



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 14, 2017 – 11:12 pm GMT

PDB ID : 3CS2
Title : Crystal structure of PTE G60A mutant
Authors : Kim, J.; Almo, S.C.
Deposited on : 2008-04-08
Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : trunk28620
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

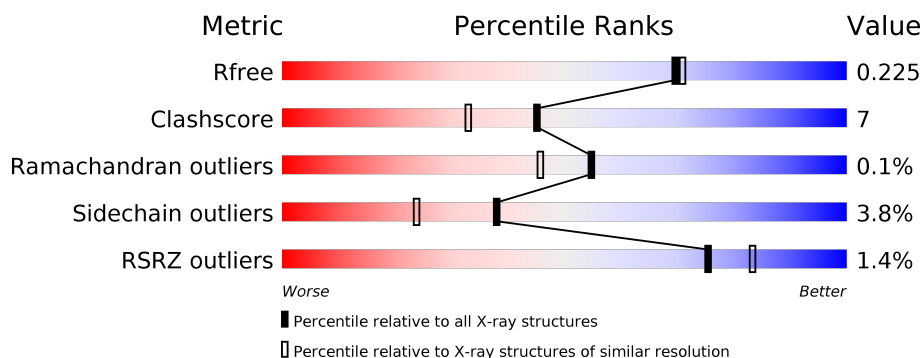
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	2004 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	112137	2136 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	2117 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	110143	2117 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	101464	2018 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	331	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>82%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
1	B	331	<div> <div></div> <div> <div>86%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
1	K	331	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>87%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
1	P	331	<div> <div></div> <div> <div>85%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 11352 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

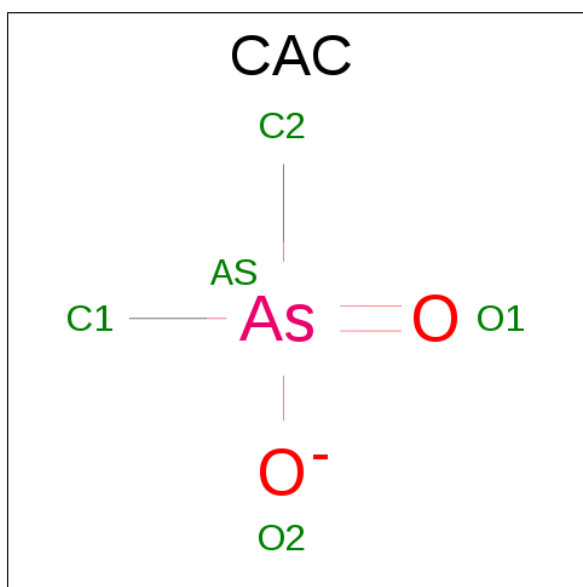
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Parathion hydrolase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	331	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2548	1609	454	478	7			
1	B	330	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			2546	1608	453	478	7			
1	K	331	Total	C	N	O	S	0	2	0
			2542	1606	453	476	7			
1	P	330	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2525	1597	450	471	7			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	60	ALA	GLY	ENGINEERED	UNP P0A434
B	60	ALA	GLY	ENGINEERED	UNP P0A434
K	60	ALA	GLY	ENGINEERED	UNP P0A434
P	60	ALA	GLY	ENGINEERED	UNP P0A434

- Molecule 2 is CACODYLATE ION (three-letter code: CAC) (formula: C₂H₆AsO₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	As	C	O	0	0
			5	1	2	2		
2	B	1	Total	As	C	O	0	0
			5	1	2	2		
2	K	1	Total	As	C	O	0	0
			5	1	2	2		
2	P	1	Total	As	C	O	0	0
			5	1	2	2		

- Molecule 3 is COBALT (II) ION (three-letter code: CO) (formula: Co).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	P	2	Total	Co	0	0
			2	2		
3	B	2	Total	Co	0	0
			2	2		
3	A	2	Total	Co	0	0
			2	2		
3	K	2	Total	Co	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	305	Total	O	0	0
			305	305		

Continued on next page...

