



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 13, 2017 – 02:58 am GMT

PDB ID : 2DJG  
Title : Re-determination of the native structure of human dipeptidyl peptidase I (cathepsin C)  
Authors : Molgaard, A.; Arnau, J.; Lauritzen, C.; Larsen, S.; Petersen, G.; Pedersen, J.  
Deposited on : 2006-04-02  
Resolution : 2.05 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : trunk28620  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

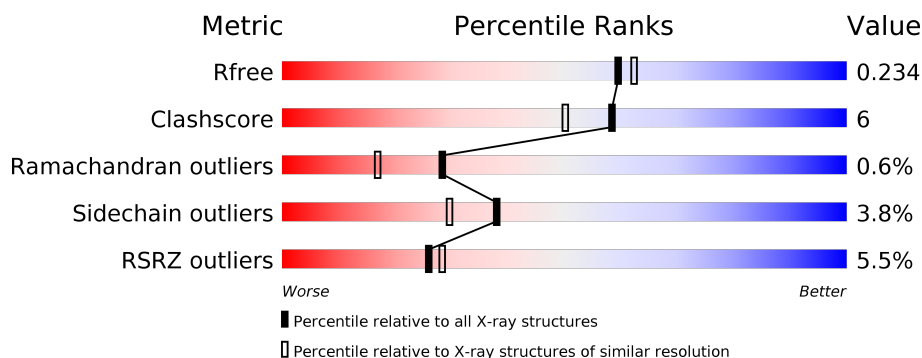
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.05 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	1316 (2.04-2.04)
Clashscore	112137	1394 (2.04-2.04)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	1383 (2.04-2.04)
Sidechain outliers	110143	1383 (2.04-2.04)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1319 (2.04-2.04)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	119	<div> <div>8%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>79%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>• • •</div> </div> </div>
2	B	164	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>87%</div> <div>10%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
3	C	69	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>90%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	SO4	A	503	-	-	-	X
6	SO4	C	501	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3031 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Dipeptidyl-peptidase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	114	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			918	593	149	170	6			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Dipeptidyl-peptidase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	161	Total	C	N	O	S	1	0	0
			1274	814	210	237	13			

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Dipeptidyl-peptidase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	68	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			528	339	88	99	2			

- Molecule 4 is a polymer of unknown type called SUGAR (5-MER).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	5	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			61	34	2	25		

- Molecule 5 is SUGAR (N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE) (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 6 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
6	C	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 7 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	B	1	Total 1	Cl 1	0	0


- Molecule 8 is water.

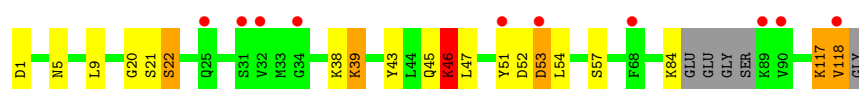
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	68	Total 68	O 68	0	0
8	B	104	Total 104	O 104	0	0
8	C	39	Total 39	O 39	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

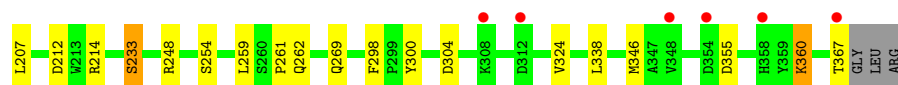
#### • Molecule 1: Dipeptidyl-peptidase 1

Chain A: 



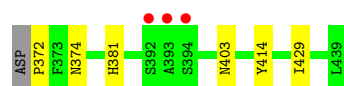
#### • Molecule 2: Dipeptidyl-peptidase 1

Chain B: 



#### • Molecule 3: Dipeptidyl-peptidase 1

Chain C: 



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	87.48Å 88.68Å 114.35Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	24.04 – 2.05 24.03 – 2.05	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.1 (24.04-2.05) 96.1 (24.03-2.05)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.45 (at 2.04Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.24	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.174 , 0.221 0.181 , 0.234	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1376 reflections (5.34%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.017	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.39 , 48.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.015 for -k,-h,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3031	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.05% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, BMA, SO4, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	1.02	0/942	0.96	2/1277 (0.2%)
2	B	1.08	3/1314 (0.2%)	0.97	8/1781 (0.4%)
3	C	0.88	0/544	0.92	0/740
All	All	1.02	3/2800 (0.1%)	0.96	10/3798 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	360	LYS	CE-NZ	-15.69	1.09	1.49
2	B	233	SER	CB-OG	-6.76	1.33	1.42
2	B	248	ARG	CZ-NH2	5.88	1.40	1.33

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	360	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	14.97	146.14	111.70
2	B	248	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.99	116.81	120.30
2	B	212	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.92	123.63	118.30
2	B	233	SER	CA-CB-OG	-5.37	96.71	111.20
2	B	324	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	5.28	119.35	110.90
2	B	355	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.27	123.04	118.30
1	A	53	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.25	123.03	118.30

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	346	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.17	91.92	100.20
1	A	46	LYS	C-N-CA	5.17	134.61	121.70
2	B	304	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.06	122.85	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	117	LYS	Peptide
1	A	46	LYS	Mainchain,Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	918	0	877	20	0
2	B	1274	0	1179	5	0
3	C	528	0	502	4	0
4	A	61	0	52	0	0
5	A	14	0	13	4	0
5	B	14	0	13	1	0
6	A	5	0	0	0	0
6	C	5	0	0	0	0
7	B	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	68	0	0	6	0
8	B	104	0	0	2	0
8	C	39	0	0	1	0
All	All	3031	0	2636	29	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (29) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:5:ASN:HD21	5:A:504:NAG:C1	0.92	1.56

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:A:504:NAG:H81	8:A:620:HOH:O	1.73	0.86
2:B:269:GLN:HB2	8:B:707:HOH:O	1.76	0.85
1:A:45:GLN:NE2	1:A:51:TYR:HE1	1.77	0.80
1:A:118:VAL:C	8:A:675:HOH:O	2.19	0.80
1:A:20:GLY:C	8:A:670:HOH:O	2.20	0.79
1:A:45:GLN:NE2	1:A:51:TYR:CE1	2.57	0.72
2:B:259:LEU:O	2:B:261:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.60
3:C:381:HIS:HE1	3:C:403:ASN:OD1	1.90	0.55
1:A:118:VAL:O	1:A:118:VAL:CG1	2.57	0.52
1:A:38:LYS:HG3	1:A:39:LYS:N	2.28	0.49
1:A:5:ASN:ND2	5:A:504:NAG:C2	2.67	0.49
1:A:45:GLN:HE21	1:A:51:TYR:HE1	1.57	0.49
1:A:20:GLY:CA	8:A:670:HOH:O	2.59	0.47
1:A:9:LEU:HD12	3:C:374:ASN:ND2	2.30	0.46
1:A:52:ASP:C	1:A:54:LEU:H	2.18	0.46
3:C:372:PRO:N	8:C:187:HOH:O	2.48	0.46
1:A:118:VAL:O	1:A:118:VAL:HG13	2.16	0.45
5:B:604:NAG:O6	8:B:680:HOH:O	2.21	0.45
1:A:5:ASN:CG	5:A:504:NAG:C1	2.73	0.44
2:B:207:LEU:HD11	2:B:338:LEU:HD23	2.00	0.44
1:A:43:TYR:OH	1:A:53:ASP:HB3	2.18	0.43
1:A:22:SER:N	8:A:670:HOH:O	2.51	0.43
1:A:20:GLY:O	1:A:21:SER:HB2	2.19	0.43
1:A:117:LYS:O	1:A:118:VAL:HB	2.20	0.42
1:A:43:TYR:HB2	1:A:51:TYR:CE1	2.55	0.41
2:B:214:ARG:HD3	3:C:414:TYR:CZ	2.56	0.41
1:A:84:LYS:C	8:A:672:HOH:O	2.59	0.41
2:B:262:GLN:HB2	2:B:300:TYR:HA	2.02	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	110/119 (92%)	101 (92%)	8 (7%)	1 (1%)	20	10
2	B	159/164 (97%)	153 (96%)	6 (4%)	0	100	100
3	C	66/69 (96%)	62 (94%)	3 (4%)	1 (2%)	12	3
All	All	335/352 (95%)	316 (94%)	17 (5%)	2 (1%)	28	17

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	47	LEU
3	C	429	ILE

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	100/103 (97%)	94 (94%)	6 (6%)	22	13
2	B	136/138 (99%)	131 (96%)	5 (4%)	39	31
3	C	54/55 (98%)	54 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	290/296 (98%)	279 (96%)	11 (4%)	38	30

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	ASP
1	A	22	SER
1	A	39	LYS
1	A	46	LYS
1	A	57	SER
1	A	118	VAL
2	B	233	SER
2	B	254	SER
2	B	298	PHE
2	B	360	LYS
2	B	367	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	5	ASN
1	A	45	GLN
3	C	381	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

5 carbohydrates are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	NAG	A	602	1,4	14,14,15	0.66	0	15,19,21	0.87	0
4	NAG	A	605	4	14,14,15	0.71	0	15,19,21	1.07	0
4	BMA	A	606	4	11,11,12	1.14	1 (9%)	13,15,17	2.38	3 (23%)
4	BMA	A	607	4	11,11,12	1.06	1 (9%)	13,15,17	1.67	2 (15%)
4	BMA	A	608	4	11,11,12	0.82	0	13,15,17	2.07	2 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	602	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	605	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	A	606	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	A	607	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	A	608	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	607	BMA	C2-C3	2.12	1.55	1.52
4	A	606	BMA	C2-C3	2.75	1.56	1.52

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	608	BMA	O5-C1-C2	-5.04	102.89	110.79
4	A	608	BMA	C1-O5-C5	-4.46	106.02	112.17
4	A	606	BMA	O2-C2-C3	2.11	114.31	110.17
4	A	607	BMA	O2-C2-C3	3.12	116.31	110.17
4	A	607	BMA	O2-C2-C1	4.09	117.49	109.18
4	A	606	BMA	C1-O5-C5	4.38	118.20	112.17
4	A	606	BMA	O3-C3-C2	6.35	121.58	110.02

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
6	SO4	A	503	-	4,4,4	0.72	0	6,6,6	0.99	0
5	NAG	A	504	1	14,14,15	0.80	1 (7%)	15,19,21	1.92	4 (26%)
5	NAG	B	604	2	14,14,15	1.02	1 (7%)	15,19,21	1.45	3 (20%)
6	SO4	C	501	-	4,4,4	0.52	0	6,6,6	0.36	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	SO4	A	503	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
5	NAG	A	504	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	B	604	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	SO4	C	501	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	504	NAG	O5-C1	-2.03	1.40	1.43
5	B	604	NAG	C1-C2	2.53	1.55	1.52

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	B	604	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.96	105.96	111.47
5	A	504	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-3.02	116.55	122.06
5	B	604	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-2.03	106.63	110.22
5	A	504	NAG	O4-C4-C5	2.27	115.01	109.28
5	B	604	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.63	115.80	112.17
5	A	504	NAG	C8-C7-N2	3.87	123.10	116.11
5	A	504	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.17	129.03	122.94

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	504	NAG	4	0

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	B	604	NAG	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ > 2		OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q < 0.9
1	A	114/119 (95%)	0.23	10 (8%)	11 11	15, 23, 43, 51	0
2	B	161/164 (98%)	-0.04	6 (3%)	42 47	15, 21, 37, 53	1 (0%)
3	C	68/69 (98%)	0.34	3 (4%)	35 38	16, 23, 45, 56	0
All	All	343/352 (97%)	0.13	19 (5%)	26 28	15, 22, 42, 56	1 (0%)

All (19) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	358	HIS	5.4
1	A	32	VAL	5.1
1	A	31	SER	5.0
3	C	392	SER	4.7
3	C	393	ALA	4.6
2	B	367	THR	3.9
1	A	53	ASP	3.8
2	B	354	ASP	3.4
1	A	34	GLY	2.8
1	A	68	PHE	2.4
1	A	89	LYS	2.3
1	A	51	TYR	2.3
2	B	312	ASP	2.3
2	B	348	VAL	2.2
1	A	118	VAL	2.2
1	A	90	VAL	2.2
3	C	394	SER	2.1
2	B	308	LYS	2.1
1	A	25	GLN	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
4	BMA	A	608	11/12	0.80	0.28	1.07	45,53,57,58	0
4	NAG	A	602	14/15	0.84	0.34	-	51,58,62,63	0
4	BMA	A	607	11/12	0.79	0.35	-	60,65,66,68	0
4	NAG	A	605	14/15	0.76	0.44	-	61,67,70,70	0
4	BMA	A	606	11/12	0.73	0.42	-	66,70,72,73	0

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
6	SO4	A	503	5/5	0.67	0.31	5.55	64,65,70,72	0
6	SO4	C	501	5/5	0.71	0.35	4.24	68,70,73,75	0
5	NAG	B	604	14/15	0.86	0.25	0.84	34,39,44,47	0
7	CL	B	500	1/1	1.00	0.09	-1.67	19,19,19,19	0
5	NAG	A	504	14/15	0.85	0.27	-	42,46,51,56	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.