



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 13, 2017 – 07:24 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2A42  
Title : Actin-DNAse I Complex  
Authors : Chereau, D.; Kerff, F.; Dominguez, R.  
Deposited on : 2005-06-27  
Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : trunk28620  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

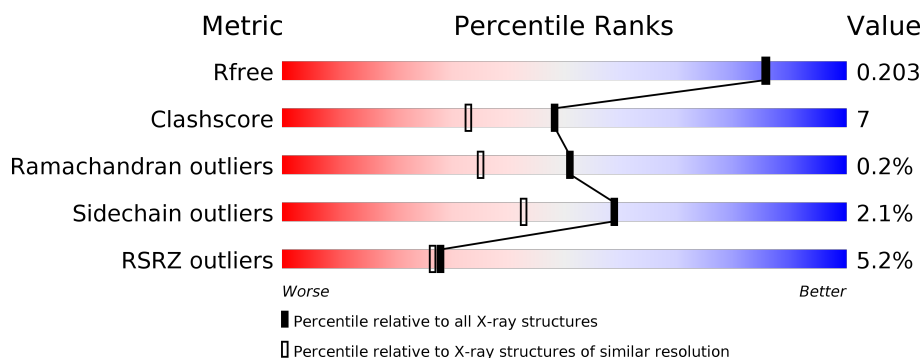
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	1923 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	112137	2083 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	2060 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	110143	2060 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1932 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	375	
2	B	260	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
7	GOL	A	1382	-	-	-	X
7	GOL	A	1383	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5546 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Actin, alpha skeletal muscle.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	361	Total	C	N	O	S	0	22	0
			2939	1872	482	559	26			

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	73	HIC	HIS	MODIFIED RESIDUE	UNP P68135

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Deoxyribonuclease-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	255	Total	C	N	O	S	0	6	0
			2042	1299	338	399	6			

- Molecule 3 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (2-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	16	2	10		

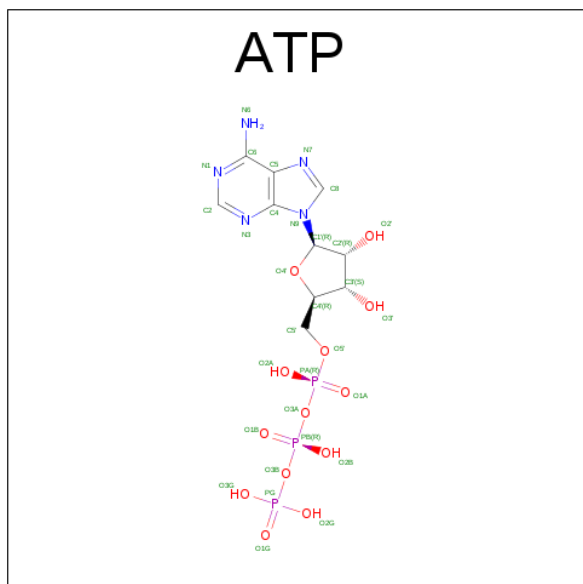
- Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		
4	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 5 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

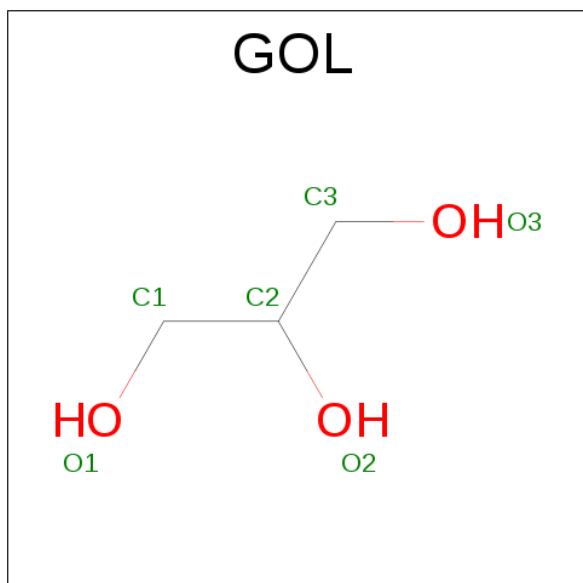
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 6 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	
			31	10	5	13	3	

- Molecule 7 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
7	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
7	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

