



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Sep 21, 2017 – 10:57 AM EDT

PDB ID : 5M22  
Title : Crystal structure of hydroquinone 1,2-dioxygenase from *Sphingomonas* sp. TTNP3  
Authors : Ferraroni, M.; Da Vela, S.; Scozzafava, A.; Kolvenbach, B.; Corvini, P.F.X.  
Deposited on : unknown  
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	rb-20029824
Percentile statistics	:	20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20029824

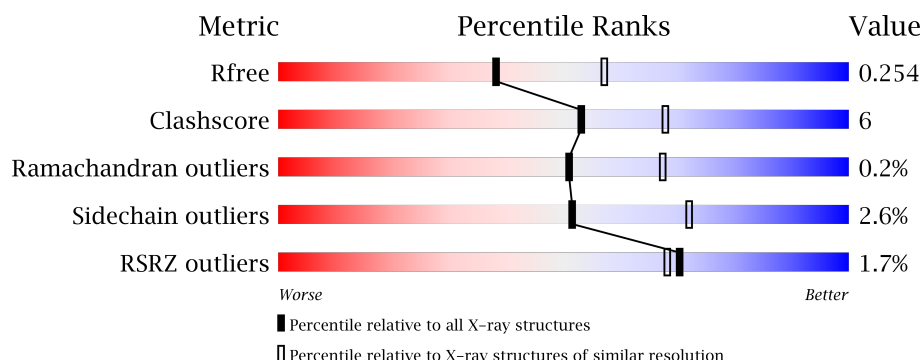
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	3166 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	112137	3674 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	3616 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	110143	3617 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	101464	3195 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	170	<div> <div>2%</div> <div>88%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
1	C	170	<div> <div>%</div> <div>88%</div> <div>10%</div> <div>.</div> </div>
1	E	170	<div> <div>4%</div> <div>86%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
1	G	170	<div> <div>%</div> <div>84%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
2	B	341	<div> <div>89%</div> <div>6%</div> <div>5%</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	D	341	<div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>3%</div><div>83%</div><div>11%</div><div>• 5%</div></div></div>
2	F	341	<div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>%</div><div>82%</div><div>13%</div><div>•</div></div></div>
2	H	341	<div><div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div><div><div>2%</div><div>83%</div><div>13%</div><div>• •</div></div></div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 15986 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hydroquinone dioxygenase small subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	166	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1271	806	216	243	6			
1	C	166	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1282	811	216	249	6			
1	E	167	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1275	808	213	248	6			
1	G	164	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1248	793	210	239	6			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Hydroquinone dioxygenase large subunit.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	325	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2558	1623	447	474	14			
2	D	325	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2536	1602	442	478	14			
2	F	326	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			2558	1619	448	476	15			
2	H	331	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2577	1632	451	480	14			

- Molecule 3 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	H	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		
3	B	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		
3	D	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		
3	F	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		

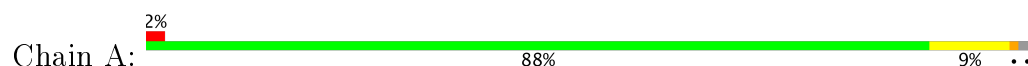
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	50	Total 50	O 50	0	0
4	B	126	Total 126	O 126	0	0
4	C	59	Total 59	O 59	0	0
4	D	126	Total 126	O 126	0	0
4	E	52	Total 52	O 52	0	0
4	F	109	Total 109	O 109	0	0
4	G	29	Total 29	O 29	0	0
4	H	126	Total 126	O 126	0	0

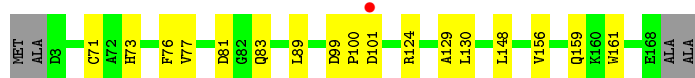
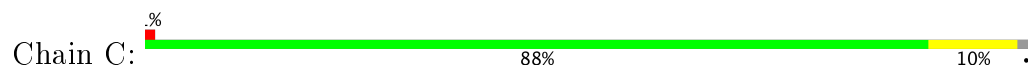
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

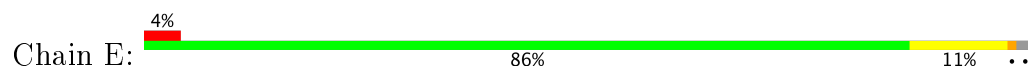
- Molecule 1: Hydroquinone dioxygenase small subunit



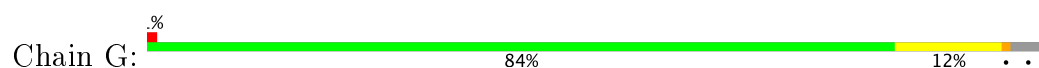
- Molecule 1: Hydroquinone dioxygenase small subunit



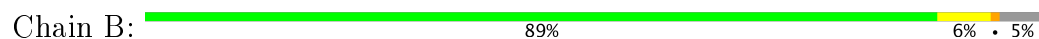
- Molecule 1: Hydroquinone dioxygenase small subunit



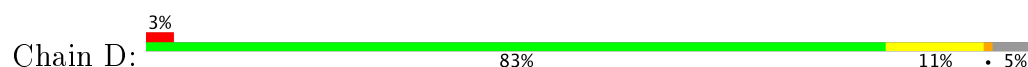
- Molecule 1: Hydroquinone dioxygenase small subunit

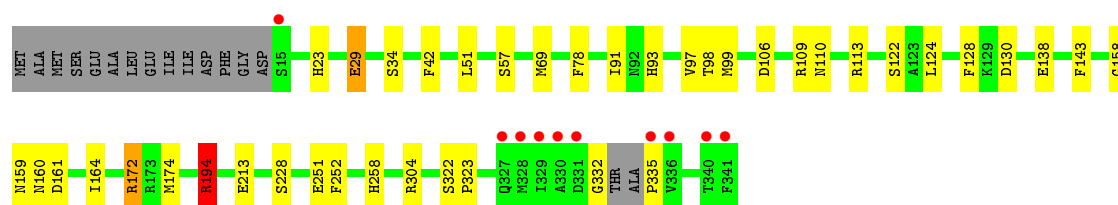


- Molecule 2: Hydroquinone dioxygenase large subunit

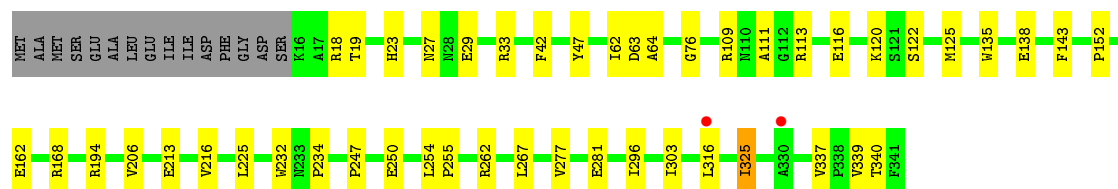
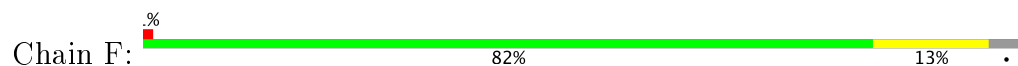


- Molecule 2: Hydroquinone dioxygenase large subunit

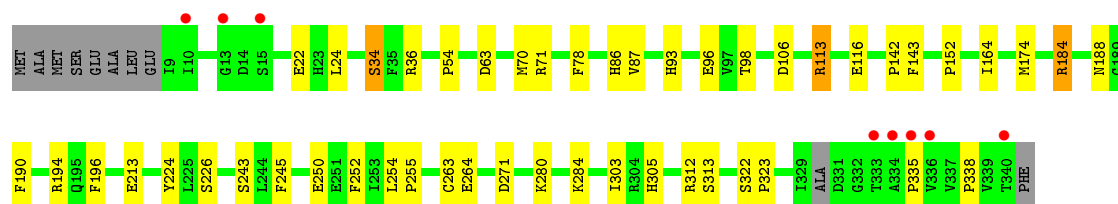
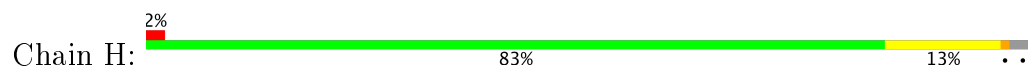




• Molecule 2: Hydroquinone dioxygenase large subunit



• Molecule 2: Hydroquinone dioxygenase large subunit



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	89.33Å 126.09Å 92.97Å 90.00° 105.02° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.40 29.98 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.4 (30.00-2.40) 97.4 (29.98-2.40)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.85 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0073	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.178 , 0.254 0.178 , 0.254	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3643 reflections (5.06%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.483	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 38.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.023 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	15986	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.12% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.59	0/1298	0.75	0/1761
1	C	0.62	0/1309	0.78	0/1775
1	E	0.63	0/1302	0.77	1/1768 (0.1%)
1	G	0.56	0/1275	0.74	1/1730 (0.1%)
2	B	0.64	0/2631	0.79	2/3578 (0.1%)
2	D	0.64	0/2607	0.80	1/3546 (0.0%)
2	F	0.62	0/2633	0.76	0/3580
2	H	0.63	0/2649	0.77	0/3602
All	All	0.62	0/15704	0.77	5/21340 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	194	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.21	123.90	120.30
2	B	184	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.34	123.47	120.30
1	G	89	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.69	128.38	115.30
2	B	72	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.56	123.31	118.30
1	E	138	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.38	117.61	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1271	0	1216	14	0
1	C	1282	0	1226	19	0
1	E	1275	0	1209	15	0
1	G	1248	0	1186	24	0
2	B	2558	0	2419	14	0
2	D	2536	0	2358	44	0
2	F	2558	0	2408	28	0
2	H	2577	0	2396	51	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	F	1	0	0	0	0
3	H	1	0	0	1	0
4	A	50	0	0	0	0
4	B	126	0	0	5	0
4	C	59	0	0	1	0
4	D	126	0	0	7	0
4	E	52	0	0	3	0
4	F	109	0	0	6	0
4	G	29	0	0	2	0
4	H	126	0	0	7	0
All	All	15986	0	14418	183	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 183 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:H:106:ASP:HB3	4:H:586:HOH:O	1.33	1.26
1:C:76:PHE:HD2	2:D:174:MET:HE2	1.23	1.02
1:G:76:PHE:CD1	2:H:174:MET:CE	2.46	0.98
1:C:76:PHE:CD2	2:D:174:MET:HE2	1.99	0.97
2:F:281:GLU:HG3	4:F:599:HOH:O	1.66	0.93

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	164/170 (96%)	154 (94%)	10 (6%)	0	100	100
1	C	164/170 (96%)	151 (92%)	12 (7%)	1 (1%)	28	41
1	E	165/170 (97%)	157 (95%)	8 (5%)	0	100	100
1	G	162/170 (95%)	152 (94%)	10 (6%)	0	100	100
2	B	323/341 (95%)	309 (96%)	14 (4%)	0	100	100
2	D	321/341 (94%)	298 (93%)	22 (7%)	1 (0%)	44	60
2	F	325/341 (95%)	306 (94%)	19 (6%)	0	100	100
2	H	327/341 (96%)	306 (94%)	19 (6%)	2 (1%)	28	41
All	All	1951/2044 (96%)	1833 (94%)	114 (6%)	4 (0%)	51	67

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	252	PHE
2	H	54	PRO
1	C	81	ASP
2	H	252	PHE

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	127/131 (97%)	123 (97%)	4 (3%)	45	66

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	130/131 (99%)	129 (99%)	1 (1%)	85	93
1	E	127/131 (97%)	124 (98%)	3 (2%)	54	74
1	G	124/131 (95%)	120 (97%)	4 (3%)	44	65
2	B	266/284 (94%)	261 (98%)	5 (2%)	62	80
2	D	262/284 (92%)	253 (97%)	9 (3%)	42	63
2	F	266/284 (94%)	259 (97%)	7 (3%)	51	72
2	H	262/284 (92%)	255 (97%)	7 (3%)	50	71
All	All	1564/1660 (94%)	1524 (97%)	40 (3%)	51	72

5 of 40 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	228	SER
2	F	18	ARG
2	H	143	PHE
1	E	12	THR
2	F	122	SER

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 22 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	23	HIS
1	E	28	ASN
1	G	159	GLN
2	D	93	HIS
2	D	160	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	166/170 (97%)	-0.23	3 (1%) 69 66	19, 28, 42, 58	0
1	C	166/170 (97%)	-0.26	1 (0%) 89 87	20, 28, 56, 70	0
1	E	167/170 (98%)	-0.07	7 (4%) 37 35	19, 29, 49, 74	0
1	G	164/170 (96%)	0.03	2 (1%) 79 77	25, 39, 57, 79	0
2	B	325/341 (95%)	-0.46	0 100 100	15, 24, 37, 58	0
2	D	325/341 (95%)	-0.31	10 (3%) 49 47	17, 26, 55, 98	0
2	F	326/341 (95%)	-0.31	2 (0%) 89 87	17, 27, 53, 73	0
2	H	331/341 (97%)	-0.25	8 (2%) 59 56	17, 28, 65, 95	0
All	All	1970/2044 (96%)	-0.27	33 (1%) 70 68	15, 27, 51, 98	0

The worst 5 of 33 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	341	PHE	5.0
1	E	169	ALA	5.0
2	D	331	ASP	3.6
2	H	335	PRO	3.5
1	E	148	LEU	3.5

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	FE	B	401	1/1	1.00	0.13	0.08	24,24,24,24	0
3	FE	H	401	1/1	0.99	0.12	-3.42	25,25,25,25	0
3	FE	F	401	1/1	0.99	0.11	-	24,24,24,24	0
3	FE	D	401	1/1	1.00	0.13	-	26,26,26,26	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.