



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 13, 2017 – 06:43 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4A15  
Title : Crystal structure of an XPD DNA complex  
Authors : Kuper, J.; Wolski, S.C.; Michels, G.; Kisker, C.  
Deposited on : 2011-09-14  
Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : trunk28620  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

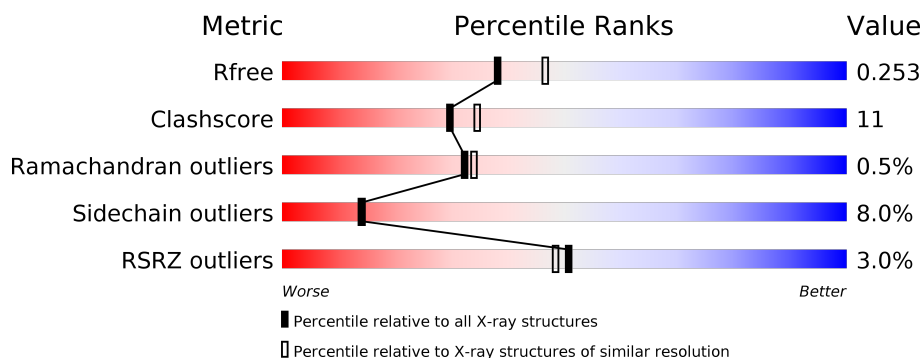
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	4002 (2.20-2.20)
Clashscore	112137	4730 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	4656 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	110143	4657 (2.20-2.20)
RSRZ outliers	101464	4033 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	620	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>75%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
2	E	4	<div> <div>25%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>50%</div> <div>50%</div> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5067 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP-DEPENDENT DNA HELICASE TA0057.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	596	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			4827	3070	820	907	30			

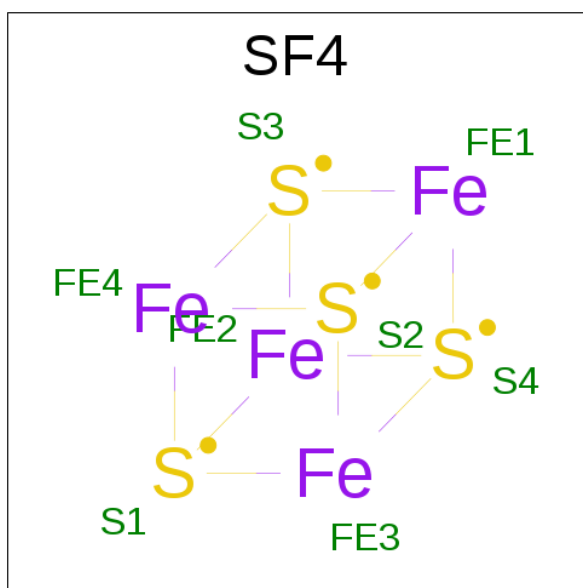
There are 19 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	2	TYR	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	3	GLU	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	4	ASN	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	5	ARG	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	6	GLN	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	7	TYR	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	8	GLN	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	9	VAL	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	10	GLU	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	11	ALA	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	12	ILE	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	13	ASP	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	14	PHE	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	15	LEU	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	16	ARG	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	17	SER	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	18	SER	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14
A	19	LEU	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q9HM14

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*DTP\*AP\*CP\*GP)-3'.

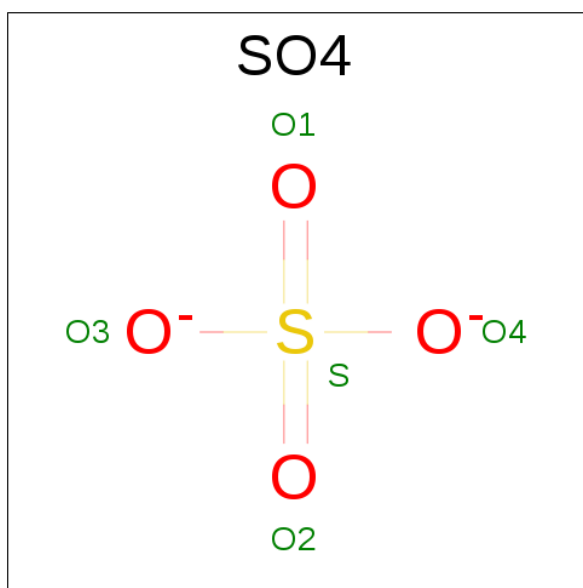
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	E	4	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			83	39	15	25	4			