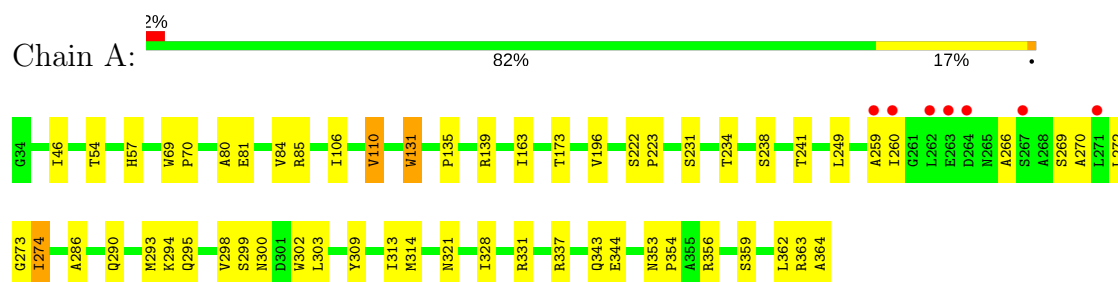
Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	276	Total 276	O 276	0	0
4	K	312	Total 312	O 312	0	0
4	P	270	Total 270	O 270	0	0

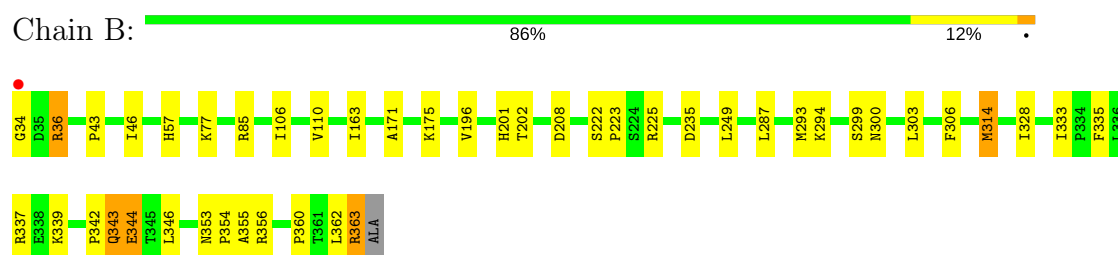
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

