



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report

Feb 28, 2014 – 04:19 AM GMT

PDB ID : 1XA2  
Title : Cobalt hexammine induced tautomeric shift in Z-DNA: the structure of d(CGCGCA).d(TGCGCG) in two crystal forms  
Authors : Thiagarajan, S.; Rajan, S.S.; Gautham, N.  
Deposited on : 2004-08-25  
Resolution : 1.71 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB validation summary report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at <http://wwpdb.org/ValidationPDFNotes.html>

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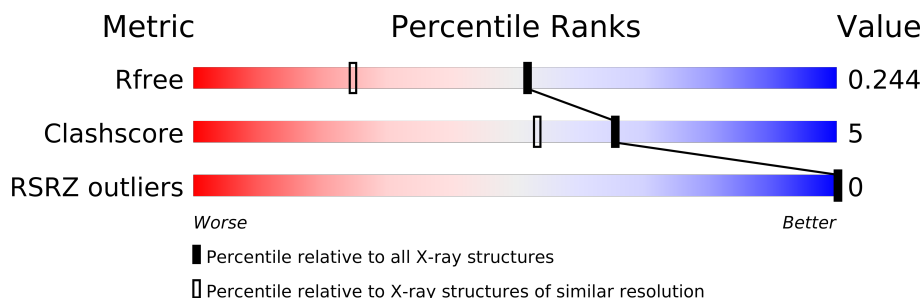
The following versions of software and data (see [references](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.15 2013
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	dev-1323
EDS	:	stable22639
Percentile statistics	:	21963
Refmac	:	5.8.0049
CCP4	:	6.3.0 (Settle)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et. al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	stable22683

# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.71 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	66092	2979 (1.74-1.70)
Clashscore	79885	3506 (1.74-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	66119	2979 (1.74-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	6	
2	B	6	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Geometry	Electron density
3	NCO	A	13	-	X

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 292 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogen and 0 are deuterium.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

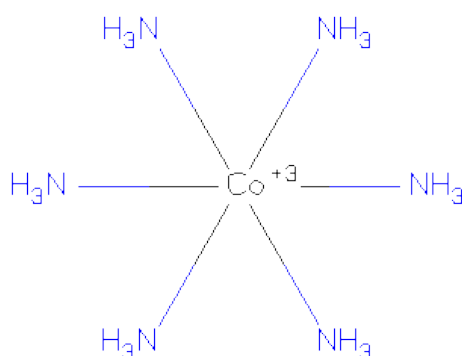
- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*CP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*A)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	6	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			119	57	24	33	5			

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*TP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*G)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	6	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			121	58	23	35	5			

- Molecule 3 is COBALT HEXAMMINE(III) (three-letter code: NCO) (formula: CoH<sub>18</sub>N<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Co	N	0	0
			7	1	6		

- Molecule 4 is water.

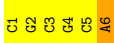
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	22	Total 22	O 22	0	0
4	B	23	Total 23	O 23	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of errors displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 5'-D(\*CP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*A)-3'

Chain A: 



C1	G2	G3	G4	G5	A6
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- Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*TP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*G)-3'

Chain B: 



T7	G8	C11	G12
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## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	17.98Å 30.93Å 44.62Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	18.11 – 1.71 16.67 – 1.71	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	93.9 (18.11-1.71) 93.9 (16.67-1.71)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	4.19 (at 1.71Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.208 , 0.240 0.212 , 0.244	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	201 reflections (7.84%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.208	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 39.3	EDS
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
L-test for twinning	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Outliers	3 of 2765 reflections (0.108%)	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	292	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 29.02 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo translational symmetry is equal to 1.6663e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NCO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	1.92	2/133 (1.5%)	2.38	14/203 (6.9%)
2	B	1.69	1/135 (0.7%)	2.17	7/207 (3.4%)
All	All	1.81	3/268 (1.1%)	2.28	21/410 (5.1%)

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	2	DG	C8-N7	8.56	1.36	1.30
1	A	6	DA	C6-N6	-6.51	1.28	1.33
2	B	8	DG	C2-N3	5.10	1.36	1.32

The worst 5 of 21 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	11	DC	C6-N1-C2	10.06	124.32	120.30
1	A	2	DG	N3-C4-C5	-8.22	124.49	128.60
2	B	11	DC	N3-C4-C5	7.46	124.89	121.90
1	A	2	DG	C6-C5-N7	-6.98	126.21	130.40
1	A	3	DC	C5-C6-N1	-6.84	117.58	121.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogens added by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, and the number in parentheses is this value normalized per 1000 atoms of the molecule in the

chain. The Symm-Clashes column gives symmetry related clashes, in the same way as for the Clashes column.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	119	0	66	1	0
2	B	121	0	69	2	0
3	A	7	0	0	0	0
4	A	22	0	0	0	0
4	B	23	0	0	0	0
All	All	292	0	135	2	0

Clashscore is defined as the number of clashes calculated for the entry per 1000 atoms (including hydrogens) of the entry. The overall clashscore for this entry is 5.

All (2) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Distance(Å)	Clash(Å)
1:A:6:DA:N6	2:B:7:DT:H3	1.97	0.63
2:B:12:DG:N3	2:B:12:DG:H2'	2.28	0.47

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

There are no protein chains in this entry.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

There are no protein chains in this entry.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA chains in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	NCO	A	13	-	6,6,6	1.63	2 (33%)	0,15,15	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NCO	A	13	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	13	NCO	CO-N6	-2.22	1.88	1.96
3	A	13	NCO	CO-N1	-2.09	1.89	1.96

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	6/6 (100%)	-0.21	0 100 100	16, 16, 18, 20	0
2	B	6/6 (100%)	-0.32	0 100 100	15, 16, 18, 19	0
All	All	12/12 (100%)	-0.26	0 100 100	15, 16, 19, 20	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	NCO	A	13	7/7	0.24	16.42	28,30,30,31	0

## 6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.