



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 1MX8
Title : Two homologous rat cellular retinol-binding proteins differ in local structure and flexibility
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Deposited on : 2002-10-01

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

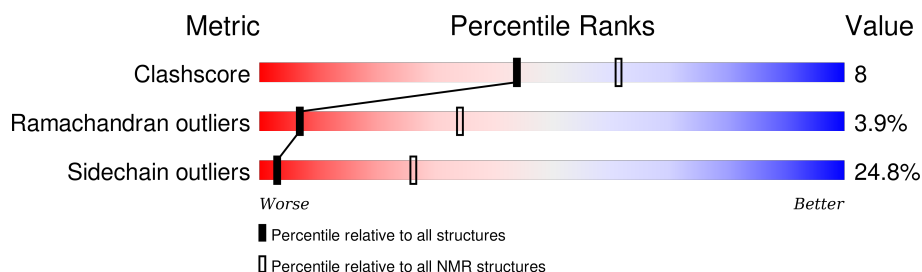
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR


The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	134	 63% 33% ..

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 25 models. Model 16 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *minimized average structure*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:3-A:134 (132)	0.54	16

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 6, 7, 10, 11, 16, 18, 19, 20
2	2, 9, 14, 21, 23
3	8, 15, 25
4	12, 17
Single-model clusters	4; 5; 13; 22; 24

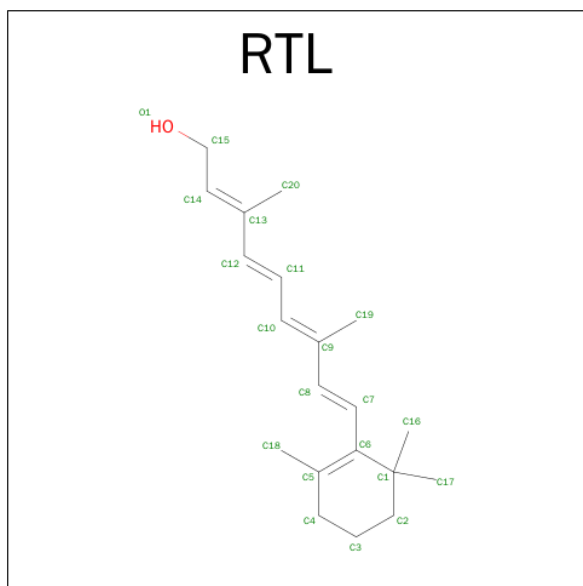
3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2233 atoms, of which 1110 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CELLULAR RETINOL-BINDING PROTEIN I, HOLO.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	134	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2182	695	1080	189	210	8	

- Molecule 2 is RETINOL (three-letter code: RTL) (formula: $C_{20}H_{30}O$).



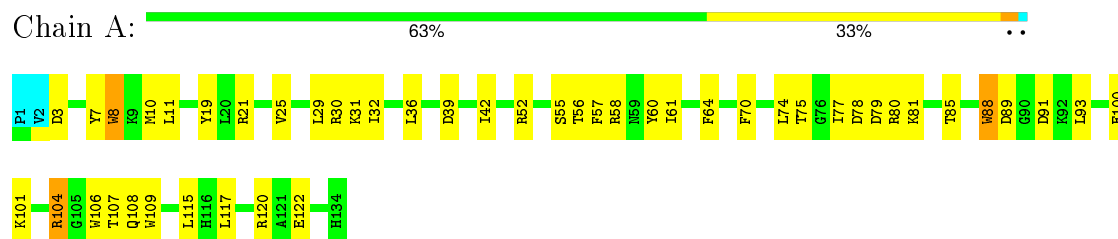
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			
2	A	1	Total	C	H	O
			51	20	30	1