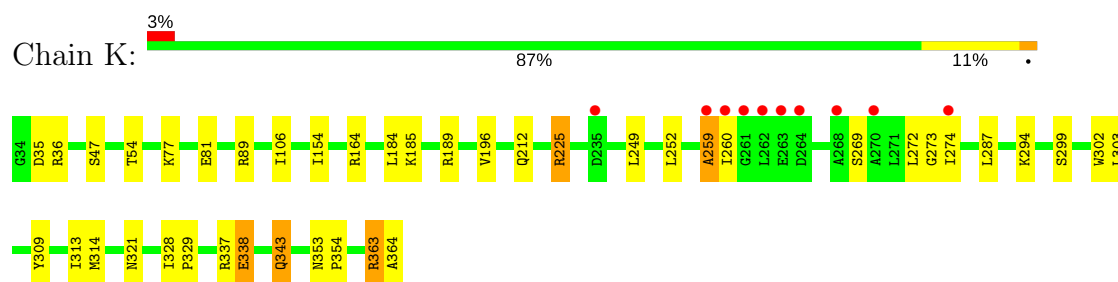
• Molecule 1: Parathion hydrolase



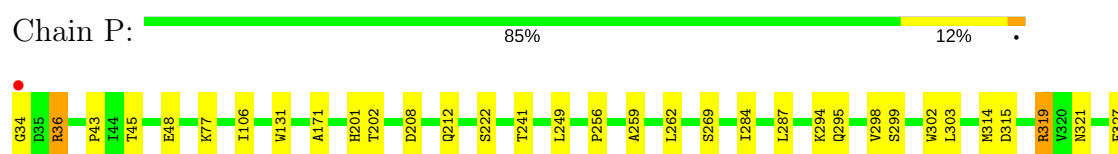
• Molecule 1: Parathion hydrolase



• Molecule 1: Parathion hydrolase



• Molecule 1: Parathion hydrolase



I333	P334	F335	L336	R337	E338	K339
Q343	E344	M353	P354	A355	R356	P360
L361	L362	R363	ALA			

4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	55.30Å 68.30Å 90.03Å 90.05° 100.42° 89.96°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	31.64 – 1.95 31.65 – 1.95	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.1 (31.64-1.95) 96.9 (31.65-1.95)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.92 (at 1.95Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.4.0069	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.167 , 0.224 0.167 , 0.225	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4597 reflections (5.29%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	19.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.006	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 33.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.51$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.467 for -h,k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	11352	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 10.96% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CAC, CO, KCX

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.69	0/2583	0.74	2/3509 (0.1%)
1	B	0.62	0/2581	0.69	0/3504
1	K	0.68	0/2577	0.77	4/3500 (0.1%)
1	P	0.63	0/2560	0.70	1/3476 (0.0%)
All	All	0.66	0/10301	0.73	7/13989 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	K	225	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.04	115.78	120.30
1	K	225	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.16	123.88	120.30
1	K	89	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.36	117.12	120.30
1	A	131	TRP	CA-CB-CG	5.31	123.78	113.70
1	A	356	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.31	117.65	120.30
1	P	131	TRP	CA-CB-CG	5.18	123.54	113.70
1	K	249	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.08	103.62	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2548	0	2564	46	0
1	B	2546	0	2558	30	0
1	K	2542	0	2559	42	0
1	P	2525	0	2545	34	0
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
2	B	5	0	0	0	0
2	K	5	0	0	0	0
2	P	5	0	0	0	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	B	2	0	0	0	0
3	K	2	0	0	0	0
3	P	2	0	0	0	0
4	A	305	0	0	8	0
4	B	276	0	0	4	0
4	K	312	0	0	13	0
4	P	270	0	0	5	0
All	All	11352	0	10226	152	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (152) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:K:259:ALA:HB2	1:K:272:LEU:HB2	1.26	1.11
1:A:259:ALA:HB2	1:A:272:LEU:HB2	1.15	1.10
1:B:337:ARG:NH2	1:B:343:GLN:HG2	1.67	1.08
1:B:337:ARG:HH21	1:B:343:GLN:HG2	0.90	1.05
1:K:225:ARG:HD3	4:K:2451:HOH:O	1.58	1.02
1:B:337:ARG:HH21	1:B:343:GLN:CG	1.71	1.02
1:P:315:ASP:O	1:P:319:ARG:HD3	1.67	0.93
1:P:337:ARG:HH12	1:P:343:GLN:HG3	1.35	0.90
1:A:259:ALA:CB	1:A:272:LEU:HB2	2.04	0.85
1:A:238:SER:HB3	4:A:2654:HOH:O	1.76	0.84
1:B:77:LYS:HD3	4:B:2797:HOH:O	1.80	0.82
1:B:344[A]:GLU:CD	1:B:344[A]:GLU:H	1.82	0.81
1:P:337:ARG:HH12	1:P:343:GLN:CG	1.94	0.81
1:A:259:ALA:CB	1:A:269:SER:HA	2.12	0.80
1:K:337:ARG:HH12	1:K:343:GLN:CG	1.97	0.77
1:A:259:ALA:HB1	1:A:269:SER:HA	1.66	0.76
1:K:259:ALA:CB	1:K:272:LEU:HB2	2.12	0.75
1:K:77:LYS:HE2	1:K:81:GLU:OE2	1.88	0.74

