



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 12, 2017 – 09:38 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2DDY
Title : Solution Structure of Matrilysin (MMP-7) Complexed to Constraint Conformational Sulfonamide Inhibitor
Authors : Zheng, X.H.; Ou, L.
Deposited on : 2006-02-06

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : trunk28760
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

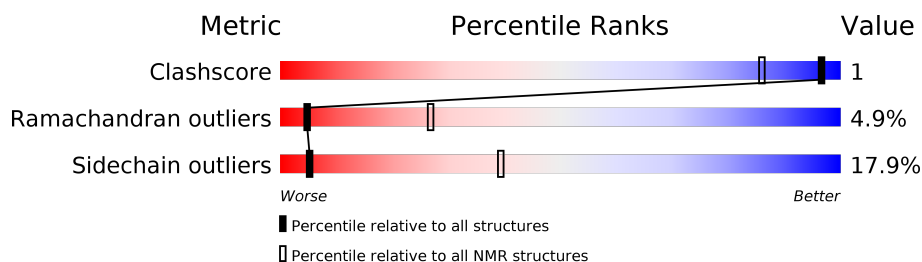
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 44%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	125131	11601
Ramachandran outliers	121729	10391
Sidechain outliers	121581	10367

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	173	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 25 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:8-A:164 (157)	0.54	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 7 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 9, 14, 23
2	10, 11, 15, 17, 22
3	7, 12, 20, 25
4	6, 18, 21
5	5, 13, 16
6	8, 24
7	4, 19

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2725 atoms, of which 1343 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Matrilysin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	173	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2673	859	1323	238	249	4	

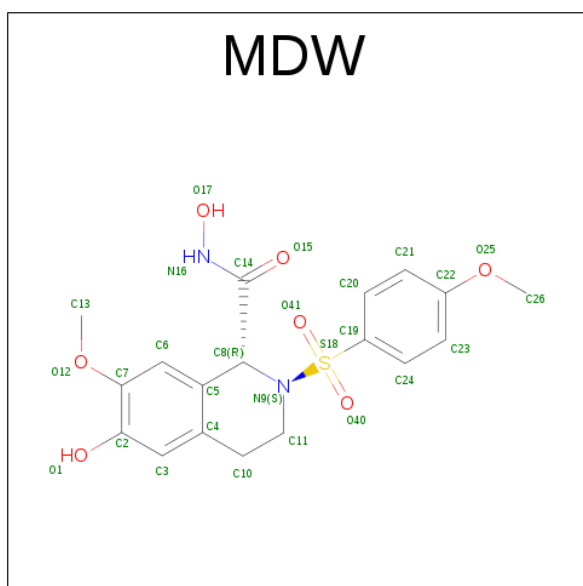
- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
2	A	2	Total	Ca
			2	2

- Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
3	A	2	Total	Zn
			2	2

- Molecule 4 is (1R)-N,6-DIHYDROXY-7-METHOXY-2-[(4-METHOXYPHENYL)SULFONYL]-1,2,3,4-TETRAHYDROISOQUINOLINE-1-CARBOXAMIDE (three-letter code: MDW) (formula: C₁₈H₂₀N₂O₇S).



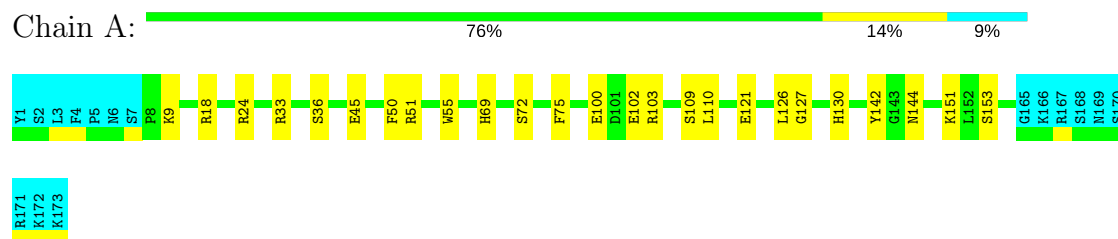
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
			Total	C	H	N	O	S
4	A	1	48	18	20	2	7	1

