



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 24, 2017 – 03:58 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3FUC  
Title : Recombinant calf purine nucleoside phosphorylase in a binary complex with multisubstrate analogue inhibitor 9-(5',5'-difluoro-5'-phosphonopentyl)-9-deazaguanine structure in a new space group with one full trimer in the asymmetric unit  
Authors : Bochtler, M.; Breer, K.; Bzowska, A.; Chojnowski, G.; Hashimoto, M.; Hikishima, S.; Narczyk, M.; Wielgus-Kutrowska, B.; Yokomatsu, T.  
Deposited on : unknown  
Resolution : 1.45 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20030345
Percentile statistics	:	20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20030345

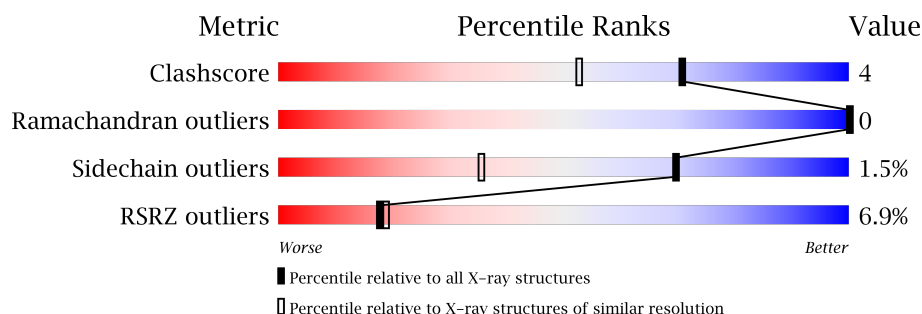
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.45 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	112137	1573 (1.48-1.44)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	1555 (1.48-1.44)
Sidechain outliers	110143	1555 (1.48-1.44)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1516 (1.48-1.44)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	284	<div> <div>5%</div> <div>86%</div> <div>10%</div> <div>• •</div> </div>
1	B	284	<div> <div>9%</div> <div>85%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>•</div> </div>
1	C	284	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>86%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>•</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7365 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

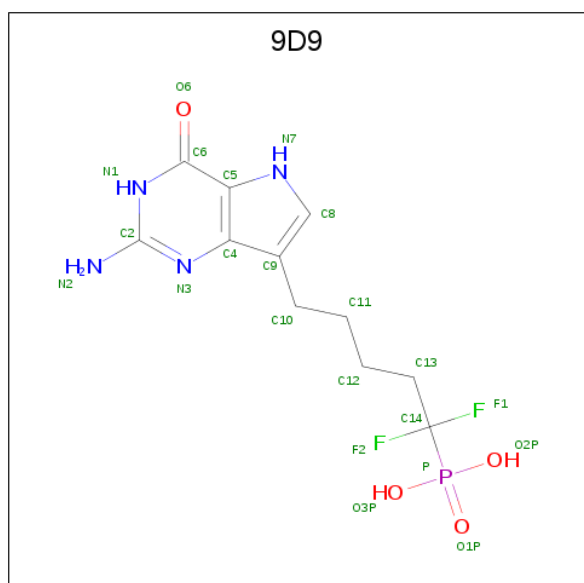
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Purine nucleoside phosphorylase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	274	Total	C	N	O	S	0	18	0
			2290	1445	399	427	19			
1	B	274	Total	C	N	O	S	0	16	0
			2278	1440	396	423	19			
1	C	274	Total	C	N	O	S	0	17	0
			2278	1439	395	425	19			

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	2	GLN	ALA	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P55859
B	2	GLN	ALA	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P55859
C	2	GLN	ALA	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P55859

- Molecule 2 is [5-(2-amino-4-oxo-4,5-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[3,2-d]pyrimidin-7-yl)-1,1-difluoropentyl]phosphonic acid (three-letter code: 9D9) (formula: C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>15</sub>F<sub>2</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>P).