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:337:ARG:HH12	1:A:343:GLN:HG2	1.52	0.74
1:B:293:MET:HG2	4:B:2621:HOH:O	1.88	0.73
1:P:362:LEU:O	1:P:363:ARG:HB2	1.92	0.70
1:K:225:ARG:CD	4:K:2451:HOH:O	2.27	0.69
1:K:337:ARG:HH12	1:K:343:GLN:HG3	1.58	0.69
1:K:259:ALA:HB1	1:K:269:SER:HA	1.75	0.68
1:P:337:ARG:HH12	1:P:343:GLN:CB	2.08	0.66
1:K:259:ALA:N	1:K:273:GLY:O	2.29	0.65
1:P:337:ARG:NH1	1:P:343:GLN:HG3	2.10	0.65
1:K:337:ARG:HH22	1:K:343:GLN:HG2	1.62	0.65
1:P:36:ARG:HG2	1:P:43:PRO:HB2	1.79	0.65
1:B:34:GLY:HA3	1:B:360:PRO:O	1.98	0.63
1:K:54:THR:HG23	4:K:2569:HOH:O	1.99	0.63
1:P:335:PHE:CZ	1:P:339:LYS:HE2	2.35	0.62
1:K:338:GLU:HB3	4:K:2636:HOH:O	2.00	0.62
1:B:342:PRO:HB2	1:B:344[A]:GLU:HG2	1.83	0.61
1:B:353:ASN:HB2	1:B:354:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.60
1:B:294:LYS:O	1:B:356:ARG:NH2	2.34	0.60
1:A:259:ALA:N	1:A:273:GLY:O	2.35	0.59
1:K:259:ALA:CB	1:K:269:SER:HA	2.34	0.58
1:P:295:GLN:NE2	4:P:2532:HOH:O	2.37	0.58
1:A:260:ILE:HG13	1:A:274:ILE:CD1	2.34	0.57
1:A:337:ARG:HH22	1:A:343:GLN:HB2	1.70	0.57
1:P:45:THR:OG1	1:P:48:GLU:HG3	2.05	0.57
1:B:333:ILE:HG23	1:B:346:LEU:HD13	1.86	0.56
1:K:337:ARG:HH12	1:K:343:GLN:CB	2.18	0.56
1:K:106:ILE:HG22	1:K:106:ILE:O	2.06	0.56
1:K:260:ILE:O	1:K:260:ILE:CG2	2.54	0.54
1:P:106:ILE:O	1:P:106:ILE:HG22	2.06	0.54
1:B:106:ILE:HG22	1:B:106:ILE:O	2.07	0.54
1:B:249:LEU:HD12	1:B:249:LEU:N	2.23	0.54
1:A:286:ALA:O	1:A:290:GLN:HG2	2.08	0.53
1:K:302:TRP:CH2	1:K:321:ASN:HB3	2.43	0.53
1:A:241:THR:HG21	1:A:290:GLN:HE21	1.73	0.53
1:K:338:GLU:CB	4:K:2636:HOH:O	2.54	0.53
1:K:353:ASN:HB2	1:K:354:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.53
1:A:353:ASN:HB2	1:A:354:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.53
1:P:208:ASP:O	1:P:212:GLN:HG3	2.08	0.53
1:K:259:ALA:HB3	1:K:273:GLY:H	1.73	0.52
1:P:315:ASP:O	1:P:319:ARG:CD	2.52	0.52
1:P:362:LEU:O	1:P:363:ARG:CB	2.58	0.52

