



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 12, 2017 – 08:56 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2GKW
Title : Key contacts promote recognition of BAFF-R by TRAF3
Authors : Ely, K.R.
Deposited on : 2006-04-03
Resolution : 2.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : trunk28620
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

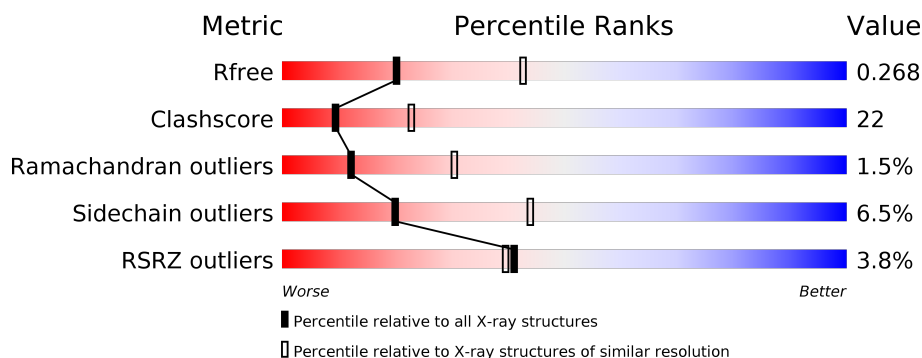
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	2259 (2.70-2.70)
Clashscore	112137	2590 (2.70-2.70)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	2550 (2.70-2.70)
Sidechain outliers	110143	2550 (2.70-2.70)
RSRZ outliers	101464	2275 (2.70-2.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	192	
2	B	24	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1650 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called TNF receptor-associated factor 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	192	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1532	979	259	283	11			

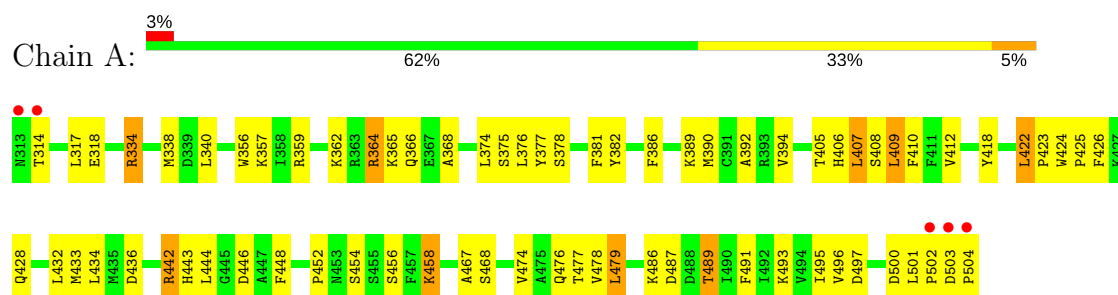
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 13C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	17	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			118	74	17	27			

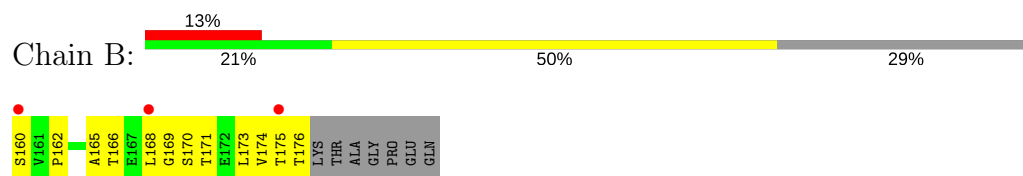
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: TNF receptor-associated factor 3



- Molecule 2: Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 13C



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 3 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	83.50Å 83.50Å 78.00Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	14.85 – 2.70 34.33 – 2.70	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	90.6 (14.85-2.70) 95.6 (34.33-2.70)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.26 (at 2.68Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.0	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.260 0.232 , 0.268	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	465 reflections (5.46%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	34.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.148	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 41.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.049 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	1650	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.07% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.41	0/1567	0.64	1/2113 (0.0%)
2	B	0.34	0/119	0.60	0/165
All	All	0.40	0/1686	0.64	1/2278 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	407	LEU	N-CA-C	-5.53	96.06	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1532	0	1526	69	0
2	B	118	0	120	20	0
All	All	1650	0	1646	72	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

All (72) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:314:THR:HA	1:A:317:LEU:HD23	1.52	0.90
1:A:501:LEU:HB3	1:A:504:PRO:HG2	1.54	0.90
1:A:436:ASP:H	1:A:443:HIS:HD2	1.12	0.90
1:A:428:GLN:HE21	1:A:500:ASP:HB3	1.46	0.79
1:A:487:ASP:O	1:A:489:THR:HG22	1.84	0.78
1:A:428:GLN:NE2	1:A:500:ASP:HB3	1.99	0.78
1:A:436:ASP:H	1:A:443:HIS:CD2	2.02	0.76
1:A:374:LEU:HG	2:B:170:SER:HB2	1.68	0.76
1:A:428:GLN:HG3	1:A:497:ASP:O	1.88	0.73
1:A:468:SER:HB3	2:B:162:PRO:HB3	1.69	0.73
1:A:364:ARG:HH11	1:A:364:ARG:HG3	1.54	0.72
1:A:376:LEU:HD13	2:B:174:VAL:HG11	1.74	0.70
1:A:503:ASP:N	1:A:504:PRO:HD3	2.07	0.69
1:A:486:LYS:O	1:A:489:THR:HG23	1.95	0.67
1:A:334:ARG:O	1:A:338:MET:HG3	1.97	0.64
1:A:405:THR:OG1	1:A:406:HIS:HD2	1.81	0.64
1:A:409:LEU:CD1	1:A:432:LEU:HB3	2.28	0.64
1:A:501:LEU:HB3	1:A:504:PRO:CG	2.27	0.62
1:A:458:LYS:HE3	1:A:458:LYS:HA	1.81	0.61
1:A:410:PHE:CE2	2:B:165:ALA:HB2	2.37	0.60
1:A:442:ARG:HG2	1:A:442:ARG:O	2.02	0.59
1:A:410:PHE:CD2	2:B:165:ALA:HB2	2.39	0.57
1:A:375:SER:OG	2:B:171:THR:HG22	2.04	0.57
1:A:412:VAL:HG22	1:A:467:ALA:HB2	1.89	0.53
1:A:426:PHE:CZ	1:A:428:GLN:HB2	2.43	0.53
1:A:362:LYS:NZ	1:A:362:LYS:HB2	2.23	0.53
1:A:386:PHE:HD2	1:A:418:TYR:CZ	2.25	0.53
1:A:376:LEU:HB3	2:B:174:VAL:CG1	2.38	0.53
1:A:448:PHE:HB2	2:B:160:SER:O	2.09	0.53
1:A:314:THR:CA	1:A:317:LEU:HD23	2.34	0.52
1:A:433:MET:HE1	1:A:495:ILE:HD12	1.93	0.51
1:A:486:LYS:HG2	1:A:487:ASP:OD1	2.12	0.50
1:A:448:PHE:CD1	2:B:162:PRO:HG3	2.46	0.50
1:A:374:LEU:HG	2:B:170:SER:CB	2.40	0.50
1:A:377:TYR:HA	1:A:392:ALA:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:374:LEU:H	2:B:170:SER:CB	2.25	0.49
1:A:433:MET:HB2	1:A:444:LEU:O	2.13	0.49
1:A:357:LYS:HG3	1:A:491:PHE:CE2	2.48	0.49
1:A:477:THR:OG1	1:A:478:VAL:N	2.47	0.47
1:A:376:LEU:HB3	2:B:174:VAL:HG12	1.97	0.47
1:A:382:TYR:CE2	1:A:389:LYS:HG3	2.49	0.47
1:A:405:THR:C	1:A:476:GLN:HG3	2.36	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:365:LYS:O	1:A:368:ALA:HB3	2.15	0.46
1:A:381:PHE:CE1	1:A:390:MET:HB2	2.51	0.46
1:A:503:ASP:N	1:A:504:PRO:CD	2.78	0.46
1:A:374:LEU:H	2:B:170:SER:HB2	1.81	0.46
1:A:364:ARG:HH21	2:B:174:VAL:HB	1.81	0.45
1:A:409:LEU:HD13	1:A:432:LEU:HB3	1.97	0.45
1:A:364:ARG:NH1	1:A:364:ARG:HG3	2.27	0.45
1:A:407:LEU:C	1:A:407:LEU:HD23	2.37	0.45
1:A:374:LEU:CG	2:B:170:SER:HB2	2.43	0.45
1:A:356:TRP:HH2	1:A:376:LEU:O	2.00	0.45
2:B:166:THR:O	2:B:168:LEU:N	2.46	0.45
2:B:175:THR:O	2:B:176:THR:HB	2.17	0.45
1:A:433:MET:CE	1:A:495:ILE:HD12	2.46	0.44
1:A:454:SER:C	1:A:456:SER:H	2.19	0.44
1:A:364:ARG:HE	2:B:174:VAL:HG21	1.82	0.44
1:A:394:VAL:HG23	1:A:407:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.44
2:B:169:GLY:O	2:B:170:SER:C	2.56	0.44
1:A:448:PHE:CE1	2:B:162:PRO:HG3	2.53	0.43
1:A:448:PHE:CD1	1:A:448:PHE:C	2.92	0.43
1:A:458:LYS:CA	1:A:458:LYS:HE3	2.47	0.43
1:A:493:LYS:HE2	1:A:495:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.42
1:A:444:LEU:HD13	1:A:474:VAL:CG1	2.50	0.42
1:A:364:ARG:CG	1:A:364:ARG:NH1	2.81	0.42
1:A:356:TRP:CD2	1:A:378:SER:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:A:434:LEU:HD21	1:A:479:LEU:CD1	2.50	0.42
1:A:408:SER:HB3	1:A:410:PHE:CE1	2.55	0.41
1:A:424:TRP:HA	1:A:425:PRO:C	2.40	0.41
1:A:314:THR:HB	1:A:318:GLU:OE1	2.21	0.41
1:A:422:LEU:HA	1:A:423:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.40
1:A:390:MET:SD	1:A:496:VAL:HG21	2.62	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	190/192 (99%)	179 (94%)	8 (4%)	3 (2%)	11	28
2	B	15/24 (62%)	13 (87%)	2 (13%)	0	100	100
All	All	205/216 (95%)	192 (94%)	10 (5%)	3 (2%)	12	30

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	479	LEU
1	A	452	PRO
1	A	502	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	169/169 (100%)	158 (94%)	11 (6%)	20	44
2	B	15/20 (75%)	14 (93%)	1 (7%)	19	42
All	All	184/189 (97%)	172 (94%)	12 (6%)	20	44

All (12) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	334	ARG
1	A	340	LEU
1	A	359	ARG
1	A	364	ARG
1	A	366	GLN
1	A	409	LEU
1	A	422	LEU
1	A	442	ARG
1	A	446	ASP
1	A	458	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	489	THR
2	B	173	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	313	ASN
1	A	406	HIS
1	A	428	GLN
1	A	443	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	192/192 (100%)	-0.19	5 (2%) 56 56	13, 26, 48, 90	0
2	B	17/24 (70%)	1.54	3 (17%) 2 1	77, 81, 86, 88	0
All	All	209/216 (96%)	-0.05	8 (3%) 41 39	13, 27, 83, 90	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	502	PRO	8.0
1	A	313	ASN	7.5
1	A	503	ASP	6.5
2	B	160	SER	4.3
2	B	168	LEU	3.5
2	B	175	THR	3.2
1	A	314	THR	2.9
1	A	504	PRO	2.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.