



wwPDB/EMDatabank EM Map/Model Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 2, 2017 – 11:22 am GMT

PDB ID : 3IZ3
EMDB ID: : EMD-5233
Title : CryoEM structure of cytoplasmic polyhedrosis virus
Authors : Cheng, L.; Sun, J.; Zhang, K.; Mou, Z.; Huang, X.; Ji, G.; Sun, F.; Zhang, J.;
Zhu, P.
Deposited on : 2010-09-14
Resolution : 3.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB/EMDatabank EM Map/Model Validation Summary Report
for a publicly released PDB/EMDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et. al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc29047

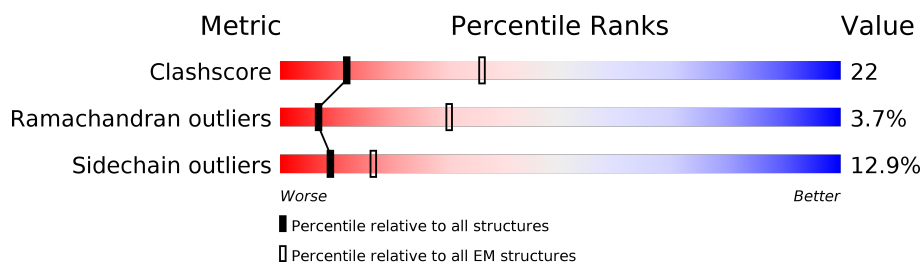
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	125131	1336
Ramachandran outliers	121729	1120
Sidechain outliers	121581	1026

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1058	57% 34% 8% ..
2	B	1333	59% 25% . 11%
2	C	1333	61% 27% 5% 7%
3	D	291	48% 42% 9%
3	E	291	46% 42% 11% .

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 32024 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Structural protein VP3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	1047	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			8349	5294	1439	1572	44		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Structural protein VP1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	B	1180	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			9317	5889	1621	1771	36		
2	C	1244	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			9806	6191	1704	1873	38		

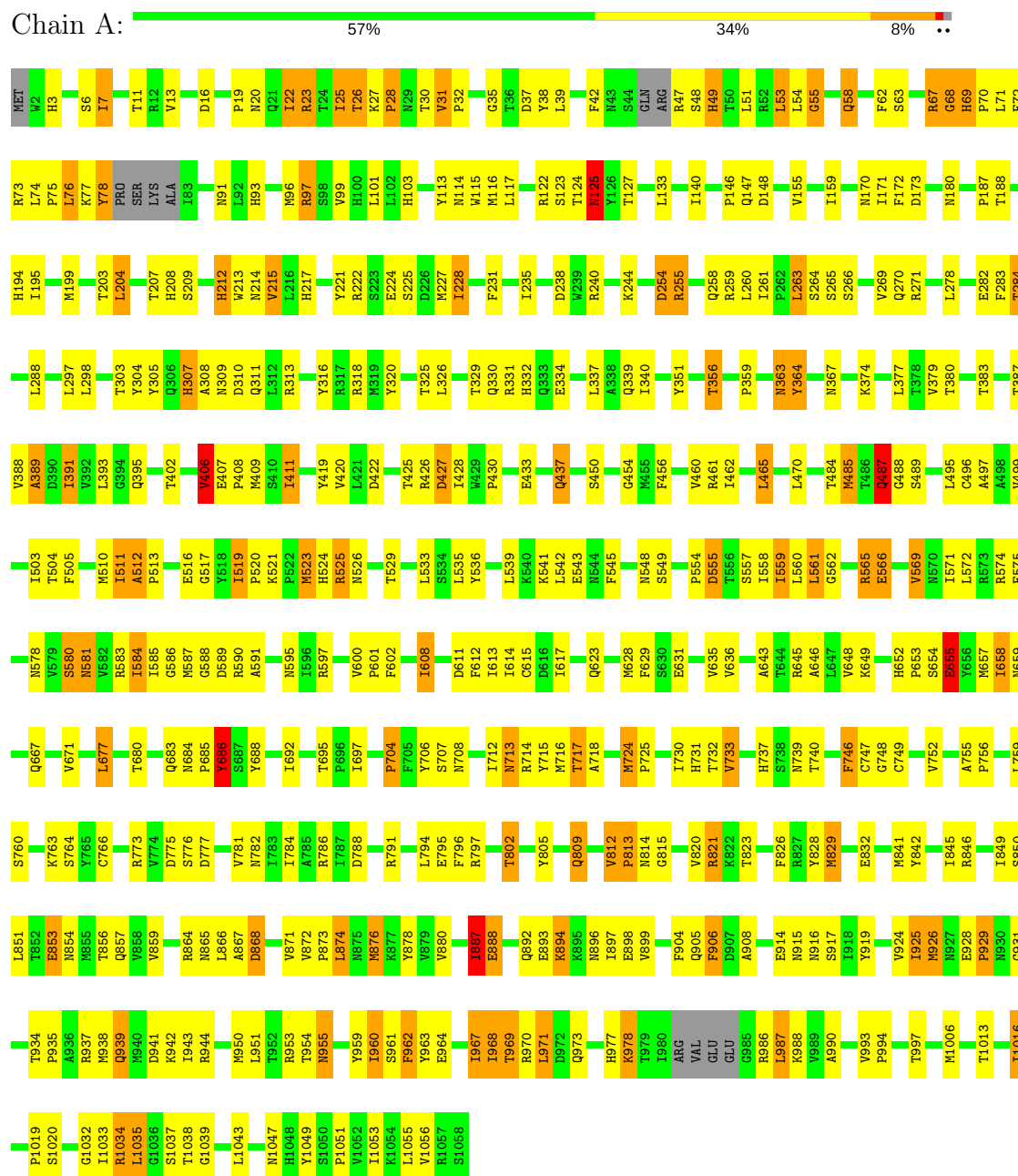
- Molecule 3 is a protein called Viral structural protein 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	D	291	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2276	1446	398	424	8		
3	E	291	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2276	1446	398	424	8		

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Structural protein VP3





- Molecule 3: Viral structural protein 5

Response	Percentage
U.S. is responsible	48%
U.S. is not responsible	42%
Don't know	9%

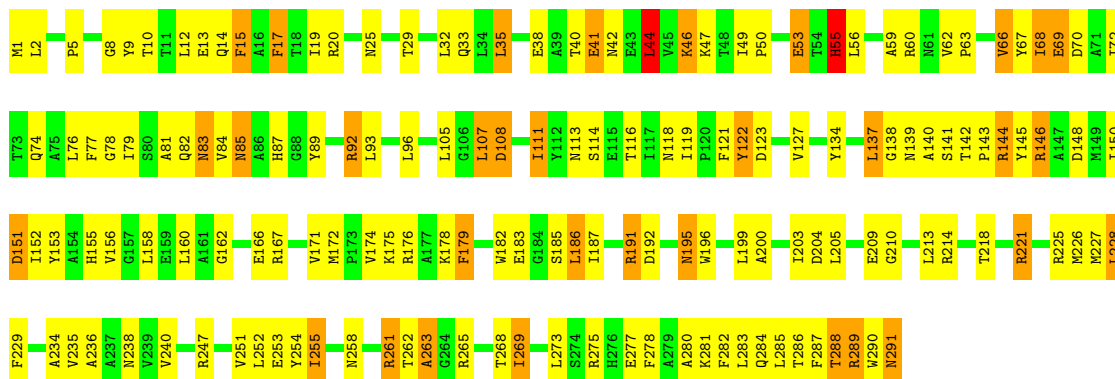
WORLDWIDE
PDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK

 **EMDataBank**
Unified Data Resource for 3DEM



● Molecule 3: Viral structural protein 5

Chain E: 46% 42% 11%



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
Reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	29000	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143	Depositor
CTF correction method	Each micrograph	Depositor
Microscope	OTHER	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	20	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	0.8	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2.8	Depositor
Magnification	75000	Depositor
Image detector	Gatan 4k*4K CCD	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	A	0.36	0/8530	0.58	0/11613
2	B	0.34	0/9508	0.55	2/12941 (0.0%)
2	C	0.35	0/10006	0.56	4/13622 (0.0%)
3	D	0.37	0/2322	0.64	2/3156 (0.1%)
3	E	0.37	0/2322	0.74	5/3156 (0.2%)
All	All	0.35	0/32688	0.59	13/44488 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	C	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	E	59	ALA	CB-CA-C	-11.46	92.90	110.10
3	E	60	ARG	N-CA-CB	-7.76	96.63	110.60
3	D	7	GLY	N-CA-C	-6.59	96.62	113.10
3	E	263	ALA	N-CA-C	-5.95	94.94	111.00
2	C	1201	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.67	128.34	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	C	1225	GLU	Peptide
2	C	628	SER	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	8349	0	8304	321	0
2	B	9317	0	9236	358	0
2	C	9806	0	9713	369	0
3	D	2276	0	2273	286	0
3	E	2276	0	2277	257	0
All	All	32024	0	31803	1395	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 22.

The worst 5 of 1395 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:271:THR:CG2	2:C:237:VAL:HG23	1.18	1.64
2:B:274:MET:CG	2:C:234:PRO:HD3	1.35	1.51
3:E:46:LYS:HD3	3:E:155:HIS:CE1	1.49	1.45
2:B:1273:ASN:OD1	3:D:79:ILE:CG2	1.68	1.40
2:B:1273:ASN:ND2	3:D:191:ARG:HA	1.38	1.39

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	1039/1058 (98%)	775 (75%)	180 (17%)	84 (8%)	1 17

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	1172/1333 (88%)	915 (78%)	219 (19%)	38 (3%)	5	40
2	C	1238/1333 (93%)	974 (79%)	240 (19%)	24 (2%)	9	50
3	D	289/291 (99%)	253 (88%)	33 (11%)	3 (1%)	18	61
3	E	289/291 (99%)	254 (88%)	34 (12%)	1 (0%)	44	80
All	All	4027/4306 (94%)	3171 (79%)	706 (18%)	150 (4%)	7	36

5 of 150 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	7	ILE
1	A	25	ILE
1	A	49	HIS
1	A	55	GLY
1	A	69	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	933/943 (99%)	813 (87%)	120 (13%)	5	29
2	B	1029/1155 (89%)	913 (89%)	116 (11%)	7	34
2	C	1085/1155 (94%)	944 (87%)	141 (13%)	5	29
3	D	240/240 (100%)	205 (85%)	35 (15%)	3	25
3	E	240/240 (100%)	198 (82%)	42 (18%)	2	17
All	All	3527/3733 (94%)	3073 (87%)	454 (13%)	9	29

5 of 454 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	1081	ASP
2	C	221	LEU
3	E	44	LEU
2	B	1143	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	1292	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 111 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	693	ASN
2	B	978	GLN
3	D	83	ASN
2	B	701	HIS
2	B	836	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.