



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 15, 2017 – 12:51 am GMT

PDB ID : 5C5B  
Title : Crystal Structure of Human APPL BAR-PH Heterodimer  
Authors : Chen, Y.J.; Chen, B.  
Deposited on : 2015-06-19  
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : trunk28620  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

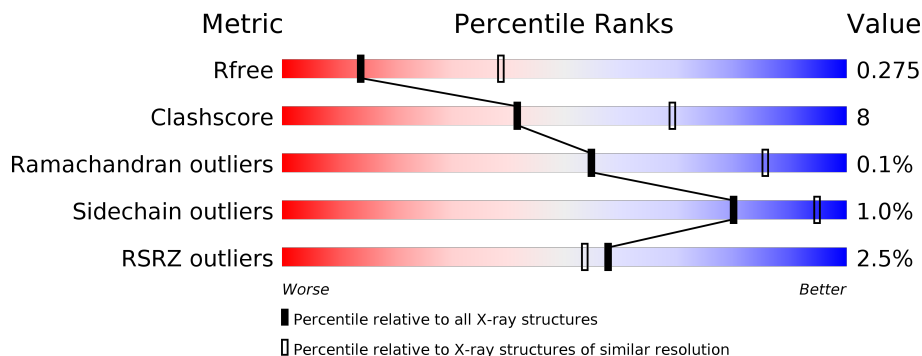
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	1586 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	112137	1807 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	1768 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	110143	1770 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1596 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	375	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, orange 1%, orange 76%, yellow 76%, yellow 95%, green 95%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>%</span> <span>76%</span> <span>19%</span> <span>• 5%</span> </div> </div>
1	C	375	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 3%, orange 3%, orange 78%, yellow 78%, yellow 94%, green 94%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>3%</span> <span>78%</span> <span>16%</span> <span>• 5%</span> </div> </div>
2	B	375	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 3%, orange 3%, orange 77%, yellow 77%, yellow 98%, green 98%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>3%</span> <span>77%</span> <span>21%</span> <span>••</span> </div> </div>
2	D	375	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 3%, orange 3%, orange 83%, yellow 83%, yellow 98%, green 98%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>3%</span> <span>83%</span> <span>15%</span> <span>•</span> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11349 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DCC-interacting protein 13-alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	358	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2805	1753	475	557	20			
1	C	358	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2797	1752	471	554	20			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UKG1
A	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UKG1
A	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UKG1
A	4	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UKG1
C	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UKG1
C	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UKG1
C	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UKG1
C	4	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q9UKG1

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DCC-interacting protein 13-beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	370	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2862	1789	484	568	21			
2	D	371	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2844	1781	482	560	21			

- Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		
3	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

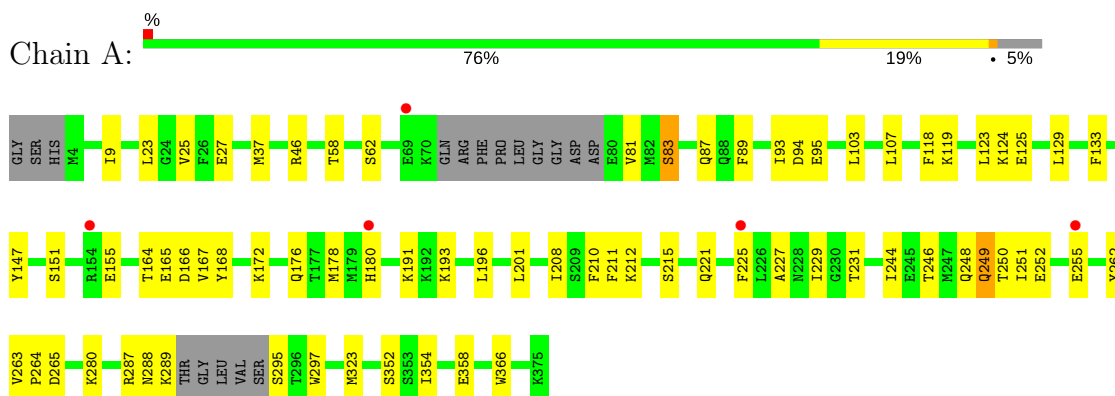
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		
4	B	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		
4	C	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		
4	D	6	Total	O	0	0
			6	6		

