



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 28, 2018 – 10:22 AM EST

PDB ID : 2PRL  
Title : The structures of apo- and inhibitor bound human dihydroorotate dehydrogenase reveal conformational flexibility within the inhibitor binding site  
Authors : Walse, B.; Dufe, V.T.; Al-Karadaghi, S.  
Deposited on : 2007-05-04  
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : rb-20030736  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20030736

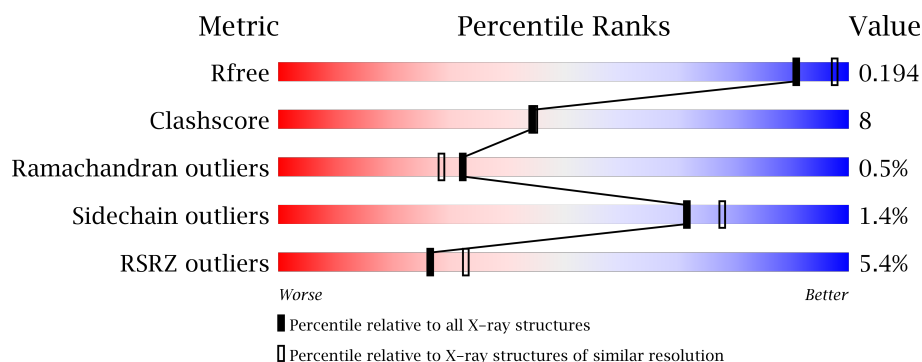
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	4243 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	112137	4788 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	4740 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	110143	4741 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	101464	4275 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	367	<div> <div>5%</div> <div>91%</div> <div>7%</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	ACT	A	402	-	-	-	X
3	ACT	A	403	-	-	-	X

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	R2C	A	400	-	-	X	-
7	DDQ	A	700	-	-	X	X

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3149 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Dihydroorotate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	367	2824	1770	520	529	5	6	5	0

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



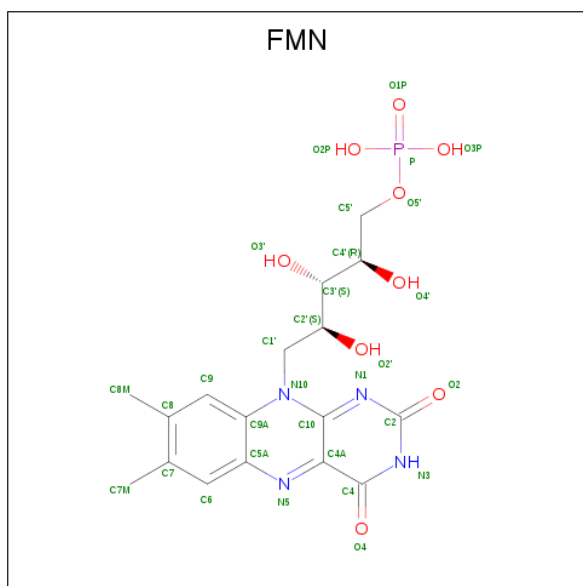
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O	S		
2	A	1	5	4	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).



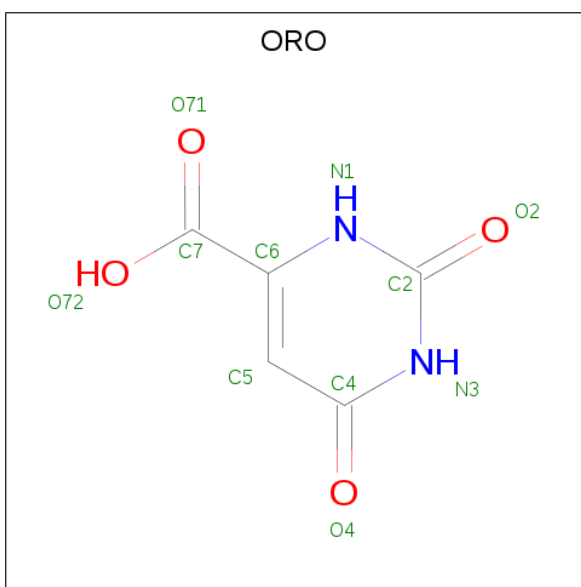
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			4	2	2		

- Molecule 4 is FLAVIN MONONUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FMN) (formula:  $C_{17}H_{21}N_4O_9P$ ).