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:202:THR:HB	1:B:208:ASP:HB2	1.93	0.51
1:P:363:ARG:NH2	4:P:2622:HOH:O	2.43	0.51
1:A:260:ILE:HA	1:A:274:ILE:HD13	1.94	0.50
1:A:266:ALA:O	1:A:270:ALA:HB2	2.11	0.50
1:A:80:ALA:O	1:A:84:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.50
1:A:300:ASN:OD1	1:A:328:ILE:HG12	2.12	0.49
1:K:260:ILE:O	1:K:260:ILE:HG23	2.12	0.49
1:P:294:LYS:O	1:P:356:ARG:NH2	2.45	0.49
1:A:337:ARG:HH22	1:A:343:GLN:CB	2.25	0.49
1:P:353:ASN:HB2	1:P:354:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.49
1:A:290:GLN:NE2	4:A:2644:HOH:O	2.45	0.49
1:B:300:ASN:OD1	1:B:328:ILE:HG12	2.12	0.49
1:K:338:GLU:CG	4:K:2636:HOH:O	2.60	0.49
1:P:337:ARG:HH12	1:P:343:GLN:HB2	1.77	0.49
1:A:309:TYR:HD2	1:A:313:ILE:HG12	1.78	0.49
1:A:293:MET:HG2	4:A:2406:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:B:363:ARG:NE	1:B:363:ARG:C	2.66	0.48
1:K:259:ALA:CB	1:K:273:GLY:H	2.27	0.48
1:K:309:TYR:HD2	1:K:313:ILE:HG12	1.79	0.48
1:K:294:LYS:HE2	4:K:2555:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:P:363:ARG:CZ	4:P:2622:HOH:O	2.61	0.48
1:A:173:THR:HG22	4:A:2457:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
1:K:294:LYS:NZ	4:K:2555:HOH:O	2.47	0.47
1:A:302:TRP:CH2	1:A:321:ASN:HB3	2.50	0.47
1:A:337:ARG:HH12	1:A:343:GLN:CG	2.24	0.47
1:A:337:ARG:NH1	4:A:2677:HOH:O	2.48	0.47
1:K:309:TYR:CD2	1:K:313:ILE:HG12	2.50	0.47
1:K:363:ARG:HH11	1:K:363:ARG:HG2	1.79	0.47
1:P:302:TRP:CH2	1:P:321:ASN:HB3	2.50	0.46
1:K:252:LEU:HD11	1:K:287:LEU:HD12	1.96	0.46
1:A:294:LYS:HE3	4:A:2610:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:K:343:GLN:HB3	1:K:343:GLN:HE21	1.39	0.46
1:B:335:PHE:CZ	1:B:339:LYS:HE2	2.51	0.46
1:P:171:ALA:CB	1:P:201:HIS:HB3	2.45	0.46
1:A:344:GLU:H	1:A:344:GLU:CD	2.20	0.45
1:K:154:ILE:O	1:K:164:ARG:HB3	2.17	0.45
1:P:259:ALA:CB	1:P:269:SER:HA	2.46	0.45
1:A:337:ARG:HH22	1:A:343:GLN:CG	2.29	0.45
1:B:314:MET:HA	1:B:314:MET:CE	2.47	0.45
1:B:85:ARG:NH1	4:B:2648:HOH:O	2.30	0.45
1:P:36:ARG:CG	1:P:43:PRO:HB2	2.46	0.45

