



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 14, 2017 – 09:37 am GMT

PDB ID : 2IJ4
Title : Structure of the A264K mutant of cytochrome P450 BM3
Authors : Toogood, H.S.; Leys, D.
Deposited on : 2006-09-29
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : trunk28620
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

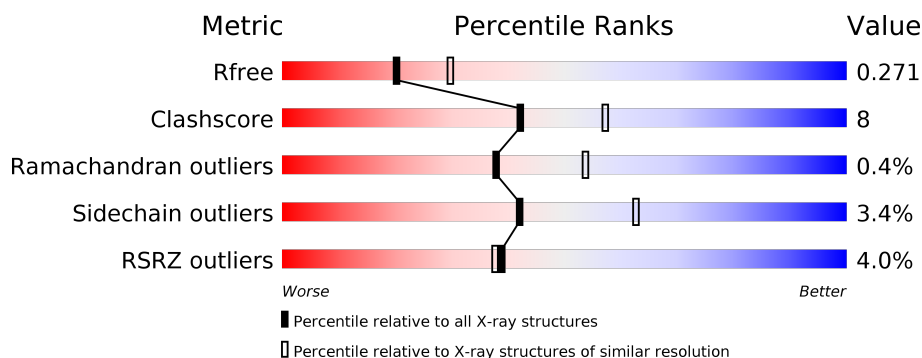
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	3166 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	112137	3674 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	3616 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	110143	3617 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	101464	3195 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	470	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>80%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>
1	B	470	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>76%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7607 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called cytochrome P450 BM3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	451	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3603	2309	608	669	17			
1	B	455	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3600	2304	610	669	17			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	264	LYS	ALA	ENGINEERED	UNP P14779
B	264	LYS	ALA	ENGINEERED	UNP P14779

- Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	C	Fe	N	O	0	0
			43	34	1	4	4		

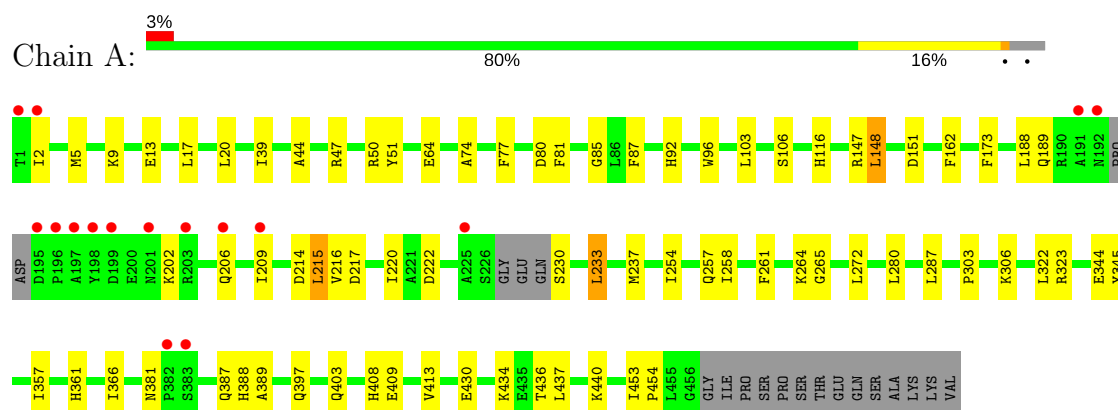
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	193	Total	O	0	0
			193	193		
3	B	125	Total	O	0	0
			125	125		