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin

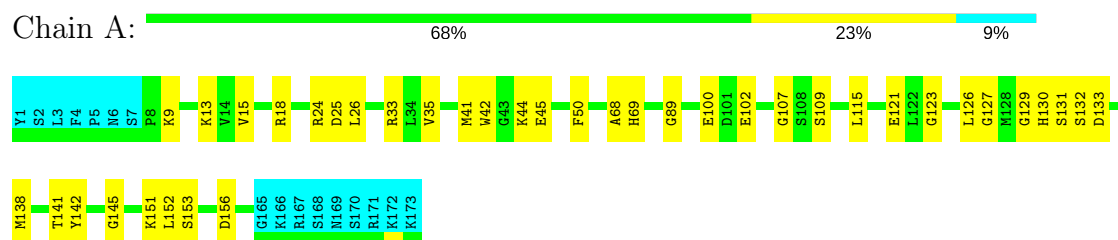


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

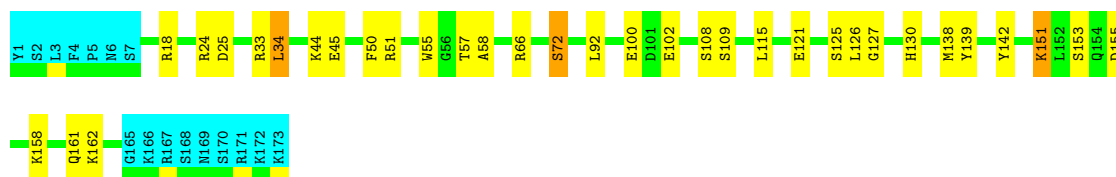
- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

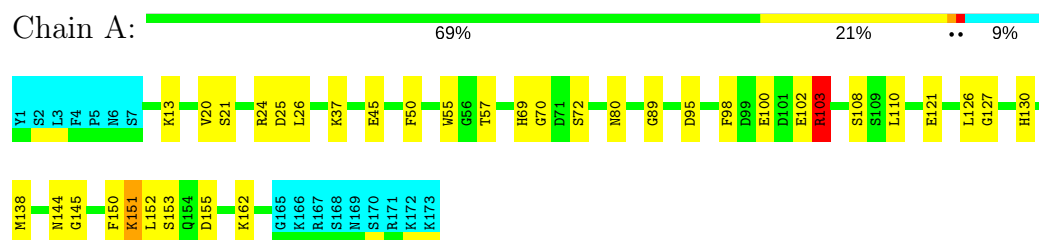
- Molecule 1: Matrilysin





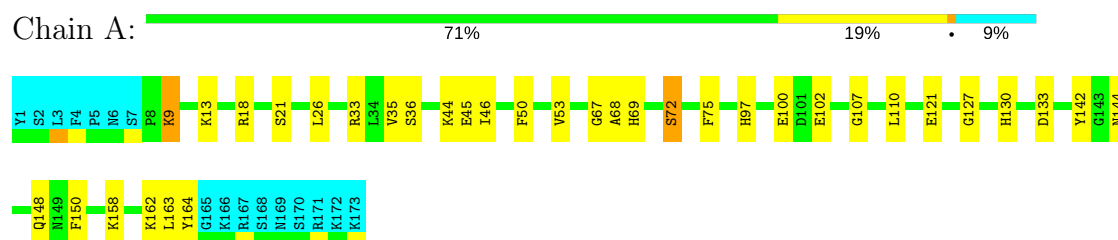
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



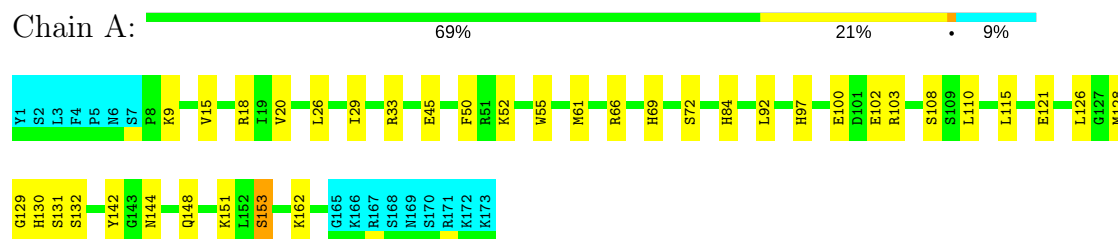
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



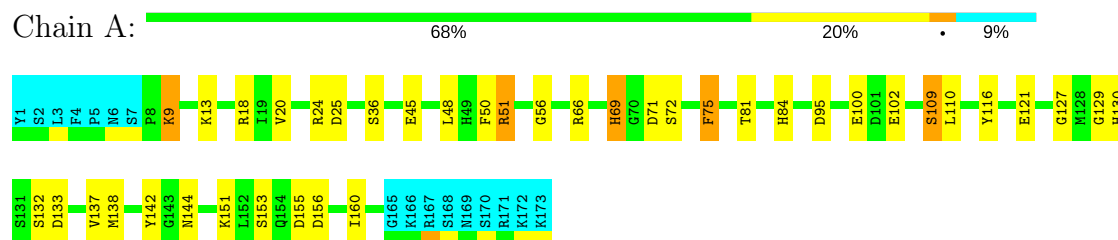
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