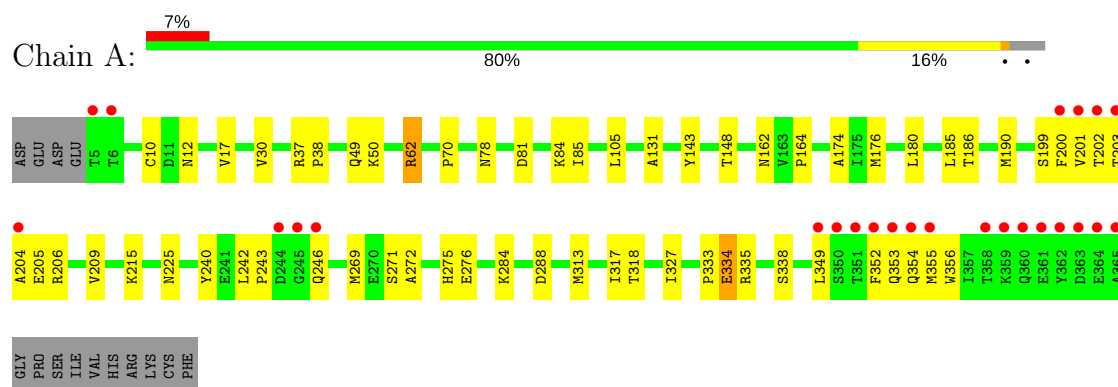
- Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	331	Total O 331 331	0	1
8	B	154	Total O 154 154	0	0

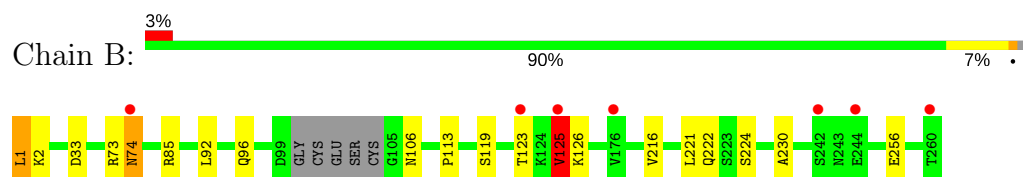
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Actin, alpha skeletal muscle



- Molecule 2: Deoxyribonuclease-1



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	152.73Å 41.48Å 117.91Å 90.00° 109.28° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.70 – 1.85 38.67 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.4 (38.70-1.85) 97.4 (38.67-1.85)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.08	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.69 (at 1.85Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.161 , 0.199 0.164 , 0.203	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2971 reflections (5.33%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.212	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 37.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5546	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.14% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, MG, NAG, CA, HIC, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.56	0/3035	0.76	1/4109 (0.0%)
2	B	0.59	1/2105 (0.0%)	0.79	1/2864 (0.0%)
All	All	0.57	1/5140 (0.0%)	0.77	2/6973 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	123	THR	C-O	5.90	1.34	1.23