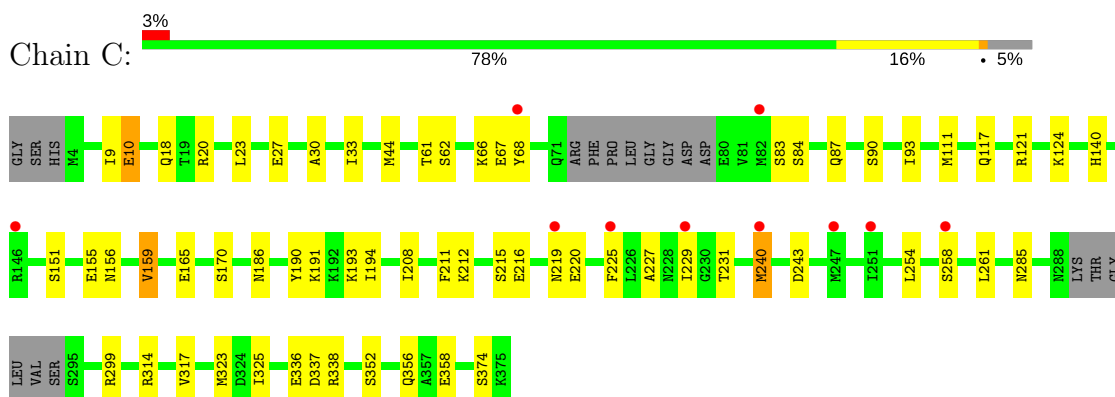
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

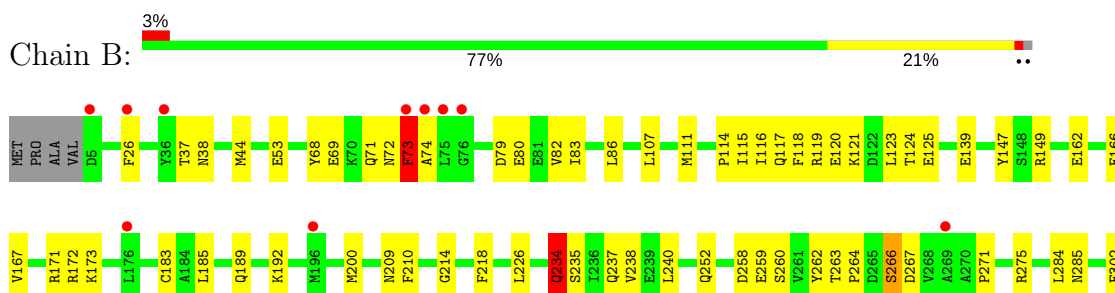
#### • Molecule 1: DCC-interacting protein 13-alpha

