



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 4, 2017 – 02:43 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2AFB
Title : Crystal structure of 2-dehydro-3- deoxygluconokinase (EC 2.7.1.45) (tm0067)
from THERMOTOGA MARITIMA at 2.05 Å resolution
Authors : Joint Center for Structural Genomics (JCSG)
Deposited on : unknown
Resolution : 2.05 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20030345
Percentile statistics	:	20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20030345

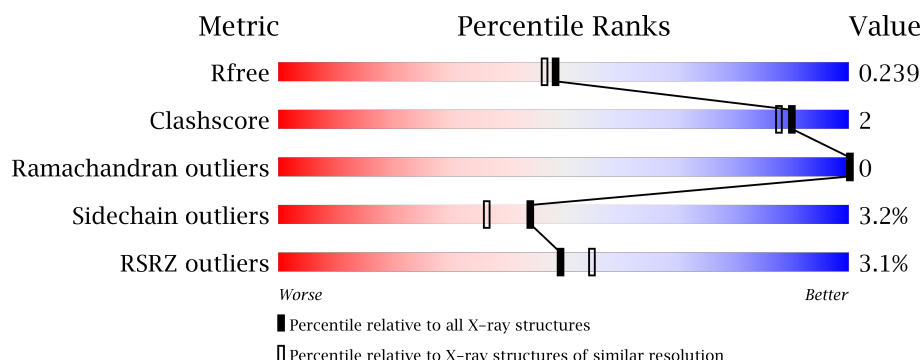
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.05 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	1316 (2.04-2.04)
Clashscore	112137	1394 (2.04-2.04)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	1383 (2.04-2.04)
Sidechain outliers	110143	1383 (2.04-2.04)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1319 (2.04-2.04)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	351	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; position: relative;"> <div style="position: absolute; top: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; bottom: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, orange 1%, orange 87%, yellow 87%, yellow 94%, grey 94%, grey 100%);"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, orange 1%, orange 87%, yellow 87%, yellow 94%, grey 94%, grey 100%);"></div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 0 10px;"> 0% 87% 6% 6% </div> </div>
1	B	351	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; position: relative;"> <div style="position: absolute; top: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; bottom: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 4%, orange 4%, orange 85%, yellow 85%, yellow 93%, grey 93%, grey 100%);"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 100%; height: 100%; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 4%, orange 4%, orange 85%, yellow 85%, yellow 93%, grey 93%, grey 100%);"></div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; padding: 0 10px;"> 4% 85% 8% 7% </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5444 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called 2-keto-3-deoxygluconate kinase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	329	Total	C	N	O	S	Se	0	0	0
			2543	1633	434	467	2	7			
1	B	326	Total	C	N	O	S	Se	0	0	0
			2497	1604	423	461	2	7			

There are 38 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-11	MSE	-	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
A	-10	GLY	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-9	SER	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-8	ASP	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-7	LYS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-6	ILE	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-5	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-4	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-3	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-2	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	-1	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	0	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
A	1	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
A	10	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
A	45	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
A	181	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
A	185	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
A	255	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
A	292	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
B	-11	MSE	-	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
B	-10	GLY	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	-9	SER	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	-8	ASP	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	-7	LYS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	-6	ILE	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842

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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	-5	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	-4	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	-3	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	-2	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	-1	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	0	HIS	-	LEADER SEQUENCE	GB 15642842
B	1	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
B	10	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
B	45	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
B	181	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
B	185	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
B	255	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842
B	292	MSE	MET	MODIFIED RESIDUE	GB 15642842

- Molecule 2 is NICKEL (II) ION (three-letter code: NI) (formula: Ni).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	3	Total Ni 3 3	0	0
2	A	3	Total Ni 3 3	0	0

- Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0
3	A	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0