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

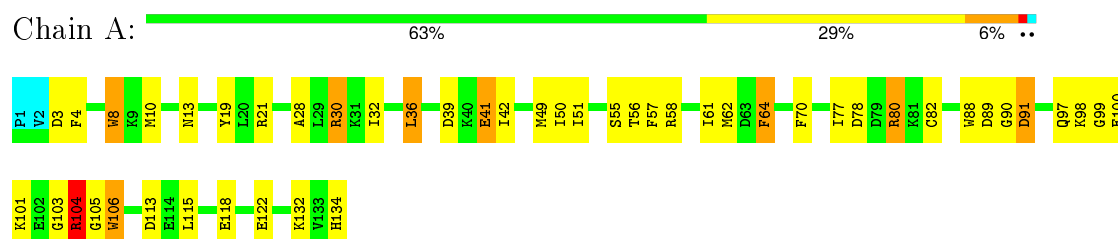
- Molecule 1: CELLULAR RETINOL-BINDING PROTEIN I, HOLO



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 16. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: CELLULAR RETINOL-BINDING PROTEIN I, HOLO



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
TINKER	structure solution	3.3
TINKER	refinement	3.3

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 5578
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1667
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1642
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	25
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: RTL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.89±0.02	4±1/1108 (0.3±0.1%)	1.65±0.03	9±3/1486 (0.6±0.2%)
All	All	0.89	88/27700 (0.3%)	1.65	235/37150 (0.6%)

5 of 8 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	88	TRP	CD2-CE2	-6.10	1.34	1.41	12	18
1	A	106	TRP	CD2-CE2	-6.07	1.34	1.41	21	13
1	A	109	TRP	CD2-CE2	-6.00	1.34	1.41	1	10
1	A	8	TRP	CD2-CE2	-5.96	1.34	1.41	2	13
1	A	8	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.73	1.33	1.43	23	6

5 of 79 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.88	114.86	120.30	1	8
1	A	80	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.89	125.25	120.30	16	10
1	A	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.63	125.12	120.30	17	12
1	A	8	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-8.82	101.28	110.10	21	4
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.82	124.71	120.30	25	6

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1088	1062	1059	17±4
2	A	21	30	30	2±1
All	All	27725	27300	27225	459

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

5 of 333 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:11:LEU:HD12	1:A:129:VAL:HG12	0.80	1.52	10	1
1:A:102:GLU:CD	1:A:121:ALA:HB1	0.79	1.98	17	1
1:A:66:VAL:HG22	1:A:86:VAL:HG11	0.75	1.59	5	1
1:A:16:PHE:CZ	1:A:20:LEU:HD11	0.74	2.17	21	2
1:A:101:LYS:CG	1:A:102:GLU:N	0.74	2.50	25	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	131/134 (98%)	106±5 (81±4%)	20±4 (15±3%)	5±2 (4±1%)	7	34
All	All	3275/3350 (98%)	2651 (81%)	495 (15%)	129 (4%)	7	34

5 of 52 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	79	ASP	14
1	A	104	ARG	10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	100	GLU	7
1	A	112	GLY	5
1	A	121	ALA	5

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	118/120 (98%)	89±4 (75±4%)	29±4 (25±4%)	3	26
All	All	2950/3000 (98%)	2218 (75%)	732 (25%)	3	26

5 of 112 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	115	LEU	20
1	A	85	THR	17
1	A	80	ARG	17
1	A	104	ARG	16
1	A	29	LEU	15

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	RTL	A	135	-	21,21,21	1.70±0.04	1±0 (4±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	RTL	A	135	-	26,28,28	2.46±0.11	2±1 (8±2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	RTL	A	135	-	-	0±0,14,31,31	0±0,1,1,1

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	135	RTL	C1-C6	6.61	1.44	1.53	2	25

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	135	RTL	C4-C5-C6	6.58	115.50	122.73	10	11
2	A	135	RTL	C11-C10-C9	6.40	117.91	127.22	16	24
2	A	135	RTL	C17-C1-C16	5.85	89.53	108.36	15	19

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 86% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 5578

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1642
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1642
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	14

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	134	-0.18 ± 0.08	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	124	0.03 ± 0.08	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	134	0.14 ± 0.18	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	132	-4.62 ± 0.39	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 1461 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1698. 20 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	658/658 (100%)	263/263 (100%)	264/264 (100%)	131/131 (100%)
Sidechain	749/890 (84%)	468/519 (90%)	269/326 (83%)	12/45 (27%)

