



wwPDB/EMDatabank EM Map/Model Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 2, 2017 – 11:43 am GMT

PDB ID : 3JC2
EMDB ID: : EMDB-3245
Title : The structure of the mammalian Sec61 channel opened by a signal sequence
Authors : Voorhees, R.M.; Hegde, R.S.
Deposited on : 2015-11-15
Resolution : 3.60 Å(reported)
Based on PDB ID : 1RH5, 3J7Q

This is a wwPDB/EMDatabank EM Map/Model Validation Summary Report
for a publicly released PDB/EMDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et. al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc29047

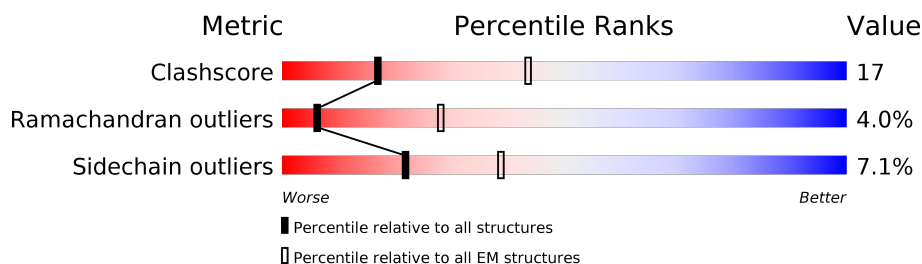
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	125131	1336
Ramachandran outliers	121729	1120
Sidechain outliers	121581	1026

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	1	476	
2	2	62	
3	w	19	
4	3	32	

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3911 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit alpha isoform 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	1	401	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3115	2053	501	542	19		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit gamma.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	2	62	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			494	326	86	79	3		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Prolactin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	w	19	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			142	94	24	23	1		

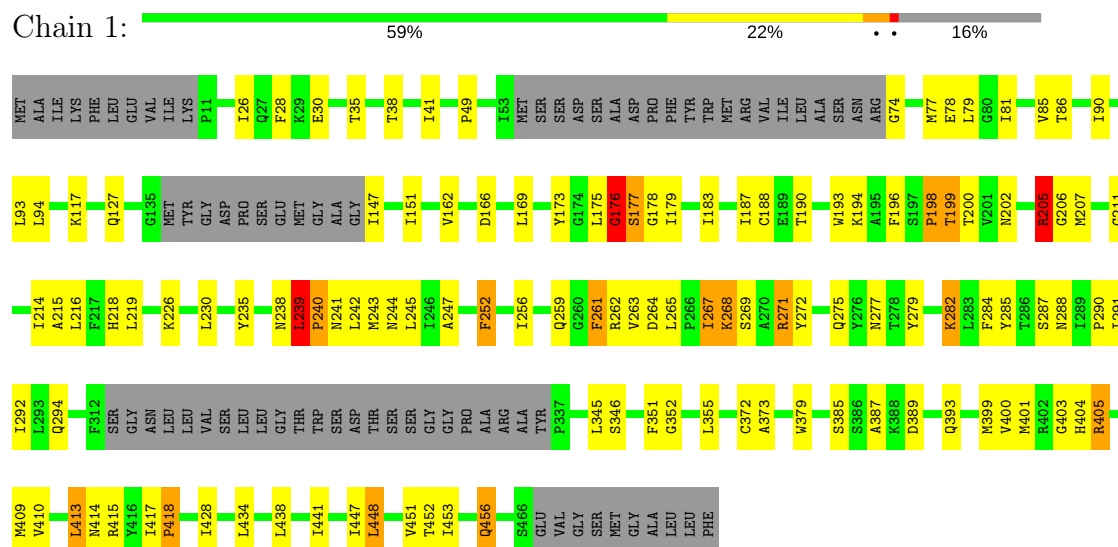
- Molecule 4 is a protein called Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
4	3	32	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			160	96	32	32		

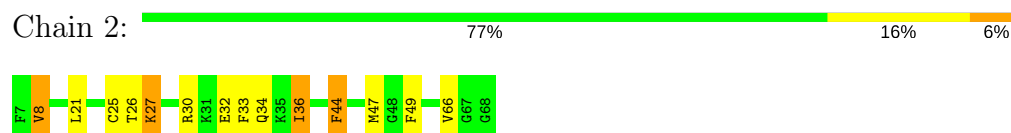
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

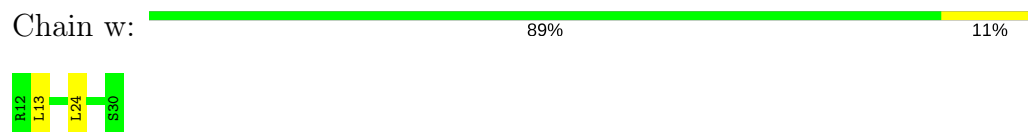
- Molecule 1: Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit alpha isoform 1



- Molecule 2: Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit gamma



- Molecule 3: Prolactin



- Molecule 4: Protein transport protein Sec61 subunit beta



There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
Reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	Depositor
Number of particles used	101339	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	Depositor
CTF correction method	Not provided	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	27	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3500	Depositor
Magnification	104478	Depositor
Image detector	FEI Falcon II	Depositor

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	1	0.58	1/3179 (0.0%)	0.81	7/4305 (0.2%)
2	2	0.55	0/504	0.70	0/673
3	w	0.51	0/141	0.55	0/191
All	All	0.58	1/3824 (0.0%)	0.79	7/5169 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	1	0	2

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	1	267	ILE	C-N	14.16	1.66	1.34

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	1	267	ILE	O-C-N	-18.12	93.71	122.70
1	1	282	LYS	O-C-N	12.99	143.48	122.70
1	1	282	LYS	CA-C-N	-10.13	94.92	117.20
1	1	405	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	7.34	123.97	120.30
1	1	282	LYS	C-N-CA	-6.78	104.76	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	1	176	GLY	Peptide

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	1	198	PRO	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	1	3115	0	3246	125	0
2	2	494	0	527	27	0
3	w	142	0	168	0	0
4	3	160	0	34	0	0
All	All	3911	0	3975	128	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 128 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:1:74:GLY:N	1:1:78:GLU:OE2	1.75	1.18
1:1:187:ILE:CG2	2:2:47:MET:HG3	1.76	1.16
1:1:267:ILE:CD1	1:1:279:TYR:HB2	1.79	1.13
1:1:267:ILE:HD12	1:1:279:TYR:HB2	1.18	1.10
1:1:268:LYS:HD2	1:1:269:SER:O	1.53	1.05

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	393/476 (83%)	333 (85%)	47 (12%)	13 (3%)	4	38
2	2	60/62 (97%)	49 (82%)	6 (10%)	5 (8%)	1	13
3	w	17/19 (90%)	15 (88%)	1 (6%)	1 (6%)	2	23
All	All	470/557 (84%)	397 (84%)	54 (12%)	19 (4%)	6	32

5 of 19 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	1	205	ARG
1	1	287	SER
1	1	288	ASN
2	2	8	VAL
1	1	239	LEU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	339/398 (85%)	315 (93%)	24 (7%)	17	55
2	2	53/53 (100%)	49 (92%)	4 (8%)	16	53
3	w	18/18 (100%)	17 (94%)	1 (6%)	25	63
All	All	410/469 (87%)	381 (93%)	29 (7%)	22	55

5 of 29 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	1	290	PRO
1	1	355	LEU
2	2	32	GLU
1	1	294	GLN
1	1	389	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	1	218	HIS
1	1	404	HIS
1	1	414	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.