



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Nov 21, 2017 – 07:36 AM EST

PDB ID : 1GDK
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF FERRIC COMPLEXES OF THE YELLOW LUPIN LEGHEMOGLOBIN WITH ISOQUINOLINE AT 1.8 ANGSTROMS RESOLUTION (RUSSIAN)
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Deposited on : unknown
Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtrriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20030345

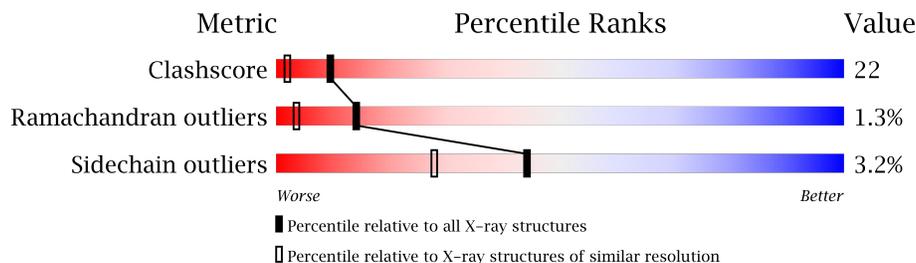
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	112137	5742 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	5676 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	110143	5675 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	153	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	ISQ	A	500	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition i

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1407 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

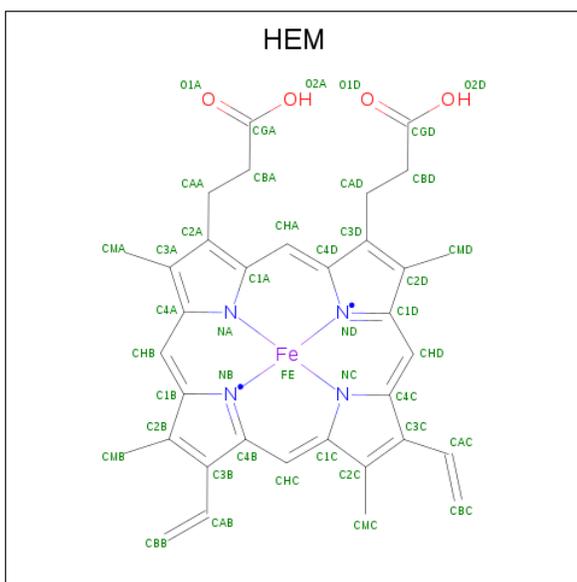
- Molecule 1 is a protein called LEGHEMOGLOBIN (ISOQUINOLINE MET).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	153	1190	772	195	222	1	0	2	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

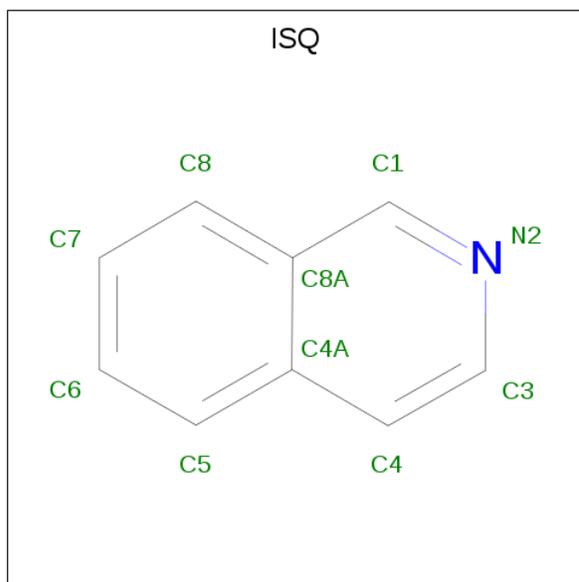
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	79	GLU	GLN	CONFLICT	UNP P02240
A	150	ASP	ASN	CONFLICT	UNP P02240

- Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	Fe	N	O		
2	A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0

- Molecule 3 is ISOQUINOLINE (three-letter code: ISQ) (formula: C₉H₇N).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C N 10 9 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	164	Total O 164 164	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: LEGHEMOGLOBIN (ISOQUINOLINE MET)



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	92.90Å 51.93Å 38.24Å 90.00° 98.80° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 – 1.80	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (8.00-1.80)	Depositor
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	PROLSQ	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.187 , (Not available)	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	1407	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	19.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, ISQ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.17	0/1226	1.70	18/1666 (1.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	66[A]	LYS	CA-CB-CG	8.38	131.82	113.40
1	A	66[B]	LYS	CA-CB-CG	8.38	131.82	113.40
1	A	3	LEU	CA-C-O	8.37	137.67	120.10
1	A	150	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.89	124.50	118.30
1	A	79	GLU	C-N-CA	6.71	138.46	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	108	PRO	Mainchain
1	A	125	LYS	Mainchain
1	A	81	THR	Mainchain
1	A	84	VAL	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1190	0	1210	48	1
2	A	43	0	30	6	0
3	A	10	0	6	9	0
4	A	164	0	0	10	5
All	All	1407	0	1246	54	5

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

The worst 5 of 54 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:126[A]:TRP:CZ2	1:A:131:ASN:HB2	2.19	0.77
2:A:154:HEM:HBD2	2:A:154:HEM:CMD	2.16	0.76
1:A:44:PHE:HB3	1:A:47:LEU:HG	1.68	0.75
1:A:63:HIS:HB3	3:A:500:ISQ:H7	1.71	0.72
1:A:110:VAL:CG1	3:A:500:ISQ:H3	2.20	0.71

All (5) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:178:HOH:O	4:A:178:HOH:O[2_657]	1.68	0.52
4:A:320:HOH:O	4:A:320:HOH:O[2_557]	1.84	0.36
1:A:140:GLU:OE2	4:A:347:HOH:O[1_556]	2.07	0.13
4:A:187:HOH:O	4:A:395:HOH:O[1_556]	2.15	0.05
4:A:330:HOH:O	4:A:331:HOH:O[2_657]	2.16	0.04

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	153/153 (100%)	143 (94%)	8 (5%)	2 (1%)	14 3

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	3	LEU
1	A	51	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	127/125 (102%)	123 (97%)	4 (3%)	45 29

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	21	ASN
1	A	38	PRO
1	A	96	VAL
1	A	100	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	HIS
1	A	55	GLN
1	A	61	GLN
1	A	77	GLN
1	A	131	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	HEM	A	154	1	28,50,50	2.28	10 (35%)	17,82,82	2.38	6 (35%)
3	ISQ	A	500	-	11,11,11	1.49	2 (18%)	14,14,14	1.54	3 (21%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEM	A	154	1	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8
3	ISQ	A	500	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	154	HEM	C3B-C2B	-5.13	1.33	1.40
2	A	154	HEM	C3C-C2C	-4.88	1.33	1.40
2	A	154	HEM	CAD-C3D	2.02	1.56	1.52
3	A	500	ISQ	C4-C3	2.13	1.39	1.36
2	A	154	HEM	C4B-NB	2.29	1.41	1.36

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	154	HEM	CMD-C2D-C1D	-4.78	121.12	128.46
3	A	500	ISQ	C4-C3-N2	-3.42	119.17	123.73
2	A	154	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-2.70	124.31	128.46
3	A	500	ISQ	C8A-C1-N2	-2.08	117.94	123.93
2	A	154	HEM	CMA-C3A-C2A	2.29	129.26	124.94

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 14 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	154	HEM	6	0
3	A	500	ISQ	9	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.