



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 21, 2018 – 12:49 AM EST

PDB ID : 4FQJ  
Title : Influenza B/Florida/4/2006 hemagglutinin Fab CR8071 complex  
Authors : Dreyfus, C.; Laursen, N.S.; Wilson, I.A.  
Deposited on : 2012-06-25  
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20030736  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20030736

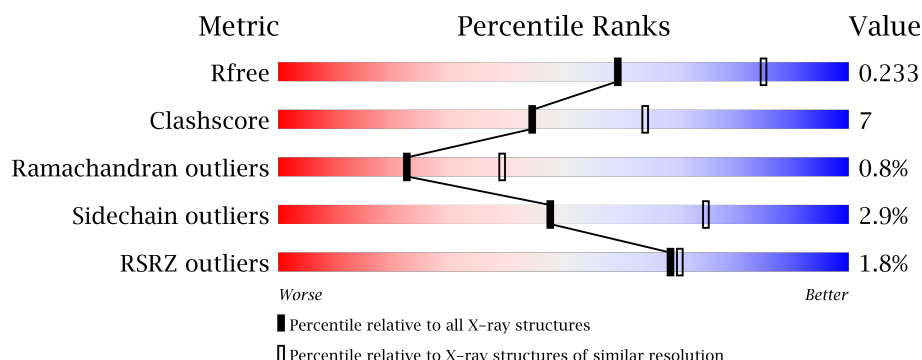
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	3846 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	112137	4554 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	4463 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	110143	4465 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	101464	3876 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	304	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>78%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
2	L	216	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>82%</div> <div>17%</div> </div> </div>
3	H	234	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>76%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>• 5%</div> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5793 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemagglutinin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	294	2239	1404	392	427	16	0	0	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	327	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP I0B7N4
A	328	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP I0B7N4
A	329	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP I0B7N4
A	330	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP I0B7N4
A	331	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP I0B7N4
A	332	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP I0B7N4

- Molecule 2 is a protein called antibody CR8071 light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	L	215	1620	1015	270	330	5	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called antibody CR8071 heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
3	H	222	1685	1067	280	330	8	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>15</sub>NO<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 5 is BETA-D-MANNOSE (three-letter code: BMA) (formula:  $C_6H_{12}O_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		

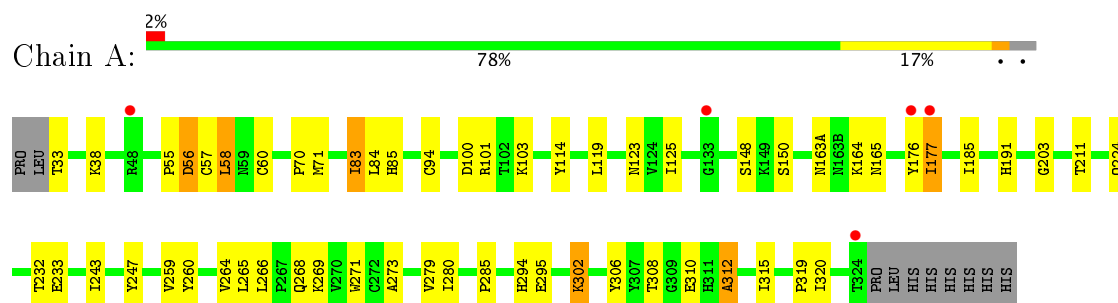
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	70	Total	O	0	0
			70	70		
6	L	33	Total	O	0	0
			33	33		
6	H	51	Total	O	0	0
			51	51		

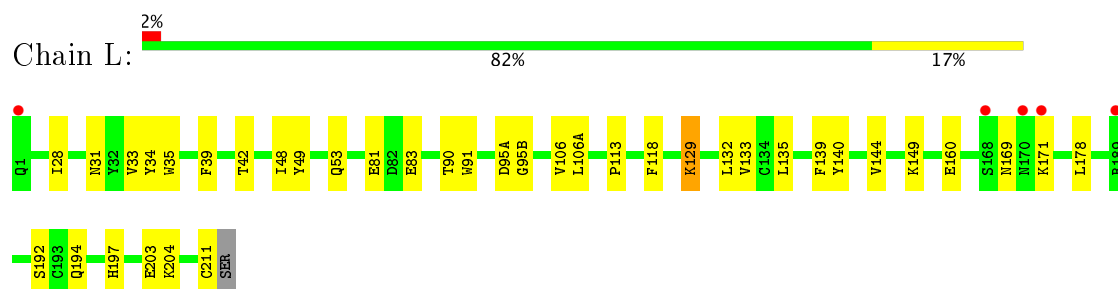
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