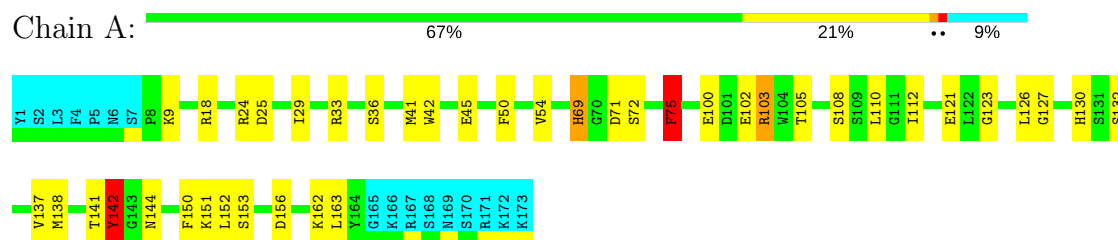
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



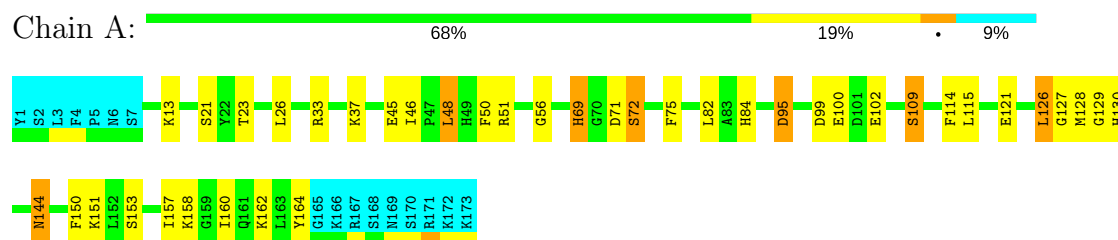
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



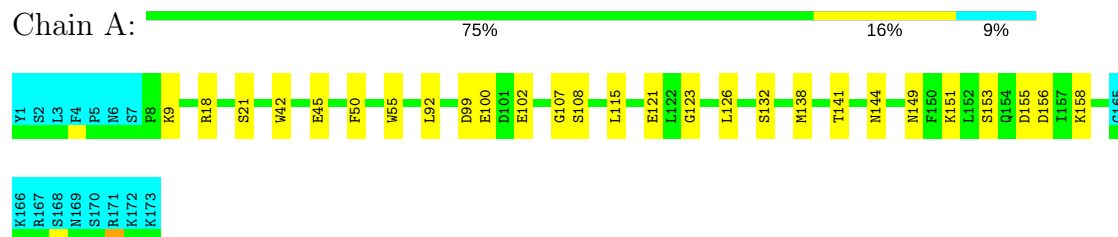
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



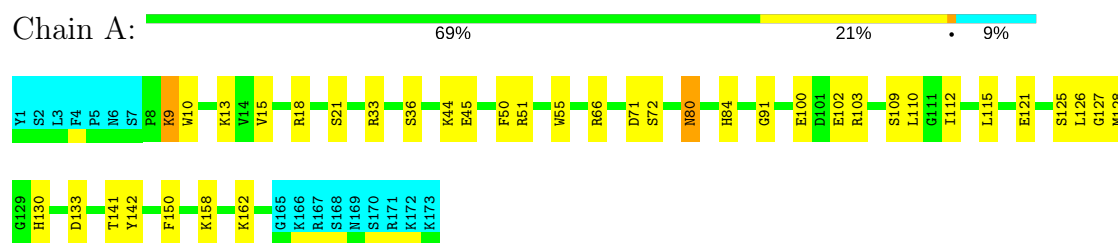
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



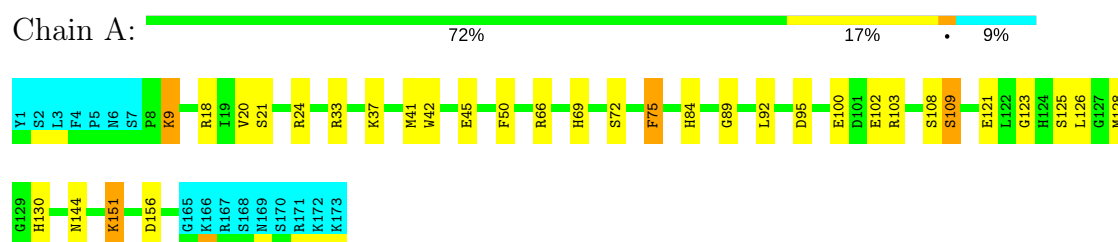
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



