



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2ECG
Title : Solution structure of the ring domain of the Baculoviral IAP repeat-containing protein 4 from Homo sapiens
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	unknown
Percentile statistics	:	20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20027457

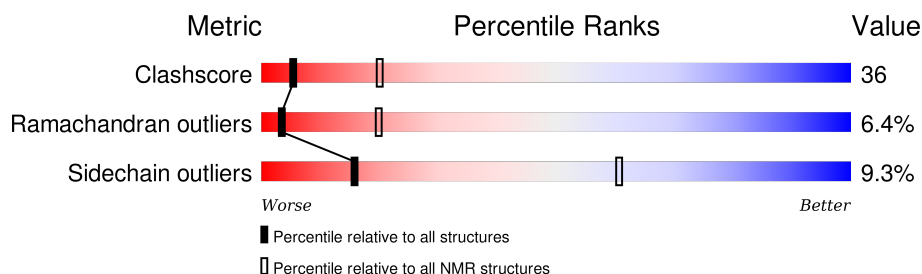
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 95%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	75	<div> <div style="width: 28%; background-color: green;"></div> <div style="width: 28%; background-color: yellow;"></div> <div style="width: 5%; background-color: orange;"></div> <div style="width: 5%; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="width: 39%; background-color: cyan;"></div> </div> <div> <div style="width: 28%; text-align: center;">28%</div> <div style="width: 28%; text-align: center;">28%</div> <div style="width: 5%; text-align: center;">•</div> <div style="width: 5%; text-align: center;">•</div> <div style="width: 39%; text-align: center;">39%</div> </div>

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. Model 2 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:27-A:72 (46)	0.21	2

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 12, 17, 20
2	7, 8, 9, 10, 11
3	5, 13, 15
4	3, 14
5	18, 19
Single-model clusters	6; 16

3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1168 atoms, of which 588 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Baculoviral IAP repeat-containing protein 4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	75	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1166	360	588	99	109	10	

There are 7 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P98170
A	2	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P98170
A	3	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P98170
A	4	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P98170
A	5	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P98170
A	6	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P98170
A	7	GLY	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P98170

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
2	A	2	Total	Zn
			2	2

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations, target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
NMRPipe	refinement	20031121
CYANA	structure solution	2.0.17

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 11339
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	915
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	915
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	95%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	354	369	369	26±4
All	All	7120	7380	7380	524

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 36.

5 of 127 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:30:ILE:HD13	1:A:48:THR:HG22	1.05	1.26	6	18
1:A:39:VAL:HG12	1:A:46:LEU:CD1	0.93	1.93	5	5
1:A:39:VAL:HG12	1:A:46:LEU:HD11	0.88	1.43	18	2
1:A:30:ILE:CD1	1:A:48:THR:HG22	0.84	2.03	6	10
1:A:36:ILE:HD13	1:A:46:LEU:HB3	0.77	1.57	18	3

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	46/75 (61%)	32±2 (70±4%)	11±2 (24±4%)	3±1 (6±3%)	3	20
All	All	920/1500 (61%)	644 (70%)	217 (24%)	59 (6%)	3	20

5 of 9 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	27	LEU	18
1	A	28	CYS	15
1	A	42	PRO	14
1	A	65	VAL	5
1	A	66	ILE	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	42/68 (62%)	38±1 (91±3%)	4±1 (9±3%)	16	61
All	All	840/1360 (62%)	762 (91%)	78 (9%)	16	61

5 of 15 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	27	LEU	20
1	A	46	LEU	18
1	A	70	GLN	10
1	A	29	LYS	5
1	A	72	ILE	4

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 95% for the well-defined parts and 89% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 11339

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	915
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	915
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	69	-0.55 ± 0.09	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	67	-0.07 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	69	-0.17 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	66	-0.34 ± 0.64	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 95%, i.e. 535 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 562. 0 out of 7 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	226/226 (100%)	90/90 (100%)	92/92 (100%)	44/44 (100%)
Sidechain	279/303 (92%)	171/178 (96%)	104/114 (91%)	4/11 (36%)

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	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	30/33 (91%)	16/18 (89%)	14/14 (100%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	535/562 (95%)	277/286 (97%)	210/220 (95%)	48/56 (86%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	50	LYS	HE3	1.35	3.86 – 1.96	-8.2
1	A	50	LYS	HE2	1.79	3.87 – 1.97	-5.9

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

