



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

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PDB ID : 2KGS
Title : Solution structure of the amino-terminal domain of OmpATb, a pore forming protein from Mycobacterium tuberculosis
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Deposited on : 2009-03-18

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : trunk28760
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

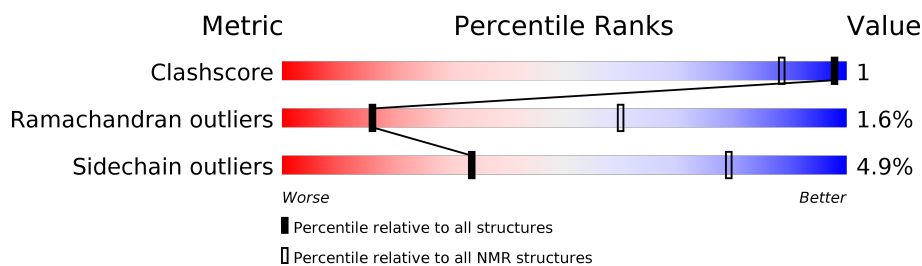
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 71%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	125131	11601
Ramachandran outliers	121729	10391
Sidechain outliers	121581	10367

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	132	 84% • 13%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:79-A:193 (115)	0.23	4

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 6 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 5
2	3, 4
Single-model clusters	1; 6; 7; 8; 9; 10

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1927 atoms, of which 970 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Uncharacterized protein Rv0899/MT0922.

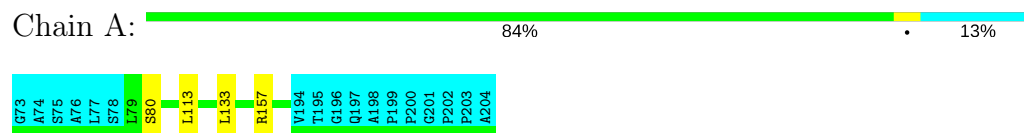
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	132	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1927	602	970	161	192	2	

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

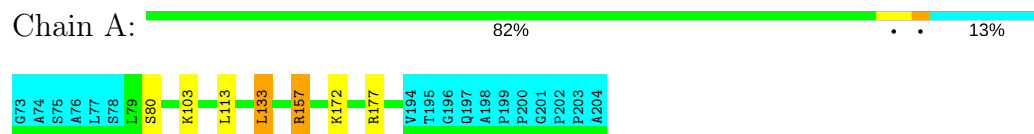
- Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein Rv0899/MT0922



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 4. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Uncharacterized protein Rv0899/MT0922



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *DGSA-distance geometry simulated annealing, minimization*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
AMBER	refinement	8
CYANA	structure solution	2.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 16237
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2296
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1237
Number of unparsed shifts	54
Number of shifts with mapping errors	1005
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	71%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.61±0.02	0±0/869 (0.0±0.0%)	1.13±0.40	2±2/1190 (0.1±0.2%)
All	All	0.61	1/8690 (0.0%)	1.20	15/11900 (0.1%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	193	GLU	CG-CD	6.67	1.61	1.51	10	1

5 of 10 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	185	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-38.90	83.29	118.30	10	1
1	A	193	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	37.04	167.74	123.30	10	1
1	A	185	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-36.70	85.27	118.30	10	1
1	A	185	ASP	OD1-CG-OD2	23.82	168.56	123.30	10	1
1	A	193	GLU	CG-CD-OE1	-17.34	83.62	118.30	10	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	853	866	864	1±1

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	8530	8660	8640	9

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

5 of 7 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:133:LEU:H	1:A:133:LEU:HD12	0.64	1.51	9	2
1:A:133:LEU:HD12	1:A:133:LEU:H	0.63	1.54	6	1
1:A:182:THR:HG23	1:A:183:TRP:CD2	0.54	2.37	10	1
1:A:124:ILE:HD12	1:A:124:ILE:H	0.49	1.67	2	1
1:A:133:LEU:H	1:A:133:LEU:CD1	0.45	2.25	4	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	115/132 (87%)	106±1 (92±1%)	7±1 (6±1%)	2±0 (2±0%)	16	60
All	All	1150/1320 (87%)	1063 (92%)	69 (6%)	18 (2%)	16	60

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	157	ARG	10
1	A	80	SER	8

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	97/107 (91%)	92±2 (95±2%)	5±2 (5±2%)	33	79
All	All	970/1070 (91%)	922 (95%)	48 (5%)	33	79

5 of 21 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	113	LEU	8
1	A	133	LEU	5
1	A	134	ASP	4
1	A	127	ASP	4
1	A	80	SER	3

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 71% for the well-defined parts and 71% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 16237

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2296
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1237
Number of unparsed shifts	54
Number of shifts with mapping errors	1005
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	5

The following errors were found when reading this chemical shift list.

- Chemical shift has been reported more than once. First 5 (of 54) occurrences are reported below.

Shift ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1356	A	146	VAL	H	7.488	.	1
1357	A	146	VAL	HA	3.994	.	1
1358	A	146	VAL	HB	2.355	.	1
1359	A	146	VAL	HG11	1.061	.	2
1360	A	146	VAL	HG12	1.061	.	2

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- Residue not found in structure. First 5 (of 1005) occurrences are reported below.

Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
A	221	ASP	C	174.8	-1.0	1
A	254	ASN	N	131.7	-1.0	1

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Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
				Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
A	243	ARG	HG3	2.127	-1.0	2
A	139	LEU	HG	1.547	-1.0	1
A	198	ASN	H	8.411	-1.0	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	191	2.14 ± 0.10	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	181	2.73 ± 0.13	Should be applied
$^{13}\text{C}'$	193	2.43 ± 0.11	Should be applied
^{15}N	230	-0.70 ± 0.65	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 71%, i.e. 940 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1316. 0 out of 23 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	519/559 (93%)	222/222 (100%)	190/230 (83%)	107/107 (100%)
Sidechain	421/693 (61%)	329/400 (82%)	92/270 (34%)	0/23 (0%)
Aromatic	0/64 (0%)	0/34 (0%)	0/25 (0%)	0/5 (0%)
Overall	940/1316 (71%)	551/656 (84%)	282/525 (54%)	107/135 (79%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	168	LEU	CB	25.03	51.69 – 32.89	-9.2
1	A	225	THR	CB	57.32	78.10 – 61.30	-7.4
1	A	83	SER	CB	54.64	71.24 – 56.34	-6.1
1	A	161	THR	CB	59.80	78.10 – 61.30	-5.9
1	A	230	SER	CB	55.73	71.24 – 56.34	-5.4

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