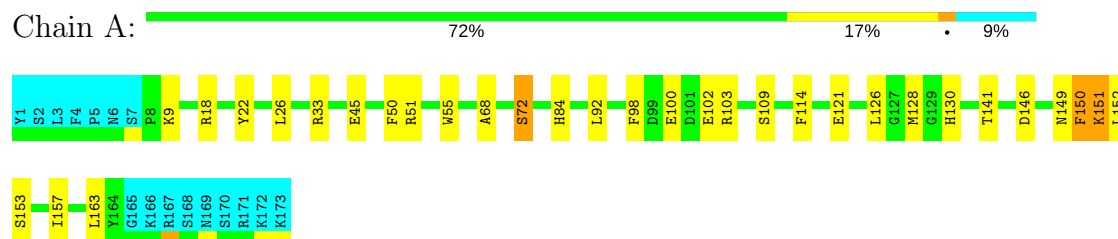
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



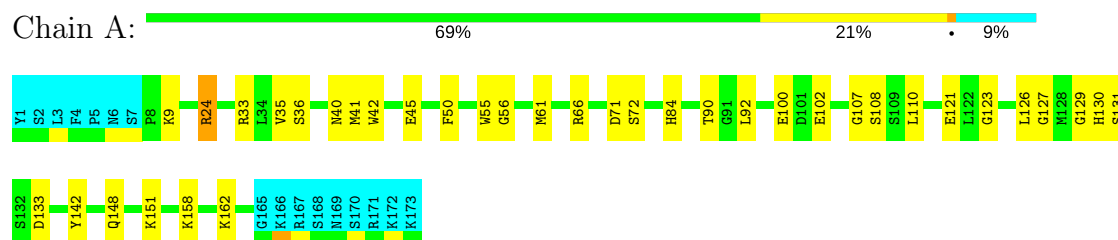
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



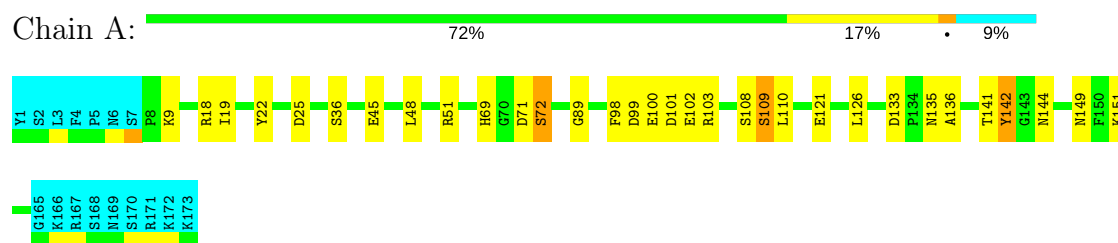
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



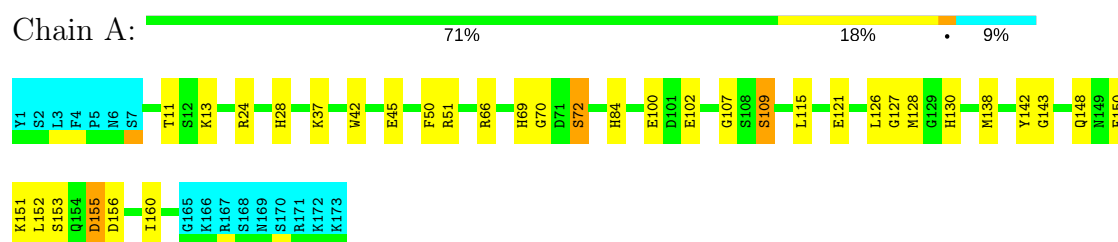
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



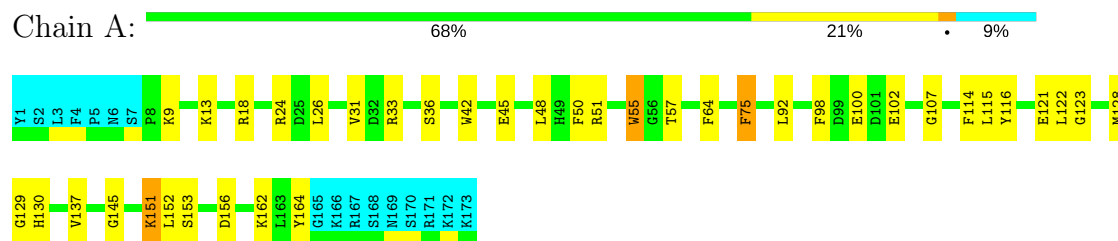
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



