



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Sep 27, 2017 – 05:49 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1G3T  
Title : CYS102SER DTXR  
Authors : Pohl, E.; Goranson-Siekierke, J.; Holmes, R.K.; Hol, W.G.J.  
Deposited on : unknown  
Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20030345  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20030345

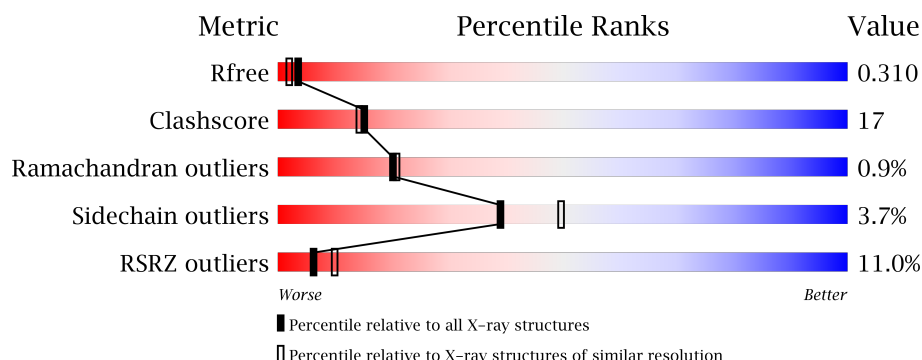
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	1522 (2.38-2.34)
Clashscore	112137	1626 (2.38-2.34)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	1605 (2.38-2.34)
Sidechain outliers	110143	1606 (2.38-2.34)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1528 (2.38-2.34)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	226	
1	B	226	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2864 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called DIPHTHERIA TOXIN REPRESSOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	215	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1658	1027	296	330	5			
1	B	138	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1079	667	195	212	5			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	102	SER	CYS	ENGINEERED	UNP P33120
B	1102	SER	CYS	ENGINEERED	UNP P33120

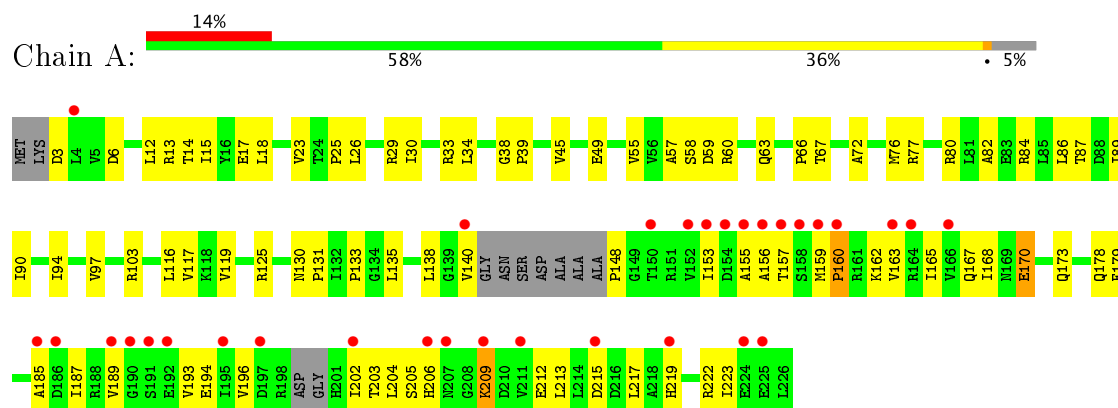
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	76	Total	O	0	0
			76	76		
2	B	51	Total	O	0	0
			51	51		