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	125	VAL	CB-CA-C	-5.80	100.38	111.40
1	A	62	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.19	122.90	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2939	0	2954	52	0
2	B	2042	0	1999	13	0
3	B	28	0	25	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	31	0	12	0	0
7	A	18	0	24	5	0
8	A	331	0	0	8	0
8	B	154	0	0	1	0
All	All	5546	0	5014	69	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (69) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:A:1384:GOL:H32	8:A:1702:HOH:O	1.58	1.03
1:A:12[B]:ASN:ND2	8:A:1556:HOH:O	2.12	0.82
1:A:162[B]:ASN:HD22	1:A:176:MET:HB2	1.49	0.77
1:A:148:THR:OG1	8:A:1659:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
1:A:276[B]:GLU:OE1	8:A:1672:HOH:O	2.11	0.67
2:B:74:ASN:H	2:B:74:ASN:HD22	1.43	0.65
1:A:37:ARG:NH2	1:A:81:ASP:OD1	2.23	0.65
3:B:270:NAG:O3	3:B:271:NAG:H61	1.99	0.63
2:B:125:VAL:HG22	2:B:224:SER:OG	1.99	0.62
1:A:199:SER:OG	1:A:201[B]:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.61
1:A:176:MET:HE2	1:A:284:LYS:HD2	1.83	0.60
1:A:333:PRO:HD2	1:A:334:GLU:OE2	2.02	0.60
1:A:190[B]:MET:SD	1:A:206:ARG:HG3	2.41	0.59
1:A:180[A]:LEU:HD12	1:A:269[A]:MET:SD	2.41	0.59
1:A:349:LEU:O	1:A:353:GLN:NE2	2.27	0.58
1:A:202[B]:THR:N	1:A:205[B]:GLU:OE1	2.37	0.58
2:B:74:ASN:N	2:B:74:ASN:HD22	2.01	0.58
7:A:1383:GOL:H12	8:A:1437:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:275:HIS:HA	1:A:313[B]:MET:HE1	1.87	0.56
2:B:85:ARG:NH1	8:B:1389:HOH:O	2.22	0.55
1:A:318:THR:HA	1:A:327:ILE:HD13	1.89	0.55
1:A:78:ASN:ND2	1:A:81:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.54
1:A:203[B]:THR:C	1:A:205[B]:GLU:H	2.11	0.52
7:A:1383:GOL:H31	8:A:1693:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:352:PHE:HD1	1:A:355:MET:HE2	1.76	0.50
1:A:313[A]:MET:SD	1:A:317[A]:ILE:HD11	2.52	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:92:LEU:HD11	2:B:119:SER:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:A:10[B]:CYS:HB2	1:A:105:LEU:HD23	1.94	0.49
2:B:74:ASN:H	2:B:74:ASN:ND2	2.10	0.49
1:A:190[B]:MET:HG2	1:A:209:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.49
1:A:37:ARG:HH21	1:A:84:LYS:HE3	1.76	0.49
1:A:199:SER:OG	1:A:201[B]:VAL:CG2	2.61	0.49
1:A:201[B]:VAL:N	1:A:205[B]:GLU:OE1	2.46	0.48
1:A:62:ARG:HD3	1:A:203[A]:THR:CG2	2.44	0.48
2:B:1:LEU:HD22	2:B:33:ASP:CB	2.44	0.48
1:A:352:PHE:HD1	1:A:355:MET:CE	2.26	0.48
1:A:62:ARG:HD3	1:A:203[A]:THR:HG21	1.96	0.48
1:A:190[A]:MET:CG	1:A:200[A]:PHE:O	2.62	0.47
1:A:240:TYR:CE2	7:A:1384:GOL:H2	2.50	0.47
2:B:230:ALA:HA	2:B:256:GLU:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:272:ALA:HB1	1:A:276[A]:GLU:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:190[A]:MET:HG3	1:A:200[A]:PHE:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:318:THR:HA	1:A:327:ILE:CD1	2.46	0.46
1:A:242:LEU:HD12	1:A:246:GLN:CG	2.46	0.45
2:B:96[B]:GLN:HG3	2:B:113:PRO:O	2.17	0.45
2:B:74:ASN:ND2	2:B:74:ASN:N	2.65	0.44
2:B:73:ARG:NE	2:B:106:ASN:O	2.38	0.44
2:B:2:LYS:NZ	2:B:256:GLU:OE2	2.49	0.43
1:A:49:GLN:NE2	8:A:1552:HOH:O	2.26	0.43
1:A:313[B]:MET:HA	1:A:313[B]:MET:CE	2.49	0.43
1:A:352:PHE:CD1	1:A:355:MET:CE	3.01	0.42
1:A:70:PRO:HG2	1:A:85:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.42
2:B:216:VAL:HG23	2:B:222:GLN:HG2	2.02	0.42
1:A:242:LEU:HB3	1:A:243:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.42
1:A:334:GLU:CD	1:A:334:GLU:H	2.23	0.42
1:A:186:THR:O	1:A:190[B]:MET:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:A:215:LYS:HE2	7:A:1384:GOL:O1	2.20	0.42
1:A:37:ARG:HA	1:A:38:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.42
1:A:352:PHE:CD1	1:A:355:MET:HE2	2.54	0.41
1:A:269[B]:MET:HG2	1:A:271:SER:HB3	2.03	0.41
1:A:203[B]:THR:O	1:A:205[B]:GLU:N	2.48	0.41
1:A:17:VAL:O	1:A:30:VAL:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:12[B]:ASN:CG	8:A:1432:HOH:O	2.59	0.41
1:A:164:PRO:HG2	1:A:174:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:131:ALA:HB1	1:A:356:TRP:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:313[B]:MET:HE3	1:A:313[B]:MET:HA	2.03	0.41
1:A:335:ARG:HA	1:A:338:SER:HB3	2.03	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:190[B]:MET:CG	1:A:209:VAL:HG11	2.51	0.40
1:A:143:TYR:OH	1:A:349:LEU:HD11	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	380/375 (101%)	368 (97%)	10 (3%)	2 (0%)	32	16
2	B	257/260 (99%)	250 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	637/635 (100%)	618 (97%)	17 (3%)	2 (0%)	51	29

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	204[A]	ALA
1	A	204[B]	ALA

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	325/317 (102%)	319 (98%)	6 (2%)	64	50
2	B	231/229 (101%)	226 (98%)	5 (2%)	57	40

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	556/546 (102%)	545 (98%)	11 (2%)	59 45

