



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 12, 2017 – 07:56 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2D5A  
Title : hypothetical protein from *Pyrococcus horikoshii* OT3  
Authors : Hiyama, T.B.; Sekine, S.; Yokoyama, S.; RIKEN Structural Genomics/Proteomics Initiative (RSGI)  
Deposited on : 2005-10-31  
Resolution : 1.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	trunk28620
Percentile statistics	:	20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	recalc28949

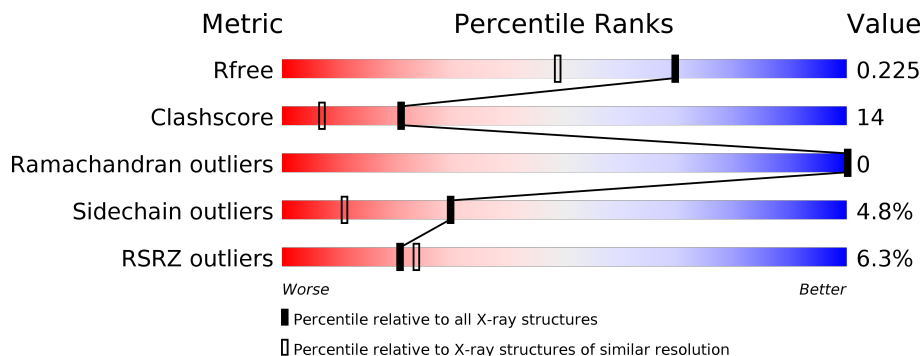
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	3453 (1.70-1.70)
Clashscore	112137	3876 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	3815 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	110143	3815 (1.70-1.70)
RSRZ outliers	101464	3491 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	144	<div> <div>6%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>70%</div> <div>24%</div> <div>5% •</div> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

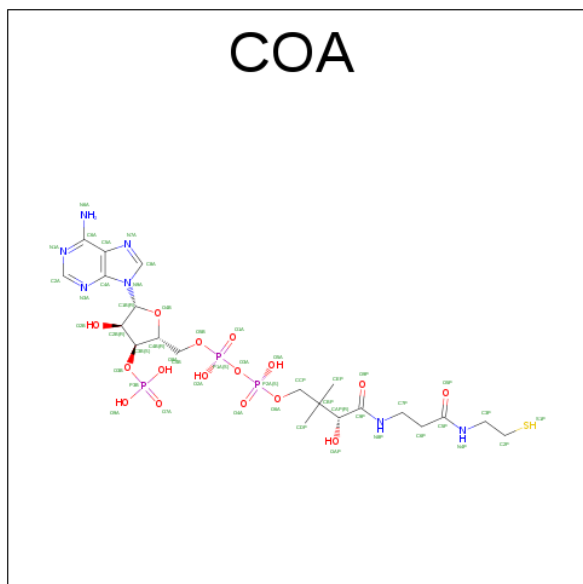
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1322 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called hypothetical protein PH1109.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	142	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1155	739	195	214	7			

- Molecule 2 is COENZYME A (three-letter code: COA) (formula:  $C_{21}H_{36}N_7O_{16}P_3S$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0
			48	21	7	16	3	1		

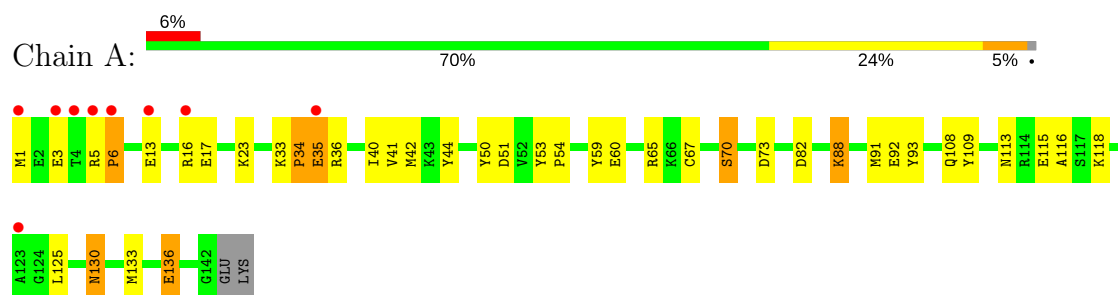
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	119	Total	O	0	0
			119	119		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: hypothetical protein PH1109



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 65 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	70.12Å 70.12Å 141.71Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.48 – 1.70 37.28 – 1.70	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	93.5 (37.48-1.70) 95.2 (37.28-1.70)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.04	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.99 (at 1.70Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.225 , (Not available) 0.195 , 0.225	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1084 reflections (4.83%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.519	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.38 , 64.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.51$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	1322	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.21% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: COA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	1.63	12/1177 (1.0%)	1.33	9/1588 (0.6%)

All (12) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	50	TYR	CD2-CE2	7.95	1.51	1.39
1	A	136	GLU	CG-CD	7.27	1.62	1.51
1	A	109	TYR	CD1-CE1	7.27	1.50	1.39
1	A	35	GLU	CB-CG	6.36	1.64	1.52
1	A	59	TYR	CE2-CZ	6.33	1.46	1.38
1	A	70	SER	CB-OG	-5.91	1.34	1.42
1	A	88	LYS	CE-NZ	5.53	1.62	1.49
1	A	53	TYR	CE1-CZ	-5.40	1.31	1.38
1	A	93	TYR	CE1-CZ	5.35	1.45	1.38
1	A	36	ARG	CG-CD	-5.32	1.38	1.51
1	A	88	LYS	CD-CE	5.18	1.64	1.51
1	A	41	VAL	CB-CG2	5.17	1.63	1.52

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	65	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.74	116.93	120.30
1	A	82	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.09	123.78	118.30
1	A	42	MET	CA-CB-CG	-5.81	103.42	113.30
1	A	23	LYS	CA-CB-CG	-5.75	100.76	113.40
1	A	50	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.38	117.77	121.00
1	A	51	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-5.29	113.54	118.30
1	A	73	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.28	123.06	118.30
1	A	60	GLU	CA-CB-CG	-5.26	101.83	113.40
1	A	44	TYR	CD1-CE1-CZ	-5.09	115.22	119.80

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1155	0	1182	33	0
2	A	48	0	32	0	0
3	A	119	0	0	19	4
All	All	1322	0	1214	33	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

All (33) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:88:LYS:HD2	3:A:1106:HOH:O	0.79	0.96
1:A:113:ASN:HD22	1:A:116:ALA:H	1.11	0.94
1:A:16:ARG:HD3	3:A:1074:HOH:O	1.73	0.86
1:A:6:PRO:O	3:A:1108:HOH:O	1.95	0.83
1:A:17:GLU:OE2	3:A:1101:HOH:O	2.00	0.80
1:A:113:ASN:ND2	1:A:116:ALA:H	1.84	0.75
1:A:13:GLU:CD	3:A:1101:HOH:O	2.25	0.73
1:A:40:ILE:CD1	3:A:1046:HOH:O	2.37	0.73
1:A:40:ILE:HD13	3:A:1046:HOH:O	1.87	0.72
1:A:3:GLU:OE2	1:A:3:GLU:HA	1.93	0.68
1:A:108:GLN:HE22	1:A:133:MET:H	1.44	0.65
1:A:91:MET:CE	1:A:115:GLU:HG3	2.26	0.64
1:A:5:ARG:NH2	3:A:1094:HOH:O	2.35	0.59
1:A:91:MET:HE3	1:A:115:GLU:HG3	1.85	0.57
1:A:34:PRO:O	1:A:40:ILE:HD11	2.05	0.57
1:A:6:PRO:HB3	3:A:1086:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:35:GLU:HB3	3:A:1065:HOH:O	2.04	0.56
1:A:92:GLU:HG2	3:A:1085:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:113:ASN:HD21	1:A:115:GLU:HB3	1.72	0.54
1:A:118:LYS:HD2	3:A:1121:HOH:O	2.08	0.53