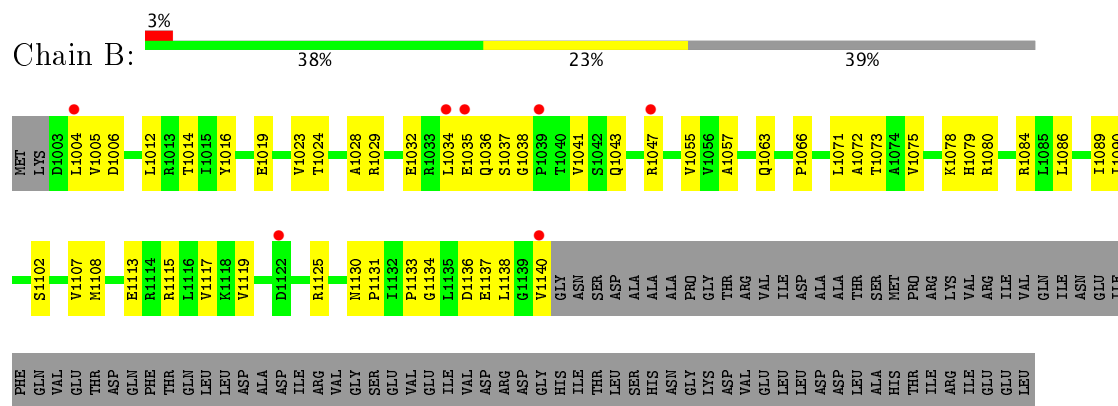
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: DIPHTHERIA TOXIN REPRESSOR



#### • Molecule 1: DIPHTHERIA TOXIN REPRESSOR



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	63.00Å 63.00Å 216.00Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 – 2.35 28.86 – 2.35	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (8.00-2.35) 90.6 (28.86-2.35)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.75 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.851	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.238 , 0.318 0.235 , 0.310	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	916 reflections (4.82%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	36.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.143	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.37 , 111.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.039 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	2864	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 39.20 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo translational symmetry is equal to 3.2886e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup> Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup> Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.47	0/1674	0.65	1/2269 (0.0%)
1	B	0.46	0/1092	0.66	0/1480
All	All	0.46	0/2766	0.66	1/3749 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	148	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.91	110.39	103.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1658	0	1643	61	0
1	B	1079	0	1087	34	0
2	A	76	0	0	2	0
2	B	51	0	0	0	0
All	All	2864	0	2730	92	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