- Molecule 3 is IRON/SULFUR CLUSTER (three-letter code: SF4) (formula:  $\text{Fe}_4\text{S}_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Fe	S	0	0
			8	4	4		

- Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $\text{O}_4\text{S}$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			4	3	1		

- Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

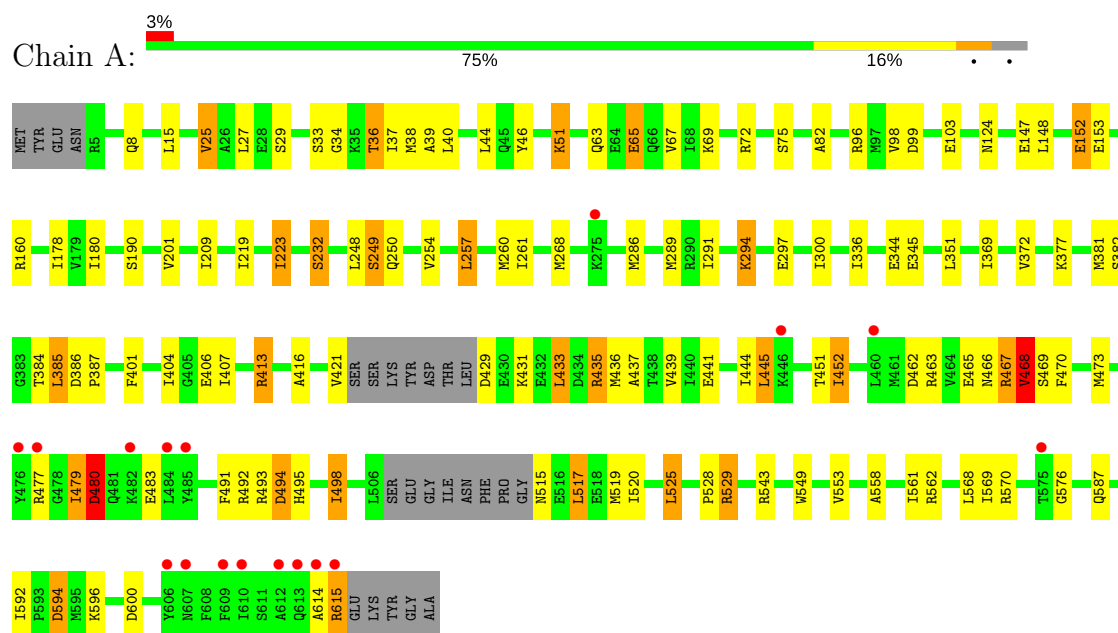
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	134	Total	O	0	0
			134	134		

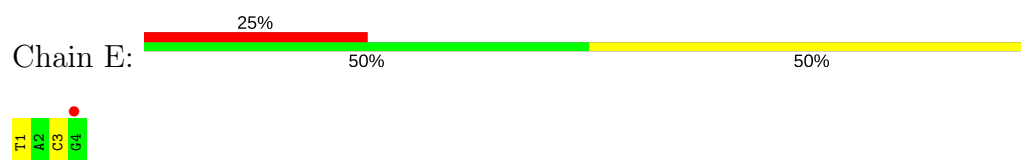
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: ATP-DEPENDENT DNA HELICASE TA0057



#### • Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*DTP\*AP\*CP\*GP)-3'



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	79.06Å 79.06Å 175.69Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	39.53 – 2.20 39.53 – 2.20	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (39.53-2.20) 99.0 (39.53-2.20)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.67 (at 2.20Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.192 , 0.250 0.195 , 0.253	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1545 reflections (5.22%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	35.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 46.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.064 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5067	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.28% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SF4, CA, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.63	0/4924	0.80	1/6620 (0.0%)
2	E	1.09	1/92 (1.1%)	0.83	0/138
All	All	0.64	1/5016 (0.0%)	0.80	1/6758 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	E	1	DT	OP3-P	-10.12	1.49	1.61