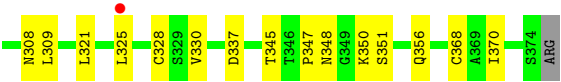


#### • Molecule 1: DCC-interacting protein 13-alpha

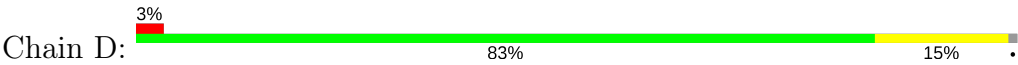


#### • Molecule 2: DCC-interacting protein 13-beta





● Molecule 2: DCC-interacting protein 13-beta



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	146.92Å 88.54Å 147.39Å 90.00° 92.65° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.08 – 2.90 49.08 – 2.79	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.6 (49.08-2.90) 97.8 (49.08-2.79)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.46 (at 2.77Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.210 , 0.268 0.217 , 0.275	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2156 reflections (5.19%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	51.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.004	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 56.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.51$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.013 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	11349	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	68.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 62.59 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo translational symmetry is equal to 1.1008e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup> Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup> Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.29	0/2849	0.48	0/3848
1	C	0.30	0/2842	0.50	1/3840 (0.0%)
2	B	0.32	0/2903	0.56	1/3927 (0.0%)
2	D	0.28	0/2885	0.46	0/3907
All	All	0.30	0/11479	0.50	2/15522 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	C	0	1
2	B	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	240	MET	CA-CB-CG	-6.11	102.92	113.30
2	B	234	GLN	CA-CB-CG	-5.33	101.67	113.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	73	PHE	Peptide
1	C	216	GLU	Peptide



## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2805	0	2687	51	0
1	C	2797	0	2670	53	0
2	B	2862	0	2767	63	0
2	D	2844	0	2734	51	0
3	A	6	0	8	0	0
3	B	6	0	8	1	0
3	D	6	0	8	1	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	B	6	0	0	0	0
4	C	6	0	0	0	0
4	D	6	0	0	0	0
All	All	11349	0	10882	177	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (177) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:190:TYR:HA	2:D:193:GLN:HE21	1.35	0.91
2:B:348:ASN:HD21	2:B:350:LYS:HE2	1.36	0.90
2:B:234:GLN:NE2	2:B:237:GLN:OE1	2.05	0.90
1:A:193:LYS:HD2	2:B:82:VAL:HG11	1.65	0.79
1:C:208:ILE:HG12	2:D:218:PHE:HB3	1.69	0.75
2:B:267:ASP:HB2	2:B:271:PRO:HA	1.70	0.74
2:B:258:ASP:OD1	2:B:259:GLU:N	2.22	0.72
1:A:62:SER:OG	1:A:94:ASP:OD2	2.07	0.71
2:B:121:LYS:O	2:B:125:GLU:HB2	1.88	0.71
1:A:83:SER:O	1:A:87:GLN:HG3	1.91	0.69
1:A:208:ILE:HG12	2:B:218:PHE:HB3	1.74	0.69
1:C:61:THR:HG22	2:D:43:ALA:HB1	1.74	0.68
1:A:119:LYS:HD2	1:A:123:LEU:HD12	1.75	0.67
2:D:146:LYS:HD3	3:D:401:GOL:H32	1.77	0.67
2:B:80:GLU:HA	2:B:83:ILE:HB	1.78	0.65
2:B:263:THR:O	2:B:266:SER:OG	2.16	0.63

