



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 1Q5F
Title : NMR Structure of Type IVb pilin (PilS) from Salmonella typhi
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Deposited on : 2003-08-07

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : unknown
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

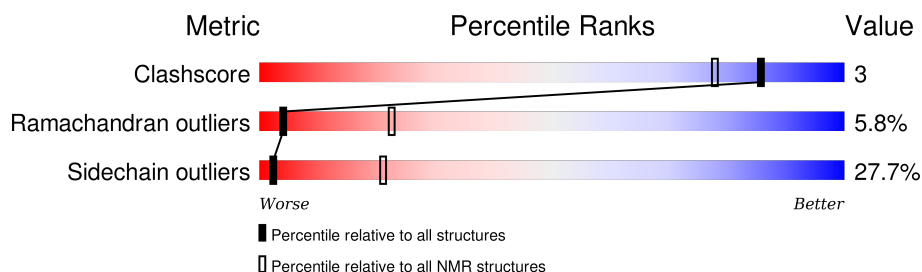
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 85%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	114402	11133
Ramachandran outliers	111179	9975
Sidechain outliers	111093	9958

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	156	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:31-A:53, A:61-A:105, A:113-A:162, A:170-A:181 (130)	0.62	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 6, 8, 10
2	5, 7
3	3, 9
Single-model clusters	2

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2036 atoms, of which 930 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PilS.

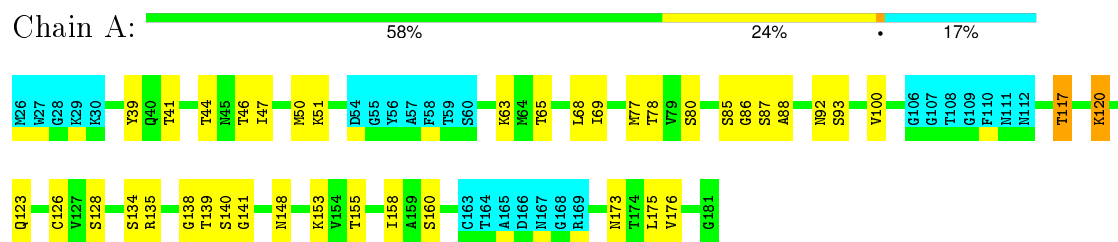
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	156	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2036	673	930	192	233	8	