All (92) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:1138:LEU:HD23	1:B:1140:VAL:HG21	1.69	0.75
1:A:155:ALA:HB1	1:A:223:ILE:HD11	1.74	0.69
1:B:1117:VAL:HG11	1:B:1140:VAL:HB	1.74	0.68
1:A:185:ALA:HB2	1:A:209:LYS:HB3	1.77	0.65
1:B:1117:VAL:HG21	1:B:1140:VAL:HG21	1.78	0.64
1:A:170:GLU:HA	1:A:173:GLN:HG2	1.80	0.63
1:A:160:PRO:HA	1:A:196:VAL:HB	1.81	0.62
1:B:1043:GLN:O	1:B:1047:ARG:HG3	2.00	0.62
1:A:153:ILE:HD12	1:A:219:HIS:CE1	2.36	0.61
1:A:117:VAL:HG11	1:A:140:VAL:HB	1.82	0.60
1:A:15:ILE:HG23	1:A:25:PRO:HB3	1.82	0.60
1:A:155:ALA:CB	1:A:223:ILE:HD11	2.33	0.57
1:B:1029:ARG:HH11	1:B:1029:ARG:HG3	1.69	0.57
1:A:116:LEU:HA	1:A:119:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.56
1:B:1038:GLY:O	1:B:1041:VAL:HG22	2.06	0.56
1:B:1073:THR:HG23	1:B:1133:PRO:HB2	1.87	0.55
1:B:1028:ALA:O	1:B:1032:GLU:HG2	2.06	0.55
1:A:87:THR:HG23	1:A:97:VAL:HG21	1.88	0.54
1:A:194:GLU:HB3	1:A:205:SER:HB2	1.88	0.54
1:B:1115:ARG:O	1:B:1119:VAL:HG13	2.09	0.53
1:B:1057:ALA:HB2	1:B:1063:GLN:HE21	1.74	0.53
1:B:1071:LEU:O	1:B:1075:VAL:HG23	2.09	0.52
1:A:153:ILE:HA	1:A:202:ILE:CD1	2.40	0.52
1:A:185:ALA:CB	1:A:209:LYS:HB3	2.40	0.52
1:B:1108:MET:CE	1:B:1113:GLU:HG2	2.40	0.52
1:B:1138:LEU:HD23	1:B:1140:VAL:CG2	2.36	0.52
1:A:204:LEU:HD11	1:A:213:LEU:HD11	1.91	0.51
1:B:1138:LEU:HB3	1:B:1140:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.50
1:B:1005:VAL:HG23	1:B:1006:ASP:N	2.27	0.50
1:B:1125:ARG:HA	1:B:1131:PRO:HA	1.93	0.50
1:A:77:ARG:HG3	1:A:133:PRO:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:178:GLN:OE1	1:A:217:LEU:HD12	2.13	0.49
1:A:187:ILE:HG12	1:A:206:HIS:HB3	1.95	0.48
1:B:1113:GLU:O	1:B:1117:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.48
1:A:103:ARG:HB3	1:B:1107:VAL:HB	1.95	0.48
1:A:157:THR:O	1:A:196:VAL:HA	2.13	0.48
1:A:57:ALA:HB2	1:A:63:GLN:HE21	1.77	0.48
1:A:103:ARG:NH1	1:B:1107:VAL:O	2.47	0.48
1:A:13:ARG:O	1:A:17:GLU:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:B:1086:LEU:HD23	1:B:1090:ILE:HD12	1.96	0.47
1:B:1108:MET:HE3	1:B:1113:GLU:HG2	1.95	0.47
1:A:167:GLN:HG2	1:A:222:ARG:HB2	1.95	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:1014:THR:OG1	1:B:1034:LEU:HD21	2.15	0.47
1:A:138:LEU:HB3	1:A:140:VAL:HG22	1.96	0.47
1:A:203:THR:HA	1:A:212:GLU:HA	1.95	0.46
1:A:14:THR:HG23	1:A:33:ARG:HG2	1.97	0.46
1:A:26:LEU:O	1:A:29:ARG:HB2	2.14	0.46
1:A:17:GLU:HG2	1:A:76:MET:HE1	1.98	0.46
1:A:167:GLN:CG	1:A:222:ARG:HB2	2.46	0.46
1:A:125:ARG:HA	1:A:131:PRO:HA	1.97	0.46
1:A:193:VAL:HG12	1:A:206:HIS:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:A:87:THR:HG21	1:A:94:ILE:HD13	1.98	0.46
1:A:212:GLU:HB2	2:A:479:HOH:O	2.14	0.45
1:A:82:ALA:O	1:A:86:LEU:HG	2.16	0.45
1:A:138:LEU:HG	1:A:140:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.45
1:A:89:ILE:HG21	1:B:1089:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.45
1:B:1134:GLY:HA2	1:B:1137:GLU:OE1	2.17	0.45
1:B:1080:ARG:NH1	1:B:1131:PRO:O	2.49	0.45
1:A:165:ILE:HD13	1:A:223:ILE:HG22	1.98	0.44
1:B:1029:ARG:NH1	1:B:1029:ARG:HG3	2.31	0.44
1:A:18:LEU:HD22	1:A:23:VAL:HG11	2.00	0.44
1:A:3:ASP:HB3	1:A:6:ASP:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:A:165:ILE:HG22	1:A:189:VAL:HA	2.00	0.43
1:A:162:LYS:HB2	2:A:510:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:45:VAL:O	1:A:49:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.43
1:B:1079:HIS:HE1	1:B:1102:SER:OG	2.01	0.43
1:A:178:GLN:HE22	1:A:213:LEU:HA	1.83	0.43
1:B:1012:LEU:HB3	1:B:1072:ALA:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:80:ARG:CZ	1:A:130:ASN:HB3	2.49	0.42
1:B:1078:LYS:HG2	1:B:1113:GLU:CD	2.40	0.42
1:A:165:ILE:HG21	1:A:168:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.42
1:A:131:PRO:O	1:A:133:PRO:HD3	2.20	0.42
1:A:170:GLU:HB3	1:A:179:PHE:CZ	2.54	0.42
1:A:55:VAL:HG23	1:A:63:GLN:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:B:1055:VAL:CG2	1:B:1063:GLN:HB2	2.50	0.42
1:A:170:GLU:HA	1:A:173:GLN:CG	2.49	0.41
1:B:1125:ARG:HB2	1:B:1130:ASN:O	2.19	0.41
1:A:38:GLY:N	1:A:39:PRO:CD	2.83	0.41
1:A:135:LEU:HD22	1:A:140:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:A:165:ILE:CG2	1:A:189:VAL:HA	2.51	0.41
1:A:187:ILE:HG23	1:A:193:VAL:HG11	2.03	0.41
1:A:15:ILE:HG12	1:A:30:ILE:HD11	2.03	0.41
1:B:1034:LEU:CB	1:B:1036:GLN:HG2	2.50	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:1016:TYR:O	1:B:1019:GLU:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:A:86:LEU:HD23	1:A:90:ILE:HD12	2.03	0.41
1:A:58:SER:C	1:A:60:ARG:H	2.24	0.41
1:B:1023:VAL:HG12	1:B:1024:THR:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:12:LEU:HB3	1:A:72:ALA:HB2	2.02	0.40
1:A:157:THR:C	1:A:159:MET:H	2.24	0.40
1:A:59:ASP:N	1:A:59:ASP:OD1	2.55	0.40
1:A:14:THR:OG1	1:A:34:LEU:HD21	2.22	0.40
1:A:163:VAL:HG11	1:A:223:ILE:HD13	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	209/226 (92%)	193 (92%)	13 (6%)	3 (1%)	13	11
1	B	136/226 (60%)	132 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	345/452 (76%)	325 (94%)	17 (5%)	3 (1%)	20	21