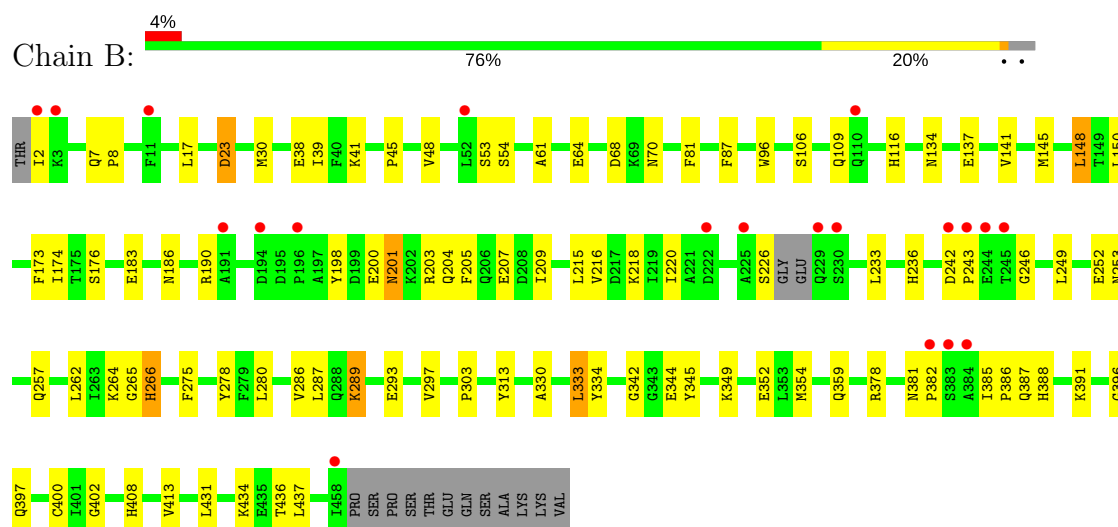
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: cytochrome P450 BM3



• Molecule 1: cytochrome P450 BM3



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	61.22Å 120.16Å 146.96Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.78 – 2.40 19.78 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.4 (19.78-2.40) 96.4 (19.78-2.40)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.70 (at 2.41Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.203 , 0.273 0.202 , 0.271	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2089 reflections (5.29%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	40.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.044	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 43.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7607	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	42.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.68% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.73	0/3685	0.75	3/4984 (0.1%)
1	B	0.67	0/3684	0.71	1/4991 (0.0%)
All	All	0.70	0/7369	0.73	4/9975 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	96	TRP	CA-CB-CG	-5.76	102.76	113.70
1	B	233	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.55	128.06	115.30
1	A	20	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.53	128.01	115.30
1	A	147	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.15	117.73	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3603	0	3546	43	0
1	B	3600	0	3502	65	0
2	A	43	0	30	2	0
2	B	43	0	30	9	0
3	A	193	0	0	3	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	125	0	0	2	0
All	All	7607	0	7108	113	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (113) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:330:ALA:HB1	1:B:354:MET:CE	1.95	0.96
1:B:116:HIS:HD2	1:B:408:HIS:NE2	1.81	0.79
2:B:471:HEM:HMC2	2:B:471:HEM:HBC2	1.67	0.77
1:B:330:ALA:HB1	1:B:354:MET:HE1	1.72	0.71
2:B:471:HEM:HBB2	2:B:471:HEM:HMB2	1.72	0.71
1:B:262:LEU:O	1:B:266:HIS:HD2	1.74	0.71
1:B:388:HIS:HA	1:B:391:LYS:HD3	1.75	0.69
1:A:162:PHE:CE2	1:A:215:LEU:HD11	2.28	0.68
1:A:92:HIS:ND1	3:A:635:HOH:O	2.25	0.68
1:A:85:GLY:HA2	1:A:257:GLN:NE2	2.09	0.68
1:A:162:PHE:HE2	1:A:215:LEU:HD11	1.60	0.67
1:A:173:PHE:CD1	1:A:215:LEU:HD12	2.30	0.66
1:A:148:LEU:HD21	1:A:413:VAL:HG21	1.77	0.65
1:A:436:THR:O	1:A:437:LEU:HB2	1.97	0.65
1:A:81:PHE:HB3	1:A:209:ILE:HG12	1.80	0.63
1:B:106:SER:OG	1:B:236:HIS:ND1	2.29	0.63
1:B:280:LEU:HB3	1:B:287:LEU:HD13	1.83	0.61
1:B:64:GLU:OE1	1:B:396:GLY:HA3	2.00	0.61
1:B:7:GLN:HG2	1:B:8:PRO:O	2.02	0.60
1:A:261:PHE:O	1:A:265:GLY:HA3	2.03	0.59
1:B:388:HIS:HD2	1:B:391:LYS:NZ	2.01	0.58
1:B:391:LYS:HA	3:B:476:HOH:O	2.02	0.57
1:A:64:GLU:OE2	1:A:397:GLN:HG2	2.03	0.57
1:A:403:GLN:NE2	3:A:480:HOH:O	2.32	0.56
1:B:183:GLU:HG2	1:B:205:PHE:CD1	2.41	0.56
1:B:148:LEU:HD21	1:B:413:VAL:HG21	1.88	0.55
1:B:286:VAL:HG13	1:B:313:TYR:OH	2.06	0.55
1:A:116:HIS:HD2	1:A:408:HIS:NE2	2.05	0.54
1:A:116:HIS:HE1	1:A:303:PRO:O	1.89	0.54
1:B:436:THR:O	1:B:437:LEU:HB2	2.07	0.54
1:A:237:MET:HE2	1:A:258:ILE:HD11	1.90	0.54
1:A:409:GLU:O	1:A:413:VAL:HG23	2.08	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:215:LEU:HA	1:B:218:LYS:HB2	1.90	0.54
1:B:342:GLY:O	1:B:344:GLU:HG3	2.07	0.54
1:B:293:GLU:O	1:B:297:VAL:HG23	2.09	0.53
1:B:81:PHE:HB3	1:B:209:ILE:HG12	1.92	0.53
1:A:5:MET:SD	1:A:50:ARG:HG2	2.49	0.52
1:B:253:ASN:O	1:B:257:GLN:HG2	2.10	0.52
1:B:204:GLN:NE2	1:B:207:GLU:OE2	2.42	0.52
1:B:2:ILE:HA	1:B:344:GLU:O	2.10	0.51
1:B:330:ALA:HB1	1:B:354:MET:HE3	1.88	0.50
1:B:41:LYS:HE2	1:B:48:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.50
1:B:39:ILE:HG23	1:B:39:ILE:O	2.12	0.50
1:A:237:MET:HE2	1:A:258:ILE:CD1	2.42	0.50
1:B:201:ASN:N	1:B:201:ASN:OD1	2.44	0.49
1:A:237:MET:HE2	1:A:254:ILE:HG23	1.94	0.49
1:B:249:LEU:HD22	1:B:253:ASN:OD1	2.11	0.49
1:A:344:GLU:HG3	1:A:345:TYR:CE2	2.48	0.49
1:B:200:GLU:OE2	1:B:203:ARG:NH2	2.44	0.49
1:B:30:MET:HG2	1:B:359:GLN:HG2	1.95	0.49
1:B:344:GLU:HB2	1:B:345:TYR:CE2	2.47	0.49
2:B:471:HEM:CMB	2:B:471:HEM:HBB2	2.41	0.49
1:A:202:LYS:O	1:A:206:GLN:HG2	2.13	0.48
1:B:216:VAL:HG12	1:B:220:ILE:HD12	1.96	0.48
1:B:265:GLY:HA2	2:B:471:HEM:C3C	2.49	0.48
1:A:237:MET:CE	1:A:254:ILE:HG23	2.44	0.48
1:B:150:LEU:HD22	1:B:174:ILE:HD11	1.95	0.48
2:B:471:HEM:CMC	2:B:471:HEM:HBC2	2.40	0.48
1:A:151:ASP:OD1	1:A:162:PHE:HB2	2.13	0.47
1:B:141:VAL:O	1:B:145:MET:HG2	2.14	0.47
1:B:434:LYS:NZ	3:B:565:HOH:O	2.47	0.47
1:A:39:ILE:HA	1:A:51:TYR:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:237:MET:CE	1:A:258:ILE:CD1	2.93	0.46
1:B:7:GLN:HG3	1:B:41:LYS:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:87:PHE:CE2	2:A:471:HEM:HBA1	2.50	0.46
1:B:53:SER:HB3	1:B:359:GLN:HB3	1.98	0.46
1:B:38:GLU:CB	1:B:54:SER:HB3	2.46	0.46
1:A:216:VAL:O	1:A:220:ILE:HG12	2.16	0.45
1:A:280:LEU:HD22	1:A:287:LEU:HA	1.98	0.45
1:A:357:ILE:HG22	1:A:361:HIS:CE1	2.52	0.45
1:B:330:ALA:CB	1:B:354:MET:CE	2.83	0.45
1:B:400:CYS:HA	2:B:471:HEM:CHA	2.47	0.45
1:A:434:LYS:NZ	3:A:655:HOH:O	2.49	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:366:ILE:HG21	1:A:389:ALA:HB1	1.99	0.44
2:A:471:HEM:HBC2	2:A:471:HEM:HMC2	2.00	0.44
1:A:323:ARG:HG2	1:A:361:HIS:HB3	1.99	0.44
1:A:453:ILE:HA	1:A:454:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.44
1:B:186:ASN:HB3	1:B:190:ARG:HH21	1.83	0.44
1:B:262:LEU:O	1:B:266:HIS:CD2	2.62	0.44
1:B:344:GLU:HB2	1:B:345:TYR:CD2	2.53	0.44
1:A:44:ALA:HB3	1:A:47:ARG:HG2	1.99	0.43
1:B:173:PHE:HB2	1:B:215:LEU:HD21	2.00	0.43
1:B:70:ASN:ND2	1:B:352:GLU:HG2	2.33	0.43
1:A:106:SER:CB	1:A:233:LEU:HD13	2.48	0.43
1:B:23:ASP:N	1:B:23:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.43
1:A:74:ALA:HB2	1:A:188:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.43
1:B:385:ILE:HA	1:B:386:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.43
1:B:242:ASP:O	1:B:246:GLY:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:85:GLY:HA2	1:A:257:GLN:HE22	1.81	0.42
1:B:381:ASN:HA	1:B:382:PRO:HD2	1.73	0.42
1:B:400:CYS:HA	2:B:471:HEM:C4D	2.55	0.42
1:B:87:PHE:CE1	2:B:471:HEM:HBA1	2.54	0.42
1:B:61:ALA:HB1	1:B:333:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.42
1:B:96:TRP:CH2	1:B:397:GLN:HG3	2.54	0.42
1:B:38:GLU:HB2	1:B:54:SER:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:17:LEU:HD11	1:A:189:GLN:HA	2.02	0.41
1:A:254:ILE:O	1:A:258:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:B:17:LEU:HD22	1:B:45:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
1:A:237:MET:CE	1:A:258:ILE:HD13	2.51	0.41
1:B:134:ASN:ND2	1:B:137:GLU:OE2	2.38	0.41
1:B:402:GLY:HA3	2:B:471:HEM:C3C	2.56	0.41
1:B:387:GLN:HG2	1:B:388:HIS:ND1	2.35	0.41
1:A:272:LEU:HD13	1:A:322:LEU:HG	2.03	0.41
1:B:289:LYS:HD2	1:B:313:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:A:387:GLN:O	1:A:388:HIS:HB2	2.21	0.41
1:B:134:ASN:HB2	1:B:137:GLU:OE2	2.21	0.41
1:A:103:LEU:HD21	1:A:237:MET:HG3	2.03	0.40
1:B:116:HIS:HE1	1:B:303:PRO:O	2.04	0.40
1:B:242:ASP:HA	1:B:243:PRO:HD3	1.94	0.40
1:B:106:SER:HG	1:B:236:HIS:CE1	2.38	0.40
1:A:77:PHE:O	1:A:80:ASP:HB2	2.22	0.40
1:B:275:PHE:O	1:B:278:TYR:HB3	2.21	0.40
1:B:68:ASP:HB3	1:B:334:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	445/470 (95%)	421 (95%)	23 (5%)	1 (0%)	51	67
1	B	451/470 (96%)	417 (92%)	31 (7%)	3 (1%)	25	37
All	All	896/940 (95%)	838 (94%)	54 (6%)	4 (0%)	38	54

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2	ILE
1	B	378	ARG
1	B	431	LEU
1	B	198	TYR

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	384/412 (93%)	370 (96%)	14 (4%)	40	60
1	B	379/412 (92%)	367 (97%)	12 (3%)	44	65
All	All	763/824 (93%)	737 (97%)	26 (3%)	42	63

All (26) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	9	LYS
1	A	13	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	148	LEU
1	A	214	ASP
1	A	215	LEU
1	A	217	ASP
1	A	222	ASP
1	A	230	SER
1	A	233	LEU
1	A	264	LYS
1	A	306	LYS
1	A	381	ASN
1	A	430	GLU
1	A	440	LYS
1	B	23	ASP
1	B	109	GLN
1	B	148	LEU
1	B	176	SER
1	B	201	ASN
1	B	226	SER
1	B	252	GLU
1	B	264	LYS
1	B	266	HIS
1	B	289	LYS
1	B	333	LEU
1	B	349	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (12) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	116	HIS
1	A	387	GLN
1	A	426	HIS
1	B	70	ASN
1	B	95	ASN
1	B	101	ASN
1	B	116	HIS
1	B	266	HIS
1	B	381	ASN
1	B	388	HIS
1	B	403	GLN
1	B	426	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
2	HEM	A	471	1	28,50,50	2.22	9 (32%)	17,82,82	2.02	4 (23%)
2	HEM	B	471	1	28,50,50	2.53	9 (32%)	17,82,82	1.98	4 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEM	A	471	1	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8
2	HEM	B	471	1	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8

All (18) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	471	HEM	C3C-C2C	-5.68	1.32	1.40

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	471	HEM	C3B-C2B	-4.45	1.34	1.40
2	A	471	HEM	C3B-C2B	-3.77	1.35	1.40
2	B	471	HEM	CMD-C2D	2.19	1.56	1.51
2	A	471	HEM	CAA-C2A	2.19	1.55	1.52
2	A	471	HEM	C1A-NA	2.25	1.40	1.36
2	A	471	HEM	CMC-C2C	2.27	1.56	1.51
2	B	471	HEM	C1D-ND	2.76	1.42	1.36
2	B	471	HEM	C1B-NB	2.77	1.40	1.36
2	A	471	HEM	C4C-NC	2.95	1.40	1.36
2	A	471	HEM	C1C-NC	3.41	1.40	1.36
2	B	471	HEM	C3C-CAC	3.65	1.55	1.47
2	B	471	HEM	C3B-CAB	3.75	1.55	1.47
2	A	471	HEM	C3B-CAB	3.92	1.55	1.47
2	A	471	HEM	C3C-CAC	4.87	1.57	1.47
2	B	471	HEM	C4D-ND	5.04	1.42	1.36
2	A	471	HEM	C3D-C2D	5.17	1.53	1.37
2	B	471	HEM	C3D-C2D	5.60	1.54	1.37

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	471	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-5.50	101.97	112.47
2	B	471	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-4.55	103.78	112.47
2	B	471	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-3.74	104.39	107.00
2	B	471	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-3.40	105.99	112.48
2	A	471	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-2.46	105.28	107.00
2	B	471	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-2.36	124.84	128.46
2	A	471	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	2.68	129.87	124.89
2	A	471	HEM	C4A-C3A-C2A	2.82	108.96	107.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	471	HEM	2	0
2	B	471	HEM	9	0

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	451/470 (95%)	-0.34	16 (3%) 44 43	21, 35, 62, 93	1 (0%)
1	B	455/470 (96%)	-0.06	20 (4%) 35 33	28, 46, 71, 85	1 (0%)
All	All	906/940 (96%)	-0.19	36 (3%) 39 38	21, 41, 68, 93	2 (0%)

All (36) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	243	PRO	6.8
1	A	191	ALA	4.8
1	A	1	THR	4.7
1	A	197	ALA	4.6
1	A	196	PRO	4.6
1	A	198	TYR	4.5
1	A	225	ALA	3.7
1	B	194	ASP	3.6
1	B	383	SER	3.3
1	B	458	ILE	3.2
1	B	245	THR	3.1
1	B	244	GLU	3.0
1	B	11	PHE	3.0
1	B	2	ILE	3.0
1	B	242	ASP	2.9
1	B	196	PRO	2.8
1	B	229	GLN	2.8
1	A	382	PRO	2.8
1	B	3	LYS	2.8
1	A	383	SER	2.7
1	B	225	ALA	2.7
1	A	2	ILE	2.6
1	B	110	GLN	2.6
1	B	52	LEU	2.4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	195	ASP	2.4
1	A	206	GLN	2.4
1	B	222	ASP	2.4
1	A	209	ILE	2.3
1	B	191	ALA	2.3
1	B	384	ALA	2.2
1	B	382	PRO	2.2
1	B	230	SER	2.1
1	A	203	ARG	2.1
1	A	199	ASP	2.1
1	A	192	ASN	2.0
1	A	201	ASN	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	HEM	B	471	43/43	0.97	0.11	-0.60	27,30,38,40	0
2	HEM	A	471	43/43	0.99	0.09	-0.91	13,22,26,29	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.