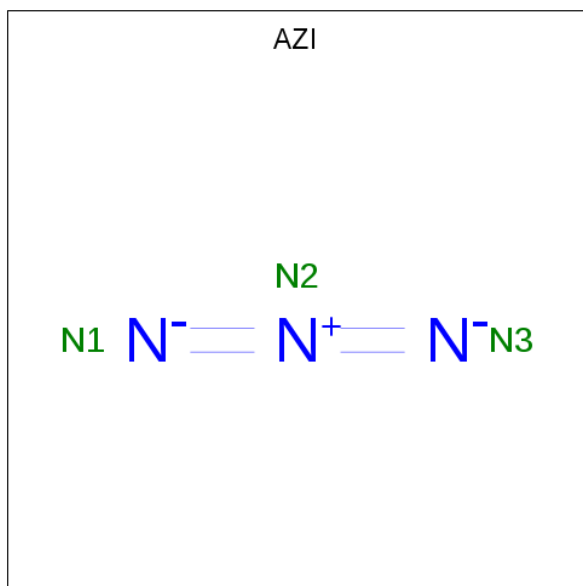


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	F	N	O	P	
			22	11	2	4	4	1	
2	B	1	Total	C	F	N	O	P	
			22	11	2	4	4	1	
2	C	1	Total	C	F	N	O	P	
			22	11	2	4	4	1	

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		
3	C	2	Total	Mg	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 4 is AZIDE ION (three-letter code: AZI) (formula: N<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	C	1	Total	N	0	0
			3	3		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	157	Total	O	0	0
			157	157		

*Continued on next page...*

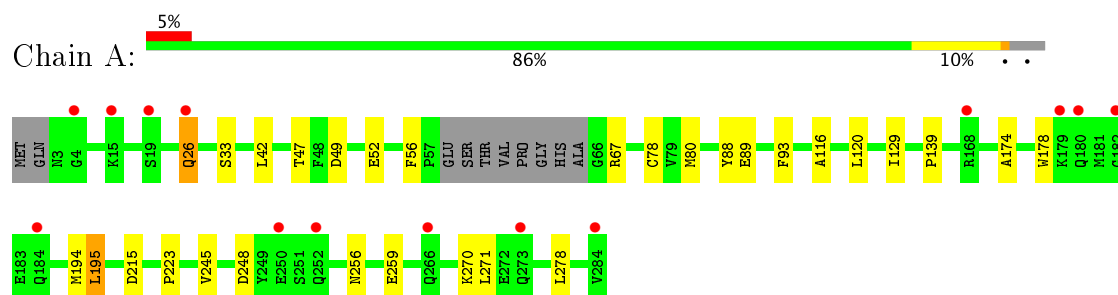
*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	142	Total	O	0	0
			142	142		
5	C	148	Total	O	1	0
			148	148		

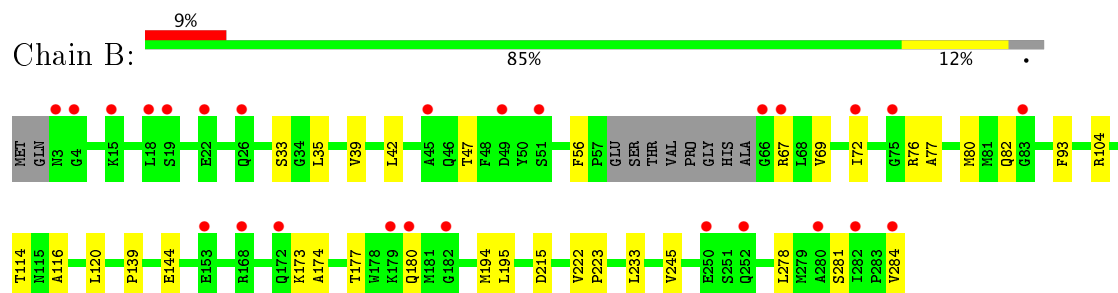
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

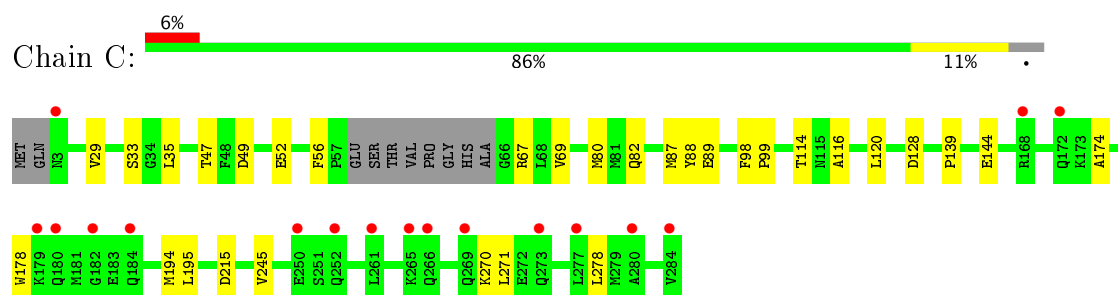
#### • Molecule 1: Purine nucleoside phosphorylase



#### • Molecule 1: Purine nucleoside phosphorylase



#### • Molecule 1: Purine nucleoside phosphorylase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	135.79 Å   78.25 Å   94.90 Å 90.00°   97.19°   90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 1.45 9.99 – 1.45	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.3 (10.00-1.45) 99.6 (9.99-1.45)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.08	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.49 (at 1.45 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0003	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.180 ,      0.199 0.188 ,      (Not available)	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	14.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.118	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.53 , 65.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7365	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.25% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: AZI, MG, 9D9

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.55	0/2342	0.73	1/3161 (0.0%)
1	B	0.53	0/2330	0.72	1/3144 (0.0%)
1	C	0.54	0/2333	0.75	2/3149 (0.1%)
All	All	0.54	0/7005	0.73	4/9454 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	215	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.42	124.08	118.30
1	C	215	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.58	123.32	118.30
1	B	215	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.20	122.98	118.30
1	C	128	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.08	122.87	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2290	0	2225	21	0
1	B	2278	0	2220	18	0
1	C	2278	0	2217	17	0
2	A	22	0	8	0	0

*Continued on next page...*



*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	22	0	8	0	0
2	C	22	0	8	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	C	2	0	0	0	0
4	C	3	0	0	0	0
5	A	157	0	0	3	0
5	B	142	0	0	1	0
5	C	148	0	0	0	0
All	All	7365	0	6686	56	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (56) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:87:MET:HE1	1:C:144[B]:GLU:HG2	1.68	0.75
1:C:29:VAL:HB	1:C:80[B]:MET:HG2	1.69	0.73
1:A:178:TRP:HH2	1:A:270:LYS:HD2	1.55	0.70
1:C:33:SER:HB2	1:C:116:ALA:HB2	1.78	0.64
1:B:42:LEU:HD21	1:B:80[B]:MET:HE3	1.79	0.64
1:B:39:VAL:HG12	1:B:80[A]:MET:HE2	1.80	0.62
1:A:129:ILE:HD12	1:A:178:TRP:CZ3	2.38	0.59
1:A:178:TRP:CH2	1:A:270:LYS:HD2	2.39	0.58
1:C:47[B]:THR:HG21	1:C:67:ARG:HD2	1.85	0.58
1:A:129:ILE:HD11	1:A:271:LEU:HD23	1.85	0.57
1:A:47[B]:THR:HG21	1:A:67:ARG:HD2	1.88	0.56
1:C:47[A]:THR:HG22	1:C:69:VAL:HG13	1.86	0.56
1:A:33:SER:HB2	1:A:116:ALA:HB2	1.88	0.56
1:A:120:LEU:HD23	1:A:245:VAL:HG21	1.88	0.56
1:A:174:ALA:HA	1:A:278:LEU:HD21	1.88	0.54
1:B:104:ARG:HD2	5:B:620:HOH:O	2.08	0.54
1:C:174:ALA:HA	1:C:278:LEU:HD21	1.91	0.53
1:C:67:ARG:NE	1:C:82:GLN:OE1	2.41	0.53
1:C:87:MET:CE	1:C:144[B]:GLU:HG2	2.37	0.53
1:A:42:LEU:HD21	1:A:80[B]:MET:HE3	1.90	0.53
1:A:47[B]:THR:CG2	1:A:67:ARG:HD2	2.39	0.52
1:A:26[B]:GLN:HG2	5:A:500:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
1:C:35:LEU:HD22	1:C:114:THR:HG21	1.90	0.51
1:A:88:TYR:CE1	1:A:89[A]:GLU:HG2	2.46	0.51
1:A:26[A]:GLN:HB2	5:A:500:HOH:O	2.11	0.50