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: PilS

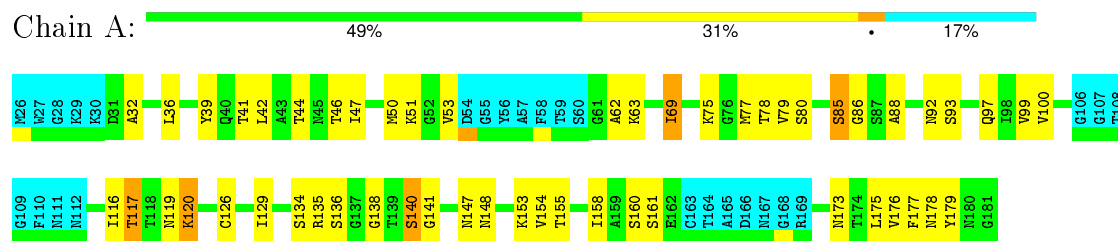


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

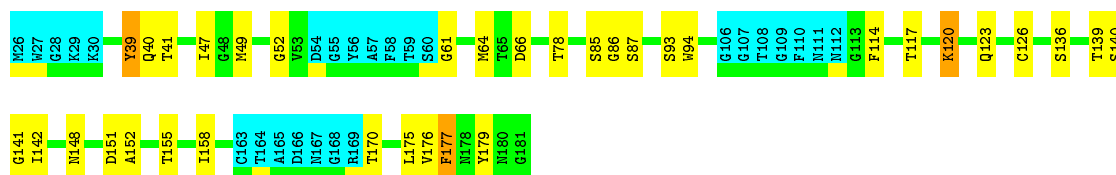
- Molecule 1: PilS



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: PilS

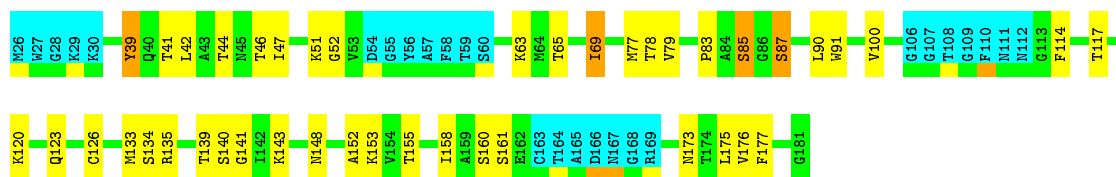




4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: PiLS

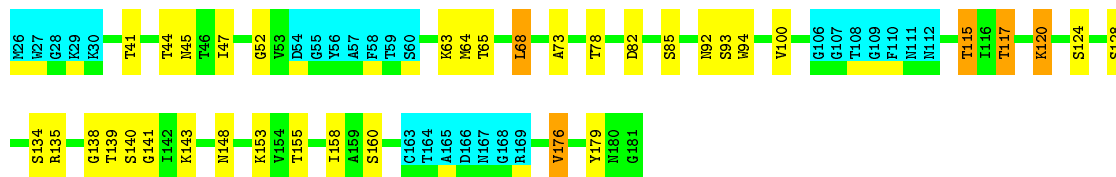
Chain A: 56% 25% 17%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: PiLS

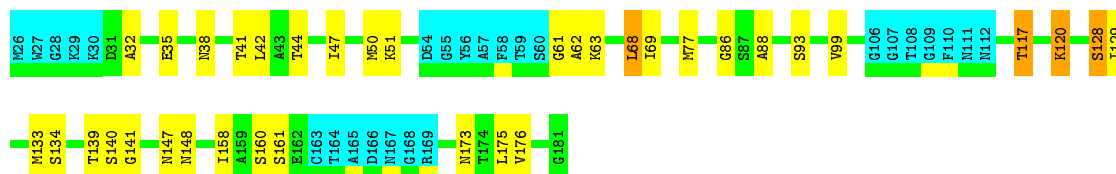
Chain A: 60% 20% 17%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

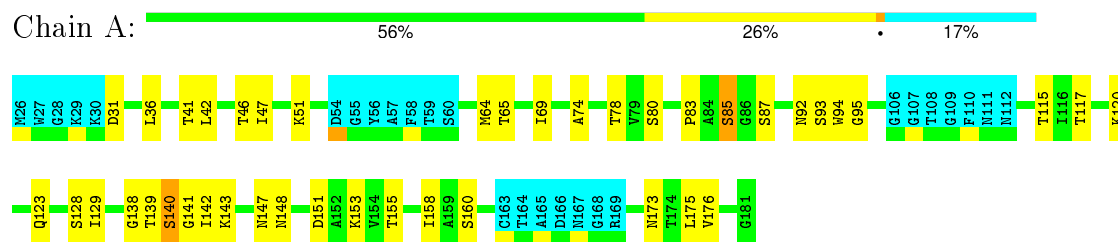
- Molecule 1: PiLS

Chain A: 60% 21% 17%



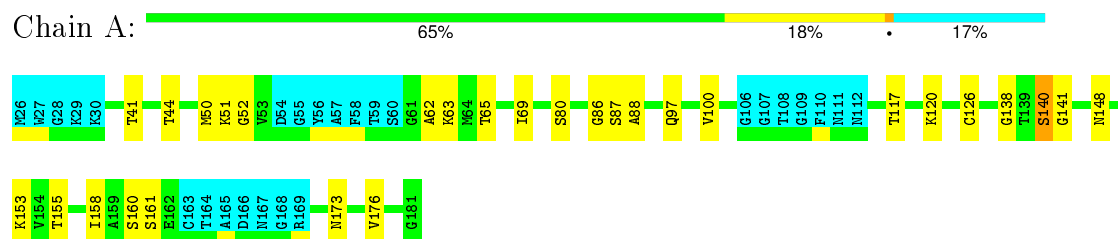
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: PiLS



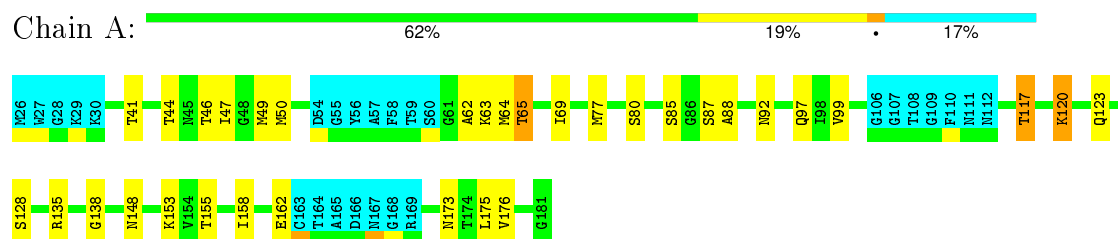
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: PiLS



