



## wwPDB/EMDataBank EM Map/Model Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 2, 2017 – 11:46 am GMT

PDB ID : 3JD7  
EMDB ID: : EMD-6637  
Title : The novel asymmetric entry intermediate of a picornavirus captured with nanodiscs  
Authors : Lee, H.; Shingler, K.L.; Organtini, L.J.; Ashley, R.E.; Makhov, A.M.; Conway, J.F.; Hafenstein, S.  
Deposited on : 2016-04-29  
Resolution : 3.90 Å (reported)  
Based on PDB ID : 1COV

This is a wwPDB/EMDataBank EM Map/Model Validation Summary Report  
for a publicly released PDB/EMDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/EMValidationReportHelp>  
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et. al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc29047

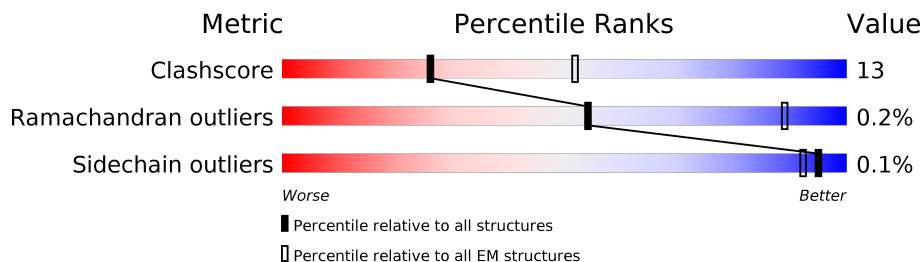
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	125131	1336
Ramachandran outliers	121729	1120
Sidechain outliers	121581	1026

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	1	281	
2	2	263	
3	3	238	
4	4	68	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	PLM	1	301	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6403 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Capsid protein VP1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	1	270	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2139	1348	376	407	8		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Capsid protein VP2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	2	256	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1973	1247	335	375	16		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
2	151	THR	SER	CONFLICT	UNP Q66282
2	245	VAL	ILE	CONFLICT	UNP Q66282

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Capsid protein VP3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	3	238	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1837	1174	294	352	17		

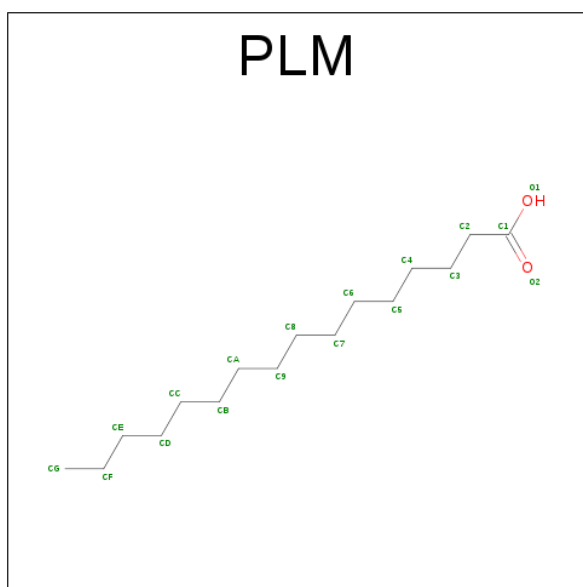
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
3	234	GLU	GLN	CONFLICT	UNP Q66282

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Capsid protein VP4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	4	56	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			436	271	75	89	1		

- Molecule 5 is PALMITIC ACID (three-letter code: PLM) (formula: C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>32</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).

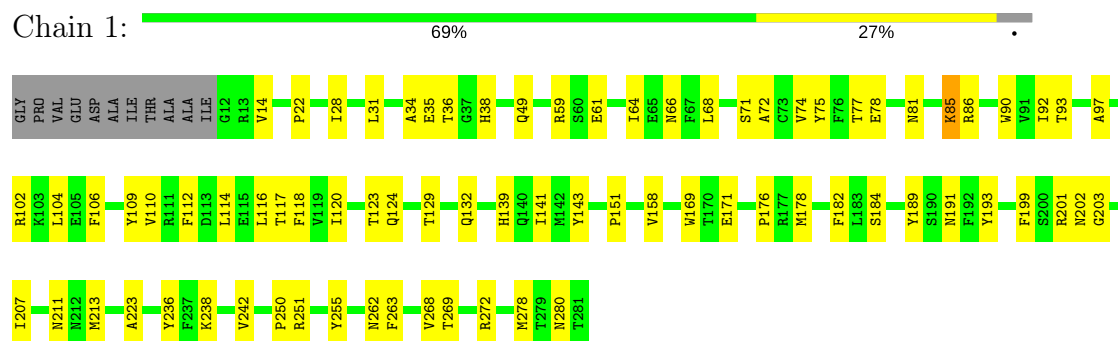


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
5	1	1	Total	C	O	0
			18	16	2	

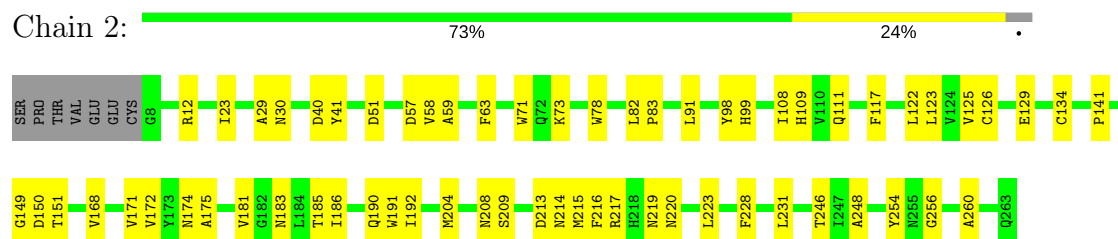
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

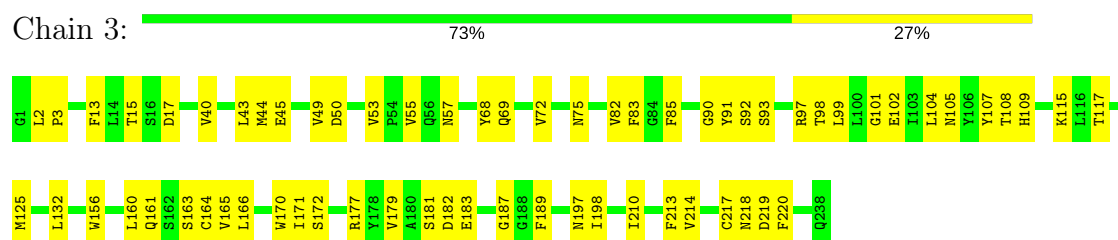
#### • Molecule 1: Capsid protein VP1



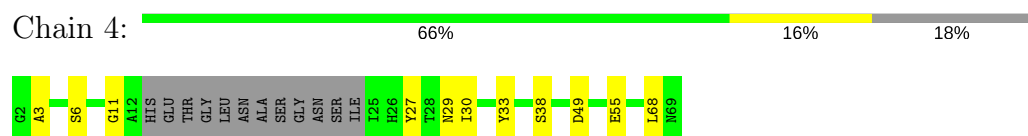
#### • Molecule 2: Capsid protein VP2



#### • Molecule 3: Capsid protein VP3



#### • Molecule 4: Capsid protein VP4



## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
Reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	57203	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143	Depositor
CTF correction method	Each particle	Depositor
Microscope	FEI POLARA 300	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	Not provided	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1362	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	5875	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON II (4k x 4k)	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PLM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	1	0.45	0/2198	0.51	0/2999
2	2	0.45	0/2025	0.53	0/2770
3	3	0.47	0/1888	0.50	0/2573
4	4	0.40	0/443	0.49	0/597
All	All	0.45	0/6554	0.51	0/8939

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	1	2139	0	2072	81	0
2	2	1973	0	1906	48	0
3	3	1837	0	1766	59	0
4	4	436	0	422	8	0
5	1	18	0	31	26	0
All	All	6403	0	6197	160	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

The worst 5 of 160 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:1:116:LEU:HD11	5:1:301:PLM:HC2	1.16	1.13
1:1:213:MET:HE1	5:1:301:PLM:H71	1.14	1.13
1:1:114:LEU:CD1	5:1:301:PLM:H82	1.85	1.06
1:1:92:ILE:HD13	5:1:301:PLM:HA1	1.07	1.05
1:1:213:MET:CE	5:1:301:PLM:H71	1.86	1.05

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	268/281 (95%)	260 (97%)	8 (3%)	0	100	100
2	2	254/263 (97%)	243 (96%)	10 (4%)	1 (0%)	38	76
3	3	236/238 (99%)	229 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
4	4	52/68 (76%)	49 (94%)	2 (4%)	1 (2%)	9	50
All	All	810/850 (95%)	781 (96%)	27 (3%)	2 (0%)	54	84

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	2	150	ASP
4	4	11	GLY

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	1	237/244 (97%)	236 (100%)	1 (0%)	93	96
2	2	218/225 (97%)	218 (100%)	0	100	100
3	3	206/206 (100%)	206 (100%)	0	100	100
4	4	48/57 (84%)	48 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	709/732 (97%)	708 (100%)	1 (0%)	95	97

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	1	85	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	2	95	ASN
2	2	109	HIS
3	3	105	ASN
1	1	208	ASN
3	3	56	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
5	PLM	1	301	-	14,17,17	0.66	0	13,17,17	2.07	3 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	PLM	1	301	-	-	0/13/15/15	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	1	301	PLM	C6-C5-C4	-2.30	102.61	114.45
5	1	301	PLM	C5-C4-C3	2.95	129.63	114.45
5	1	301	PLM	C7-C6-C5	5.60	143.32	114.45

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 26 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	1	301	PLM	26	0

## 5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.