



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 14, 2017 – 12:13 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4KCU
Title : Pyruvate kinase (PYK) from Trypanosoma brucei soaked with D-Malate
Authors : Zhong, W.; Morgan, H.P.; McNae, I.W.; Michels, P.A.M.; Fothergill-Gilmore, L.A.; Walkinshaw, M.D.
Deposited on : 2013-04-24
Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : trunk28620
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

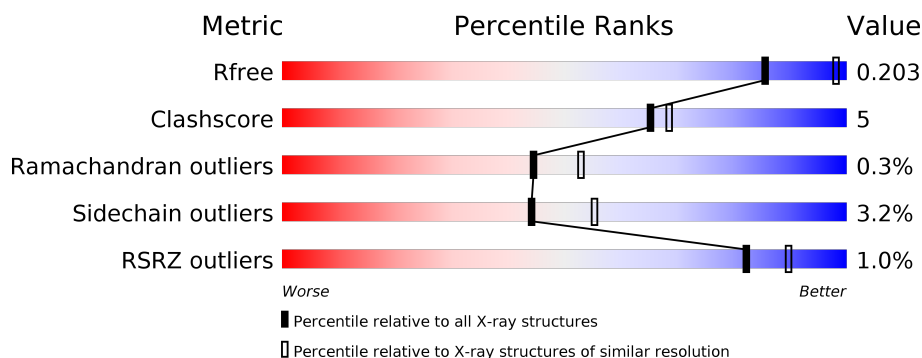
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	1522 (2.38-2.34)
Clashscore	112137	1626 (2.38-2.34)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	1605 (2.38-2.34)
Sidechain outliers	110143	1606 (2.38-2.34)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1528 (2.38-2.34)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	499	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 1%, orange 1%, yellow 1%, green 86%, grey 12%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> % 86% 12% </div> </div>
1	B	499	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 1%, orange 1%, yellow 1%, green 89%, grey 10%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> % 89% 10% </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	MLT	A	1003	-	-	-	X
4	MLT	B	503	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8133 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Pyruvate kinase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	498	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			3812	2372	682	727	31			
1	B	498	Total	C	N	O	S	0	5	0
			3819	2378	680	730	31			

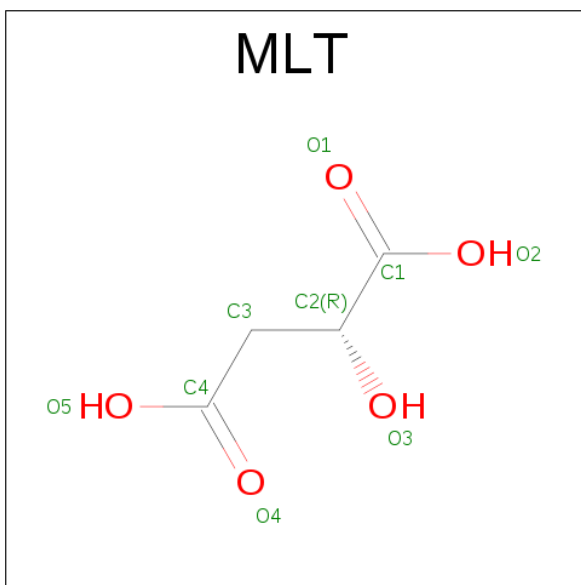
- Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

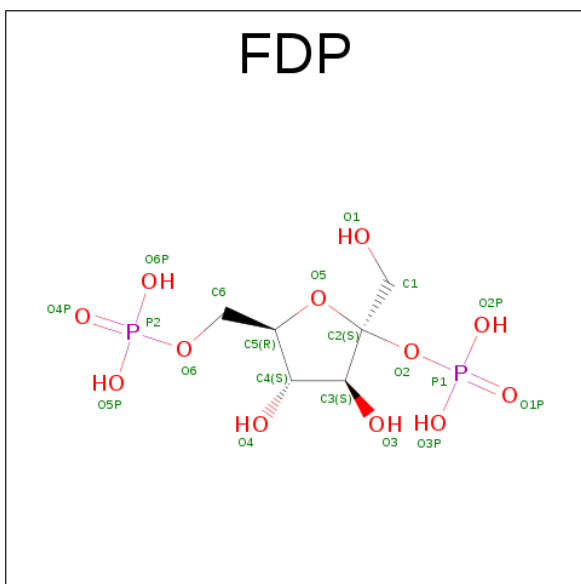
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	K	0	0
			1	1		
3	A	1	Total	K	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is D-MALATE (three-letter code: MLT) (formula: C₄H₆O₅).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			9	4	5		
4	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			9	4	5		