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	Total	¹H	¹³C	¹⁵N
Aromatic	54/150 (36%)	50/78 (64%)	0/62 (0%)	4/10 (40%)
Overall	1461/1698 (86%)	781/860 (91%)	533/652 (82%)	147/186 (79%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

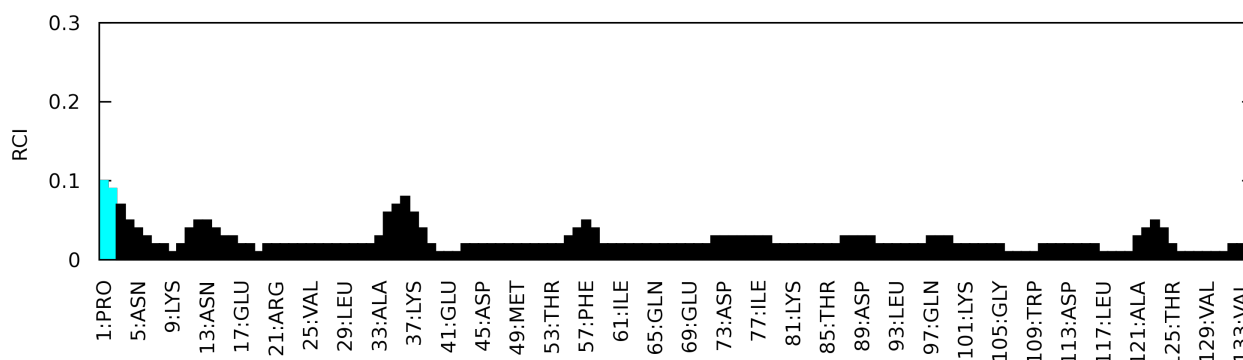
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	108	GLN	HE22	3.59	9.27 – 4.77	-7.6
1	A	108	GLN	HE21	3.78	9.53 – 4.93	-7.5
1	A	116	HIS	HB3	0.52	5.00 – 1.10	-6.5
1	A	116	HIS	HB2	0.78	4.91 – 1.31	-6.5
1	A	95	CYS	HB3	-0.03	5.25 – 0.55	-6.2
1	A	95	CYS	HB2	0.24	5.20 – 0.70	-6.0
1	A	40	LYS	HG3	-0.23	2.76 – -0.04	-5.7
1	A	40	LYS	HD3	0.30	2.75 – 0.45	-5.7
1	A	13	ASN	HD22	4.38	9.59 – 4.69	-5.6
1	A	5	ASN	ND2	125.60	124.24 – 101.34	5.6
1	A	132	LYS	HG3	-0.19	2.76 – -0.04	-5.5
1	A	108	GLN	NE2	102.00	120.91 – 102.81	-5.4
1	A	84	THR	HB	2.44	5.82 – 2.52	-5.2
1	A	72	GLU	N	138.60	138.24 – 103.14	5.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: BMRB entry 5578

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_2*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	25
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	0
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	25
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- Chain not found in structure. First 5 (of 25) occurrences are reported below.

Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
UNMAPPED	1	RTL	H8	6.39	0.02	1
UNMAPPED	1	RTL	3H16	1.13	0.02	1
UNMAPPED	1	RTL	1H20	0.91	0.02	1
UNMAPPED	1	RTL	H14	5.25	0.02	1
UNMAPPED	1	RTL	2H17	1.13	0.02	1

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 0%, i.e. 0 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1698. 0 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	0/658 (0%)	0/263 (0%)	0/264 (0%)	0/131 (0%)
Sidechain	0/890 (0%)	0/519 (0%)	0/326 (0%)	0/45 (0%)
Aromatic	0/150 (0%)	0/78 (0%)	0/62 (0%)	0/10 (0%)
Overall	0/1698 (0%)	0/860 (0%)	0/652 (0%)	0/186 (0%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

No *random coil index* (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (assigned_chem_shift_list_2). RCI is only applicable to proteins.