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:106:ILE:HD11	1:A:131:TRP:CG	2.52	0.45
1:B:287:LEU:HD23	1:B:287:LEU:HA	1.82	0.45
1:P:34:GLY:HA3	1:P:360:PRO:O	2.17	0.45
1:K:338:GLU:HB3	4:K:2553:HOH:O	2.15	0.45
1:B:110:VAL:CG2	1:B:163:ILE:HG21	2.46	0.45
1:B:363:ARG:HE	1:B:363:ARG:C	2.21	0.45
1:A:110:VAL:HG13	1:A:163:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.44
1:B:171:ALA:CB	1:B:201:HIS:HB3	2.48	0.44
1:K:35:ASP:O	1:K:36:ARG:HD3	2.18	0.44
1:A:46:ILE:HG12	4:A:2456:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:K:294:LYS:CE	4:K:2555:HOH:O	2.65	0.44
1:K:184:LEU:HD21	1:K:212:GLN:HG2	2.00	0.43
1:A:309:TYR:CD2	1:A:313:ILE:HG12	2.52	0.43
1:P:256:PRO:HB3	1:P:327:PHE:CD2	2.53	0.43
1:P:337:ARG:HD3	4:P:2647:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:260:ILE:CG2	1:A:260:ILE:O	2.67	0.42
1:K:363:ARG:O	1:K:364:ALA:C	2.57	0.42
1:P:343:GLN:HE21	1:P:343:GLN:HB3	1.51	0.42
1:P:249:LEU:HD13	1:P:295:GLN:HA	2.01	0.42
1:B:222:SER:HA	1:B:223:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.42
1:P:106:ILE:CG2	1:P:106:ILE:O	2.67	0.42
1:B:46:ILE:CG2	1:B:355:ALA:HB1	2.49	0.42
1:P:287:LEU:HA	1:P:287:LEU:HD23	1.89	0.42
1:P:77:LYS:HE3	4:P:2615:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:106:ILE:HG22	1:A:106:ILE:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:57:HIS:O	1:A:303:LEU:HA	2.20	0.42
1:B:225:ARG:HA	1:B:225:ARG:NE	2.34	0.42
1:K:337:ARG:NH2	4:K:2698:HOH:O	2.52	0.42
1:P:284:ILE:HD13	1:P:298:VAL:HG11	2.01	0.42
1:A:249:LEU:HD13	1:A:295:GLN:HA	2.01	0.41
1:A:46:ILE:HD12	1:A:359[A]:SER:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:K:47:SER:HB2	4:K:2507:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:135:PRO:O	1:A:139:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.41
1:A:266:ALA:O	1:A:270:ALA:CB	2.68	0.41
1:B:36:ARG:CD	4:B:2726:HOH:O	2.67	0.41
1:B:57:HIS:O	1:B:303:LEU:HA	2.19	0.41
1:K:185:LYS:O	1:K:189:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.41
1:K:328:ILE:HB	1:K:329:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
1:A:331:ARG:HG3	1:A:331:ARG:HH11	1.85	0.41
1:B:36:ARG:HG2	1:B:43:PRO:HB2	2.01	0.41
1:A:69:TRP:N	1:A:70:PRO:CD	2.84	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:P:333:ILE:HB	1:P:334:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41
1:A:363:ARG:O	1:A:364:ALA:C	2.58	0.41
1:A:231:SER:O	1:A:234:THR:HG22	2.21	0.41
1:A:54:THR:HG23	4:A:2567:HOH:O	2.20	0.40
1:A:81:GLU:O	1:A:85:ARG:HG3	2.21	0.40
1:P:202:THR:HB	1:P:208:ASP:HB2	2.03	0.40
1:A:259:ALA:HB3	1:A:273:GLY:H	1.86	0.40
1:K:287:LEU:HA	1:K:287:LEU:HD23	1.89	0.40
1:B:106:ILE:CG2	1:B:106:ILE:O	2.69	0.40
1:A:222[A]:SER:HA	1:A:223:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.40
1:K:338:GLU:HG2	4:K:2636:HOH:O	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	331/331 (100%)	317 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	330/331 (100%)	316 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100
1	K	330/331 (100%)	319 (97%)	10 (3%)	1 (0%)	44	33
1	P	327/331 (99%)	317 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1318/1324 (100%)	1269 (96%)	48 (4%)	1 (0%)	55	46

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	K	259	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	267/264 (101%)	260 (97%)	7 (3%)	51	40
1	B	267/264 (101%)	255 (96%)	12 (4%)	32	17
1	K	266/264 (101%)	258 (97%)	8 (3%)	46	34
1	P	264/264 (100%)	250 (95%)	14 (5%)	26	12
All	All	1064/1056 (101%)	1023 (96%)	41 (4%)	38	22

All (41) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	110	VAL
1	A	196	VAL
1	A	274	ILE
1	A	298	VAL
1	A	299	SER
1	A	314	MET
1	A	362	LEU
1	B	36	ARG
1	B	175	LYS
1	B	196	VAL
1	B	235	ASP
1	B	299	SER
1	B	306	PHE
1	B	314	MET
1	B	343	GLN
1	B	344[A]	GLU
1	B	344[B]	GLU
1	B	362	LEU
1	B	363	ARG
1	K	196	VAL
1	K	274	ILE
1	K	299	SER
1	K	303	LEU
1	K	314	MET