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:225:PHE:HZ	2:D:200:MET:HB3	1.63	0.63
1:C:240:MET:CE	2:D:187:ALA:HA	2.29	0.63
2:B:260:SER:HB2	2:B:266:SER:HB3	1.80	0.62
2:B:348:ASN:ND2	2:B:350:LYS:HE2	2.11	0.62
2:B:69:GLU:HG3	2:B:83:ILE:HG12	1.81	0.62
1:C:258:SER:HA	1:C:261:LEU:HD12	1.81	0.62
1:A:323:MET:HG3	1:A:352:SER:HB3	1.83	0.61
2:D:267:ASP:OD1	2:D:267:ASP:N	2.33	0.61
2:B:345:THR:HG22	2:B:351:SER:HA	1.84	0.59
1:A:358:GLU:OE2	2:B:171:ARG:NH2	2.35	0.59
1:C:338:ARG:NH2	2:D:148:SER:OG	2.35	0.59
1:C:186:ASN:HD22	2:D:247:MET:HE1	1.68	0.58
1:A:95:GLU:OE1	1:A:221:GLN:NE2	2.37	0.57
2:B:139:GLU:OE1	2:B:173:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.57
2:D:37:THR:HG21	2:D:118:PHE:HE2	1.70	0.57
1:C:156:ASN:ND2	1:C:159:VAL:H	2.03	0.57
1:C:323:MET:HG3	1:C:352:SER:HB3	1.86	0.56
1:C:240:MET:HE2	2:D:187:ALA:HA	1.88	0.56
2:B:234:GLN:O	2:B:238:VAL:HG13	2.05	0.56
1:A:176:GLN:O	1:A:180:HIS:ND1	2.28	0.56
1:C:254:LEU:HD21	2:D:10:GLU:HA	1.88	0.56
1:A:196:LEU:HD23	2:B:86:LEU:HD21	1.88	0.56
1:A:248:GLN:O	1:A:251:ILE:HB	2.06	0.56
2:D:120:GLU:O	2:D:124:THR:OG1	2.17	0.56
2:B:328:CYS:SG	2:B:347:PRO:HD3	2.46	0.55
1:A:133:PHE:HE1	1:A:178:MET:HE2	1.71	0.55
1:A:249:GLN:HA	1:A:252:GLU:H	1.71	0.55
1:C:358:GLU:OE2	2:D:171:ARG:NH2	2.37	0.55
2:B:38:ASN:OD1	2:B:119:ARG:NH1	2.40	0.55
1:C:83:SER:O	1:C:87:GLN:HG3	2.06	0.55
1:C:67:GLU:HG3	1:C:68:TYR:CD1	2.42	0.55
1:A:246:THR:O	1:A:250:THR:OG1	2.11	0.54
1:A:151:SER:OG	2:B:337:ASP:OD2	2.17	0.54
1:C:66:LYS:HZ2	1:C:90:SER:HB2	1.73	0.54
1:C:30:ALA:HA	1:C:33:ILE:HD12	1.89	0.54
2:B:120:GLU:O	2:B:124:THR:OG1	2.18	0.53
2:D:285:ASN:HB2	2:D:356:GLN:HB3	1.89	0.53
1:C:18:GLN:NE2	2:D:317:VAL:O	2.40	0.53
1:A:165:GLU:HA	1:A:168:TYR:HB3	1.89	0.53
2:D:79:ASP:HB3	2:D:82:VAL:HG22	1.90	0.53
2:B:114:PRO:HA	2:B:117:GLN:HG2	1.90	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:275:ARG:HG2	2:B:368:CYS:SG	2.49	0.53
1:C:20:ARG:HH21	2:D:314:ARG:HD2	1.74	0.53
1:C:299:ARG:HH12	1:C:314:ARG:NH1	2.06	0.53
1:C:212:LYS:HA	1:C:215:SER:HB3	1.90	0.53
2:B:117:GLN:HA	2:B:120:GLU:CG	2.39	0.52
2:B:285:ASN:HB2	2:B:356:GLN:HB3	1.91	0.52
2:D:345:THR:HG22	2:D:351:SER:HA	1.90	0.52
1:A:211:PHE:O	1:A:215:SER:HB3	2.10	0.52
2:B:330:VAL:HG11	2:B:370:ILE:HB	1.92	0.52
2:B:26:PHE:HB3	2:B:185:LEU:HD13	1.91	0.52
2:B:147:TYR:HB2	2:B:167:VAL:HG21	1.91	0.52
2:B:189:GLN:HA	2:B:192:LYS:HE3	1.91	0.52
2:D:44:MET:HG3	2:D:115:ILE:HD12	1.92	0.51
2:D:330:VAL:HG11	2:D:370:ILE:HB	1.92	0.51
1:C:44:MET:HE3	1:C:111:MET:HG2	1.93	0.50
1:A:358:GLU:CD	2:B:171:ARG:HH22	2.15	0.50
1:A:46:ARG:NH2	2:B:53:GLU:OE2	2.42	0.50
2:D:234:GLN:O	2:D:238:VAL:HG13	2.10	0.50
1:C:219:ASN:OD1	1:C:220:GLU:N	2.45	0.50
