



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 15, 2017 – 12:33 am GMT

PDB ID : 3EDC  
Title : Crystal Structure of a 1,6-hexanediol Bound Tetrameric Form of Escherichia coli Lac-repressor Refined to 2.1 Resolution  
Authors : Stenberg, K.A.E.  
Deposited on : 2008-09-03  
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : trunk28620  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

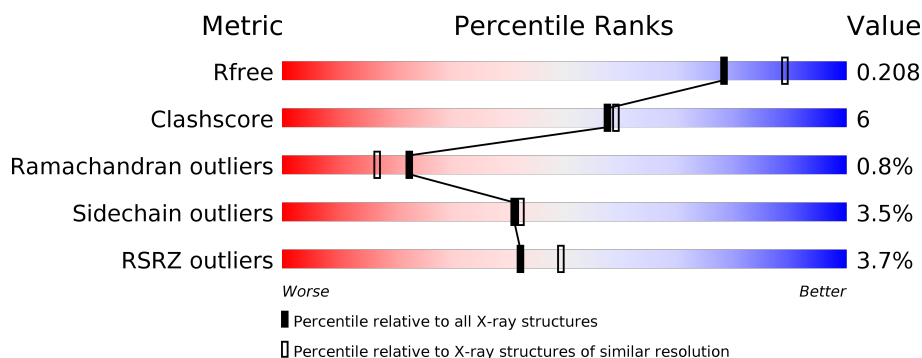
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	4243 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	112137	4788 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	4740 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	110143	4741 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	101464	4275 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	360	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>71%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>•</div> <div>17%</div> </div> </div>
1	B	360	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>74%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>•</div> <div>17%</div> </div> </div>
1	C	360	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>71%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>•</div> <div>17%</div> </div> </div>
1	D	360	<div> <div>5%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>70%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>•</div> <div>17%</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-

ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	HEZ	C	400	-	-	-	X
2	HEZ	D	400	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

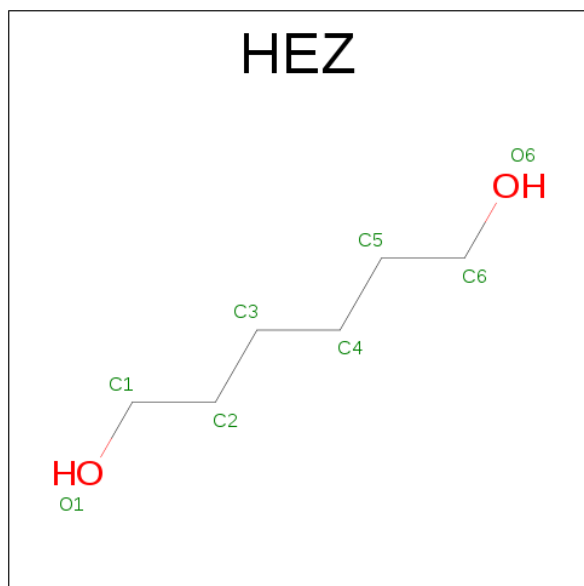
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9549 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Lactose operon repressor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	300	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2241	1395	401	434	11			
1	B	300	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2241	1395	401	434	11			
1	C	300	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2241	1395	401	434	11			
1	D	300	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2241	1395	401	434	11			

- Molecule 2 is HEXANE-1,6-DIOL (three-letter code: HEZ) (formula:  $C_6H_{14}O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			8	6	2		
2	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			8	6	2		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			8	6	2		
2	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			8	6	2		