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:72:ILE:HD13	1:B:77:ALA:HA	1.93	0.50
1:C:49:ASP:O	1:C:52:GLU:HG2	2.12	0.50
1:A:49:ASP:O	1:A:52:GLU:HG2	2.12	0.49
1:B:39:VAL:CG1	1:B:80[A]:MET:HE2	2.42	0.49
1:B:47[B]:THR:HG22	1:B:69:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.49
1:B:33:SER:HB2	1:B:116:ALA:HB2	1.95	0.47
1:B:67:ARG:NE	1:B:82:GLN:OE1	2.47	0.47
1:A:194[B]:MET:HG2	1:A:195:LEU:N	2.30	0.47
1:B:173:LYS:HD3	1:B:281:SER:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:B:93:PHE:CE2	1:B:144[B]:GLU:HG3	2.50	0.46
1:B:35:LEU:HD22	1:B:114:THR:HG21	1.97	0.46
1:B:120:LEU:HD23	1:B:245:VAL:HG21	1.98	0.46
1:A:248:ASP:HB2	5:A:410:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:C:139:PRO:HG2	1:C:194[A]:MET:SD	2.56	0.45
1:B:104:ARG:HD3	1:B:233:LEU:HD21	1.98	0.44
1:B:47[A]:THR:HG21	1:B:67:ARG:HD2	1.99	0.44
1:A:80[A]:MET:HE2	1:A:80[A]:MET:HB3	1.45	0.44
1:C:47[A]:THR:HG21	1:C:67:ARG:NH1	2.33	0.43
1:C:120:LEU:HD23	1:C:245:VAL:HG21	2.00	0.42
1:A:93:PHE:CE1	1:A:223[B]:PRO:HG3	2.55	0.42
1:B:177:THR:O	1:B:180:GLN:HG2	2.20	0.42
1:C:178:TRP:HH2	1:C:270:LYS:HD2	1.86	0.41
1:B:174:ALA:HA	1:B:278:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.41
1:C:98:PHE:HB3	1:C:99:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:B:139:PRO:HG2	1:B:194[A]:MET:SD	2.61	0.41
1:C:88:TYR:CE1	1:C:89[A]:GLU:HG2	2.56	0.41
1:A:139:PRO:HG2	1:A:194[A]:MET:SD	2.60	0.41
1:B:222:VAL:N	1:B:223[B]:PRO:HD2	2.36	0.41
1:C:80[B]:MET:HB3	1:C:80[B]:MET:HE2	1.59	0.41
1:A:78[B]:CYS:SG	1:A:80[B]:MET:CE	3.09	0.40
1:A:256:ASN:O	1:A:259:GLU:HG2	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	288/284 (101%)	285 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	286/284 (101%)	284 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	287/284 (101%)	285 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	861/852 (101%)	854 (99%)	7 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	246/236 (104%)	242 (98%)	4 (2%)	68	32
1	B	244/236 (103%)	239 (98%)	5 (2%)	60	23
1	C	245/236 (104%)	242 (99%)	3 (1%)	75	44
All	All	735/708 (104%)	723 (98%)	12 (2%)	70	32

All (12) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26[A]	GLN
1	A	26[B]	GLN
1	A	56	PHE
1	A	195	LEU
1	B	56	PHE
1	B	76[A]	ARG
1	B	76[B]	ARG
1	B	195	LEU
1	B	284	VAL
1	C	56	PHE
1	C	195	LEU
1	C	271	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	184	GLN
1	C	273	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	9D9	A	301	-	21,23,23	2.37	5 (23%)	19,35,35	1.85	3 (15%)
2	9D9	B	301	-	21,23,23	2.11	5 (23%)	19,35,35	2.01	5 (26%)
2	9D9	C	301	-	21,23,23	2.21	5 (23%)	19,35,35	1.76	3 (15%)
4	AZI	C	304	-	0,2,2	0.00	-	0,1,1	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	9D9	A	301	-	-	0/13/17/17	0/2/2/2
2	9D9	B	301	-	-	0/13/17/17	0/2/2/2
2	9D9	C	301	-	-	0/13/17/17	0/2/2/2
4	AZI	C	304	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

All (15) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	301	9D9	F1-C14	-5.59	1.33	1.37
2	C	301	9D9	F1-C14	-5.35	1.33	1.37
2	C	301	9D9	F2-C14	-4.56	1.34	1.37
2	A	301	9D9	F2-C14	-4.30	1.34	1.37
2	B	301	9D9	F2-C14	-2.18	1.35	1.37
2	C	301	9D9	C4-N3	2.05	1.41	1.37
2	B	301	9D9	C4-N3	2.56	1.42	1.37
2	C	301	9D9	C2-N1	2.67	1.40	1.35
2	A	301	9D9	C4-N3	3.01	1.43	1.37
2	A	301	9D9	P-O3P	3.27	1.60	1.54
2	B	301	9D9	C2-N1	4.00	1.42	1.35
2	C	301	9D9	C6-N1	4.82	1.41	1.33
2	B	301	9D9	C6-N1	4.84	1.41	1.33
2	A	301	9D9	C2-N1	5.18	1.44	1.35
2	A	301	9D9	C6-N1	6.06	1.44	1.33

