



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 12, 2017 – 10:11 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2ITH
Title : NMR Structure of Haloferax volcanii DHFR
Authors : Binbuga, B.
Deposited on : 2006-10-19

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : trunk28760
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

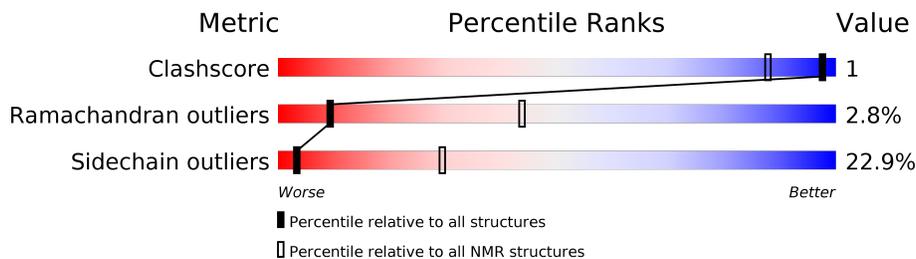
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 80%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	125131	11601
Ramachandran outliers	121729	10391
Sidechain outliers	121581	10367

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	162	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. The atoms present in the NMR models are not consistent. Some calculations may have failed as a result. All residues are included in the validation scores. Model 17 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:2-A:15, A:28-A:65, A:73-A:121, A:129-A:158 (131)	0.17	17

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 6, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 20
2	3, 15, 19
3	4, 5, 7
Single-model clusters	1; 10; 11

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2464 atoms, of which 1199 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Dihydrofolate reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
1	A	162	2464	788	1199	218	255	4	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

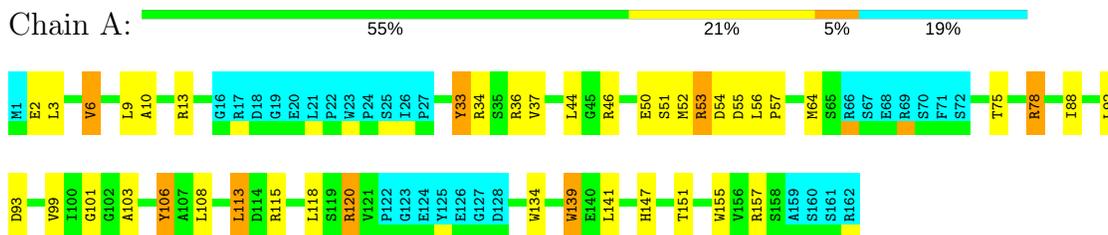
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	37	VAL	ILE	SEE REMARK 999	UNP P15093

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase

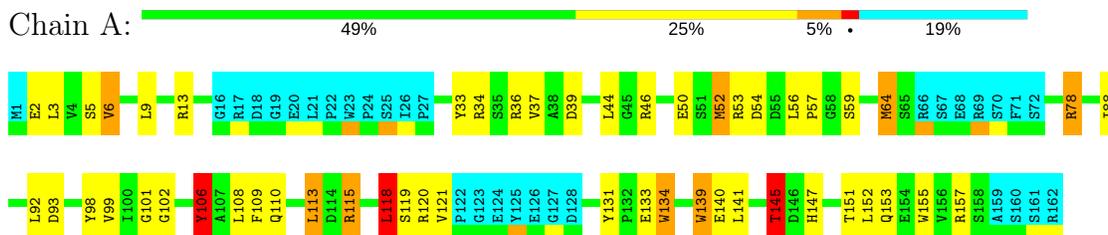


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

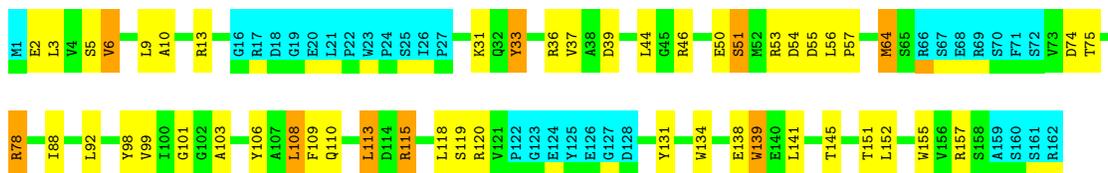
- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

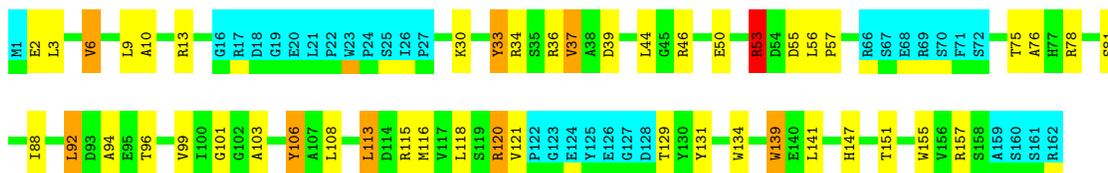
- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase





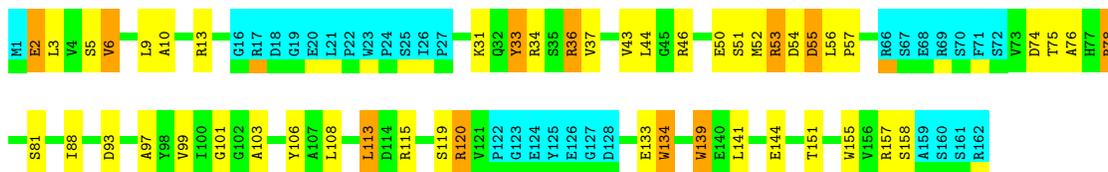
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



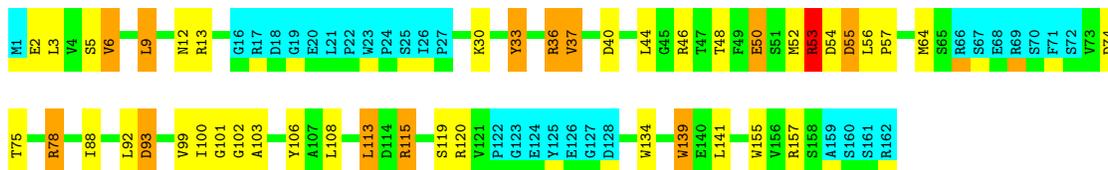
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



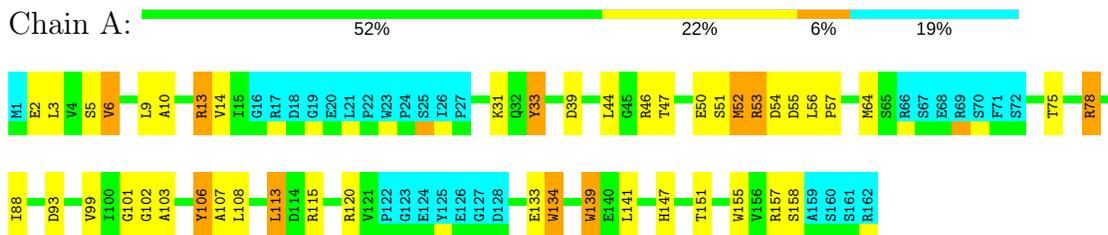
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



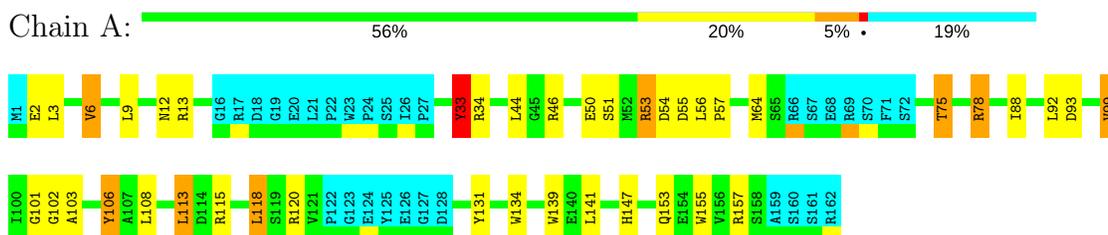
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



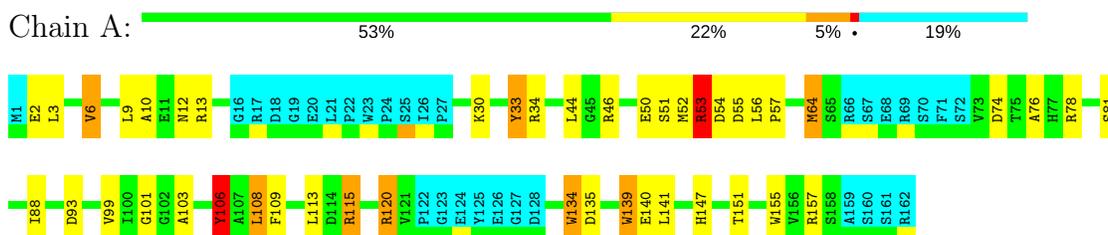
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



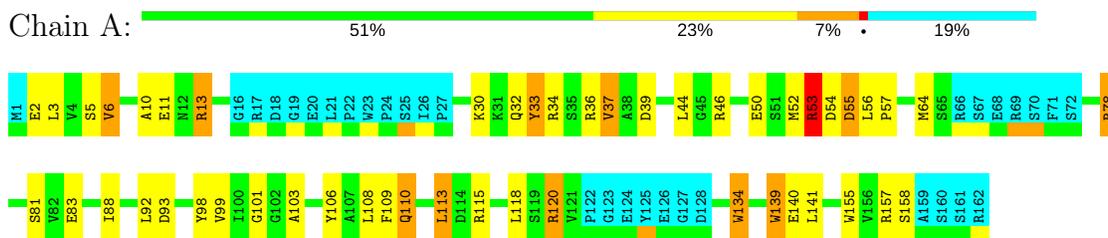
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



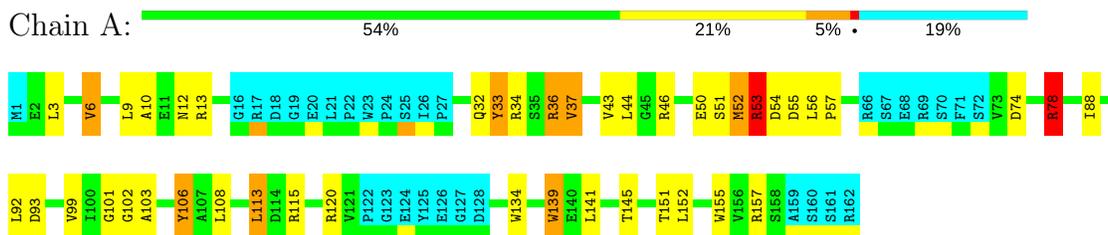
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



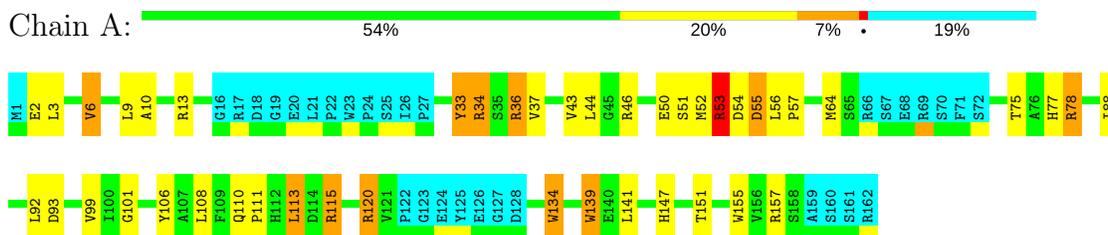
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



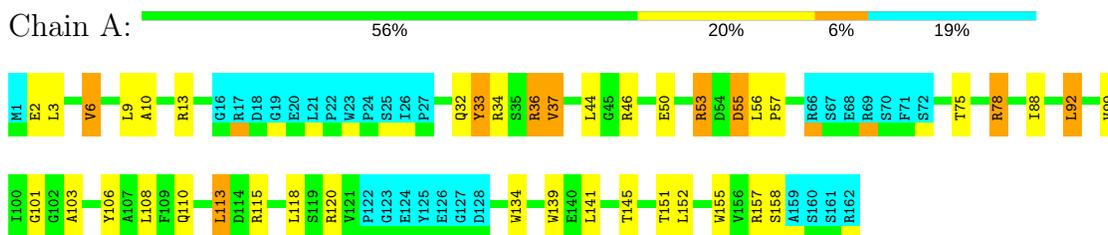
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



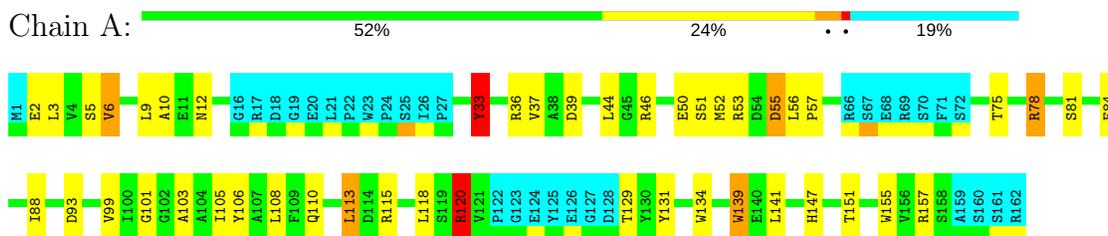
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



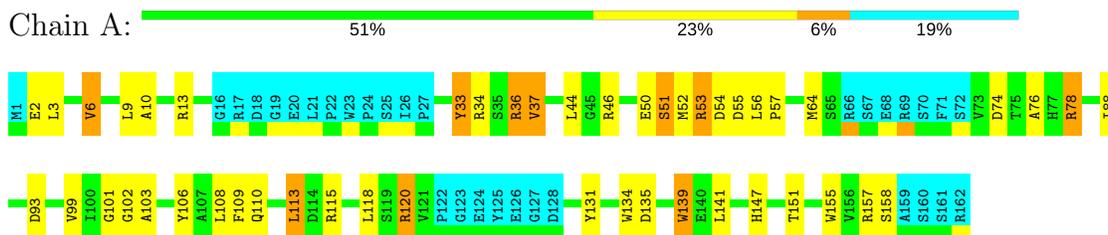
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



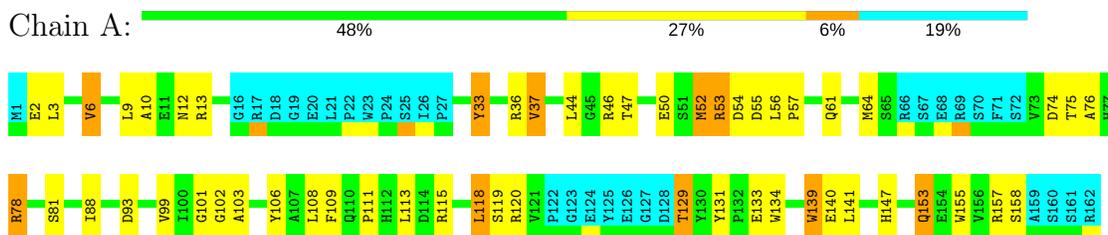
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



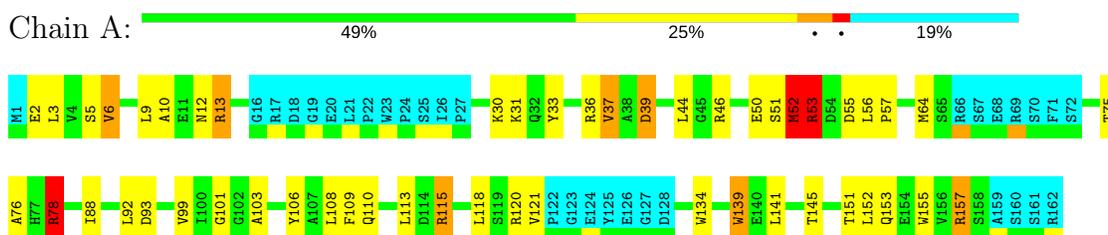
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



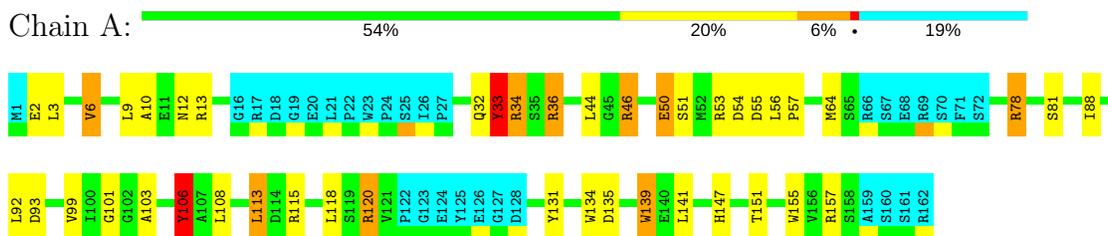
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



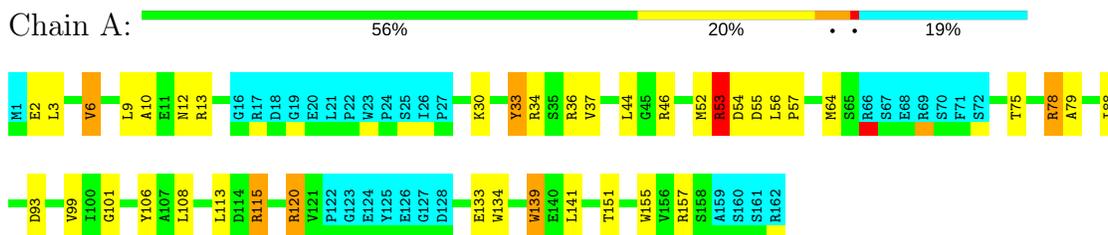
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



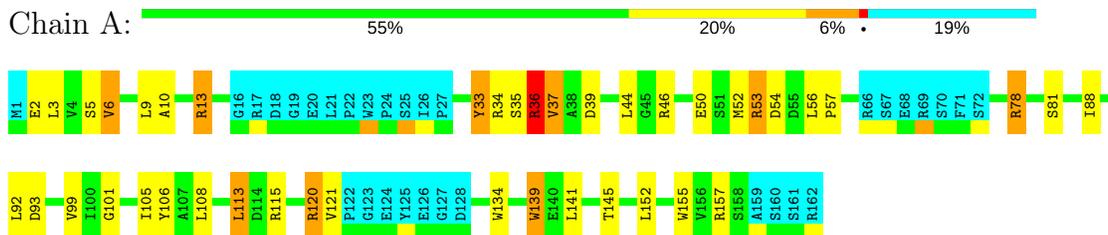
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Dihydrofolate reductase



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 6645
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1694
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1694
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	80%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.35±0.01	0±0/1044 (0.0±0.0%)	1.80±0.02	26±3/1426 (1.8±0.2%)
All	All	1.35	0/20880 (0.0%)	1.80	511/28520 (1.8%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	6.4±1.5
All	All	0	128

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	157	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.07	125.34	120.30	6	20
1	A	115	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.80	115.40	120.30	18	14
1	A	78	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.78	125.19	120.30	17	20
1	A	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.73	125.16	120.30	15	17
1	A	53	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.37	124.98	120.30	3	19
1	A	115	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.27	124.93	120.30	18	20
1	A	33	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-9.21	115.48	121.00	2	16
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.96	124.78	120.30	2	20
1	A	13	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.93	124.76	120.30	20	18
1	A	46	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.35	116.12	120.30	5	3
1	A	46	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.18	124.39	120.30	7	20
1	A	34	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.07	124.33	120.30	13	13
1	A	78	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.04	116.28	120.30	4	14
1	A	33	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	7.72	125.64	121.00	2	12
1	A	157	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.56	116.52	120.30	18	10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.27	116.67	120.30	11	9
1	A	103	ALA	N-CA-CB	-7.18	100.05	110.10	6	16
1	A	2	GLU	CB-CA-C	7.03	124.47	110.40	8	18
1	A	92	LEU	CB-CA-C	6.95	123.41	110.20	2	11
1	A	53	ARG	N-CA-CB	-6.88	98.21	110.60	19	14
1	A	106	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-6.65	117.01	121.00	1	4
1	A	53	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.54	117.03	120.30	19	13
1	A	10	ALA	N-CA-CB	-6.53	100.96	110.10	19	17
1	A	6	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	6.49	120.64	110.90	9	20
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.46	117.07	120.30	16	9
1	A	55	ASP	CA-CB-CG	6.45	127.59	113.40	17	1
1	A	99	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	6.23	120.24	110.90	17	20
1	A	155	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	-6.16	103.46	109.00	8	20
1	A	79	ALA	N-CA-CB	-6.13	101.52	110.10	19	1
1	A	5	SER	N-CA-CB	-6.00	101.50	110.50	17	9
1	A	134	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	-5.93	103.66	109.00	16	20
1	A	118	LEU	CB-CA-C	5.92	121.44	110.20	17	3
1	A	99	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	5.86	119.68	110.90	1	4
1	A	37	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	5.82	119.63	110.90	17	11
1	A	39	ASP	CA-CB-CG	5.74	126.02	113.40	17	1
1	A	139	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	-5.72	103.86	109.00	7	18
1	A	54	ASP	CB-CA-C	5.63	121.67	110.40	7	3
1	A	13	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.59	117.50	120.30	20	7
1	A	131	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-5.57	117.66	121.00	16	1
1	A	75	THR	CA-CB-CG2	5.53	120.15	112.40	17	2
1	A	77	HIS	CA-CB-CG	5.51	122.97	113.60	12	1
1	A	36	ARG	N-CA-CB	-5.50	100.70	110.60	10	2
1	A	94	ALA	N-CA-CB	-5.47	102.45	110.10	3	1
1	A	50	GLU	CB-CA-C	5.45	121.30	110.40	18	2
1	A	40	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.39	123.15	118.30	5	1
1	A	10	ALA	CB-CA-C	5.38	118.17	110.10	10	1
1	A	55	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.34	123.10	118.30	13	1
1	A	37	VAL	CA-CB-CG2	5.32	118.88	110.90	12	2
1	A	48	THR	CA-CB-CG2	5.32	119.84	112.40	5	1
1	A	52	MET	N-CA-C	5.27	125.23	111.00	17	1
1	A	9	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.14	127.12	115.30	5	2
1	A	43	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.13	102.69	110.90	12	3
1	A	145	THR	CA-CB-CG2	5.10	119.54	112.40	1	1
1	A	97	ALA	CB-CA-C	5.04	117.66	110.10	4	1
1	A	78	ARG	CA-CB-CG	5.04	124.48	113.40	19	1
1	A	107	ALA	N-CA-CB	-5.02	103.07	110.10	6	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	6	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.01	102.88	110.90	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	101	GLY	Peptide,Mainchain	20
1	A	106	TYR	Sidechain	19
1	A	50	GLU	Peptide	19
1	A	113	LEU	Peptide	16
1	A	52	MET	Peptide	9
1	A	102	GLY	Peptide	7
1	A	76	ALA	Peptide	6
1	A	115	ARG	Sidechain	6
1	A	33	TYR	Sidechain	5
1	A	53	ARG	Sidechain	3
1	A	120	ARG	Sidechain	3
1	A	98	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	78	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	157	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	A	35	SER	Peptide	1
1	A	13	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	A	36	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	A	34	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	A	46	ARG	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1023	979	979	1±1
All	All	20460	19580	19580	25

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:145:THR:HG22	1:A:152:LEU:HD12	0.56	1.74	1	6
1:A:47:THR:HG21	1:A:129:THR:OG1	0.54	2.03	16	1
1:A:52:MET:SD	1:A:55:ASP:O	0.47	2.73	4	5
1:A:64:MET:SD	1:A:108:LEU:HD11	0.47	2.50	9	2
1:A:118:LEU:HD12	1:A:131:TYR:CZ	0.46	2.45	8	7
1:A:118:LEU:HD23	1:A:153:GLN:HB3	0.45	1.86	16	1
1:A:64:MET:SD	1:A:109:PHE:CE2	0.41	3.13	1	3

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	131/162 (81%)	107±2 (82±2%)	20±3 (15±2%)	4±1 (3±1%)	9	44
All	All	2620/3240 (81%)	2148 (82%)	398 (15%)	74 (3%)	9	44

All 12 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	57	PRO	20
1	A	93	ASP	14
1	A	53	ARG	11
1	A	75	THR	8
1	A	158	SER	6
1	A	51	SER	6
1	A	110	GLN	3
1	A	105	ILE	2
1	A	52	MET	1
1	A	47	THR	1
1	A	92	LEU	1
1	A	100	ILE	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	106/132 (80%)	82±3 (77±3%)	24±3 (23±3%)	3 29
All	All	2120/2640 (80%)	1634 (77%)	486 (23%)	3 29

All 63 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	44	LEU	20
1	A	3	LEU	20
1	A	88	ILE	20
1	A	139	TRP	20
1	A	108	LEU	20
1	A	6	VAL	20
1	A	56	LEU	20
1	A	141	LEU	20
1	A	33	TYR	19
1	A	9	LEU	19
1	A	113	LEU	19
1	A	78	ARG	17
1	A	55	ASP	17
1	A	151	THR	15
1	A	54	ASP	14
1	A	64	MET	13
1	A	37	VAL	12
1	A	147	HIS	11
1	A	12	ASN	9
1	A	39	ASP	9
1	A	36	ARG	9
1	A	53	ARG	9
1	A	120	ARG	8
1	A	51	SER	8
1	A	81	SER	8
1	A	106	TYR	7
1	A	74	ASP	7
1	A	134	TRP	6
1	A	110	GLN	6

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	30	LYS	6
1	A	31	LYS	5
1	A	118	LEU	5
1	A	133	GLU	5
1	A	119	SER	5
1	A	52	MET	4
1	A	140	GLU	4
1	A	32	GLN	4
1	A	109	PHE	4
1	A	13	ARG	4
1	A	153	GLN	4
1	A	135	ASP	3
1	A	75	THR	3
1	A	93	ASP	3
1	A	92	LEU	3
1	A	129	THR	3
1	A	111	PRO	2
1	A	14	VAL	1
1	A	34	ARG	1
1	A	145	THR	1
1	A	99	VAL	1
1	A	59	SER	1
1	A	2	GLU	1
1	A	158	SER	1
1	A	11	GLU	1
1	A	115	ARG	1
1	A	84	GLU	1
1	A	96	THR	1
1	A	116	MET	1
1	A	121	VAL	1
1	A	144	GLU	1
1	A	138	GLU	1
1	A	83	GLU	1
1	A	61	GLN	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 80% for the well-defined parts and 77% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 6645

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1694
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1694
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	159	-0.25 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	147	0.53 ± 0.15	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}'$	148	-0.15 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	147	0.26 ± 0.29	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 80%, i.e. 1241 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1554. 2 out of 24 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	629/647 (97%)	252/258 (98%)	253/262 (97%)	124/127 (98%)
Sidechain	612/783 (78%)	371/451 (82%)	241/298 (81%)	0/34 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	0/124 (0%)	0/65 (0%)	0/53 (0%)	0/6 (0%)
Overall	1241/1554 (80%)	623/774 (80%)	494/613 (81%)	124/167 (74%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 77%, i.e. 1494 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1929. 2 out of 25 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	758/794 (95%)	304/316 (96%)	307/324 (95%)	147/154 (95%)
Sidechain	736/982 (75%)	451/573 (79%)	285/363 (79%)	0/46 (0%)
Aromatic	0/153 (0%)	0/80 (0%)	0/66 (0%)	0/7 (0%)
Overall	1494/1929 (77%)	755/969 (78%)	592/753 (79%)	147/207 (71%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	22	PRO	CB	25.44	37.79 – 25.89	-5.4

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