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	50	LYS
1	A	185	LEU
1	A	225	ASN
1	A	288	ASP
1	A	334	GLU
1	A	354	GLN
2	B	1	LEU
2	B	74	ASN
2	B	125	VAL
2	B	126	LYS
2	B	221	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	92	ASN
1	A	137	GLN
1	A	280	ASN
2	B	61	ASN
2	B	74	ASN
2	B	155	GLN
2	B	161	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length

(or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	HIC	A	73	1	9,11,12	1.18	2 (22%)	7,14,16	0.58	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	HIC	A	73	1	-	0/4/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	73	HIC	CD2-NE2	-2.30	1.34	1.38
1	A	73	HIC	CD2-CG	2.44	1.39	1.36

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

2 carbohydrates are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	NAG	B	270	3,2	14,14,15	0.53	0	15,19,21	1.11	1 (6%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	B	271	3	14,14,15	0.46	0	15,19,21	1.87	3 (20%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	B	270	3,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	271	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	271	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.68	105.63	111.02
3	B	271	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.91	118.69	122.94
3	B	270	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.81	118.85	122.94
3	B	271	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.05	119.13	112.17

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	270	NAG	1	0
3	B	271	NAG	1	0

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	ATP	A	1380	4	27,33,33	1.18	2 (7%)	25,52,52	2.06	6 (24%)
7	GOL	A	1382	-	5,5,5	0.39	0	5,5,5	0.59	0
7	GOL	A	1383	-	5,5,5	0.32	0	5,5,5	0.21	0
7	GOL	A	1384	-	5,5,5	0.26	0	5,5,5	0.52	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	ATP	A	1380	4	-	0/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
7	GOL	A	1382	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0
7	GOL	A	1383	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0
7	GOL	A	1384	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	A	1380	ATP	PG-O3B	2.35	1.63	1.60
6	A	1380	ATP	C5-C4	3.41	1.48	1.40

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	1380	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-7.63	122.21	128.86
6	A	1380	ATP	C1'-N9-C4	-2.15	122.92	126.64
6	A	1380	ATP	C4'-O4'-C1'	-2.06	107.58	109.77
6	A	1380	ATP	O3G-PG-O2G	2.02	115.75	107.61
6	A	1380	ATP	N6-C6-N1	2.48	123.67	118.77
6	A	1380	ATP	C2-N1-C6	3.24	124.44	118.77

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	1383	GOL	2	0
7	A	1384	GOL	3	0



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	360/375 (96%)	0.64	25 (6%) 18 17	33, 42, 57, 73	0
2	B	255/260 (98%)	0.46	7 (2%) 55 53	36, 42, 52, 72	0
All	All	615/635 (96%)	0.56	32 (5%) 28 27	33, 42, 56, 73	0

All (32) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	360	GLN	7.1
1	A	5	THR	6.6
1	A	365	ALA	6.2
1	A	350	SER	5.8
1	A	351	THR	5.5
1	A	363	ASP	5.3
1	A	364	GLU	4.8
1	A	245	GLY	3.8
1	A	362	TYR	3.6
1	A	354	GLN	3.5
1	A	352	PHE	3.3
1	A	246	GLN	3.2
1	A	203[A]	THR	3.1
1	A	355	MET	3.1
1	A	201[A]	VAL	3.1
2	B	74	ASN	2.9
1	A	244	ASP	2.9
2	B	244	GLU	2.6
2	B	123	THR	2.6
1	A	358	THR	2.5
1	A	359	LYS	2.4
2	B	125	VAL	2.4
1	A	353	GLN	2.3
1	A	349	LEU	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	202[A]	THR	2.2
2	B	176	VAL	2.2
2	B	242	SER	2.1
2	B	260	THR	2.1
1	A	6	THR	2.1
1	A	204[A]	ALA	2.1
1	A	200[A]	PHE	2.0
1	A	361	GLU	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	HIC	A	73	11/12	0.91	0.11	-	39,42,57,59	0

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	NAG	B	271	14/15	0.80	0.30	-	56,61,65,68	0
3	NAG	B	270	14/15	0.86	0.22	-	44,51,58,59	0

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
7	GOL	A	1382	6/6	0.80	0.32	12.98	51,60,62,63	0
7	GOL	A	1383	6/6	0.75	0.15	2.08	56,58,59,61	0
5	MG	B	1273	1/1	0.99	0.10	-3.17	46,46,46,46	0
6	ATP	A	1380	31/31	0.97	0.09	-3.23	31,36,39,40	0
4	CA	B	1272	1/1	0.99	0.05	-6.53	37,37,37,37	0
4	CA	A	1381	1/1	0.98	0.09	-	36,36,36,36	0
7	GOL	A	1384	6/6	0.66	0.42	-	49,53,57,61	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.