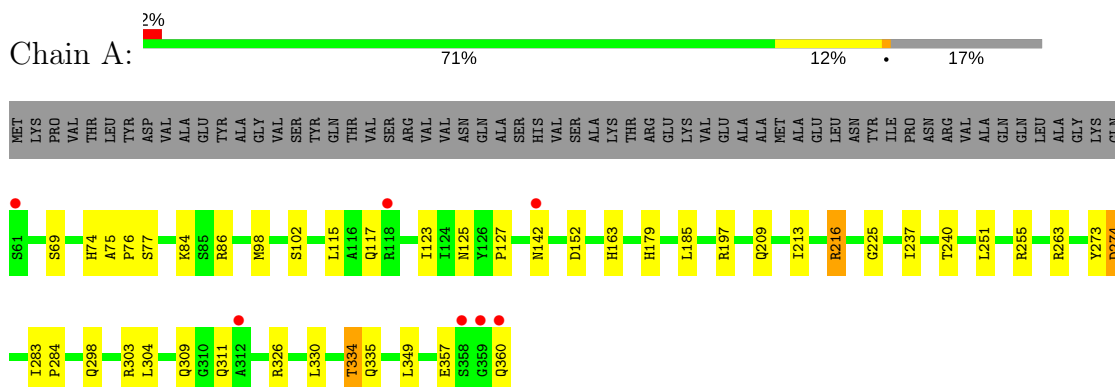
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	185	Total	O	0	0
			185	185		
3	B	146	Total	O	0	0
			146	146		
3	C	116	Total	O	0	0
			116	116		
3	D	106	Total	O	0	0
			106	106		

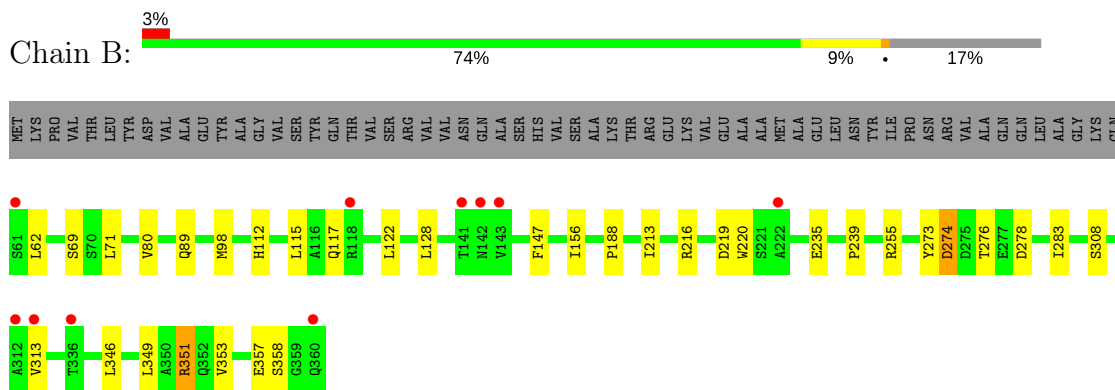
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

