



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 26, 2016 – 06:48 PM BST

PDB ID : 1YY1
Title : NMR Conformational Analysis of LHRH and its analogues
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Deposited on : 2005-02-23

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.
We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.1 (RC1), CSD as537be (2016)
Percentile statistics : 20151230.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 30th 2015)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : rb-20027457
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20027457

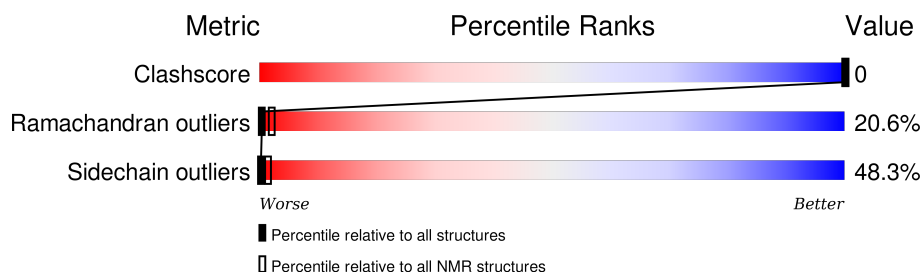
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



| Metric | Whole archive (#Entries) | NMR archive (#Entries) |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|
| Clashscore | 114402 | 11133 |
| Ramachandran outliers | 111179 | 9975 |
| Sidechain outliers | 111093 | 9958 |

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain |
|-----|-------|--------|--|
| 1 | A | 11 | <div> <div>45%</div> <div>55%</div> </div> |

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 21 models.

Cyrange was unable to find well-defined residues.

Error message: Only domains with < 8 residues could be identified.

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Wrapper check: not enough residues in core to run NmrClust

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 161 atoms, of which 76 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone.

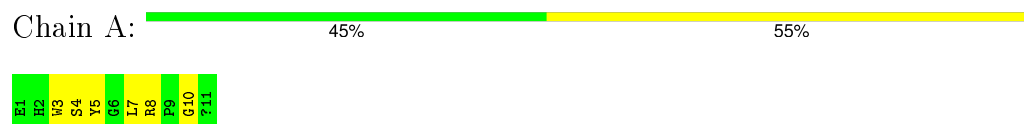
| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | | Trace |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|----|----|----|----|-------|
| 1 | A | 11 | Total | C | H | N | O | 1 |
| | | | 161 | 55 | 76 | 17 | 13 | |

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone

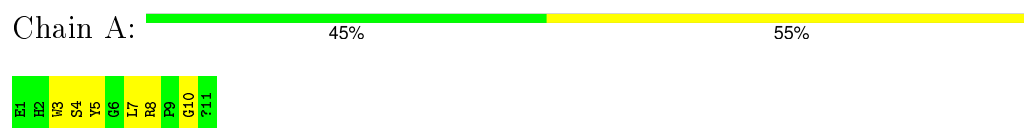


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



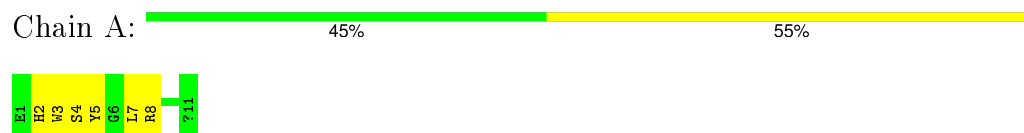
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



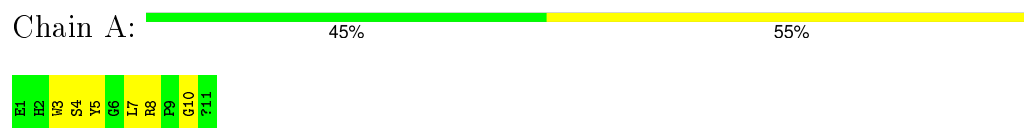
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



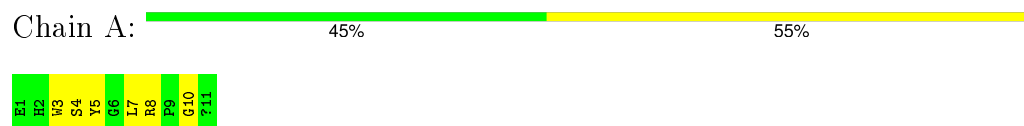
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



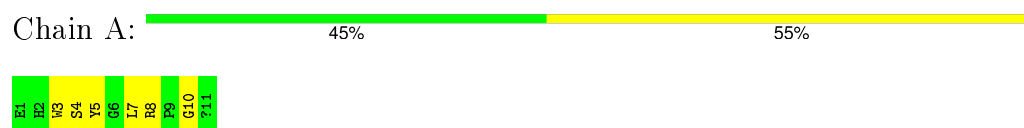
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



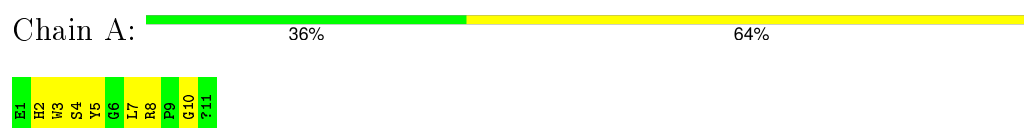
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