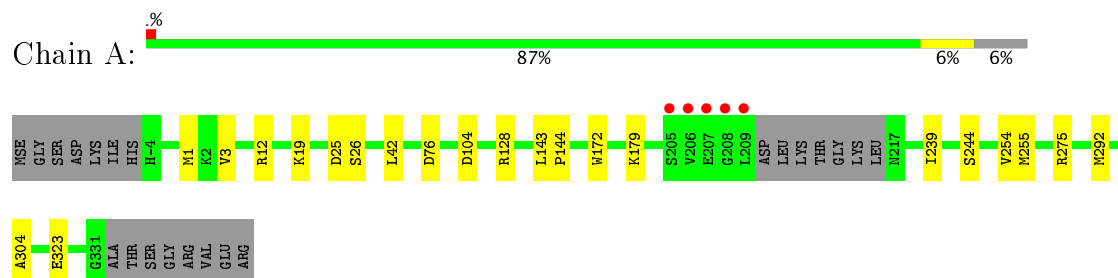
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	217	Total O 217 217	0	0
4	B	177	Total O 177 177	0	0

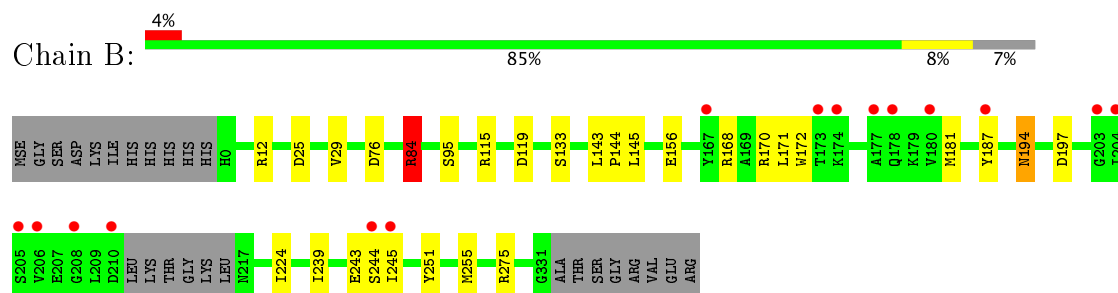
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 2-keto-3-deoxygluconate kinase



- Molecule 1: 2-keto-3-deoxygluconate kinase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	120.99 Å 120.99 Å 260.30 Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.63 – 2.05 49.63 – 2.05	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.1 (48.63-2.05) 98.1 (49.63-2.05)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.08	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.98 (at 2.05 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.176 , 0.230 0.187 , 0.239	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1066 reflections (2.40%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	26.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.311	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 51.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5444	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 30.13 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo translational symmetry is equal to 1.3766e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

² Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NI, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.82	3/2595 (0.1%)	0.84	3/3502 (0.1%)
1	B	0.76	0/2544	0.84	6/3437 (0.2%)
All	All	0.79	3/5139 (0.1%)	0.84	9/6939 (0.1%)

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	19	LYS	CE-NZ	5.35	1.62	1.49
1	A	25	ASP	CB-CG	5.07	1.62	1.51
1	A	323	GLU	CG-CD	5.04	1.59	1.51