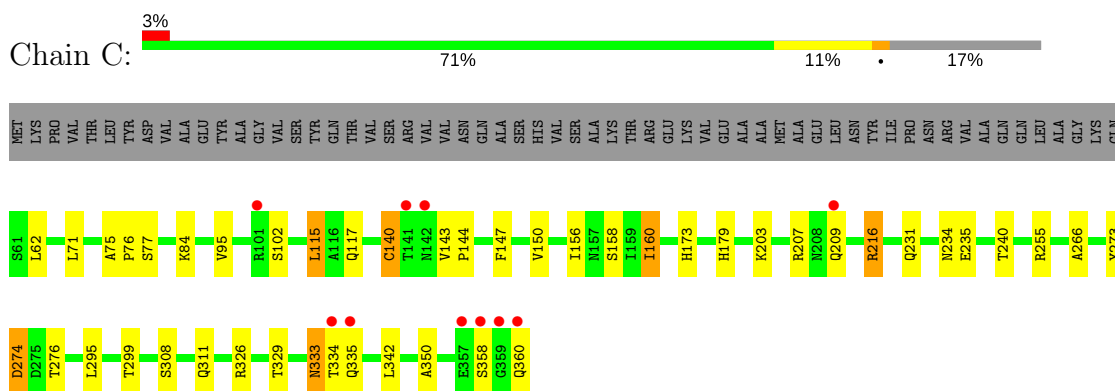
- Molecule 1: Lactose operon repressor



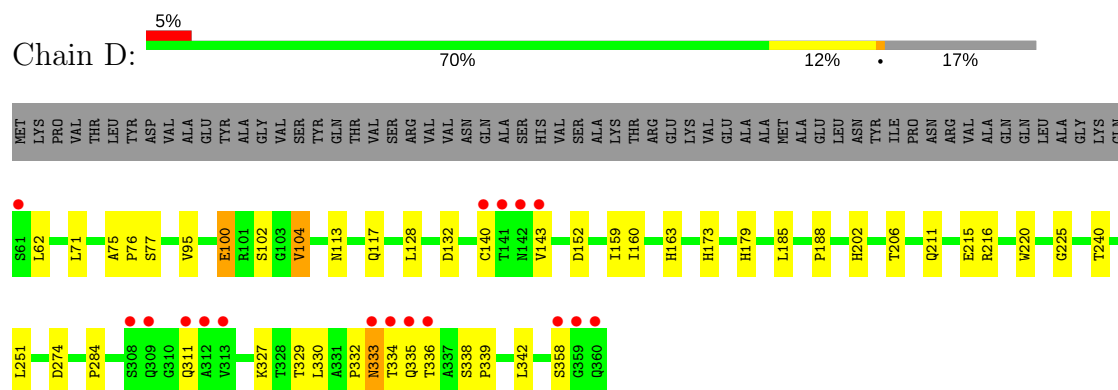
- Molecule 1: Lactose operon repressor



- Molecule 1: Lactose operon repressor



- Molecule 1: Lactose operon repressor



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	164.15Å 72.43Å 130.57Å 90.00° 113.96° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	60.06 – 2.10 60.06 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (60.06-2.10) 99.9 (60.06-2.10)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.47 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.156 , 0.201 0.167 , 0.208	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4107 reflections (5.28%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	29.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.424	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 53.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	9549	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.81% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEZ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.77	0/2270	0.82	6/3085 (0.2%)
1	B	0.73	0/2270	0.81	2/3085 (0.1%)
1	C	0.67	1/2270 (0.0%)	0.79	4/3085 (0.1%)
1	D	0.67	0/2270	0.77	1/3085 (0.0%)
All	All	0.71	1/9080 (0.0%)	0.80	13/12340 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	B	0	1
All	All	0	2

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	140	CYS	CB-SG	-5.07	1.73	1.81

All (13) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-8.10	116.25	120.30
1	A	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-7.47	116.57	120.30
1	C	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	7.28	123.94	120.30
1	A	326	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.81	123.70	120.30
1	A	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.32	123.46	120.30
1	B	351	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.91	117.34	120.30