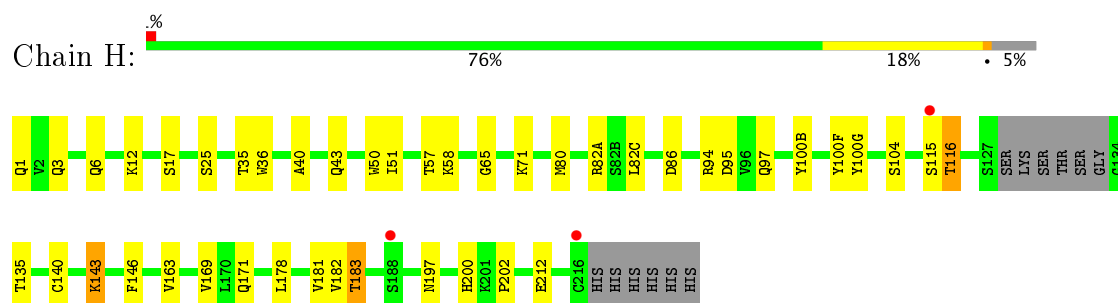
#### • Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin



#### • Molecule 2: antibody CR8071 light chain



#### • Molecule 3: antibody CR8071 heavy chain



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	45.57 Å   111.93 Å   168.26 Å 90.00°   90.00°   90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.60 – 2.50 46.60 – 2.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.8 (46.60-2.50) 98.9 (46.60-2.50)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.08	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.40 (at 2.51 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7.2_869)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.230   ,   0.265 0.222   ,   0.233	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1346 reflections (4.44%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	47.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.195	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 44.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	5793	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.71% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BMA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.47	0/2291	0.66	0/3110
2	L	0.44	0/1663	0.57	0/2272
3	H	0.44	0/1727	0.61	0/2354
All	All	0.45	0/5681	0.62	0/7736

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2239	0	2215	34	0
2	L	1620	0	1555	31	0
3	H	1685	0	1643	25	0
4	A	84	0	74	2	0
5	A	11	0	10	0	0
6	A	70	0	0	2	0
6	H	51	0	0	2	0
6	L	33	0	0	0	0
All	All	5793	0	5497	83	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (83) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:243:ILE:HD12	1:A:265:LEU:HD11	1.46	0.96
1:A:38:LYS:HE2	2:L:31:ASN:OD1	1.85	0.77
2:L:106(A):LEU:HD22	2:L:140:TYR:HE2	1.52	0.75
2:L:106(A):LEU:HD22	2:L:140:TYR:CE2	2.22	0.75
2:L:106:VAL:O	2:L:106:VAL:HG22	1.89	0.71
1:A:232:THR:HG22	1:A:233:GLU:HG3	1.70	0.70
2:L:160:GLU:HB3	3:H:169:VAL:HG21	1.75	0.68
4:A:701:NAG:H61	4:A:702:NAG:HN2	1.60	0.66
2:L:33:VAL:HA	2:L:90:THR:HG22	1.78	0.65
3:H:1:GLN:N	6:H:336:HOH:O	2.29	0.65
2:L:83:GLU:HG2	2:L:106:VAL:HG13	1.77	0.65
3:H:3:GLN:HB2	3:H:25:SER:HB2	1.78	0.64
1:A:165:ASN:HA	1:A:203:GLY:HA3	1.79	0.64
2:L:34:TYR:CZ	3:H:100(G):TYR:HB3	2.35	0.62
2:L:106:VAL:CG2	2:L:106:VAL:O	2.48	0.61
3:H:163:VAL:HG22	3:H:182:VAL:HG22	1.83	0.60
1:A:302:LYS:HG3	1:A:319:PRO:HD3	1.85	0.59
2:L:106(A):LEU:CD2	2:L:140:TYR:CE2	2.85	0.59
2:L:83:GLU:CG	2:L:106:VAL:HG13	2.32	0.59
1:A:211:THR:HG22	1:A:259:VAL:HB	1.86	0.57
1:A:58:LEU:HD12	4:A:701:NAG:H82	1.87	0.57
3:H:36:TRP:CE2	3:H:80:MET:HB2	2.41	0.55
3:H:35:THR:HG22	3:H:50:TRP:HB2	1.89	0.55
2:L:95(A):ASP:OD2	3:H:58:LYS:HE3	2.06	0.55
1:A:57:CYS:O	1:A:60:CYS:HB2	2.07	0.55
3:H:200:HIS:NE2	3:H:202:PRO:HG2	2.22	0.54
2:L:83:GLU:HG2	2:L:106:VAL:CG1	2.37	0.54
3:H:115:SER:O	3:H:115:SER:OG	2.23	0.54
1:A:84:LEU:HB2	1:A:279:VAL:CG1	2.39	0.53
1:A:33:THR:HG22	1:A:308:THR:HG23	1.89	0.53
1:A:83:ILE:HD11	1:A:85:HIS:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:A:294:HIS:CE1	1:A:312:ALA:HB3	2.45	0.51
2:L:28:ILE:HG12	2:L:90:THR:HG21	1.92	0.51
1:A:306:TYR:CD1	1:A:320:ILE:HB	2.45	0.51
3:H:12:LYS:HE2	3:H:17:SER:O	2.12	0.50
1:A:177:ILE:HG22	1:A:177:ILE:O	2.11	0.49
2:L:144:VAL:HG12	2:L:197:HIS:HB2	1.94	0.49
1:A:211:THR:CG2	1:A:259:VAL:HB	2.43	0.48