2:B:162:GLU:O	2:B:166:GLU:HG3	2.12	0.50
2:B:44:MET:HG3	2:B:115:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.50
2:D:237:GLN:HG3	2:D:241:GLU:OE2	2.12	0.50
2:B:235:SER:O	2:B:238:VAL:HG22	2.12	0.49
2:D:190:TYR:HA	2:D:193:GLN:NE2	2.16	0.49
1:C:240:MET:HG3	2:D:190:TYR:CB	2.42	0.49
1:A:287:ARG:HD3	1:A:297:TRP:CZ2	2.48	0.48
1:C:190:TYR:HB2	2:D:240:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.48
2:D:328:CYS:SG	2:D:347:PRO:HD3	2.54	0.48
2:B:116:ILE:O	2:B:120:GLU:HG2	2.14	0.48
1:C:240:MET:SD	1:C:243:ASP:HB3	2.53	0.48
2:B:209:ASN:OD1	2:B:210:PHE:N	2.47	0.48
1:C:212:LYS:O	1:C:215:SER:HB3	2.13	0.48
1:A:288:ASN:N	1:A:288:ASN:OD1	2.47	0.48
1:A:265:ASP:HB2	2:B:147:TYR:OH	2.14	0.48
1:A:37:MET:HG3	1:A:118:PHE:HE2	1.79	0.47
1:C:140:HIS:HA	1:C:170:SER:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:C:151:SER:OG	2:D:337:ASP:OD2	2.23	0.47
2:D:238:VAL:HA	2:D:241:GLU:OE1	2.15	0.47
1:C:9:ILE:HD12	1:C:10:GLU:HG3	1.96	0.47
1:C:117:GLN:O	1:C:121:ARG:HB2	2.15	0.47
1:A:103:LEU:HD22	1:A:210:PHE:CG	2.50	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:309:LEU:HB2	2:B:325:LEU:HD11	1.95	0.47
2:D:330:VAL:HG13	2:D:367:ILE:HG23	1.97	0.47
1:A:193:LYS:NZ	2:B:79:ASP:HB3	2.30	0.46
2:B:37:THR:HG21	2:B:118:PHE:HE2	1.81	0.46
1:C:151:SER:O	1:C:155:GLU:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:C:225:PHE:O	1:C:229:ILE:HG12	2.15	0.46
1:C:227:ALA:O	1:C:231:THR:HG23	2.16	0.46
2:B:149:ARG:HE	3:B:401:GOL:H31	1.81	0.46
1:A:89:PHE:CD2	2:B:200:MET:HG2	2.51	0.46
2:D:284:LEU:HB2	2:D:302:PHE:CD1	2.51	0.45
2:D:128:THR:O	2:D:132:LEU:HG	2.17	0.45
1:C:23:LEU:O	1:C:27:GLU:HG3	2.16	0.45
1:A:225:PHE:O	1:A:229:ILE:HG12	2.16	0.45
2:B:116:ILE:HA	2:B:119:ARG:HG3	1.98	0.45
1:A:201:LEU:HD12	2:B:226:LEU:HD22	1.97	0.45
1:A:289:LYS:HA	1:A:295:SER:HA	1.99	0.45
1:A:172:LYS:HG3	2:B:262:TYR:CE2	2.50	0.45
1:C:215:SER:O	1:C:219:ASN:ND2	2.50	0.45
1:A:191:LYS:HG3	2:B:240:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.44
2:B:119:ARG:O	2:B:123:LEU:HB2	2.16	0.44
1:C:193:LYS:HD3	2:D:82:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.44
1:A:23:LEU:O	1:A:27:GLU:HG3	2.18	0.44
1:C:165:GLU:HG2	1:C:165:GLU:O	2.16	0.44
1:C:336:GLU:O	1:C:337:ASP:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:C:338:ARG:HD2	1:C:356:GLN:NE2	2.32	0.44
2:D:265:ASP:OD2	2:D:340:TYR:OH	2.23	0.44
1:C:191:LYS:HG3	2:D:240:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.44
2:B:79:ASP:OD1	2:B:80:GLU:N	2.51	0.44
1:A:147:TYR:HB2	1:A:167:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.43
1:C:336:GLU:O	1:C:338:ARG:HG2	2.18	0.43
2:D:348:ASN:ND2	2:D:350:LYS:HG2	2.32	0.43
2:B:120:GLU:HG2	2:B:120:GLU:H	1.66	0.43
1:C:20:ARG:HD2	2:D:314:ARG:HD2	1.99	0.43