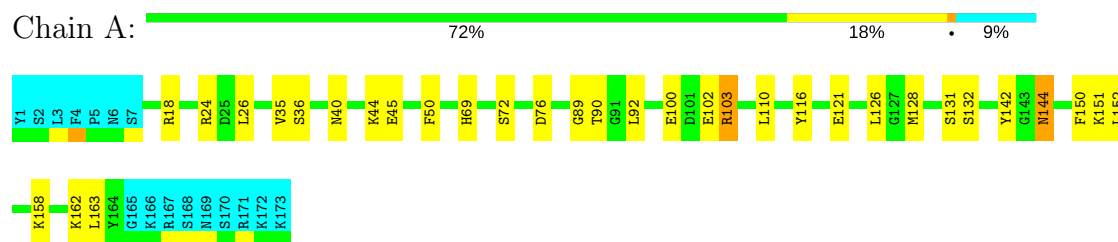
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



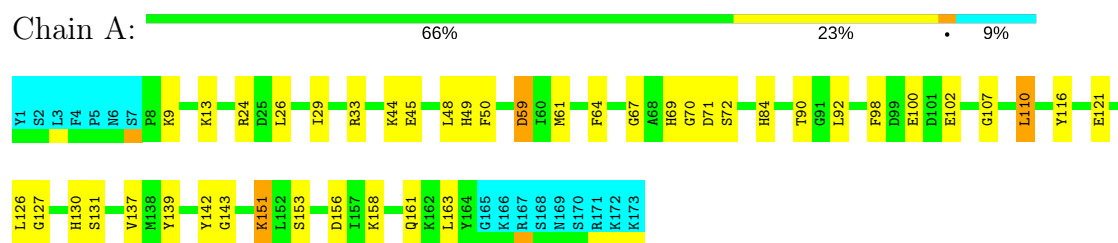
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



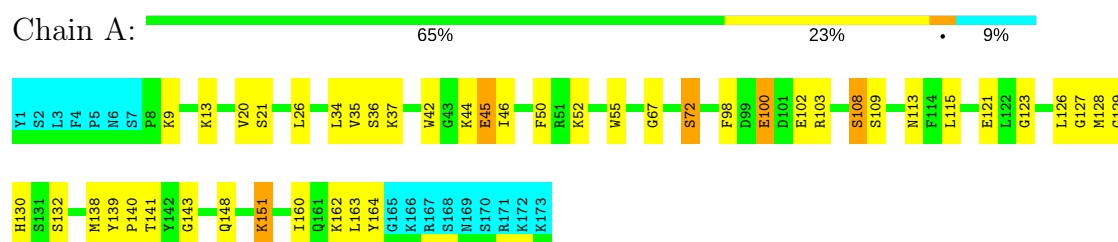
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



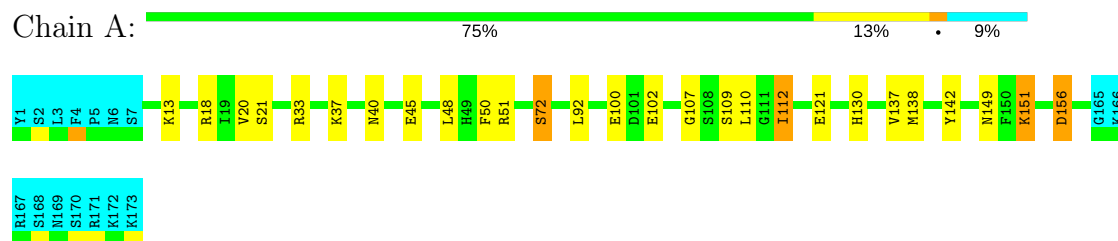
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



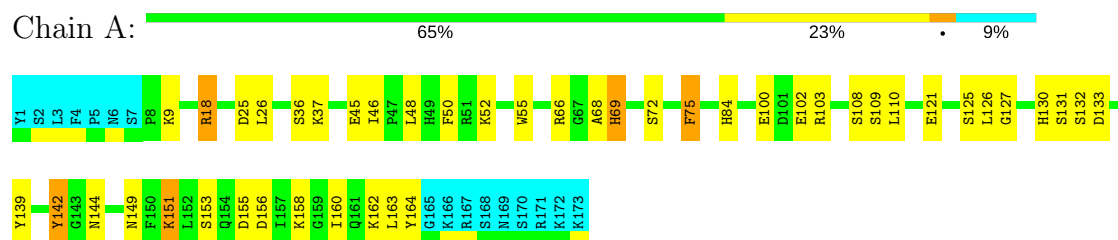
4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



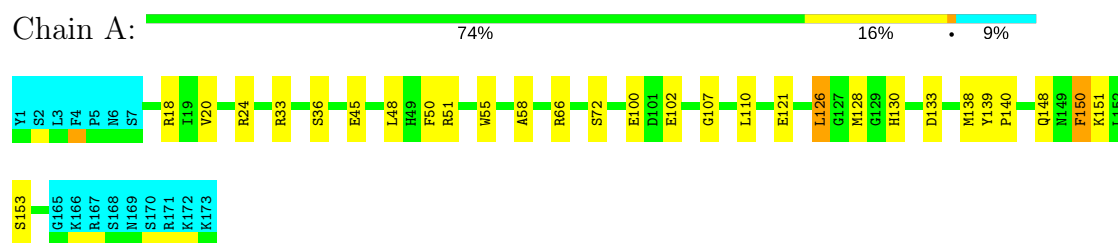
4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



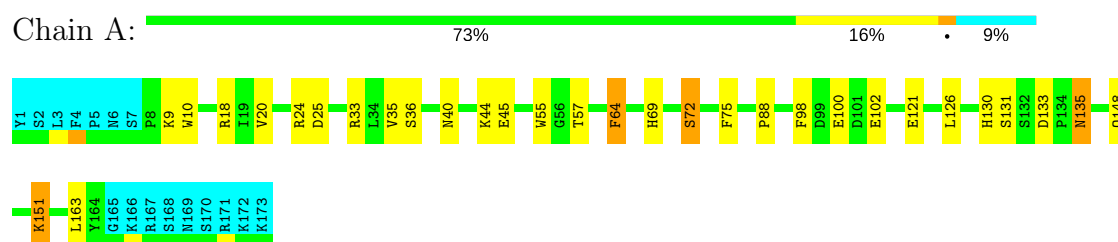
4.2.22 Score per residue for model 22

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



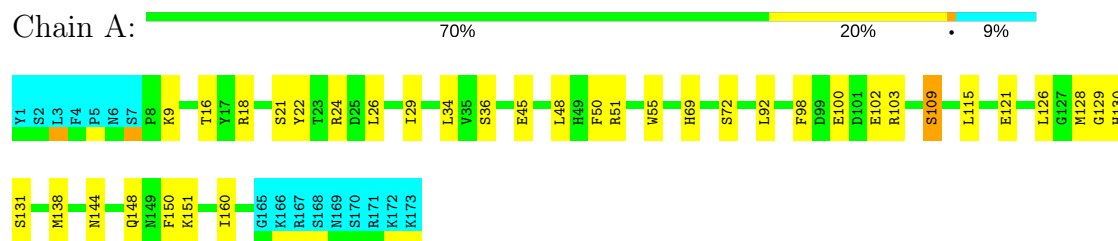
4.2.23 Score per residue for model 23

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



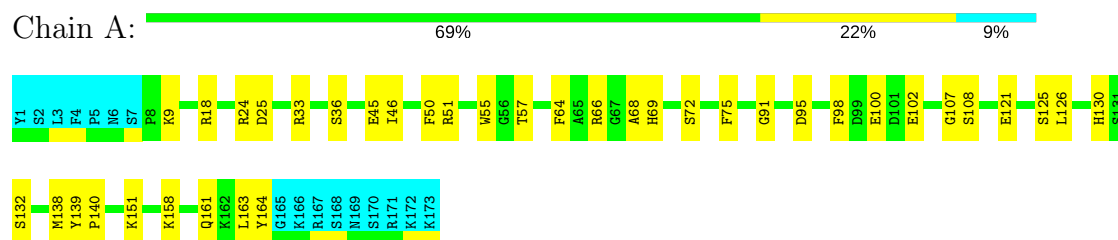
4.2.24 Score per residue for model 24

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



4.2.25 Score per residue for model 25

- Molecule 1: Matrilysin



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *distance geometry simulated annealing torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	1.5
AMBER	refinement	6.0

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 6014
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	919
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	919
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	44%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, CA, MDW

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.89±0.01	4±0/1261 (0.3±0.0%)	1.00±0.03	1±1/1714 (0.0±0.0%)
All	All	0.89	100/31525 (0.3%)	1.00	18/42850 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.5±0.6
All	All	0	12

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	121	GLU	CD-OE2	7.14	1.33	1.25	17	25
1	A	102	GLU	CD-OE2	7.14	1.33	1.25	8	25
1	A	45	GLU	CD-OE2	7.13	1.33	1.25	10	25
1	A	100	GLU	CD-OE2	7.13	1.33	1.25	9	25