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:302:LYS:HE3	6:A:859:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
3:H:6:GLN:OE1	3:H:104:SER:OG	2.29	0.48
1:A:123:ASN:OD1	1:A:268:GLN:HB3	2.15	0.47
1:A:114:TYR:CG	1:A:273:ALA:HB1	2.50	0.47
1:A:285:PRO:HD2	3:H:100(F):TYR:CE2	2.52	0.45
1:A:100:ASP:OD1	1:A:101:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.45
1:A:103:LYS:HE2	1:A:247:TYR:CE2	2.52	0.45
1:A:119:LEU:HA	1:A:119:LEU:HD12	1.86	0.44
3:H:51:ILE:HB	3:H:57:THR:HG22	1.99	0.44
1:A:185:ILE:HB	1:A:271:TRP:HB2	1.99	0.44
2:L:129:LYS:HG2	3:H:143:LYS:NZ	2.33	0.44
3:H:17:SER:HB3	3:H:82(A):ARG:HA	2.00	0.44
1:A:295:GLU:OE1	6:A:828:HOH:O	2.21	0.44
1:A:176:TYR:O	1:A:177:ILE:HB	2.18	0.44
1:A:191:HIS:HA	1:A:243:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.44
1:A:260:TYR:CD2	1:A:264:VAL:HG11	2.52	0.44
2:L:49:TYR:CE1	2:L:53:GLN:HB3	2.52	0.44
3:H:116:THR:HA	3:H:146:PHE:O	2.17	0.44
2:L:169:ASN:OD1	2:L:171:LYS:HB2	2.18	0.44
2:L:204:LYS:HD3	2:L:204:LYS:HA	1.76	0.44
2:L:135:LEU:HD13	3:H:181:VAL:CG2	2.48	0.43
3:H:135:THR:OG1	3:H:183:THR:HG23	2.19	0.43
2:L:194:GLN:HB3	2:L:203:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.43
2:L:35:TRP:HB2	2:L:48:ILE:HB	2.00	0.43
1:A:119:LEU:HG	1:A:269:LYS:HB3	2.01	0.42
3:H:82(C):LEU:HA	3:H:86:ASP:OD2	2.19	0.42
3:H:97:GLN:HB2	3:H:100(F):TYR:CG	2.55	0.42
1:A:125:ILE:HD11	1:A:266:LEU:HB3	2.02	0.42
3:H:65:GLY:N	6:H:303:HOH:O	2.23	0.42
1:A:70:PRO:O	1:A:71:MET:HB2	2.20	0.42
1:A:148:SER:HB3	1:A:150:SER:H	1.86	0.41
3:H:95:ASP:OD2	3:H:100(B):TYR:OH	2.30	0.41
2:L:132:LEU:HD12	2:L:178:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.41
2:L:118:PHE:HB2	2:L:133:VAL:HB	2.03	0.41
2:L:39:PHE:O	2:L:42:THR:OG1	2.33	0.41
3:H:40:ALA:HB3	3:H:43:GLN:HG3	2.03	0.41
1:A:280:ILE:HB	1:A:315:ILE:HD12	2.01	0.41
2:L:113:PRO:HB3	2:L:139:PHE:HB3	2.02	0.41
2:L:106(A):LEU:CD2	2:L:140:TYR:HE2	2.26	0.41
2:L:132:LEU:HB2	2:L:178:LEU:HB3	2.03	0.41
2:L:91:TRP:CZ3	2:L:95(B):GLY:HA2	2.56	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:55:PRO:O	1:A:56:ASP:CB	2.68	0.40
2:L:135:LEU:HD13	3:H:181:VAL:HG21	2.03	0.40
1:A:243:ILE:HA	1:A:243:ILE:HD13	1.83	0.40
2:L:149:LYS:HB2	2:L:192:SER:HB2	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	292/304 (96%)	271 (93%)	16 (6%)	5 (2%)	11	18
2	L	213/216 (99%)	206 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
3	H	218/234 (93%)	206 (94%)	11 (5%)	1 (0%)	32	53
All	All	723/754 (96%)	683 (94%)	34 (5%)	6 (1%)	22	39