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	215	ASP
1	A	156	ALA
1	A	160	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	181/198 (91%)	176 (97%)	5 (3%)	49	61
1	B	120/198 (61%)	114 (95%)	6 (5%)	28	35
All	All	301/396 (76%)	290 (96%)	11 (4%)	39	50

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	66	PRO
1	A	67	THR
1	A	84	ARG
1	A	170	GLU
1	A	209	LYS
1	B	1004	LEU
1	B	1035	GLU
1	B	1037	SER
1	B	1066	PRO
1	B	1084	ARG
1	B	1136	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	63	GLN
1	A	173	GLN
1	A	206	HIS
1	B	1063	GLN
1	B	1098	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	215/226 (95%)	0.56	32 (14%) 3 4	12, 35, 87, 97	0
1	B	138/226 (61%)	0.00	7 (5%) 29 41	16, 29, 66, 81	0
All	All	353/452 (78%)	0.34	39 (11%) 6 10	12, 32, 83, 97	0

All (39) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	1140	VAL	8.1
1	A	156	ALA	7.4
1	A	157	THR	7.3
1	A	159	MET	6.8
1	A	207	ASN	6.0
1	A	154	ASP	5.0
1	A	153	ILE	4.8
1	A	163	VAL	4.8
1	A	209	LYS	4.8
1	A	166	VAL	4.3
1	A	202	ILE	4.2
1	A	190	GLY	3.7
1	A	185	ALA	3.7
1	A	211	VAL	3.7
1	B	1034	LEU	3.5
1	A	140	VAL	3.5
1	B	1039	PRO	3.2
1	A	215	ASP	3.2
1	A	195	ILE	3.2
1	B	1035	GLU	3.1
1	A	150	THR	3.1
1	A	158	SER	3.0
1	A	160	PRO	3.0
1	A	155	ALA	2.9

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	191	SER	2.8
1	A	189	VAL	2.7
1	A	192	GLU	2.6
1	A	219	HIS	2.6
1	A	152	VAL	2.6
1	B	1004	LEU	2.6
1	A	186	ASP	2.5
1	A	224	GLU	2.5
1	A	206	HIS	2.4
1	B	1122	ASP	2.3
1	A	164	ARG	2.2
1	A	197	ASP	2.2
1	B	1047	ARG	2.1
1	A	4	LEU	2.1
1	A	225	GLU	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.