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	301	9D9	C5-C6-N1	-5.91	115.06	123.48
2	C	301	9D9	C5-C6-N1	-5.21	116.06	123.48
2	A	301	9D9	C5-C6-N1	-4.75	116.72	123.48
2	A	301	9D9	N2-C2-N1	-4.38	110.23	117.24
2	B	301	9D9	N2-C2-N1	-3.52	111.61	117.24
2	C	301	9D9	F2-C14-P	-2.02	105.07	108.02
2	B	301	9D9	F2-C14-F1	2.08	109.13	106.68
2	B	301	9D9	N2-C2-N3	2.75	122.83	117.75
2	B	301	9D9	C6-N1-C2	2.93	120.27	116.06
2	C	301	9D9	C6-N1-C2	3.09	120.50	116.06
2	A	301	9D9	N2-C2-N3	3.25	123.75	117.75

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	274/284 (96%)	0.16	14 (5%) 29 30	8, 16, 27, 34	0
1	B	274/284 (96%)	0.40	26 (9%) 9 10	7, 17, 32, 42	0
1	C	274/284 (96%)	0.33	17 (6%) 21 22	8, 16, 30, 38	0
All	All	822/852 (96%)	0.30	57 (6%) 18 19	7, 17, 30, 42	0

All (57) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	284	VAL	9.7
1	C	284	VAL	7.9
1	C	182	GLY	7.4
1	B	75	GLY	5.0
1	A	250	GLU	4.4
1	C	252	GLN	4.2
1	B	250	GLU	4.1
1	B	252	GLN	4.0
1	B	4	GLY	4.0
1	C	180	GLN	3.9
1	C	3	ASN	3.8
1	C	250	GLU	3.7
1	A	252	GLN	3.6
1	C	280	ALA	3.6
1	B	179	LYS	3.6
1	B	3	ASN	3.4
1	B	83	GLY	3.3
1	A	168[A]	ARG	3.1
1	B	280	ALA	3.1
1	C	168	ARG	3.1
1	A	182	GLY	3.1
1	B	180	GLN	3.1
1	A	284	VAL	3.1

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	19	SER	3.0
1	B	22[A]	GLU	2.9
1	B	15[A]	LYS	2.9
1	C	172	GLN	2.9
1	B	168	ARG	2.8
1	A	184	GLN	2.8
1	C	265	LYS	2.7
1	B	172	GLN	2.7
1	A	179	LYS	2.7
1	C	179	LYS	2.6
1	B	51	SER	2.6
1	A	4	GLY	2.5
1	A	15	LYS	2.5
1	A	266	GLN	2.5
1	C	273	GLN	2.5
1	C	269	GLN	2.4
1	A	19[A]	SER	2.4
1	C	277	LEU	2.4
1	B	282	ILE	2.3
1	B	49	ASP	2.2
1	A	273	GLN	2.2
1	B	153	GLU	2.2
1	B	66	GLY	2.2
1	A	26[A]	GLN	2.1
1	A	180[A]	GLN	2.1
1	C	184	GLN	2.1
1	C	266	GLN	2.1
1	B	26	GLN	2.1
1	B	18	LEU	2.1
1	C	261	LEU	2.1
1	B	72	ILE	2.1
1	B	182	GLY	2.1
1	B	67	ARG	2.0
1	B	45	ALA	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	9D9	C	301	22/22	0.98	0.06	-0.74	9,11,14,16	0
2	9D9	B	301	22/22	0.98	0.06	-0.83	7,9,13,14	0
2	9D9	A	301	22/22	0.98	0.06	-1.00	10,11,14,16	0
3	MG	A	302	1/1	0.97	0.08	-1.95	19,19,19,19	0
4	AZI	C	304	3/3	0.72	0.11	-	41,41,42,42	0
3	MG	C	303	1/1	0.98	0.05	-	26,26,26,26	1
3	MG	C	302	1/1	0.95	0.08	-	14,14,14,14	1

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.