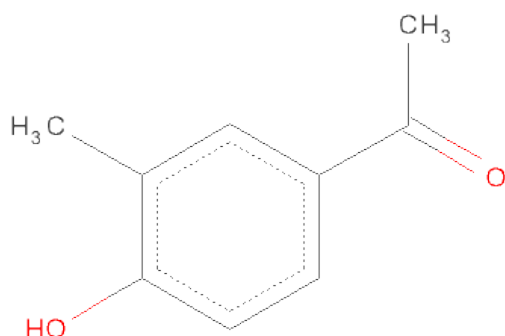
- Molecule 1 is a protein called cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	335	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	1	0
			2659	1726	450	473	2	8			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called cAMP-dependent protein kinase inhibitor alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	18	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			138	84	28	26			

- Molecule 3 is 1-(4-HYDROXY-3-METHYLPHENYL)ETHANONE (three-letter code: YTP) (formula: C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	9	2		

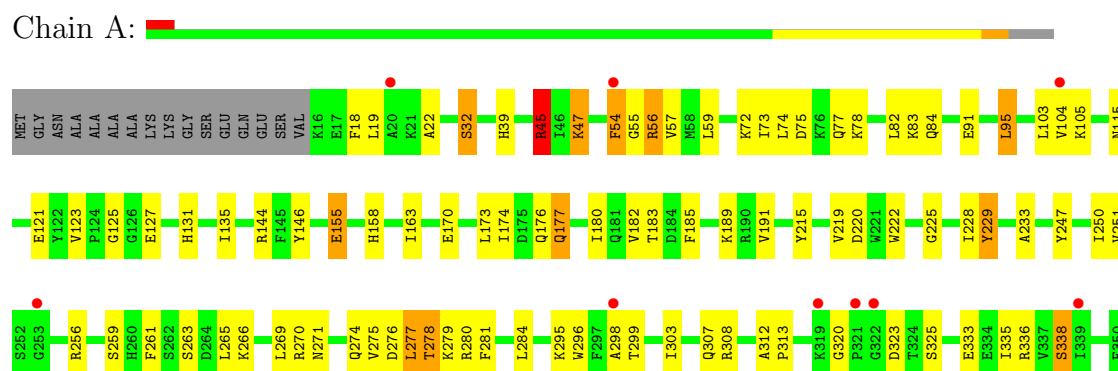
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	122	Total 122	O 122	0	0
4	B	17	Total 17	O 17	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $\text{RSRZ} > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha



- Molecule 2: cAMP-dependent protein kinase inhibitor alpha



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	72.22Å 75.82Å 79.96Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 2.00 36.11 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.5 (10.00-2.00) 95.9 (36.11-2.00)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	4.19 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.219 , 0.276 0.211 , 0.225	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1428 reflections (5.19%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.331	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 56.4	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	0.017 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
L-test for twinning	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	0 of 28956 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2947	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.25% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO, YTP, SEP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.34	0/2708	0.93	4/3670 (0.1%)
2	B	0.33	0/139	1.00	0/186
All	All	0.34	0/2847	0.94	4/3856 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	39	HIS	CA-CB-CG	7.59	126.50	113.60
1	A	229	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	6.50	124.90	121.00
1	A	45	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	6.35	132.49	123.60
1	A	45	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.80	123.20	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	338	SEP	Mainchain

## 5.2 Close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogens added by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, and the number in parentheses is this value normalized per 1000 atoms of the molecule in the chain. The Symm-Clashes column gives symmetry related clashes, in the same way as for the Clashes column.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2659	0	2537	68	0
2	B	138	0	135	0	0
3	A	11	0	10	2	0
4	A	122	0	0	5	0
4	B	17	0	0	0	0
All	All	2947	0	2682	68	0

Clashscore is defined as the number of clashes calculated for the entry per 1000 atoms (including hydrogens) of the entry. The overall clashscore for this entry is 12.

The worst 5 of 68 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Distance(Å)	Clash(Å)
1:A:266:LYS:O	1:A:270[B]:ARG:HG3	1.88	0.74
1:A:78:LYS:O	1:A:82:LEU:HD12	1.88	0.73
1:A:247:TYR:O	1:A:251:VAL:HG23	1.90	0.72
1:A:47:LYS:HE3	4:A:4134:HOH:O	1.91	0.69
1:A:45:ARG:HG2	1:A:45:ARG:HH21	1.57	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	332/351 (95%)	314 (95%)	18 (5%)	0	100	100
2	B	16/20 (80%)	16 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	348/371 (94%)	330 (95%)	18 (5%)	0	100	100



There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	264/304 (87%)	248 (94%)	16 (6%)	26	19
2	B	13/15 (87%)	12 (92%)	1 (8%)	18	11
All	All	277/319 (87%)	260 (94%)	17 (6%)	26	19

5 of 17 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	83	LYS
1	A	95	LEU
1	A	277	LEU
1	A	59	LEU
1	A	278	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	115	ASN
1	A	242	GLN
1	A	158	HIS
1	A	67	ASN
1	A	177	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA chains in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	TPO	A	197	1	10,10,11	13.06	1 (10%)	12,14,16	1.05	0
1	SEP	A	338	1	9,9,10	14.54	1 (11%)	10,12,14	1.09	1 (10%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	A	197	1	-	0/9/11/13	0/0/0/0
1	SEP	A	338	1	-	0/6/8/10	0/0/0/0

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	338	SEP	O-C	43.57	1.41	1.11
1	A	197	TPO	O-C	41.23	1.40	1.11

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	338	SEP	O3P-P-OG	-2.23	100.50	106.65

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	YTP	A	2001	-	11,11,11	0.87	0	15,15,15	1.07	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	YTP	A	2001	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	2001	YTP	C5-C6-C1	3.15	119.81	117.55

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	335/351 (95%)	0.06	9 (2%) 52 52	15, 29, 52, 70	0
2	B	18/20 (90%)	-0.34	0 100 100	19, 24, 35, 36	0
All	All	353/371 (95%)	0.04	9 (2%) 54 54	15, 29, 52, 70	0

The worst 5 of 9 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	321	PRO	3.1
1	A	322	GLY	2.9
1	A	253	GLY	2.9
1	A	339	ILE	2.9
1	A	20	ALA	2.5

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	SEP	A	338	10/11	0.14	-0.64	28,36,38,39	0
1	TPO	A	197	11/12	0.09	-1.23	19,20,22,23	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	YTP	A	2001	11/11	0.13	0.18	24,27,33,33	0

## 6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.