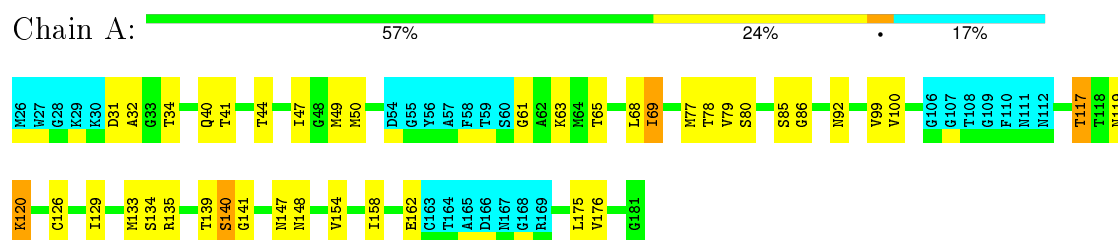
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: PiLS



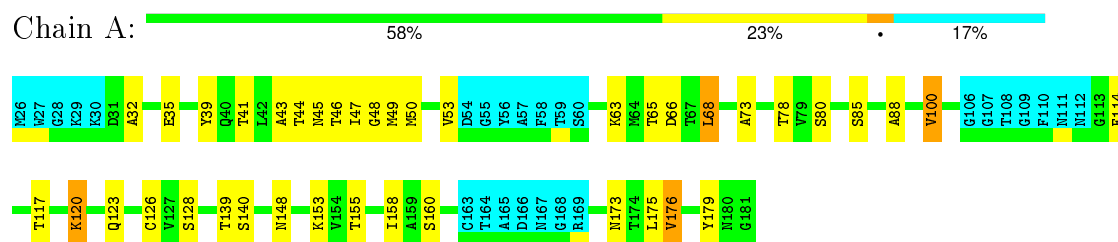
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: PiLS



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

● Molecule 1: PilS



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry, simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	structure solution	
AMBER	refinement	7.0

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 5879
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1598
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1598
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	85%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.56±0.01	0±0/925 (0.0±0.0%)	0.90±0.02	0±0/1256 (0.0±0.0%)
All	All	0.56	0/9250 (0.0%)	0.90	3/12560 (0.0%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	39	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.49	117.70	121.00	1	1
1	A	65	THR	CA-CB-CG2	5.05	119.47	112.40	8	1
1	A	176	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.01	102.88	110.90	10	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	914	785	893	5±2
All	All	9140	7850	8930	48

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:39:TYR:CD1	1:A:177:PHE:CZ	0.58	2.92	3	2
1:A:62:ALA:HA	1:A:88:ALA:HB2	0.57	1.77	1	4
1:A:65:THR:HG21	1:A:100:VAL:HG21	0.56	1.76	3	1
1:A:39:TYR:C	1:A:39:TYR:CD1	0.54	2.81	3	2
1:A:99:VAL:HB	1:A:117:THR:HG22	0.53	1.78	9	4
1:A:39:TYR:CE1	1:A:177:PHE:CE1	0.49	3.00	2	2
1:A:69:ILE:HG21	1:A:79:VAL:CG2	0.48	2.38	9	3
1:A:115:THR:HG22	1:A:176:VAL:HG13	0.48	1.85	4	1
1:A:45:ASN:HB3	1:A:73:ALA:HB1	0.47	1.84	4	2
1:A:45:ASN:CB	1:A:73:ALA:HB1	0.47	2.39	10	2
1:A:177:PHE:CZ	1:A:179:TYR:HB2	0.46	2.45	2	1
1:A:65:THR:HG23	1:A:69:ILE:HD12	0.45	1.88	9	1
1:A:68:LEU:HG	1:A:73:ALA:HB3	0.45	1.88	10	2
1:A:65:THR:CB	1:A:100:VAL:HG21	0.44	2.43	9	1
1:A:32:ALA:HB3	1:A:128:SER:HB3	0.44	1.88	5	1
1:A:43:ALA:O	1:A:47:ILE:HG23	0.43	2.13	10	1
1:A:65:THR:HG21	1:A:100:VAL:HG11	0.42	1.90	4	1
1:A:88:ALA:HB3	1:A:100:VAL:HG22	0.42	1.91	10	1
1:A:117:THR:CB	1:A:176:VAL:HG23	0.42	2.44	4	1
1:A:139:THR:HG22	1:A:142:ILE:CD1	0.41	2.45	6	1
1:A:36:LEU:HD21	1:A:129:ILE:HG23	0.41	1.92	1	2
1:A:32:ALA:HB1	1:A:129:ILE:CD1	0.41	2.45	9	2
1:A:42:LEU:HD13	1:A:68:LEU:CD2	0.41	2.45	5	1
1:A:43:ALA:HB1	1:A:179:TYR:CG	0.41	2.51	10	1
1:A:35:GLU:CG	1:A:129:ILE:HD11	0.41	2.46	5	1
1:A:65:THR:OG1	1:A:100:VAL:HG21	0.41	2.15	7	1
1:A:32:ALA:CB	1:A:128:SER:HB3	0.40	2.47	10	1
1:A:42:LEU:HD12	1:A:74:ALA:HB2	0.40	1.93	6	1
1:A:42:LEU:HD22	1:A:116:ILE:CD1	0.40	2.47	1	1
1:A:142:ILE:HB	1:A:152:ALA:HB3	0.40	1.92	2	1
1:A:88:ALA:HB3	1:A:100:VAL:CG2	0.40	2.46	1	1
1:A:39:TYR:CD1	1:A:177:PHE:CE1	0.40	3.09	3	1