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	K	338	GLU
1	K	343	GLN
1	K	363	ARG
1	P	36	ARG
1	P	222	SER
1	P	241	THR
1	P	262	LEU
1	P	299	SER
1	P	303	LEU
1	P	314	MET
1	P	319	ARG
1	P	337	ARG
1	P	338	GLU
1	P	343	GLN
1	P	344	GLU
1	P	362	LEU
1	P	363	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	212	GLN
1	A	290	GLN
1	A	343	GLN
1	B	312	ASN
1	K	212	GLN
1	K	295	GLN
1	K	312	ASN
1	K	343	GLN
1	P	290	GLN
1	P	343	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul

statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
1	KCX	A	169	1,3	8,11,12	0.73	0	6,12,14	1.25	0
1	KCX	B	169	1,3	8,11,12	0.49	0	6,12,14	1.44	1 (16%)
1	KCX	K	169	1,3	8,11,12	0.65	0	6,12,14	1.03	0
1	KCX	P	169	1,3	8,11,12	0.37	0	6,12,14	1.63	1 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	KCX	A	169	1,3	-	0/6/10/12	0/0/0/0
1	KCX	B	169	1,3	-	0/6/10/12	0/0/0/0
1	KCX	K	169	1,3	-	0/6/10/12	0/0/0/0
1	KCX	P	169	1,3	-	0/6/10/12	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	P	169	KCX	CB-CA-C	-3.43	106.00	111.65
1	B	169	KCX	CE-NZ-CX	-2.90	119.79	123.35

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 12 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	CAC	A	1	3	0,4,4	0.00	-	0,6,6	0.00	-
2	CAC	B	2	3	0,4,4	0.00	-	0,6,6	0.00	-
2	CAC	K	3	3	0,4,4	0.00	-	0,6,6	0.00	-
2	CAC	P	4	3	0,4,4	0.00	-	0,6,6	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CAC	A	1	3	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	CAC	B	2	3	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	CAC	K	3	3	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	CAC	P	4	3	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	330/331 (99%)	-0.32	7 (2%) 64 73	11, 17, 37, 62	0
1	B	329/331 (99%)	-0.30	1 (0%) 93 96	11, 21, 36, 44	2 (0%)
1	K	330/331 (99%)	-0.29	10 (3%) 51 61	11, 17, 37, 64	0
1	P	329/331 (99%)	-0.33	1 (0%) 93 96	12, 21, 37, 45	3 (0%)
All	All	1318/1324 (99%)	-0.31	19 (1%) 75 83	11, 19, 37, 64	5 (0%)

All (19) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	K	260	ILE	6.6
1	K	262	LEU	6.0
1	A	263	GLU	5.2
1	A	259	ALA	4.8
1	A	262	LEU	4.4
1	K	259	ALA	4.4
1	K	261	GLY	4.1
1	A	260	ILE	4.1
1	K	263	GLU	3.7
1	K	264	ASP	3.7
1	A	267	SER	3.2
1	A	271	LEU	3.1
1	K	235	ASP	3.0
1	B	34	GLY	3.0
1	P	34	GLY	3.0
1	A	264	ASP	2.7
1	K	268	ALA	2.4
1	K	274	ILE	2.3
1	K	270	ALA	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	KCX	P	169	12/13	0.98	0.07	-	13,15,16,16	0
1	KCX	B	169	12/13	0.94	0.10	-	13,16,17,17	0
1	KCX	A	169	12/13	0.95	0.08	-	11,13,16,17	0
1	KCX	K	169	12/13	0.97	0.07	-	12,14,14,15	0

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	CAC	K	3	5/5	0.99	0.10	1.82	16,17,22,23	5
2	CAC	P	4	5/5	0.99	0.10	1.00	20,22,24,24	5
2	CAC	A	1	5/5	0.99	0.09	-0.04	17,18,21,23	5
2	CAC	B	2	5/5	0.99	0.08	-0.51	16,17,21,21	5
3	CO	B	3	1/1	1.00	0.05	-	14,14,14,14	0
3	CO	K	6	1/1	1.00	0.07	-	14,14,14,14	0
3	CO	A	365	1/1	1.00	0.05	-	12,12,12,12	0
3	CO	B	4	1/1	0.99	0.05	-	17,17,17,17	0
3	CO	P	7	1/1	1.00	0.07	-	15,15,15,15	0
3	CO	A	2	1/1	1.00	0.06	-	13,13,13,13	0
3	CO	P	8	1/1	0.99	0.04	-	17,17,17,17	0
3	CO	K	5	1/1	1.00	0.06	-	11,11,11,11	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.