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	255	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.84	117.38	120.30
1	C	326	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.63	123.11	120.30
1	D	216	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.51	117.54	120.30
1	A	326	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.15	117.72	120.30
1	A	263	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.09	122.85	120.30
1	B	219	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.09	122.88	118.30
1	C	255	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.02	117.79	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	142	ASN	Peptide
1	B	357	GLU	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2241	0	2288	29	0
1	B	2241	0	2288	22	1
1	C	2241	0	2288	34	0
1	D	2241	0	2288	35	0
2	A	8	0	14	1	0
2	B	8	0	14	1	0
2	C	8	0	14	2	0
2	D	8	0	14	0	0
3	A	185	0	0	12	1
3	B	146	0	0	4	0
3	C	116	0	0	3	0
3	D	106	0	0	3	0
All	All	9549	0	9208	102	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (102) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:206:THR:HG22	1:D:211:GLN:HE22	1.20	1.06
1:A:125:ASN:ND2	3:A:539:HOH:O	1.67	0.88
1:D:206:THR:HG22	1:D:211:GLN:NE2	1.91	0.85
1:C:71:LEU:HD13	1:D:71:LEU:HD13	1.61	0.83
1:C:295:LEU:O	1:C:299:THR:HG23	1.80	0.80
1:C:84:LYS:CE	1:D:100:GLU:OE1	2.30	0.79
1:D:202:HIS:HE1	1:D:215:GLU:OE2	1.70	0.74
1:D:100:GLU:H	1:D:100:GLU:CD	1.90	0.72
1:C:84:LYS:HE3	1:D:100:GLU:OE1	1.91	0.68
1:C:84:LYS:NZ	1:D:100:GLU:OE1	2.28	0.65
1:A:334:THR:HB	3:A:461:HOH:O	1.97	0.65
1:A:98:MET:SD	1:B:80:VAL:HG12	2.37	0.63
1:A:74:HIS:HE1	1:B:278:ASP:OD2	1.82	0.63
1:D:206:THR:CG2	1:D:211:GLN:HE22	2.05	0.63
1:B:213:ILE:HD11	1:B:239:PRO:HB3	1.79	0.62
1:B:313:VAL:HG12	3:B:548:HOH:O	1.99	0.62
1:A:77:SER:HB3	1:B:71:LEU:O	2.00	0.61
1:A:303:ARG:HD3	3:A:523:HOH:O	1.99	0.61
1:A:197:ARG:HG2	3:A:535:HOH:O	2.02	0.58
1:A:123:ILE:HG13	1:A:304:LEU:HD22	1.85	0.58
3:A:528:HOH:O	1:B:283:ILE:CD1	2.52	0.57
1:C:95:VAL:CG2	1:D:95:VAL:HG22	2.35	0.57
1:B:255:ARG:HH22	1:C:231:GLN:HE22	1.53	0.56
1:B:235:GLU:HG2	3:D:563:HOH:O	2.05	0.56
1:D:202:HIS:CE1	1:D:215:GLU:OE2	2.55	0.56
1:C:71:LEU:O	1:D:77:SER:HB3	2.06	0.56
1:D:179:HIS:HD2	1:D:240:THR:OG1	1.89	0.56
1:C:95:VAL:CG2	1:D:95:VAL:CG2	2.84	0.55
1:A:179:HIS:HD2	1:A:240:THR:OG1	1.89	0.55
1:B:147:PHE:CD1	1:B:156:ILE:HD12	2.42	0.55
1:A:197:ARG:CG	3:A:535:HOH:O	2.56	0.53
1:A:152:ASP:OD1	1:A:163:HIS:HE1	1.91	0.53
1:B:112:HIS:HB2	3:B:547:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
1:C:273:TYR:O	1:C:274:ASP:CB	2.57	0.52
1:A:357:GLU:HG2	1:D:339:PRO:HB2	1.91	0.52
1:A:213:ILE:HD12	1:A:237:ILE:HG23	1.92	0.51
1:A:251:LEU:HD12	3:A:528:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:C:311:GLN:NE2	1:C:311:GLN:HA	2.26	0.51
1:D:173:HIS:HE1	1:D:329:THR:OG1	1.94	0.51
1:A:179:HIS:HE1	1:A:330:LEU:O	1.93	0.51
1:C:115:LEU:HD21	1:C:140:CYS:HA	1.92	0.51
1:C:77:SER:HB3	1:D:71:LEU:O	2.10	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:332:PRO:O	1:D:334:THR:HG23	2.11	0.51