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	59	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-15.13	104.68	118.30	18	1
1	A	59	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	8.47	125.92	118.30	18	1
1	A	33	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.60	117.00	120.30	25	1
1	A	95	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.31	123.98	118.30	8	4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	18	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.03	117.29	120.30	21	2
1	A	24	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.64	123.12	120.30	16	1
1	A	103	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.59	117.51	120.30	17	2
1	A	24	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.46	117.57	120.30	13	1
1	A	142	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.42	117.75	121.00	14	1
1	A	150	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-5.36	117.05	120.80	22	2
1	A	155	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-5.21	113.61	118.30	15	1
1	A	51	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.08	122.84	120.30	6	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	142	TYR	Sidechain	4
1	A	116	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	22	TYR	Sidechain	1
1	A	64	PHE	Sidechain	1
1	A	59	ASP	Sidechain	1
1	A	164	TYR	Sidechain	1
1	A	103	ARG	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1222	1188	1163	2±1
4	A	28	20	19	0±0
All	All	31350	30200	29540	52

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:137:VAL:HG11	1:A:156:ASP:CG	0.60	2.17	20	1
1:A:137:VAL:HG11	1:A:156:ASP:OD1	0.57	1.99	20	1
1:A:137:VAL:HG13	1:A:138:MET:SD	0.57	2.40	20	1
1:A:69:HIS:CE1	1:A:75:PHE:CE2	0.53	2.97	6	3
1:A:69:HIS:CE1	1:A:75:PHE:CD2	0.53	2.96	4	3
1:A:42:TRP:CZ2	1:A:123:GLY:CA	0.48	2.97	1	7
1:A:116:TYR:CE1	1:A:137:VAL:HG23	0.48	2.44	18	1
1:A:19:ILE:HG21	1:A:22:TYR:CE1	0.48	2.44	14	1
1:A:46:ILE:HG22	1:A:164:TYR:CD1	0.47	2.45	25	1
1:A:112:ILE:HG22	1:A:142:TYR:CE2	0.45	2.46	20	1
1:A:18:ARG:HG2	1:A:58:ALA:HB3	0.45	1.87	22	1
1:A:46:ILE:CG2	1:A:164:TYR:CD1	0.44	3.00	8	4
1:A:137:VAL:HG11	1:A:156:ASP:HB2	0.44	1.88	16	2
1:A:48:LEU:HD23	1:A:49:HIS:N	0.44	2.27	18	1
1:A:10:TRP:CZ2	1:A:88:PRO:HB3	0.44	2.48	23	1
1:A:48:LEU:HD13	1:A:126:LEU:HD11	0.44	1.88	22	2
1:A:42:TRP:CZ2	1:A:123:GLY:HA3	0.43	2.49	1	1
1:A:64:PHE:CD2	1:A:98:PHE:HB2	0.43	2.49	18	4
1:A:42:TRP:CZ2	1:A:123:GLY:HA2	0.43	2.49	7	3
1:A:42:TRP:CE3	1:A:160:ILE:HD11	0.43	2.49	15	1
1:A:82:LEU:HD13	4:A:178:MDW:C24	0.42	2.44	8	1
1:A:34:LEU:HB2	1:A:115:LEU:HD13	0.42	1.91	2	1
1:A:133:ASP:HB3	1:A:136:ALA:HB2	0.42	1.92	14	1
1:A:31:VAL:HG13	1:A:114:PHE:CZ	0.41	2.50	16	1
1:A:137:VAL:HG21	1:A:150:PHE:CD2	0.41	2.50	7	1
1:A:57:THR:HG22	1:A:58:ALA:H	0.41	1.75	2	1
1:A:48:LEU:HD13	1:A:126:LEU:HD12	0.41	1.93	21	1
1:A:142:TYR:CD1	4:A:178:MDW:H43	0.41	2.51	7	1
1:A:139:TYR:CD1	1:A:140:PRO:HD2	0.41	2.51	19	1
1:A:150:PHE:C	1:A:150:PHE:CD1	0.40	2.94	12	1
1:A:10:TRP:CD1	1:A:15:VAL:HG21	0.40	2.51	10	1
1:A:150:PHE:CG	1:A:151:LYS:N	0.40	2.89	3	1

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	157/173 (91%)	127±5 (81±3%)	23±5 (15±3%)	8±2 (5±1%)	5	27
All	All	3925/4325 (91%)	3164 (81%)	570 (15%)	191 (5%)	5	27

All 38 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	72	SER	19
1	A	153	SER	14
1	A	151	LYS	13
1	A	127	GLY	13
1	A	9	LYS	12
1	A	107	GLY	10
1	A	109	SER	10
1	A	129	GLY	8
1	A	144	ASN	8
1	A	152	LEU	7
1	A	130	HIS	7
1	A	150	PHE	5
1	A	89	GLY	5
1	A	141	THR	5
1	A	68	ALA	5
1	A	142	TYR	4
1	A	75	PHE	4
1	A	110	LEU	4
1	A	57	THR	3
1	A	70	GLY	3
1	A	56	GLY	3
1	A	90	THR	3
1	A	145	GLY	3
1	A	143	GLY	3
1	A	67	GLY	3
1	A	80	ASN	2
1	A	55	TRP	2
1	A	91	GLY	2
1	A	140	PRO	2
1	A	113	ASN	1
1	A	76	ASP	1
1	A	148	GLN	1
1	A	135	ASN	1
1	A	23	THR	1
1	A	11	THR	1
1	A	103	ARG	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	81	THR	1
1	A	108	SER	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	127/142 (89%)	104±4 (82±3%)	23±4 (18±3%)	5	39
All	All	3175/3550 (89%)	2607 (82%)	568 (18%)	5	39