*Continued on next page...*

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:118:LYS:CD	3:A:1121:HOH:O	2.56	0.52
1:A:91:MET:HE1	1:A:115:GLU:HG3	1.91	0.51
1:A:130:ASN:ND2	3:A:1057:HOH:O	2.46	0.48
1:A:35:GLU:CB	3:A:1065:HOH:O	2.63	0.45
1:A:136:GLU:HA	1:A:136:GLU:OE1	2.16	0.45
1:A:118:LYS:NZ	3:A:1121:HOH:O	2.40	0.45
1:A:91:MET:HE2	1:A:116:ALA:CA	2.48	0.44
1:A:91:MET:CE	1:A:116:ALA:HA	2.49	0.43
1:A:54:PRO:HG2	1:A:67:CYS:HA	2.00	0.42
1:A:35:GLU:CG	3:A:1065:HOH:O	2.67	0.41
1:A:92:GLU:CG	3:A:1085:HOH:O	2.67	0.41
1:A:5:ARG:HB2	3:A:1108:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:A:33:LYS:HA	1:A:34:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.40

All (4) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:1120:HOH:O	3:A:1120:HOH:O[9_765]	1.65	0.55
3:A:1064:HOH:O	3:A:1064:HOH:O[11_755]	1.74	0.46
3:A:1012:HOH:O	3:A:1117:HOH:O[5_665]	1.87	0.33
3:A:1121:HOH:O	3:A:1121:HOH:O[11_655]	2.13	0.07

## 5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	140/144 (97%)	138 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	126/128 (98%)	120 (95%)	6 (5%)	30	11

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	MET
1	A	6	PRO
1	A	34	PRO
1	A	70	SER
1	A	125	LEU
1	A	130	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	108	GLN
1	A	113	ASN
1	A	130	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 2$
2	COA	A	200	-	43,50,50	1.54	3 (6%)	48,75,75	1.93	12 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	COA	A	200	-	-	0/44/64/64	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	200	COA	P3B-O7A	3.16	1.61	1.50
2	A	200	COA	O5P-C5P	5.82	1.35	1.23
2	A	200	COA	O9P-C9P	5.98	1.35	1.23

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	200	COA	N3A-C2A-N1A	-6.63	123.08	128.86
2	A	200	COA	C4B-O4B-C1B	-4.60	104.87	109.77
2	A	200	COA	C2P-C3P-N4P	-3.07	105.83	112.50
2	A	200	COA	C4A-C5A-N7A	-2.95	106.56	109.41
2	A	200	COA	C6P-C7P-N8P	-2.90	105.87	111.87
2	A	200	COA	CDP-CBP-CAP	-2.81	103.94	108.82
2	A	200	COA	O5P-C5P-C6P	-2.64	117.06	122.01
2	A	200	COA	O6A-CCP-CBP	-2.09	107.18	110.55
2	A	200	COA	O5A-P2A-O4A	2.01	122.66	112.28
2	A	200	COA	CAP-C9P-N8P	2.04	120.82	116.58
2	A	200	COA	CDP-CBP-CCP	3.19	113.06	108.37

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	200	COA	CEP-CBP-CDP	4.37	118.48	109.19

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	142/144 (98%)	-0.02	9 (6%)	21 24	14, 24, 48, 73	0

All (9) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	1	MET	6.5
1	A	5	ARG	4.5
1	A	3	GLU	4.4
1	A	4	THR	3.5
1	A	6	PRO	2.6
1	A	35	GLU	2.6
1	A	123	ALA	2.2
1	A	16	ARG	2.2
1	A	13	GLU	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors

of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	COA	A	200	48/48	0.96	0.07	-0.42	14,20,29,52	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.