1:C:311:GLN:HE21	1:C:311:GLN:HA	1.76	0.50
1:D:104:VAL:HG13	1:D:132:ASP:HB3	1.92	0.50
1:D:202:HIS:O	1:D:206:THR:HG23	2.12	0.50
3:A:528:HOH:O	1:B:283:ILE:HG13	2.11	0.49
1:C:216:ARG:NH1	1:C:235:GLU:OE1	2.46	0.48
1:A:185:LEU:HD21	1:A:225:GLY:HA2	1.95	0.48
1:C:203:LYS:O	1:C:207:ARG:HG2	2.13	0.48
1:B:346:LEU:HD23	1:C:350:ALA:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:B:273:TYR:O	1:B:274:ASP:CB	2.62	0.47
1:A:117:GLN:HG2	1:B:117:GLN:OE1	2.14	0.47
1:C:216:ARG:HH12	1:C:235:GLU:CD	2.18	0.47
1:C:273:TYR:O	1:C:274:ASP:HB2	2.15	0.47
1:C:299:THR:HG22	3:C:546:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:127:PRO:HG3	2:A:400:HEZ:H12	1.96	0.46
1:D:188:PRO:HD2	1:D:220:TRP:CE2	2.50	0.46
1:A:309:GLN:NE2	3:A:522:HOH:O	2.49	0.46
1:A:84:LYS:HB2	1:B:98:MET:HE3	1.98	0.46
1:A:179:HIS:CE1	1:A:330:LEU:O	2.68	0.45
1:B:220:TRP:CD2	2:B:400:HEZ:H52	2.52	0.45
1:B:188:PRO:HD2	1:B:220:TRP:CE2	2.52	0.45
1:A:75:ALA:HB3	1:A:76:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.45
3:B:527:HOH:O	1:C:234:ASN:HB3	2.17	0.45
1:C:75:ALA:HB3	1:C:76:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.44
1:A:334:THR:HG21	3:A:527:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:C:179:HIS:HD2	1:C:240:THR:OG1	2.00	0.44
1:B:255:ARG:HH22	1:C:231:GLN:NE2	2.14	0.44
1:C:147:PHE:CD1	1:C:156:ILE:HD12	2.53	0.44
1:A:84:LYS:HE3	1:B:98:MET:O	2.18	0.43
1:C:117:GLN:NE2	1:D:117:GLN:HB3	2.34	0.43
1:C:266:ALA:O	1:C:333:ASN:HB2	2.18	0.43
2:C:400:HEZ:H22	3:C:493:HOH:O	2.16	0.43
1:A:86:ARG:HG2	1:A:298:GLN:HA	2.01	0.43
2:C:400:HEZ:H51	3:C:482:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:D:75:ALA:HB3	1:D:76:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.43
1:B:89:GLN:HG3	3:B:570:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:C:333:ASN:HD22	1:C:334:THR:N	2.17	0.42
1:D:113:ASN:HB3	3:D:564:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:D:163:HIS:HD2	3:D:481:HOH:O	2.03	0.42
1:C:95:VAL:HG23	1:D:95:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.42
1:C:144:PRO:HG3	1:C:308:SER:HA	2.00	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:159:ILE:O	1:D:160:ILE:HD12	2.20	0.42
1:D:330:LEU:HD22	1:D:338:SER:OG	2.19	0.42
1:C:173:HIS:HE1	1:C:329:THR:OG1	2.03	0.42
1:D:140:CYS:O	1:D:143:VAL:HG22	2.20	0.42
1:B:115:LEU:CD1	1:B:122:LEU:HD11	2.50	0.42
1:C:358:SER:H	1:C:360:GLN:HE21	1.67	0.42
1:D:185:LEU:HD21	1:D:225:GLY:HA2	2.01	0.41
1:C:158:SER:HB2	1:C:160:ILE:CD1	2.51	0.41
1:C:150:VAL:CG2	1:C:160:ILE:HD11	2.51	0.41
1:A:273:TYR:O	1:A:274:ASP:CB	2.68	0.41
1:A:163:HIS:HD2	3:A:442:HOH:O	2.04	0.41
1:D:152:ASP:OD1	1:D:163:HIS:HE1	2.03	0.41
1:B:349:LEU:O	1:B:353:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.41
1:A:283:ILE:HA	1:A:284:PRO:HA	1.98	0.40
1:D:152:ASP:N	1:D:152:ASP:OD1	2.48	0.40
1:D:284:PRO:HB2	1:D:327:LYS:HB2	2.03	0.40
1:D:113:ASN:O	1:D:117:GLN:HG2	2.21	0.40
1:D:332:PRO:O	1:D:333:ASN:C	2.60	0.40
1:A:74:HIS:HD2	3:A:449:HOH:O	2.03	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:351:ARG:NE	3:A:402:HOH:O[2_555]	2.19	0.01