All (6) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	163(A)	ASN
1	A	177	ILE
3	H	116	THR
1	A	164	LYS
1	A	56	ASP
1	A	312	ALA

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	249/259 (96%)	243 (98%)	6 (2%)	54	80
2	L	182/183 (100%)	179 (98%)	3 (2%)	68	88
3	H	187/198 (94%)	178 (95%)	9 (5%)	30	53
All	All	618/640 (97%)	600 (97%)	18 (3%)	48	75

All (18) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	58	LEU
1	A	83	ILE
1	A	94	CYS
1	A	224	GLN
1	A	302	LYS
1	A	310	GLU
2	L	81	GLU
2	L	129	LYS
2	L	211	CYS
3	H	71	LYS
3	H	94	ARG
3	H	140	CYS
3	H	143	LYS
3	H	171	GLN
3	H	178	LEU
3	H	183	THR
3	H	197	ASN
3	H	212	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	NAG	A	701	1,4	14,14,15	0.52	0	15,19,21	1.05	1 (6%)
4	NAG	A	702	4	14,14,15	0.49	0	15,19,21	0.45	0
4	NAG	A	703	1,4	14,14,15	0.62	0	15,19,21	0.90	0
4	NAG	A	704	5,4	14,14,15	0.62	0	15,19,21	0.75	0
5	BMA	A	705	4	11,11,12	0.67	0	13,15,17	0.89	1 (7%)
4	NAG	A	706	1,4	14,14,15	0.69	0	15,19,21	0.93	1 (6%)
4	NAG	A	707	4	14,14,15	0.52	0	15,19,21	0.80	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	701	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	702	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	703	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	704	5,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	A	705	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	706	1,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	707	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	701	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.54	107.94	111.47
4	A	706	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-2.19	106.74	110.49
5	A	705	BMA	C1-C2-C3	2.63	112.99	109.65

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	701	NAG	2	0
4	A	702	NAG	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	294/304 (96%)	0.20	5 (1%) 70 72	23, 40, 65, 115	0
2	L	215/216 (99%)	0.28	5 (2%) 61 63	31, 48, 76, 131	0
3	H	222/234 (94%)	0.15	3 (1%) 75 76	26, 44, 69, 140	0
All	All	731/754 (96%)	0.21	13 (1%) 69 70	23, 44, 72, 140	0

All (13) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	324	THR	4.5
2	L	189	ARG	4.0
3	H	115	SER	3.7
3	H	216	CYS	3.5
3	H	188	SER	3.3
1	A	133	GLY	3.0
2	L	1	GLN	2.7
1	A	177	ILE	2.6
2	L	168	SER	2.4
1	A	48	ARG	2.4
2	L	171	LYS	2.3
2	L	170	ASN	2.3
1	A	176	TYR	2.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	706	14/15	0.73	0.27	1.54	108,114,116,118	0
5	BMA	A	705	11/12	0.62	0.45	-	133,134,138,142	0
4	NAG	A	701	14/15	0.66	0.24	-	95,104,107,108	0
4	NAG	A	704	14/15	0.78	0.24	-	73,75,78,81	0
4	NAG	A	702	14/15	0.61	0.40	-	130,138,140,142	0
4	NAG	A	707	14/15	0.57	0.39	-	128,133,137,137	0
4	NAG	A	703	14/15	0.90	0.15	-	60,67,69,69	0

## 6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.