1:A:58:THR:HG22	1:A:93:ILE:HG23	2.01	0.43
1:C:211:PHE:CE1	2:D:214:GLY:HA3	2.53	0.43
1:C:156:ASN:HD21	1:C:159:VAL:H	1.67	0.43
2:B:68:TYR:O	2:B:71:GLN:HB3	2.18	0.43
1:A:25:VAL:HG13	2:B:74:ALA:HB1	1.99	0.43
1:A:151:SER:O	1:A:155:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.43
1:A:164:THR:HG23	2:B:264:PRO:HG2	1.99	0.43
2:B:237:GLN:O	2:B:240:LEU:HB3	2.19	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:107:LEU:O	2:B:111:MET:HB3	2.18	0.42
2:D:247:MET:HB2	2:D:247:MET:HE2	1.84	0.42
1:C:225:PHE:CZ	2:D:200:MET:HB3	2.48	0.42
1:A:262:TYR:CE1	2:B:172:ARG:HA	2.54	0.42
1:A:251:ILE:HD11	2:B:183:CYS:HB2	2.01	0.42
2:B:72:ASN:O	2:B:73:PHE:HB2	2.19	0.42
1:C:124:LYS:HD3	1:C:124:LYS:HA	1.93	0.42
2:D:27:GLU:HG2	2:D:181:TYR:OH	2.18	0.42
1:A:9:ILE:H	1:A:9:ILE:HG13	1.62	0.42
2:D:44:MET:HB3	2:D:112:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.42
1:C:240:MET:HG3	2:D:190:TYR:CG	2.54	0.42
1:A:211:PHE:CE1	2:B:214:GLY:HA3	2.55	0.42
1:C:194:ILE:HD13	2:D:237:GLN:OE1	2.20	0.42
1:C:240:MET:CG	2:D:190:TYR:CG	3.03	0.42
1:A:125:GLU:HG3	1:A:129:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.42
1:C:240:MET:HG3	2:D:190:TYR:HB2	2.00	0.42
2:D:205:HIS:O	2:D:208:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.42
2:D:20:ARG:HA	2:D:20:ARG:HD3	1.81	0.41
1:A:287:ARG:HH11	1:A:354:ILE:HD12	1.85	0.41
2:B:111:MET:O	2:B:115:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.41
1:C:325:ILE:O	1:C:374:SER:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:A:251:ILE:O	1:A:255:GLU:HG3	2.20	0.41
2:B:325:LEU:HD22	2:B:370:ILE:HG23	2.02	0.41
1:A:212:LYS:O	1:A:215:SER:OG	2.21	0.41
1:A:244:ILE:HA	1:A:244:ILE:HD13	1.93	0.41
2:B:284:LEU:HB2	2:B:302:PHE:CD1	2.55	0.41
2:B:72:ASN:O	2:B:73:PHE:CB	2.68	0.41
1:C:62:SER:HB2	1:C:93:ILE:HG22	2.03	0.41
2:D:278:ILE:H	2:D:278:ILE:HG12	1.71	0.41
1:A:124:LYS:HA	1:A:124:LYS:HD3	1.93	0.41
1:A:280:LYS:HD3	1:A:366:TRP:CD2	2.56	0.41
1:A:227:ALA:O	1:A:231:THR:HG23	2.21	0.40
2:B:308:ASN:HB3	2:B:321:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.40
1:A:263:VAL:HA	1:A:264:PRO:HD2	1.88	0.40
1:C:285:ASN:HB2	1:C:356:GLN:HB3	2.03	0.40
2:D:309:LEU:O	2:D:322:ILE:HG22	2.21	0.40
2:D:300:LEU:HD22	2:D:313:PRO:HB3	2.03	0.40
1:A:107:LEU:HD23	1:A:107:LEU:HA	1.96	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	352/375 (94%)	346 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	352/375 (94%)	343 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	368/375 (98%)	359 (98%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	44	77
2	D	369/375 (98%)	363 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	1441/1500 (96%)	1411 (98%)	29 (2%)	1 (0%)	55	85