All 81 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	50	PHE	23
1	A	126	LEU	20
1	A	151	LYS	19
1	A	18	ARG	17
1	A	69	HIS	15
1	A	33	ARG	15
1	A	130	HIS	15
1	A	36	SER	14
1	A	24	ARG	14
1	A	55	TRP	13
1	A	72	SER	12
1	A	162	LYS	12
1	A	26	LEU	12
1	A	51	ARG	12
1	A	128	MET	11
1	A	92	LEU	11
1	A	103	ARG	11
1	A	108	SER	11
1	A	13	LYS	11
1	A	138	MET	11
1	A	84	HIS	10
1	A	158	LYS	10
1	A	9	LYS	10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	66	ARG	10
1	A	110	LEU	10
1	A	132	SER	9
1	A	25	ASP	9
1	A	133	ASP	9
1	A	109	SER	9
1	A	115	LEU	9
1	A	21	SER	9
1	A	163	LEU	9
1	A	156	ASP	8
1	A	131	SER	8
1	A	44	LYS	8
1	A	20	VAL	8
1	A	37	LYS	7
1	A	148	GLN	7
1	A	142	TYR	7
1	A	71	ASP	7
1	A	35	VAL	6
1	A	144	ASN	6
1	A	48	LEU	6
1	A	75	PHE	6
1	A	155	ASP	6
1	A	125	SER	5
1	A	139	TYR	5
1	A	98	PHE	5
1	A	149	ASN	5
1	A	160	ILE	5
1	A	40	ASN	4
1	A	29	ILE	4
1	A	41	MET	4
1	A	135	ASN	3
1	A	34	LEU	3
1	A	52	LYS	3
1	A	61	MET	3
1	A	112	ILE	3
1	A	99	ASP	3
1	A	161	GLN	3
1	A	150	PHE	2
1	A	114	PHE	2
1	A	97	HIS	2
1	A	157	ILE	2
1	A	15	VAL	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	141	THR	2
1	A	95	ASP	2
1	A	28	HIS	1
1	A	80	ASN	1
1	A	153	SER	1
1	A	54	VAL	1
1	A	16	THR	1
1	A	101	ASP	1
1	A	100	GLU	1
1	A	45	GLU	1
1	A	122	LEU	1
1	A	53	VAL	1
1	A	146	ASP	1
1	A	57	THR	1
1	A	105	THR	1
1	A	22	TYR	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
4	MDW	A	178	3	29,30,30	1.52±0.02	0±0 (0±1%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
4	MDW	A	178	3	37,44,44	1.43±0.08	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	MDW	A	178	3	-	0±0,22,35,35	0±0,3,3,3

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
4	A	178	MDW	O41-S18	5.18	1.49	1.43	11	7

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
4	A	178	MDW	C19-S18-N9	5.18	98.35	107.37	14	1
4	A	178	MDW	O12-C7-C2	5.08	120.74	114.55	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 44% for the well-defined parts and 43% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 6014

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	919
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	919
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	171	-0.69 ± 0.12	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	146	-0.35 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	147	-0.95 ± 0.18	Should be applied
^{15}N	147	-0.06 ± 0.47	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 44%, i.e. 833 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1873. 0 out of 20 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	701/767 (91%)	271/305 (89%)	293/314 (93%)	137/148 (93%)
Sidechain	132/875 (15%)	0/515 (0%)	132/325 (41%)	0/35 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	0/231 (0%)	0/119 (0%)	0/92 (0%)	0/20 (0%)
Overall	833/1873 (44%)	271/939 (29%)	425/731 (58%)	137/203 (67%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 43%, i.e. 899 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2093. 0 out of 21 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	753/845 (89%)	288/336 (86%)	318/346 (92%)	147/163 (90%)
Sidechain	146/1000 (15%)	0/592 (0%)	146/362 (40%)	0/46 (0%)
Aromatic	0/248 (0%)	0/128 (0%)	0/100 (0%)	0/20 (0%)
Overall	899/2093 (43%)	288/1056 (27%)	464/808 (57%)	147/229 (64%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	170	SER	CB	71.29	71.24 – 56.34	5.0

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