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	129/156 (83%)	100±2 (77±2%)	22±2 (17±1%)	8±2 (6±1%)	4	22
All	All	1290/1560 (83%)	996 (77%)	219 (17%)	75 (6%)	4	22

All 17 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	148	ASN	10
1	A	140	SER	9
1	A	120	LYS	9
1	A	141	GLY	8
1	A	139	THR	6
1	A	86	GLY	5
1	A	138	GLY	5
1	A	87	SER	4
1	A	85	SER	4
1	A	52	GLY	4
1	A	61	GLY	3
1	A	83	PRO	2
1	A	53	VAL	2
1	A	152	ALA	1
1	A	95	GLY	1
1	A	48	GLY	1
1	A	162	GLU	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	98/116 (84%)	71±5 (72±5%)	27±5 (28±5%)	2	21
All	All	980/1160 (84%)	709 (72%)	271 (28%)	2	21

All 65 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	158	ILE	10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	117	THR	10
1	A	176	VAL	10
1	A	41	THR	10
1	A	47	ILE	8
1	A	120	LYS	8
1	A	175	LEU	8
1	A	63	LYS	8
1	A	44	THR	8
1	A	155	THR	8
1	A	153	LYS	7
1	A	78	THR	7
1	A	173	ASN	7
1	A	69	ILE	7
1	A	160	SER	7
1	A	85	SER	7
1	A	50	MET	6
1	A	126	CYS	6
1	A	80	SER	6
1	A	123	GLN	5
1	A	51	LYS	5
1	A	134	SER	5
1	A	93	SER	5
1	A	135	ARG	5
1	A	92	ASN	5
1	A	46	THR	5
1	A	77	MET	5
1	A	140	SER	4
1	A	68	LEU	4
1	A	147	ASN	4
1	A	49	MET	4
1	A	64	MET	4
1	A	161	SER	4
1	A	128	SER	4
1	A	133	MET	3
1	A	94	TRP	3
1	A	97	GLN	3
1	A	39	TYR	3
1	A	143	LYS	3
1	A	65	THR	3
1	A	31	ASP	2
1	A	87	SER	2
1	A	119	ASN	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	154	VAL	2
1	A	151	ASP	2
1	A	136	SER	2
1	A	115	THR	2
1	A	66	ASP	2
1	A	179	TYR	2
1	A	177	PHE	2
1	A	114	PHE	2
1	A	40	GLN	2
1	A	100	VAL	1
1	A	178	ASN	1
1	A	75	LYS	1
1	A	162	GLU	1
1	A	170	THR	1
1	A	38	ASN	1
1	A	91	TRP	1
1	A	34	THR	1
1	A	82	ASP	1
1	A	35	GLU	1
1	A	90	LEU	1
1	A	42	LEU	1
1	A	124	SER	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 85% for the well-defined parts and 84% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 5879

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1598
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1598
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	155	-0.76 ± 0.15	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	131	0.31 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	153	0.93 ± 0.28	Should be applied
^{15}N	151	-2.33 ± 0.29	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 1157 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1356. 13 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	637/644 (99%)	255/257 (99%)	256/260 (98%)	126/127 (99%)
Sidechain	514/647 (79%)	310/371 (84%)	204/253 (81%)	0/23 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	6/65 (9%)	5/34 (15%)	0/28 (0%)	1/3 (33%)
Overall	1157/1356 (85%)	570/662 (86%)	460/541 (85%)	127/153 (83%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 84%, i.e. 1371 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1639. 13 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	765/774 (99%)	306/309 (99%)	308/312 (99%)	151/153 (99%)
Sidechain	596/762 (78%)	363/439 (83%)	233/292 (80%)	0/31 (0%)
Aromatic	10/103 (10%)	9/54 (17%)	0/45 (0%)	1/4 (25%)
Overall	1371/1639 (84%)	678/802 (85%)	541/649 (83%)	152/188 (81%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	46	THR	HG23	-0.16	2.29 – -0.01	-5.7
1	A	46	THR	HG22	-0.16	2.29 – -0.01	-5.7
1	A	46	THR	HG21	-0.16	2.29 – -0.01	-5.7

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