- Molecule 5 is SUGAR (FRUCTOSE-2,6-DIPHOSPHATE) (three-letter code: FDP) (formula: $C_6H_{14}O_{12}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	P	0	0
			20	6	12	2		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	O	P	0	0
			20	6	12	2		

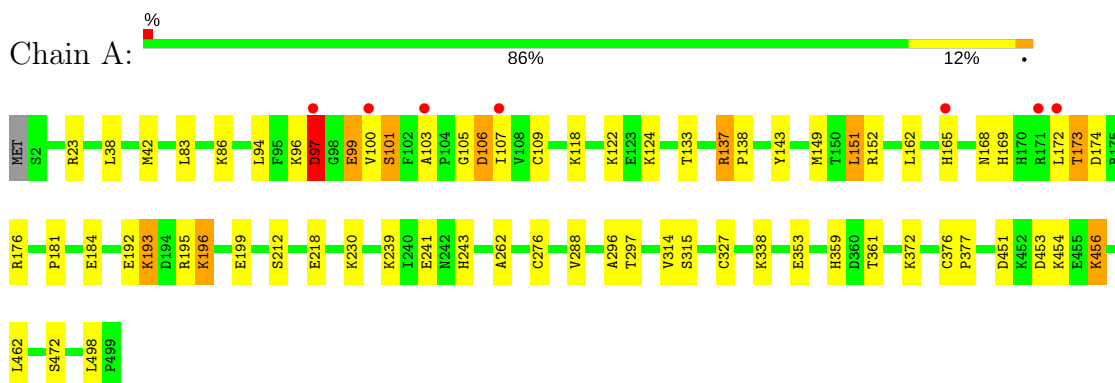
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	249	Total	O	0	0
			249	249		
6	B	191	Total	O	0	0
			191	191		

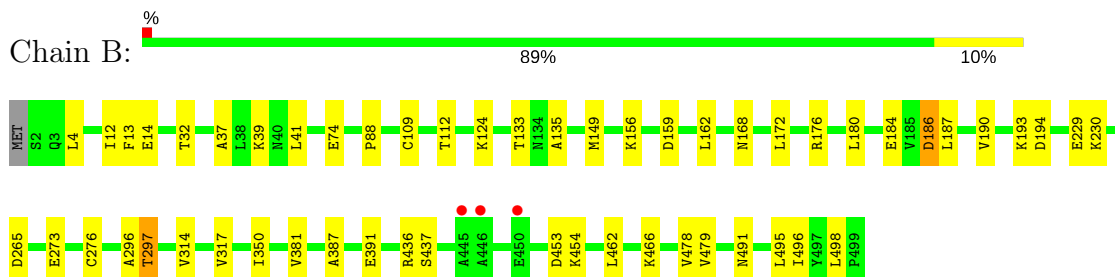
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Pyruvate kinase 1



• Molecule 1: Pyruvate kinase 1



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 2 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	103.37Å 108.27Å 265.19Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	67.18 – 2.35 67.18 – 2.35	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (67.18-2.35) 99.9 (67.18-2.35)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.72 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.160 , 0.206 0.158 , 0.203	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3146 reflections (5.33%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	32.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.116	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 33.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.016 for -k,-h,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	8133	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.79% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FDP, MG, K, MLT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.63	0/3877	0.56	0/5240
1	B	0.64	0/3890	0.56	0/5257
All	All	0.63	0/7767	0.56	0/10497

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	296	ALA	Peptide
1	A	99	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3812	0	3873	42	0
1	B	3819	0	3885	35	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	9	0	3	1	0
4	B	9	0	4	1	0
5	A	20	0	10	0	0
5	B	20	0	10	0	0
6	A	249	0	0	2	0
6	B	191	0	0	1	0
All	All	8133	0	7785	72	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (72) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:149:MET:HE2	1:A:151:LEU:HD21	1.46	0.97
1:A:103:ALA:O	1:A:106:ASP:HB2	1.69	0.93
1:A:149:MET:CE	1:A:151:LEU:HD21	2.06	0.85
1:B:479:VAL:HG21	1:B:496:ILE:HD12	1.60	0.82
1:A:276[B]:CYS:SG	1:B:314:VAL:HG12	2.19	0.81
1:B:12:ILE:HD11	1:B:13:PHE:CE2	2.24	0.71
1:A:173:THR:HG23	1:A:176:ARG:HD2	1.74	0.70
1:A:105:GLY:HA2	1:A:165:HIS:CE1	2.28	0.69
1:A:359:HIS:HD2	1:A:361:THR:H	1.46	0.63
1:A:453:ASP:C	1:A:454:LYS:HG2	2.19	0.61
1:A:96:LYS:O	1:A:97:ASP:HB2	1.99	0.60
1:B:453:ASP:C	1:B:454:LYS:HG2	2.21	0.60
1:A:241:GLU:HG2	1:A:262:ALA:HB3	1.83	0.60
1:B:190:VAL:HG23	1:B:194:ASP:HB2	1.86	0.57
1:A:451:ASP:OD1	1:A:456:LYS:HB2	2.04	0.57
1:B:176:ARG:HA	1:B:176:ARG:NE	2.22	0.54
1:B:190:VAL:HG23	1:B:194:ASP:CB	2.38	0.54
1:A:86:LYS:HD2	1:A:193:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.54
1:B:387:ALA:O	1:B:391[B]:GLU:HG2	2.09	0.53
1:B:172:LEU:HD22	1:B:176:ARG:HG3	1.90	0.53
1:A:195:ARG:NH2	1:A:199:GLU:OE1	2.42	0.53
1:A:243:HIS:CE1	1:B:13:PHE:CE2	2.97	0.53

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:456:LYS:HE2	6:A:1327:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:105:GLY:O	1:A:107:ILE:HD12	2.10	0.51
1:A:149:MET:CE	1:A:151:LEU:CD2	2.84	0.51
1:B:133:THR:HB	1:B:156:LYS:HD2	1.94	0.50
1:A:133:THR:HG22	1:A:162:LEU:HG	1.92	0.50
1:A:288:VAL:HG23	1:B:4:LEU:HD21	1.94	0.49
4:A:1003:MLT:H2	6:A:1143:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:83:LEU:HD23	1:A:83:LEU:C	2.34	0.48
1:B:265:ASP:N	4:B:503:MLT:O1	2.39	0.48
1:B:296:ALA:O	1:B:297:THR:HB	2.14	0.47
1:B:149:MET:HA	1:B:168:ASN:HD21	1.80	0.47
1:A:212:SER:HA	1:A:239:LYS:HD3	1.97	0.47
1:B:186:ASP:CG	1:B:186:ASP:O	2.53	0.47
1:A:38:LEU:O	1:A:42:MET:HG3	2.16	0.46
1:A:462:LEU:HD22	1:A:498:LEU:CD2	2.45	0.46
1:A:100:VAL:HG11	1:A:122:LYS:CA	2.45	0.46
1:A:109:CYS:O	1:A:124:LYS:HA	2.15	0.46
1:B:109:CYS:O	1:B:124:LYS:HA	2.16	0.46
1:A:314:VAL:HG12	1:B:276[B]:CYS:SG	2.56	0.46
1:A:137:ARG:HB3	1:A:138:PRO:CD	2.46	0.45
1:B:39:LYS:HE3	1:B:74:GLU:OE1	2.16	0.45
1:A:353:GLU:HG3	1:B:273:GLU:CG	2.47	0.45
1:B:41:LEU:HA	1:B:41:LEU:HD23	1.78	0.45
1:A:137:ARG:CB	1:A:138:PRO:CD	2.94	0.44
1:B:135:ALA:HB2	6:B:733:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:243:HIS:CE1	1:B:13:PHE:HE2	2.34	0.44
1:B:498:LEU:HD23	1:B:498:LEU:HA	1.79	0.44
1:B:12:ILE:CD1	1:B:13:PHE:CE2	2.98	0.44
1:A:149:MET:HE3	1:A:151:LEU:CD2	2.47	0.44
1:A:338:LYS:HE3	1:A:338:LYS:HB3	1.68	0.44
1:B:176:ARG:HA	1:B:176:ARG:HE	1.83	0.43
1:A:143:TYR:CE1	1:A:181:PRO:HG2	2.54	0.43
1:A:376[B]:CYS:HB2	1:A:377:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:B:156:LYS:HA	1:B:162:LEU:HD23	2.00	0.43
1:B:436:ARG:O	1:B:437:SER:HB2	2.19	0.43
1:A:149:MET:HA	1:A:168:ASN:HD21	1.84	0.43
1:A:99:GLU:HA	1:A:172:LEU:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:317:VAL:HB	1:B:350:ILE:HG21	2.02	0.42
1:B:88:PRO:HB2	1:B:187:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
1:B:462:LEU:HD22	1:B:498:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:A:94:LEU:HB2	1:A:118:LYS:HA	2.01	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:100:VAL:HG12	1:A:101:SER:N	2.36	0.41
1:A:100:VAL:HG11	1:A:122:LYS:N	2.36	0.41
1:B:478:VAL:HG22	1:B:495:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41
1:B:159:ASP:N	1:B:159:ASP:OD1	2.54	0.41
1:B:32:THR:HA	1:B:37:ALA:HB1	2.03	0.41
1:A:196:LYS:HB3	1:A:196:LYS:HE2	1.83	0.41
1:A:23:ARG:O	1:A:327:CYS:HA	2.21	0.41
1:B:381:VAL:HG21	1:B:491:ASN:HA	2.03	0.41
1:A:173:THR:OG1	1:A:174:ASP:N	2.54	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	499/499 (100%)	473 (95%)	24 (5%)	2 (0%)	38	44
1	B	501/499 (100%)	487 (97%)	13 (3%)	1 (0%)	51	61
All	All	1000/998 (100%)	960 (96%)	37 (4%)	3 (0%)	44	53

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	297	THR
1	B	297	THR
1	A	97	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	425/423 (100%)	407 (96%)	18 (4%)	34	43
1	B	427/423 (101%)	418 (98%)	9 (2%)	59	72
All	All	852/846 (101%)	825 (97%)	27 (3%)	44	55

All (27) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	97	ASP
1	A	101	SER
1	A	106	ASP
1	A	137	ARG
1	A	151	LEU
1	A	152	ARG
1	A	169	HIS
1	A	173	THR
1	A	184	GLU
1	A	192	GLU
1	A	193	LYS
1	A	196	LYS
1	A	218	GLU
1	A	230	LYS
1	A	315	SER
1	A	372	LYS
1	A	456	LYS
1	A	472	SER
1	B	14	GLU
1	B	112	THR
1	B	180	LEU
1	B	184	GLU
1	B	186	ASP
1	B	193	LYS
1	B	229	GLU
1	B	230	LYS
1	B	466	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	131	GLN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	165	HIS
1	A	243	HIS
1	A	359	HIS
1	B	168	ASN
1	B	204	GLN
1	B	359	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
4	MLT	A	1003	2	2,8,8	0.69	0	4,10,10	3.94	2 (50%)
5	FDP	A	1004	-	20,20,20	0.93	1 (5%)	30,32,32	0.91	1 (3%)
4	MLT	B	503	-	2,8,8	2.32	1 (50%)	4,10,10	2.00	2 (50%)
5	FDP	B	504	-	20,20,20	1.40	2 (10%)	30,32,32	0.94	2 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical

component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	MLT	A	1003	2	-	0/2/8/8	0/0/0/0
5	FDP	A	1004	-	-	0/12/34/34	0/1/1/1
4	MLT	B	503	-	-	0/2/8/8	0/0/0/0
5	FDP	B	504	-	-	0/12/34/34	0/1/1/1

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
5	A	1004	FDP	O5-C5	2.38	1.49	1.43
4	B	503	MLT	C3-C2	2.61	1.57	1.53
5	B	504	FDP	O5-C5	3.59	1.51	1.43
5	B	504	FDP	P1-O2	4.11	1.66	1.59

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	1003	MLT	C4-C3-C2	-7.31	104.60	113.96
4	B	503	MLT	C4-C3-C2	-3.31	109.73	113.96
5	B	504	FDP	C6-C5-C4	-2.08	107.36	115.29
4	B	503	MLT	O3-C2-C3	2.24	113.58	108.65
5	B	504	FDP	O6-P2-O4P	2.27	112.84	106.47
5	A	1004	FDP	O6-P2-O4P	2.46	113.37	106.47
4	A	1003	MLT	C3-C2-C1	2.48	114.39	111.11

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1003	MLT	1	0
4	B	503	MLT	1	0

5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	498/499 (99%)	-0.20	7 (1%) 75 84	16, 32, 93, 125	0
1	B	498/499 (99%)	-0.34	3 (0%) 89 94	17, 33, 58, 88	0
All	All	996/998 (99%)	-0.27	10 (1%) 82 90	16, 32, 75, 125	0

All (10) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	172	LEU	4.2
1	B	446	ALA	3.2
1	A	171	ARG	2.9
1	A	165	HIS	2.8
1	B	450	GLU	2.6
1	B	445	ALA	2.5
1	A	100	VAL	2.1
1	A	97	ASP	2.0
1	A	107	ILE	2.0
1	A	103	ALA	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	MLT	A	1003	9/9	0.95	0.21	7.92	32,39,57,68	0
4	MLT	B	503	9/9	0.83	0.22	7.32	42,60,92,93	0
5	FDP	B	504	20/20	0.99	0.10	-0.51	23,26,31,32	0
5	FDP	A	1004	20/20	0.99	0.12	-0.75	19,22,28,29	0
3	K	A	1002	1/1	0.99	0.08	-1.82	36,36,36,36	0
3	K	B	502	1/1	0.98	0.09	-2.39	44,44,44,44	0
2	MG	B	501	1/1	0.93	0.28	-	62,62,62,62	0
2	MG	A	1001	1/1	0.97	0.05	-	34,34,34,34	0

6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.