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	25	VAL	CB-CA-C	-6.19	99.65	111.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	465	GLU	Peptide
1	A	494	ASP	Peptide



## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4827	0	4801	105	0
2	E	83	0	46	1	0
3	A	8	0	0	0	0
4	A	14	0	0	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	134	0	0	8	1
All	All	5067	0	4847	105	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (105) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:452:ILE:HG22	1:A:498:ILE:HB	1.40	1.03
1:A:468:VAL:HB	1:A:469:SER:HA	1.37	1.01
1:A:8:GLN:HA	1:A:38:MET:HE2	1.44	0.98
1:A:467:ARG:O	1:A:468:VAL:HG13	1.63	0.98
1:A:468:VAL:HB	1:A:469:SER:CA	1.98	0.92
1:A:479:ILE:HA	1:A:480:ASP:HB2	1.52	0.92
1:A:372:VAL:HG13	6:A:2115:HOH:O	1.72	0.87
1:A:27:LEU:HD11	1:A:404:ILE:CD1	2.13	0.78
1:A:36:THR:CG2	6:A:2009:HOH:O	2.31	0.77
1:A:479:ILE:CA	1:A:480:ASP:HB2	2.14	0.77
1:A:8:GLN:HA	1:A:38:MET:CE	2.17	0.73
1:A:63:GLN:O	1:A:67:VAL:HG23	1.89	0.71
1:A:433:LEU:HD21	1:A:463:ARG:CZ	2.23	0.68
1:A:36:THR:HG22	6:A:2009:HOH:O	1.94	0.67
1:A:385:LEU:O	1:A:385:LEU:HD12	1.95	0.67
1:A:468:VAL:HB	1:A:469:SER:CB	2.24	0.67
1:A:34:GLY:O	1:A:37:ILE:HG22	1.95	0.66
1:A:614:ALA:HB3	1:A:615:ARG:HH11	1.60	0.65
1:A:385:LEU:C	1:A:385:LEU:HD12	2.18	0.64
1:A:421:VAL:HG11	1:A:436:MET:HB2	1.80	0.64
1:A:223:ILE:C	1:A:223:ILE:HD12	2.17	0.63