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	84	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.70	126.65	120.30
1	B	84	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-12.16	114.22	120.30
1	A	25	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	10.65	127.88	118.30
1	A	128	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.73	123.17	120.30
1	B	119	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.47	123.22	118.30
1	B	25	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.40	123.16	118.30
1	B	12	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.22	117.69	120.30
1	A	12	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.09	117.75	120.30
1	B	25	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.05	113.76	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2543	0	2476	8	0
1	B	2497	0	2426	15	0
2	A	3	0	0	0	0
2	B	3	0	0	0	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	B	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	217	0	0	0	0
4	B	177	0	0	1	0
All	All	5444	0	4902	21	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (21) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:194:ASN:ND2	1:B:197:ASP:H	1.95	0.64
1:B:194:ASN:C	1:B:194:ASN:HD22	2.04	0.61
1:A:104:ASP:OD1	1:B:84:ARG:HD2	2.01	0.61
1:A:3:VAL:HG11	1:A:42:LEU:HD13	1.82	0.60
1:B:275:ARG:HD3	4:B:398:HOH:O	2.01	0.60
1:B:181:MSE:HA	1:B:181:MSE:HE2	1.86	0.58
1:A:239:ILE:HD12	1:A:255:MSE:CE	2.38	0.53
1:B:239:ILE:HD12	1:B:255:MSE:CE	2.38	0.53
1:A:239:ILE:HD12	1:A:255:MSE:HE1	1.91	0.53
1:B:239:ILE:HD12	1:B:255:MSE:HE1	1.91	0.52
1:A:26:SER:HA	1:B:29:VAL:HG23	1.92	0.51
1:A:254:VAL:HG22	1:A:304:ALA:HB2	1.93	0.49
1:B:194:ASN:HD22	1:B:197:ASP:H	1.60	0.45
1:B:115:ARG:HD3	1:B:145:LEU:HB3	1.99	0.44
1:B:243:GLU:HB2	1:B:251:TYR:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:A:1:MSE:SE	1:A:292:MSE:HE1	2.68	0.43
1:B:115:ARG:HD3	1:B:145:LEU:CB	2.50	0.42
1:B:245:ILE:HD13	1:B:245:ILE:N	2.35	0.42
1:B:143:LEU:N	1:B:144:PRO:CD	2.83	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:143:LEU:N	1:A:144:PRO:CD	2.85	0.41
1:B:168:ARG:HB2	1:B:171:LEU:HD12	2.03	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	325/351 (93%)	323 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	322/351 (92%)	316 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	647/702 (92%)	639 (99%)	8 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	257/280 (92%)	252 (98%)	5 (2%)	62	58
1	B	250/280 (89%)	239 (96%)	11 (4%)	33	24
All	All	507/560 (90%)	491 (97%)	16 (3%)	44	36

All (16) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	76	ASP
1	A	172	TRP
1	A	179	LYS
1	A	244	SER
1	A	275	ARG
1	B	76	ASP
1	B	84	ARG
1	B	95	SER
1	B	133	SER
1	B	156	GLU
1	B	170	ARG
1	B	172	TRP
1	B	187	TYR
1	B	194	ASN
1	B	224	ILE
1	B	244	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	217	ASN
1	B	107	HIS
1	B	194	ASN
1	B	261	GLN
1	B	297	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 10 ligands modelled in this entry, 10 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	322/351 (91%)	-0.06	5 (1%) 72 75	22, 29, 44, 75	0
1	B	319/351 (90%)	0.17	15 (4%) 32 35	21, 29, 45, 68	0
All	All	641/702 (91%)	0.06	20 (3%) 49 55	21, 29, 45, 75	0

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	208	GLY	5.2
1	B	245	ILE	5.1
1	A	206	VAL	4.2
1	B	204	ILE	3.6
1	B	167	TYR	3.5
1	A	209	LEU	3.3
1	A	205	SER	3.3
1	B	173	THR	3.1
1	A	207	GLU	3.1
1	B	205	SER	2.9
1	B	244	SER	2.7
1	B	177	ALA	2.6
1	B	208	GLY	2.5
1	B	174	LYS	2.5
1	B	210	ASP	2.5
1	B	203	GLY	2.4
1	B	178	GLN	2.4
1	B	180	VAL	2.3
1	B	206	VAL	2.2
1	B	187	TYR	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	CA	B	343	1/1	0.92	0.11	-	56,56,56,56	1
3	CA	B	344	1/1	0.95	0.20	-	12,12,12,12	1
2	NI	A	341	1/1	1.00	0.05	-	17,17,17,17	1
2	NI	A	342	1/1	0.98	0.11	-	42,42,42,42	0
3	CA	A	344	1/1	0.94	0.13	-	47,47,47,47	0
3	CA	A	343	1/1	1.00	0.02	-	52,52,52,52	1
2	NI	B	342	1/1	0.95	0.06	-	50,50,50,50	0
2	NI	B	341	1/1	1.00	0.07	-	14,14,14,14	1
2	NI	A	340	1/1	0.99	0.03	-	32,32,32,32	0
2	NI	B	340	1/1	0.99	0.05	-	33,33,33,33	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.