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	298/360 (83%)	286 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	44 44

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	298/360 (83%)	285 (96%)	11 (4%)	2 (1%)	25	20
1	C	298/360 (83%)	284 (95%)	13 (4%)	1 (0%)	44	44
1	D	298/360 (83%)	280 (94%)	13 (4%)	5 (2%)	11	5
All	All	1192/1440 (83%)	1135 (95%)	48 (4%)	9 (1%)	22	17

All (9) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	333	ASN
1	A	274	ASP
1	B	274	ASP
1	B	358	SER
1	C	274	ASP
1	D	274	ASP
1	D	62	LEU
1	D	335	GLN
1	D	358	SER

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	245/294 (83%)	235 (96%)	10 (4%)	35	35
1	B	245/294 (83%)	239 (98%)	6 (2%)	54	59
1	C	245/294 (83%)	235 (96%)	10 (4%)	35	35
1	D	245/294 (83%)	237 (97%)	8 (3%)	43	45
All	All	980/1176 (83%)	946 (96%)	34 (4%)	41	42

All (34) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	69	SER
1	A	102	SER

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	115	LEU
1	A	209	GLN
1	A	216	ARG
1	A	311	GLN
1	A	334	THR
1	A	335	GLN
1	A	349	LEU
1	A	360	GLN
1	B	62	LEU
1	B	69	SER
1	B	128	LEU
1	B	216	ARG
1	B	276	THR
1	B	308	SER
1	C	62	LEU
1	C	102	SER
1	C	115	LEU
1	C	143	VAL
1	C	160	ILE
1	C	209	GLN
1	C	276	THR
1	C	333	ASN
1	C	335	GLN
1	C	342	LEU
1	D	100	GLU
1	D	102	SER
1	D	104	VAL
1	D	128	LEU
1	D	251	LEU
1	D	311	GLN
1	D	336	THR
1	D	342	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (27) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	74	HIS
1	A	163	HIS
1	A	179	HIS
1	A	180	GLN
1	A	306	GLN
1	B	163	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	227	GLN
1	B	234	ASN
1	B	306	GLN
1	C	173	HIS
1	C	179	HIS
1	C	227	GLN
1	C	231	GLN
1	C	311	GLN
1	C	333	ASN
1	C	360	GLN
1	D	113	ASN
1	D	117	GLN
1	D	131	GLN
1	D	163	HIS
1	D	173	HIS
1	D	179	HIS
1	D	202	HIS
1	D	211	GLN
1	D	231	GLN
1	D	306	GLN
1	D	333	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link



column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	HEZ	A	400	-	7,7,7	0.35	0	6,6,6	0.39	0
2	HEZ	B	400	-	7,7,7	0.46	0	6,6,6	0.50	0
2	HEZ	C	400	-	7,7,7	0.39	0	6,6,6	0.60	0
2	HEZ	D	400	-	7,7,7	0.33	0	6,6,6	0.49	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEZ	A	400	-	-	0/5/5/5	0/0/0/0
2	HEZ	B	400	-	-	0/5/5/5	0/0/0/0
2	HEZ	C	400	-	-	0/5/5/5	0/0/0/0
2	HEZ	D	400	-	-	0/5/5/5	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	400	HEZ	1	0
2	B	400	HEZ	1	0
2	C	400	HEZ	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	300/360 (83%)	-0.21	7 (2%) 61 66	2, 24, 36, 48	0
1	B	300/360 (83%)	-0.14	10 (3%) 47 54	13, 25, 40, 53	0
1	C	300/360 (83%)	-0.11	10 (3%) 47 54	15, 26, 39, 57	0
1	D	300/360 (83%)	-0.04	17 (5%) 24 30	18, 27, 37, 53	0
All	All	1200/1440 (83%)	-0.13	44 (3%) 42 49	2, 25, 38, 57	0

All (44) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	360	GLN	11.7
1	A	359	GLY	9.3
1	C	359	GLY	7.6
1	D	335	GLN	7.2
1	C	358	SER	6.6
1	C	357	GLU	5.7
1	B	360	GLN	5.5
1	B	61	SER	5.4
1	C	360	GLN	5.3
1	D	61	SER	4.9
1	B	312	ALA	4.6
1	D	358	SER	4.6
1	D	143	VAL	4.6
1	D	333	ASN	4.6
1	D	334	THR	4.5
1	A	358	SER	4.4
1	D	359	GLY	4.1
1	D	141	THR	4.1
1	D	142	ASN	4.0
1	C	334	THR	4.0
1	D	312	ALA	3.8

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	142	ASN	3.7
1	A	312	ALA	3.5
1	A	142	ASN	3.3
1	C	142	ASN	3.0
1	A	61	SER	2.9
1	C	335	GLN	2.8
1	D	309	GLN	2.8
1	C	141	THR	2.6
1	B	118	ARG	2.5
1	D	140	CYS	2.5
1	B	143	VAL	2.4
1	D	336	THR	2.4
1	D	311	GLN	2.4
1	D	360	GLN	2.4
1	B	313	VAL	2.3
1	C	209	GLN	2.3
1	D	308	SER	2.3
1	B	336	THR	2.2
1	A	118	ARG	2.2
1	D	313	VAL	2.2
1	B	141	THR	2.1
1	C	101	ARG	2.1
1	B	222	ALA	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	HEZ	D	400	8/8	0.78	0.22	4.73	53,61,71,75	0
2	HEZ	C	400	8/8	0.88	0.23	2.67	40,51,58,59	0
2	HEZ	B	400	8/8	0.87	0.17	1.94	33,44,51,54	0
2	HEZ	A	400	8/8	0.91	0.15	0.90	39,46,53,58	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.