



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2GKD  
Title : Structural insight into self-sacrifice mechanism of enediyne resistance  
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)  
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
ShiftChecker : trunk28760  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

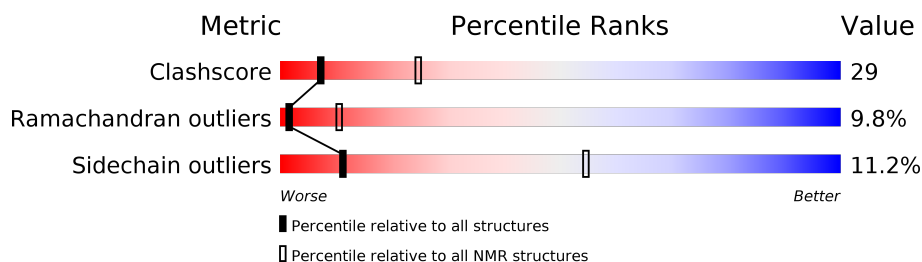
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	125131	11601
Ramachandran outliers	121729	10391
Sidechain outliers	121581	10367

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	11	
2	C	11	
3	A	155	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

### 3 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3195 atoms, of which 1483 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*GP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*G)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	B	11	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			352	109	126	44	63	10	

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*CP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*C)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	C	11	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			346	107	127	37	65	10	

- Molecule 3 is a protein called CalC.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
3	A	155	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2497	802	1230	228	235	2	

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 5'-D(\*GP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*G)-3'

Chain B: 

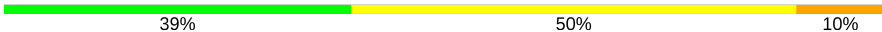


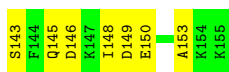
- Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*CP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*C)-3'

Chain C: 



- Molecule 3: CalC

Chain A: 



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, molecular dynamics, Docking*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.2
Haddock	refinement	1.1

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	B	1.31	1/254 (0.4%)	1.98	8/391 (2.0%)
2	C	1.15	0/244 (0.0%)	1.76	3/374 (0.8%)
3	A	0.41	0/1301 (0.0%)	0.52	0/1753 (0.0%)
All	All	0.74	1/1799 (0.1%)	1.12	11/2518 (0.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	B	0	1
2	C	0	1
All	All	0	2

All bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	10	DA	O3'-P	-5.36	1.54	1.61

5 of 11 angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	4	DT	OP1-P-O3'	11.87	131.32	105.20
2	C	14	DA	OP1-P-O3'	7.68	122.10	105.20
1	B	4	DT	OP2-P-O3'	-7.62	88.42	105.20
2	C	17	DA	C5-C6-N6	-6.77	118.29	123.70
1	B	5	DA	O4'-C4'-C3'	-6.54	101.88	104.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	C	17	DA	Sidechain
1	B	10	DA	Sidechain

## 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	B	226	126	126	8
2	C	219	127	127	7
3	A	1267	1230	1225	85
All	All	1712	1483	1478	94

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

5 of 94 clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
3:A:81:TRP:HB2	3:A:95:SER:HB2	0.85	1.48
3:A:8:HIS:HB2	3:A:113:VAL:HB	0.81	1.53
3:A:42:ALA:HB3	3:A:55:GLU:HB3	0.78	1.54
3:A:32:PRO:HG3	3:A:143:SER:HB2	0.76	1.55
3:A:8:HIS:CB	3:A:113:VAL:HB	0.74	2.12

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	A	153/155 (99%)	114 (75%)	24 (16%)	15 (10%)	1	10
All	All	153/155 (99%)	114 (75%)	24 (16%)	15 (10%)	1	10

5 of 15 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence



in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	117	HIS
3	A	123	THR
3	A	44	LEU
3	A	4	PRO
3	A	153	ALA

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	A	134/134 (100%)	119 (89%)	15 (11%)	11	54
All	All	134/134 (100%)	119 (89%)	15 (11%)	11	54

5 of 15 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	A	89	ILE
3	A	67	LEU
3	A	39	LYS
3	A	33	ASN
3	A	62	GLU

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided