



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 12, 2017 – 09:58 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2GM2
Title : NMR structure of Xanthomonas campestris XCC1710: Northeast Structural Genomics Consortium target XcR35
Authors : Cort, J.R.; Xiao, R.; Wang, D.Y.; Ma, L.C.; Ciano, M.; Montelione, G.T.; Ramelot, T.A.; Kennedy, M.A.; Northeast Structural Genomics Consortium (NESG)
Deposited on : 2006-04-05

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	trunk28760
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	recalc28949

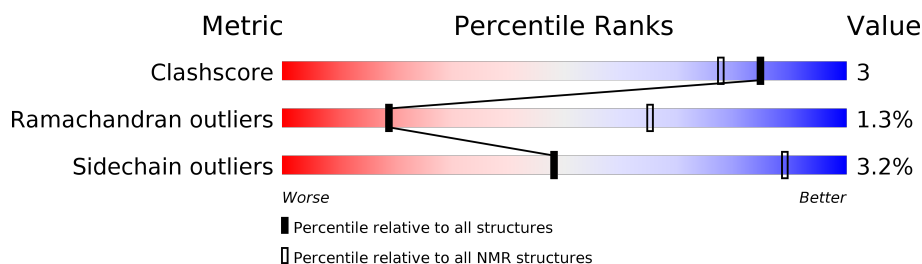
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 85%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	125131	11601
Ramachandran outliers	121729	10391
Sidechain outliers	121581	10367

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	132	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:15-A:123 (109)	0.59	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20
2	5, 18

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2027 atoms, of which 1011 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called conserved hypothetical protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	132	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			2027	637	1011	188	185	6	

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

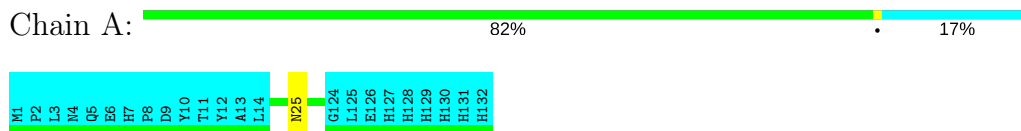
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	125	LEU	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	GB 21112802
A	126	GLU	-	CLONING ARTIFACT	GB 21112802
A	127	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	GB 21112802
A	128	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	GB 21112802
A	129	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	GB 21112802
A	130	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	GB 21112802
A	131	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	GB 21112802
A	132	HIS	-	EXPRESSION TAG	GB 21112802

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein

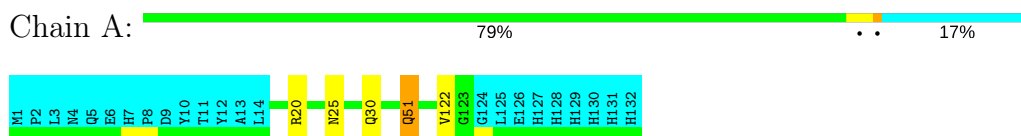


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

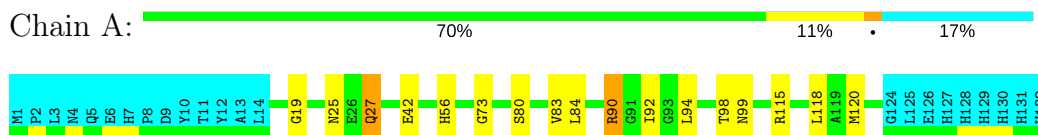
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



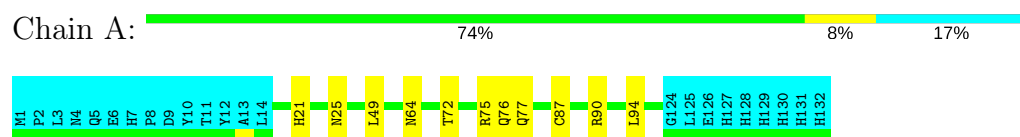
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



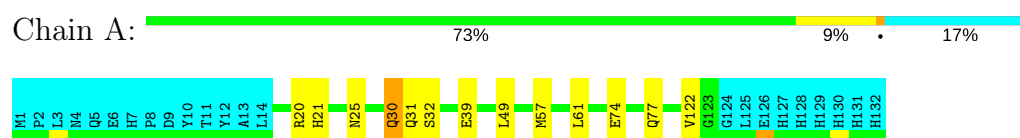
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



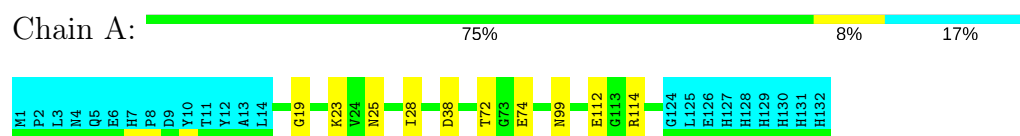
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



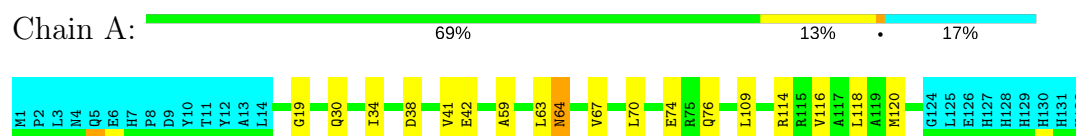
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



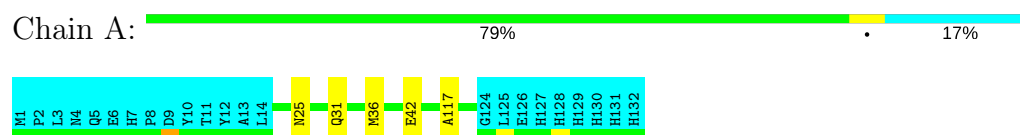
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



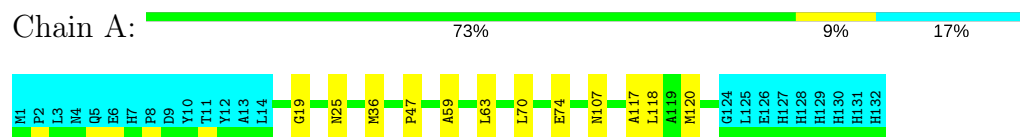
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



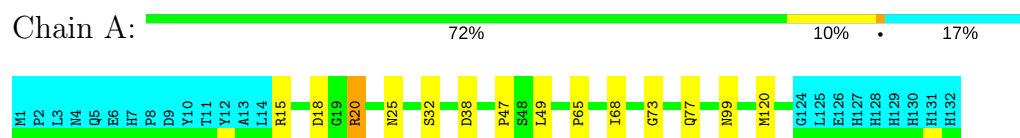
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



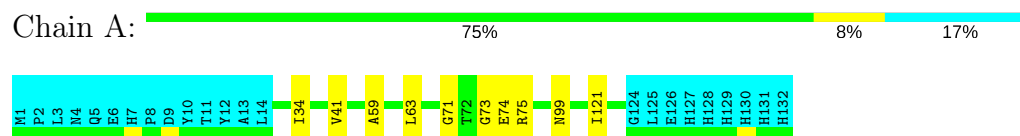
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



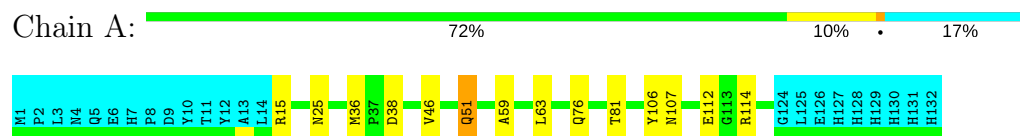
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



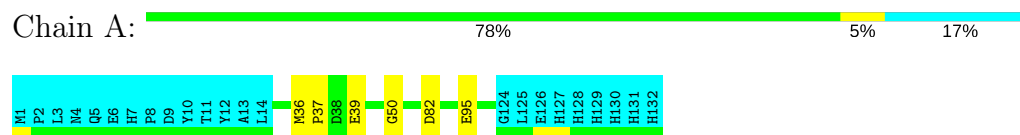
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



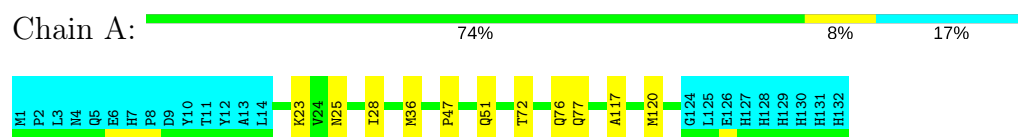
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



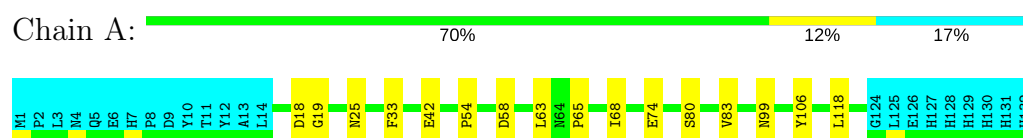
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



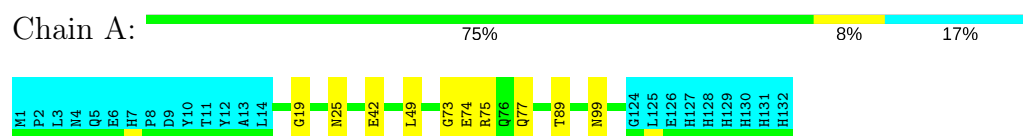
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



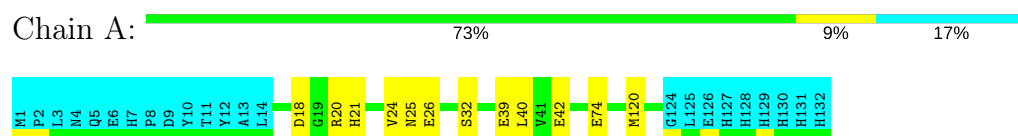
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



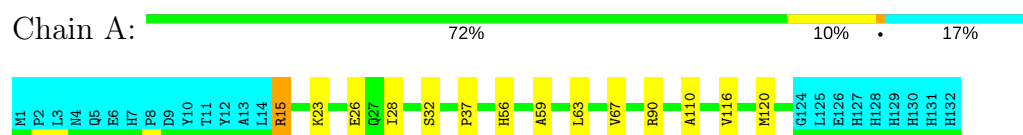
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



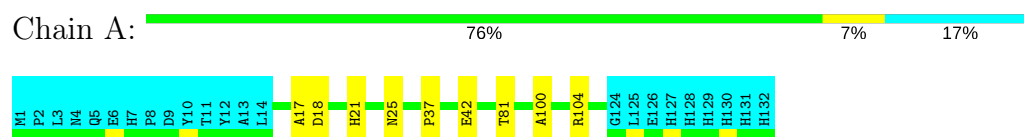
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



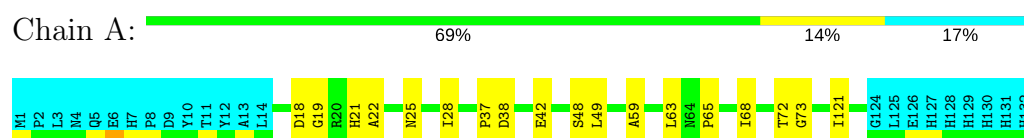
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



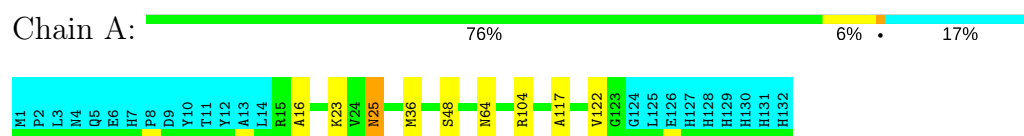
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: conserved hypothetical protein



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *THE INITIAL STRUCTURE WAS DETERMINED USING AUTOMATED STRUCTURE DETERMINATION (AUTOSTRUCTURE) AND REFINED MANUALLY. A FINAL REFINEMENT USED SIMULTATED ANNEALING IN EXPLICIT SOLVENT..*

Of the 40 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with fewest restraint violations, low restraint violation energies, and acceptable geometry.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Autostructure	structure solution	2.1.1
X-PLOR	structure solution	NIH
CNS	structure solution	1.1
CNS	refinement	1.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 7054
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1326
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1326
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	85%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	816	834	831	4±2
All	All	16320	16680	16620	85

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:47:PRO:HD2	1:A:51:GLN:HG3	0.79	1.54	13	1
1:A:36:MET:HG2	1:A:117:ALA:HA	0.72	1.60	7	4
1:A:30:GLN:HA	1:A:30:GLN:HE21	0.68	1.49	4	1
1:A:19:GLY:HA2	1:A:99:ASN:HB3	0.67	1.65	2	4
1:A:46:VAL:HG13	1:A:51:GLN:HE22	0.64	1.51	11	1
1:A:27:GLN:HA	1:A:27:GLN:HE21	0.63	1.53	2	1
1:A:18:ASP:HB2	1:A:21:HIS:HB2	0.63	1.69	16	1
1:A:36:MET:HB2	1:A:39:GLU:HB3	0.62	1.71	12	1
1:A:23:LYS:HG2	1:A:28:ILE:HG12	0.60	1.74	17	3
1:A:18:ASP:HB2	1:A:21:HIS:HB3	0.60	1.73	19	1
1:A:49:LEU:HD11	1:A:77:GLN:HB3	0.58	1.74	4	2
1:A:51:GLN:HA	1:A:51:GLN:HE21	0.57	1.59	1	1
1:A:15:ARG:NH2	1:A:26:GLU:HA	0.56	2.14	17	1
1:A:90:ARG:HD2	1:A:92:ILE:HG12	0.56	1.78	2	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:19:GLY:HA3	1:A:74:GLU:HB2	0.55	1.76	8	1
1:A:19:GLY:HA2	1:A:74:GLU:HG3	0.55	1.79	6	1
1:A:31:GLN:HG2	1:A:32:SER:H	0.54	1.61	4	1
1:A:34:ILE:HG13	1:A:41:VAL:HB	0.53	1.81	6	1
1:A:90:ARG:HA	1:A:90:ARG:NE	0.53	2.19	3	1
1:A:59:ALA:O	1:A:63:LEU:HG	0.52	2.04	11	6
1:A:32:SER:HA	1:A:120:MET:O	0.52	2.05	16	3
1:A:74:GLU:HB2	1:A:75:ARG:HH11	0.52	1.65	10	1
1:A:33:PHE:CB	1:A:42:GLU:HA	0.51	2.36	14	1
1:A:18:ASP:OD2	1:A:20:ARG:HD3	0.51	2.06	9	1
1:A:87:CYS:SG	1:A:94:LEU:HB2	0.51	2.46	3	1
1:A:24:VAL:HG11	1:A:40:LEU:HD22	0.51	1.82	16	1
1:A:90:ARG:HD3	1:A:90:ARG:O	0.50	2.06	2	1
1:A:65:PRO:HG2	1:A:68:ILE:HD11	0.50	1.82	9	2
1:A:21:HIS:HA	1:A:122:VAL:HB	0.50	1.84	4	1
1:A:16:ALA:O	1:A:23:LYS:HB2	0.50	2.07	20	1
1:A:54:PRO:O	1:A:58:ASP:HB2	0.48	2.09	14	1
1:A:49:LEU:HD22	1:A:77:GLN:HG3	0.48	1.86	3	1
1:A:73:GLY:HA2	1:A:99:ASN:ND2	0.47	2.25	9	2
1:A:109:LEU:HB3	1:A:114:ARG:HB2	0.47	1.87	6	1
1:A:19:GLY:CA	1:A:73:GLY:HA2	0.47	2.39	19	1
1:A:15:ARG:HH21	1:A:26:GLU:HA	0.47	1.69	17	1
1:A:118:LEU:HG	1:A:120:MET:HG3	0.47	1.85	2	2
1:A:80:SER:HB2	1:A:83:VAL:HG23	0.46	1.85	2	1
1:A:74:GLU:O	1:A:75:ARG:HB3	0.46	2.11	15	1
1:A:112:GLU:HB3	1:A:114:ARG:HG3	0.46	1.87	5	2
1:A:72:THR:OG1	1:A:76:GLN:HA	0.45	2.12	13	2
1:A:63:LEU:C	1:A:64:ASN:HD22	0.45	2.14	6	1
1:A:71:GLY:O	1:A:121:ILE:HB	0.44	2.11	10	1
1:A:22:ALA:O	1:A:28:ILE:HA	0.44	2.12	19	1
1:A:57:MET:O	1:A:61:LEU:HG	0.43	2.13	4	1
1:A:67:VAL:O	1:A:116:VAL:HA	0.43	2.12	6	2
1:A:65:PRO:HG2	1:A:68:ILE:HG12	0.43	1.89	19	1
1:A:72:THR:HG22	1:A:121:ILE:HD12	0.43	1.90	19	1
1:A:84:LEU:HG	1:A:94:LEU:HD23	0.43	1.91	2	1
1:A:37:PRO:HB3	1:A:110:ALA:HA	0.43	1.91	17	1
1:A:18:ASP:HB3	1:A:21:HIS:HB2	0.43	1.89	18	1
1:A:34:ILE:HB	1:A:41:VAL:HB	0.42	1.91	10	1
1:A:106:TYR:CE1	1:A:118:LEU:HB2	0.42	2.50	14	1
1:A:17:ALA:CB	1:A:100:ALA:HA	0.42	2.45	18	1
1:A:80:SER:HB3	1:A:83:VAL:HG23	0.41	1.91	14	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:120:MET:CE	1:A:120:MET:HA	0.41	2.45	13	1
1:A:63:LEU:O	1:A:63:LEU:HD23	0.41	2.15	14	1
1:A:118:LEU:HD11	1:A:120:MET:HE2	0.41	1.91	8	1
1:A:48:SER:HA	1:A:121:ILE:HG21	0.41	1.93	19	1
1:A:20:ARG:HD2	1:A:74:GLU:OE2	0.41	2.15	16	1
1:A:49:LEU:HD23	1:A:77:GLN:HG3	0.40	1.93	9	1
1:A:36:MET:SD	1:A:63:LEU:HD13	0.40	2.56	11	1
1:A:90:ARG:HD3	1:A:90:ARG:C	0.40	2.36	2	1

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	109/132 (83%)	97±2 (89±2%)	11±2 (10±2%)	1±1 (1±1%)	19	65
All	All	2180/2640 (83%)	1931 (89%)	220 (10%)	29 (1%)	19	65

All 8 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	25	ASN	14
1	A	38	ASP	5
1	A	37	PRO	3
1	A	47	PRO	2
1	A	73	GLY	2
1	A	48	SER	1
1	A	50	GLY	1
1	A	15	ARG	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation

was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	84/105 (80%)	81±1 (97±2%)	3±1 (3±2%)	48	89
All	All	1680/2100 (80%)	1627 (97%)	53 (3%)	48	89

All 30 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	42	GLU	7
1	A	30	GLN	3
1	A	64	ASN	3
1	A	74	GLU	3
1	A	107	ASN	2
1	A	90	ARG	2
1	A	15	ARG	2
1	A	122	VAL	2
1	A	76	GLN	2
1	A	104	ARG	2
1	A	39	GLU	2
1	A	51	GLN	2
1	A	70	LEU	2
1	A	56	HIS	2
1	A	81	THR	2
1	A	77	GLN	1
1	A	95	GLU	1
1	A	21	HIS	1
1	A	89	THR	1
1	A	49	LEU	1
1	A	72	THR	1
1	A	18	ASP	1
1	A	27	GLN	1
1	A	31	GLN	1
1	A	26	GLU	1
1	A	82	ASP	1
1	A	20	ARG	1
1	A	75	ARG	1
1	A	115	ARG	1
1	A	98	THR	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 85% for the well-defined parts and 72% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 7054

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1326
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1326
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	114	-0.26 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	104	0.14 ± 0.14	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	104	0.33 ± 0.23	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	104	0.23 ± 0.23	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 1102 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1291. 23 out of 23 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	518/533 (97%)	208/212 (98%)	210/218 (96%)	100/103 (97%)
Sidechain	551/696 (79%)	330/404 (82%)	219/259 (85%)	2/33 (6%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	33/62 (53%)	17/32 (53%)	15/23 (65%)	1/7 (14%)
Overall	1102/1291 (85%)	555/648 (86%)	444/500 (89%)	103/143 (72%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 72%, i.e. 1155 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1595. 25 out of 26 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	537/644 (83%)	215/256 (84%)	218/264 (83%)	104/124 (84%)
Sidechain	569/817 (70%)	338/477 (71%)	229/305 (75%)	2/35 (6%)
Aromatic	49/134 (37%)	25/68 (37%)	23/45 (51%)	1/21 (5%)
Overall	1155/1595 (72%)	578/801 (72%)	470/614 (77%)	107/180 (59%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	46	VAL	HG21	-1.36	2.20 – -0.60	-7.7
1	A	46	VAL	HG22	-1.36	2.20 – -0.60	-7.7
1	A	46	VAL	HG23	-1.36	2.20 – -0.60	-7.7

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