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:36:THR:HG23	6:A:2009:HOH:O	1.95	0.63
1:A:435:ARG:O	1:A:439:VAL:HG23	1.98	0.62
1:A:96:ARG:HB2	6:A:2035:HOH:O	1.98	0.62
1:A:463:ARG:O	1:A:466:ASN:O	2.17	0.62
1:A:479:ILE:HA	1:A:480:ASP:CB	2.27	0.62
1:A:27:LEU:HD11	1:A:404:ILE:HD11	1.80	0.61
1:A:413:ARG:HG3	1:A:569:ILE:HD13	1.81	0.61
1:A:27:LEU:HD11	1:A:404:ILE:HD13	1.81	0.61
1:A:452:ILE:HG22	1:A:498:ILE:CB	2.26	0.59
1:A:223:ILE:O	1:A:223:ILE:HD12	2.02	0.59
1:A:406:GLU:OE1	1:A:413:ARG:NH2	2.36	0.58
1:A:248:LEU:HD21	1:A:254:VAL:HG22	1.86	0.58
1:A:468:VAL:CB	1:A:469:SER:CA	2.78	0.57
1:A:98:VAL:O	1:A:98:VAL:HG12	2.03	0.57
1:A:180:ILE:N	1:A:180:ILE:HD12	2.19	0.57
1:A:466:ASN:HA	1:A:468:VAL:HG22	1.87	0.57
1:A:51:LYS:HG3	1:A:51:LYS:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:413:ARG:HG3	1:A:569:ILE:CD1	2.37	0.55
1:A:600:ASP:HB2	6:A:2134:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:549:TRP:HZ2	1:A:587:GLN:HE22	1.56	0.54
1:A:261:ILE:HD13	1:A:336:ILE:CD1	2.38	0.53
1:A:468:VAL:CB	1:A:469:SER:HA	2.14	0.53
1:A:515:ASN:HD22	1:A:570:ARG:NH2	2.06	0.53
1:A:27:LEU:HD23	1:A:381[A]:MET:CE	2.39	0.53
1:A:249:SER:OG	1:A:250:GLN:N	2.42	0.53
1:A:82:ALA:O	1:A:148:LEU:HD13	2.09	0.52
1:A:437:ALA:HB1	1:A:467:ARG:HG2	1.91	0.52
1:A:433:LEU:HD21	1:A:463:ARG:NH1	2.24	0.52
1:A:467:ARG:O	1:A:468:VAL:CG1	2.48	0.52
1:A:289:MET:HB3	1:A:300:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.51
1:A:614:ALA:HB3	1:A:615:ARG:NH1	2.25	0.51
1:A:39:ALA:HB1	1:A:209:ILE:HD13	1.92	0.51
1:A:152:GLU:HG2	1:A:153:GLU:N	2.25	0.51
1:A:51:LYS:O	1:A:51:LYS:CG	2.59	0.50
1:A:260:MET:HB3	1:A:289:MET:HE1	1.93	0.49
1:A:261:ILE:HD13	1:A:336:ILE:HD13	1.95	0.49
1:A:39:ALA:HB2	1:A:381[B]:MET:SD	2.52	0.49
1:A:444:ILE:HG22	1:A:445:LEU:N	2.27	0.49
1:A:219:ILE:O	1:A:223:ILE:HG23	2.13	0.48
1:A:441:GLU:HG3	1:A:445:LEU:HD22	1.95	0.48
1:A:36:THR:O	1:A:40:LEU:HG	2.14	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:382:SER:HB3	1:A:385:LEU:HD23	1.95	0.47
1:A:268:MET:HB3	1:A:351:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.47
1:A:558:ALA:O	1:A:562:ARG:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:A:528:PRO:O	2:E:3:DC:O2	2.32	0.46
1:A:592:ILE:HG22	1:A:592:ILE:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:261:ILE:HG21	1:A:336:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.45
1:A:386:ASP:OD1	1:A:387:PRO:HA	2.15	0.45
1:A:384:THR:HG22	1:A:384:THR:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:286:MET:HG2	1:A:297:GLU:HG3	1.99	0.45
1:A:429:ASP:O	1:A:433:LEU:HD13	2.17	0.45
1:A:441:GLU:CG	1:A:445:LEU:HD22	2.47	0.44
1:A:451:THR:HA	1:A:519:MET:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:568:LEU:C	1:A:569:ILE:HD12	2.38	0.44
1:A:249:SER:O	1:A:250:GLN:C	2.55	0.44
1:A:385:LEU:HD11	1:A:401:PHE:CE1	2.53	0.44
1:A:103:GLU:OE2	1:A:232:SER:OG	2.36	0.43
1:A:596:LYS:N	1:A:596:LYS:HD2	2.32	0.43
1:A:594:ASP:N	1:A:594:ASP:OD1	2.48	0.43
1:A:44:LEU:HD21	1:A:178:ILE:HD11	2.00	0.43
1:A:65:GLU:O	1:A:69:LYS:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:A:291:ILE:O	1:A:294:LYS:HE2	2.20	0.42
1:A:493:ARG:O	1:A:495:HIS:CD2	2.71	0.42
1:A:369:ILE:HD12	6:A:2113:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:404:ILE:CG2	1:A:407:ILE:HD11	2.49	0.42
1:A:549:TRP:CZ3	1:A:553:VAL:HG11	2.54	0.42
1:A:72:ARG:O	1:A:75:SER:HB3	2.19	0.42
1:A:152:GLU:HB3	6:A:2016:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:491:PHE:O	1:A:495:HIS:HB3	2.19	0.42
1:A:517:LEU:HD11	1:A:520:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.42
1:A:257:LEU:O	1:A:261:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.42
1:A:27:LEU:HD23	1:A:381[A]:MET:HE1	2.02	0.41
1:A:529:ARG:HD3	1:A:529:ARG:H	1.85	0.41
1:A:98:VAL:CG1	1:A:98:VAL:O	2.68	0.41
1:A:473:MET:HB2	1:A:498:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.41
1:A:473:MET:HB2	1:A:498:ILE:CD1	2.51	0.41
1:A:416:ALA:HA	1:A:596:LYS:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:568:LEU:HG	1:A:576:GLY:HA3	2.02	0.41
1:A:46:TYR:OH	1:A:377:LYS:HE3	2.21	0.41
1:A:452:ILE:HG21	1:A:452:ILE:HD13	1.66	0.41
1:A:29:SER:HG	1:A:33:SER:CB	2.34	0.41
1:A:433:LEU:HD21	1:A:463:ARG:NE	2.36	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:525:LEU:HD12	1:A:561:ILE:HD11	2.03	0.41
1:A:404:ILE:HD12	1:A:404:ILE:N	2.37	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:2037:HOH:O	6:A:2107:HOH:O[5_555]	2.17	0.03

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	591/620 (95%)	560 (95%)	28 (5%)	3 (0%)	32 34

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	468	VAL
1	A	477	ARG
1	A	480	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	525/545 (96%)	483 (92%)	42 (8%)	14	14

All (42) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	LEU
1	A	25	VAL
1	A	36	THR
1	A	51	LYS
1	A	65	GLU
1	A	99	ASP
1	A	124	ASN
1	A	147	GLU
1	A	152	GLU
1	A	160	ARG
1	A	190	SER
1	A	201	VAL
1	A	223	ILE
1	A	232	SER
1	A	249	SER
1	A	257	LEU
1	A	294	LYS
1	A	344	GLU
1	A	345	GLU
1	A	385	LEU
1	A	413	ARG
1	A	431	LYS
1	A	433	LEU
1	A	435	ARG
1	A	445	LEU
1	A	452	ILE
1	A	462	ASP
1	A	467	ARG
1	A	468	VAL
1	A	470	PHE
1	A	479	ILE
1	A	480	ASP
1	A	483	GLU
1	A	492	ARG
1	A	494	ASP
1	A	498	ILE
1	A	517	LEU
1	A	525	LEU

*Continued on next page...*

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	529	ARG
1	A	543	ARG
1	A	594	ASP
1	A	615	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (8) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	8	GLN
1	A	66	GLN
1	A	124	ASN
1	A	162	ASN
1	A	214	HIS
1	A	305	ASN
1	A	360	GLN
1	A	515	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	SF4	A	1616	1	0,12,12	0.00	-	0,24,24	0.00	-
4	SO4	A	1617	-	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.54	0
4	SO4	A	1618	-	4,4,4	0.44	0	6,6,6	0.45	0
4	SO4	A	1619	-	0,3,4	0.00	-	0,3,6	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	SF4	A	1616	1	-	0/0/48/48	0/6/5/5
4	SO4	A	1617	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
4	SO4	A	1618	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
4	SO4	A	1619	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	596/620 (96%)	-0.10	17 (2%) 52 50	23, 40, 79, 109	0
2	E	4/4 (100%)	1.31	1 (25%) 1 1	58, 65, 88, 90	0
All	All	600/624 (96%)	-0.09	18 (3%) 51 48	23, 40, 80, 109	0

All (18) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	612	ALA	5.3
1	A	485	TYR	4.5
1	A	606	TYR	4.0
1	A	484	LEU	3.6
1	A	460	LEU	3.1
1	A	614	ALA	2.8
1	A	609	PHE	2.7
1	A	613	GLN	2.7
1	A	477	ARG	2.6
1	A	607	ASN	2.6
1	A	615	ARG	2.5
1	A	575	THR	2.4
2	E	4	DG	2.3
1	A	482	LYS	2.3
1	A	275	LYS	2.3
1	A	476	TYR	2.2
1	A	610	ILE	2.2
1	A	446	LYS	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	SO4	A	1618	5/5	0.98	0.10	-0.59	31,32,38,38	0
4	SO4	A	1617	5/5	0.99	0.08	-1.12	36,39,45,46	0
4	SO4	A	1619	4/5	0.90	0.11	-1.24	49,54,59,70	0
5	CA	A	1620	1/1	0.98	0.05	-1.85	38,38,38,38	0
3	SF4	A	1616	8/8	0.98	0.05	-3.32	21,23,24,24	0

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.