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	73	PHE

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	303/336 (90%)	299 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	93
1	C	300/336 (89%)	296 (99%)	4 (1%)	73	93
2	B	306/326 (94%)	303 (99%)	3 (1%)	80	95
2	D	298/326 (91%)	297 (100%)	1 (0%)	94	98
All	All	1207/1324 (91%)	1195 (99%)	12 (1%)	80	95

All (12) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	81	VAL
1	A	83	SER
1	A	166	ASP
1	A	249	GLN
2	B	234	GLN
2	B	252	GLN
2	B	266	SER
1	C	10	GLU
1	C	84	SER
1	C	159	VAL
1	C	317	VAL
2	D	252	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	323	GLN
2	D	193	GLN
2	D	312	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length

(or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	GOL	A	401	-	5,5,5	0.49	0	5,5,5	0.60	0
3	GOL	B	401	-	5,5,5	0.34	0	5,5,5	0.25	0
3	GOL	D	401	-	5,5,5	0.35	0	5,5,5	0.25	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	A	401	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0
3	GOL	B	401	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0
3	GOL	D	401	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	401	GOL	1	0
3	D	401	GOL	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	358/375 (95%)	0.32	5 (1%) 75 74	37, 62, 102, 121	0
1	C	358/375 (95%)	0.28	10 (2%) 53 48	38, 63, 103, 121	0
2	B	370/375 (98%)	0.39	11 (2%) 51 44	38, 70, 105, 121	0
2	D	371/375 (98%)	0.31	10 (2%) 55 50	36, 65, 98, 121	0
All	All	1457/1500 (97%)	0.33	36 (2%) 58 53	36, 66, 102, 121	0

All (36) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	74	ALA	4.0
2	B	73	PHE	3.8
1	C	68	TYR	3.7
2	B	269	ALA	3.6
2	B	176	LEU	3.5
1	C	240	MET	3.4
1	C	229	ILE	2.9
2	D	196	MET	2.8
2	D	36	TYR	2.8
2	D	255	LEU	2.7
2	D	183	CYS	2.6
1	C	146	ARG	2.5
2	D	9	LEU	2.5
2	B	5	ASP	2.4
2	B	196	MET	2.4
1	A	69	GLU	2.3
1	C	258	SER	2.3
1	A	225	PHE	2.3
2	D	251	GLN	2.2
2	D	370	ILE	2.2
2	B	36	TYR	2.2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	247	MET	2.1
2	B	76	GLY	2.1
1	C	225	PHE	2.1
2	B	26	PHE	2.1
1	A	255	GLU	2.1
2	B	325	LEU	2.1
1	C	251	ILE	2.1
1	A	180	HIS	2.1
2	D	7	LEU	2.0
1	C	82	MET	2.0
2	D	22	LEU	2.0
1	A	154	ARG	2.0
2	D	71	GLN	2.0
2	B	75	LEU	2.0
1	C	219	ASN	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	GOL	A	401	6/6	0.73	0.32	0.50	72,98,99,103	0
3	GOL	D	401	6/6	0.88	0.23	-	64,76,83,87	0
3	GOL	B	401	6/6	0.88	0.22	-	77,85,88,90	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.