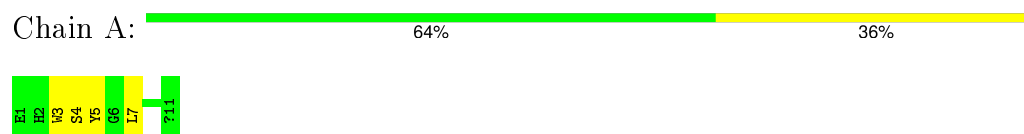
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



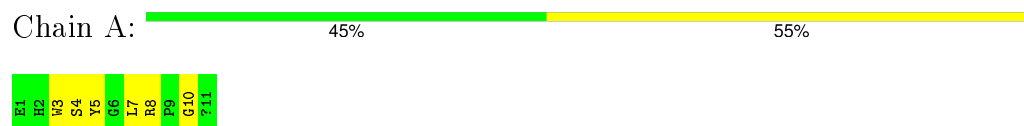
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



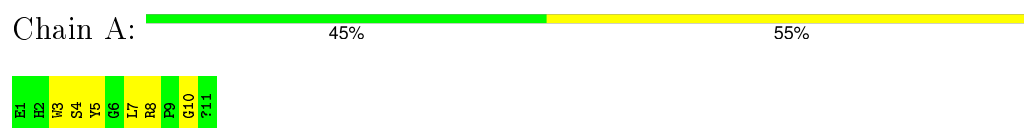
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



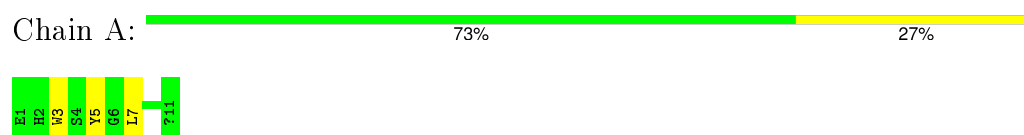
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



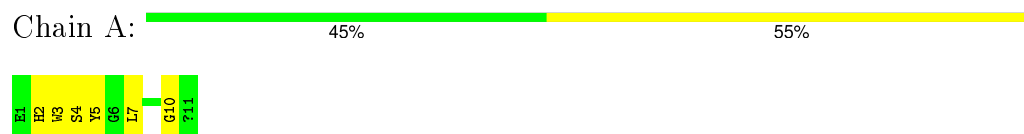
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



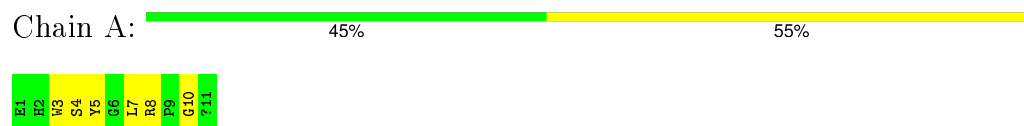
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



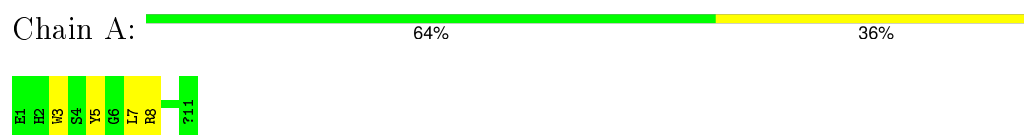
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21

- Molecule 1: Gonadotropin Releasing Hormone



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview ⓘ

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 400 calculated structures, 21 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

| Software name | Classification | Version |
|---------------|--------------------|---------|
| DYANA | structure solution | 1.5 |
| AMBER | refinement | 5.0 |

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PCA, NH2

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes |
|-----|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|
| All | All | 1785 | 1596 | 1554 | - |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Favoured | Allowed | Outliers | Percentiles |
|-----|-------|---------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1 | A | 9/11 (82%) | 3±1 (34±11%) | 4±1 (46±8%) | 2±1 (21±6%) | <div>02</div> |
| All | All | 189/231 (82%) | 64 (34%) | 86 (46%) | 39 (21%) | <div>02</div> |

All 3 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Models (Total) |
|-----|-------|-----|------|----------------|
| 1 | A | 5 | TYR | 21 |
| 1 | A | 10 | GLY | 15 |
| 1 | A | 2 | HIS | 3 |

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Rotameric | Outliers | Percentiles | |
|-----|-------|----------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---|
| 1 | A | 7/7 (100%) | 4±1 (52±8%) | 3±1 (48±8%) | 0 | 1 |
| All | All | 147/147 (100%) | 76 (52%) | 71 (48%) | 0 | 1 |

All 4 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Res | Type | Models (Total) |
|-----|-------|-----|------|----------------|
| 1 | A | 7 | LEU | 21 |
| 1 | A | 3 | TRP | 21 |
| 1 | A | 8 | ARG | 16 |
| 1 | A | 4 | SER | 13 |

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Bond lengths | | |
|-----|------|-------|-----|------|--------------|-----------|------------|
| | | | | | Counts | RMSZ | #Z>2 |
| 1 | PCA | A | 1 | 1 | 7,8,9 | 0.47±0.02 | 0±0 (0±0%) |

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Bond angles | | |
|-----|------|-------|-----|------|-------------|-----------|------------|
| | | | | | Counts | RMSZ | #Z>2 |
| 1 | PCA | A | 1 | 1 | 9,10,12 | 0.89±0.06 | 0±0 (0±0%) |

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

| Mol | Type | Chain | Res | Link | Chirals | Torsions | Rings |
|-----|------|-------|-----|------|---------|-------------|-----------|
| 1 | PCA | A | 1 | 1 | - | 0±0,0,11,13 | 0±0,1,1,1 |

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided