



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 14, 2017 – 02:29 am GMT

PDB ID : 2OLS  
Title : The crystal structure of the phosphoenolpyruvate synthase from *Neisseria meningitidis*  
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Deposited on : 2007-01-19  
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.9-1692
EDS	:	trunk28620
Percentile statistics	:	20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac	:	5.8.0135
CCP4	:	6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	recalc28949

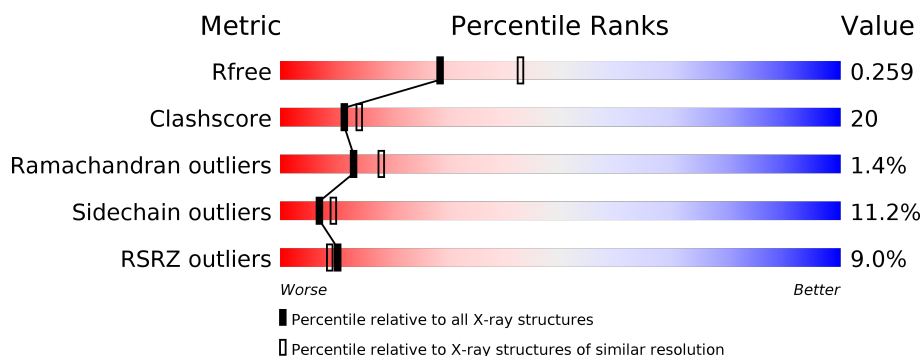
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

## *X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	3166 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	112137	3674 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	3616 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	110143	3617 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	101464	3195 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	794	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>63%</div> <div>23%</div> <div>5%</div> <div>9%</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5994 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Phosphoenolpyruvate synthase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	725	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5584	3518	963	1071	32			

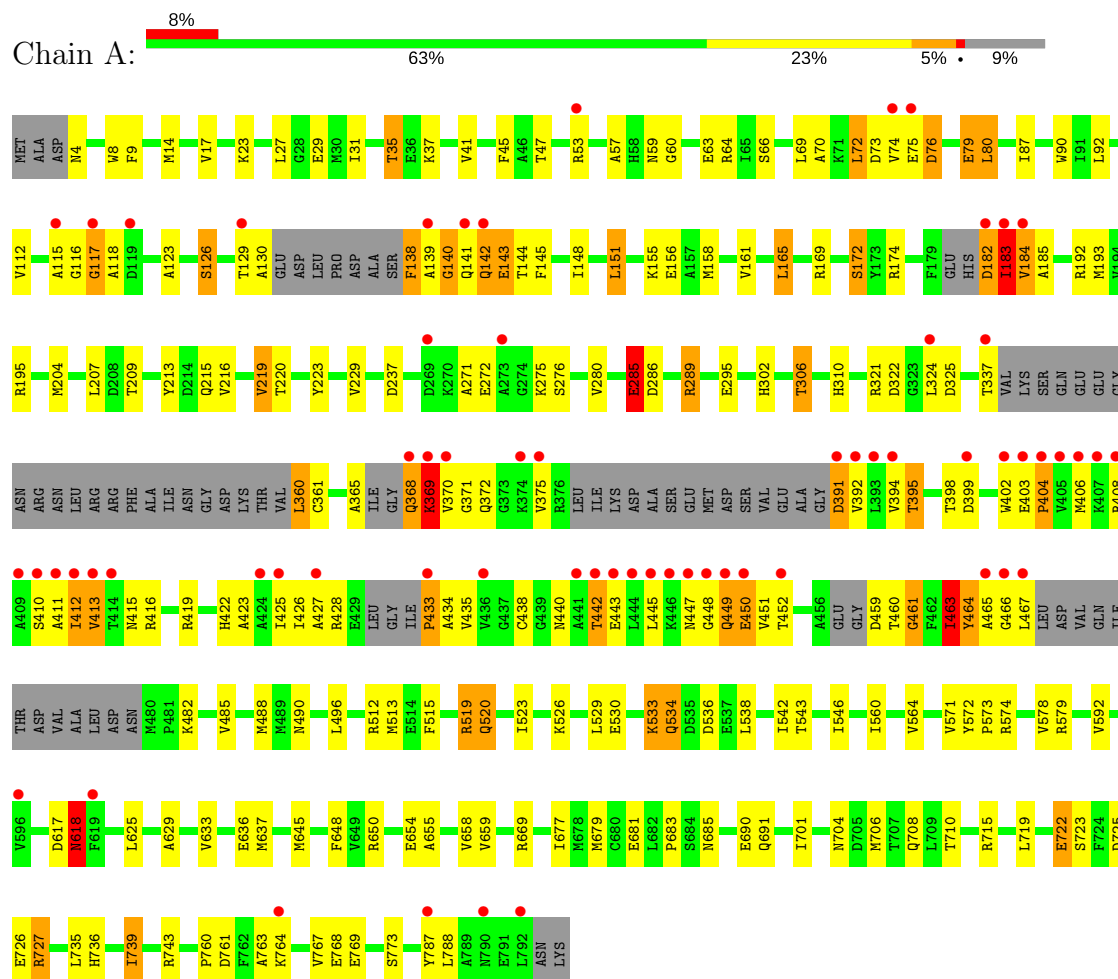
- Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	410	Total	O	0	0
			410	410		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: Phosphoenolpyruvate synthase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	183.05Å 183.05Å 72.25Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.22 – 2.40 48.20 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	88.1 (48.22-2.40) 82.8 (48.20-2.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.44 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.198 , 0.251 0.208 , 0.259	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2166 reflections (5.34%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	40.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.727	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 50.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5994	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	57.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.16% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.79	5/5678 (0.1%)	0.81	7/7669 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	3	7

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	618	ASN	CB-CG	7.70	1.68	1.51
1	A	768	GLU	CG-CD	6.98	1.62	1.51
1	A	295	GLU	CG-CD	5.88	1.60	1.51
1	A	520	GLN	CG-CD	5.15	1.62	1.51
1	A	37	LYS	CD-CE	5.09	1.64	1.51

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	650	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.42	115.59	120.30
1	A	519	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.63	124.11	120.30
1	A	650	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.24	123.92	120.30
1	A	669	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.01	123.31	120.30
1	A	669	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.89	117.36	120.30

All (3) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	183	ILE	CA

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	535	ASP	CA
1	A	543	THR	CB

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	140	GLY	Peptide
1	A	182	ASP	Peptide
1	A	433	PRO	Peptide
1	A	449	GLN	Peptide
1	A	59	ASN	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5584	0	5511	219	0
2	A	410	0	0	45	0
All	All	5994	0	5511	219	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 20.

The worst 5 of 219 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:123:ALA:HB2	1:A:193:MET:CE	1.72	1.17
1:A:182:ASP:CB	1:A:183:ILE:HA	1.71	1.17
1:A:534:GLN:CG	1:A:538:LEU:HD23	1.76	1.15
1:A:534:GLN:HG2	1:A:538:LEU:HD23	1.23	1.13
1:A:182:ASP:HB2	1:A:183:ILE:HA	1.10	1.09

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	707/794 (89%)	661 (94%)	36 (5%)	10 (1%)	13 18

5 of 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	116	GLY
1	A	183	ILE
1	A	369	LYS
1	A	448	GLY
1	A	285	GLU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	589/649 (91%)	523 (89%)	66 (11%)	7 9

5 of 66 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	275	LYS
1	A	368	GLN
1	A	719	LEU
1	A	280	VAL
1	A	306	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 14 such



sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	332	GLN
1	A	447	ASN
1	A	685	ASN
1	A	310	HIS
1	A	672	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	725/794 (91%)	0.50	65 (8%) 10 9	27, 52, 99, 109	0

The worst 5 of 65 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	427	ALA	7.9
1	A	409	ALA	6.9
1	A	392	VAL	6.1
1	A	407	LYS	5.7
1	A	466	GLY	5.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.