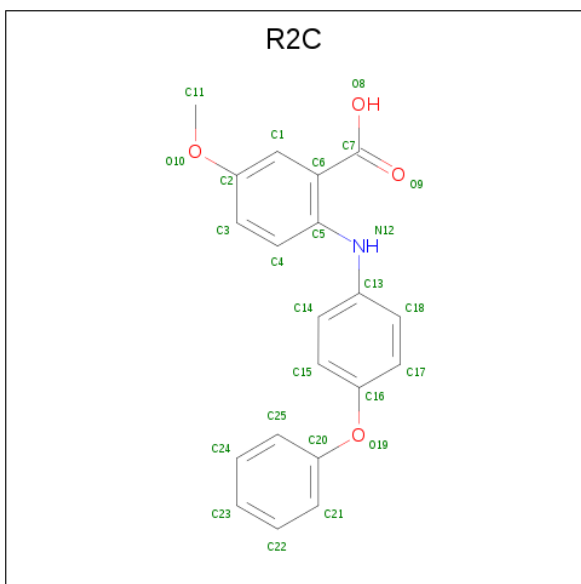
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			31	17	4	9	1		

- Molecule 5 is OROTIC ACID (three-letter code: ORO) (formula:  $C_5H_4N_2O_4$ ).



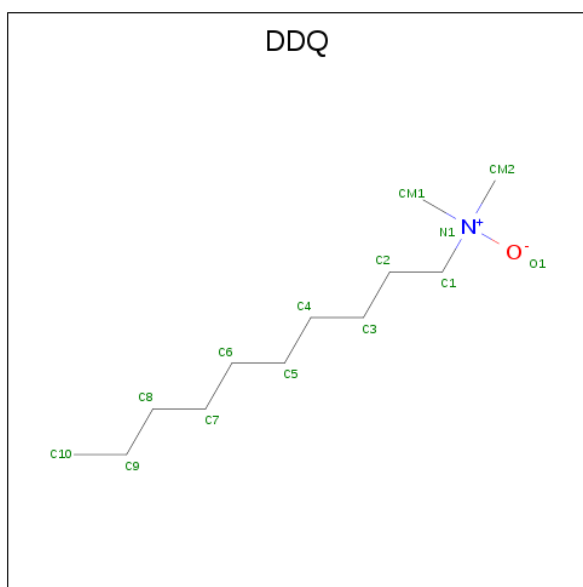
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			11	5	2	4		

- Molecule 6 is 5-METHOXY-2-[(4-PHENOXYPHENYL)AMINO]BENZOIC ACID (three-letter code: R2C) (formula:  $C_{20}H_{17}NO_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			25	20	1	4		

- Molecule 7 is DECYLAMINE-N,N-DIMETHYL-N-OXIDE (three-letter code: DDQ) (formula:  $C_{12}H_{27}NO$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	12	1	1		

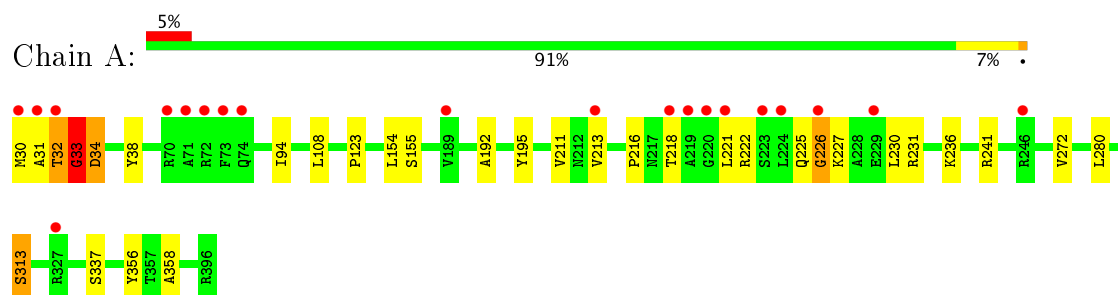
- Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	231	Total O 231 231	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $\text{RSRZ} > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Dihydroorotate dehydrogenase, mitochondrial





## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.41Å 90.41Å 122.07Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	18.83 – 2.10 18.64 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (18.83-2.10) 98.2 (18.64-2.10)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	5.23 (at 2.11Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019, REFMAC 5.2.0019, REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.168 , 0.194 0.168 , 0.194	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1678 reflections (5.26%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.079	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.41 , 53.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.46$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.036 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3149	wwPDB-V
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	10.0	wwPDB-V

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.38% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DDQ, R2C, FMN, ORO, SO4, ACT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.52	2/2885 (0.1%)	0.60	2/3897 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	313[A]	SER	CA-CB	7.26	1.63	1.52
1	A	313[B]	SER	CA-CB	7.26	1.63	1.52

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	155[A]	SER	N-CA-CB	6.59	120.39	110.50
1	A	155[B]	SER	N-CA-CB	6.59	120.39	110.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	216	PRO	Peptide
1	A	226	GLY	Peptide
1	A	33	GLY	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2824	0	2893	29	0
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	A	8	0	6	0	0
4	A	31	0	19	0	0
5	A	11	0	3	0	0
6	A	25	0	16	17	0
7	A	14	0	27	23	0
8	A	231	0	0	0	0
All	All	3149	0	2964	44	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (44) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:31:ALA:CB	7:A:700:DDQ:H41	1.44	1.46
1:A:31:ALA:HB2	7:A:700:DDQ:C4	1.73	1.17
1:A:31:ALA:CB	7:A:700:DDQ:C4	2.30	1.07
6:A:400:R2C:C23	7:A:700:DDQ:H72	1.87	1.02
1:A:218:THR:HG23	1:A:221:LEU:HB2	1.50	0.93
6:A:400:R2C:H23	7:A:700:DDQ:H42	1.52	0.91
6:A:400:R2C:H23	7:A:700:DDQ:C4	2.02	0.90
1:A:31:ALA:HB1	7:A:700:DDQ:H41	1.59	0.83
1:A:31:ALA:HB2	7:A:700:DDQ:H41	0.80	0.79
6:A:400:R2C:C23	7:A:700:DDQ:H42	2.19	0.72
1:A:218:THR:HG23	1:A:221:LEU:CB	2.20	0.70
6:A:400:R2C:H23	7:A:700:DDQ:C5	2.22	0.69
1:A:38:TYR:HE2	6:A:400:R2C:C22	2.08	0.67
6:A:400:R2C:C22	7:A:700:DDQ:H72	2.24	0.66
6:A:400:R2C:C23	7:A:700:DDQ:C7	2.73	0.58
1:A:218:THR:CG2	1:A:221:LEU:HB2	2.30	0.55
1:A:31:ALA:CB	7:A:700:DDQ:C3	2.85	0.55
1:A:222:ARG:O	1:A:225:GLN:HB2	2.07	0.54
6:A:400:R2C:C25	7:A:700:DDQ:H102	2.37	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:38:TYR:CE2	6:A:400:R2C:H22	2.43	0.54
6:A:400:R2C:C23	7:A:700:DDQ:C5	2.86	0.54
1:A:31:ALA:HB1	7:A:700:DDQ:C4	2.25	0.53
1:A:272:VAL:HG21	1:A:280:LEU:HD21	1.90	0.52
6:A:400:R2C:H23	7:A:700:DDQ:C6	2.39	0.52
1:A:38:TYR:CE2	6:A:400:R2C:C22	2.92	0.50
1:A:227:LYS:HE2	1:A:231:ARG:NH2	2.28	0.49
1:A:33:GLY:HA2	1:A:38:TYR:HE1	1.79	0.48
1:A:94:ILE:HG21	1:A:108:LEU:HD13	1.96	0.47
1:A:195:TYR:OH	1:A:221:LEU:HD11	2.15	0.46
6:A:400:R2C:C24	7:A:700:DDQ:H102	2.46	0.46
6:A:400:R2C:H4	6:A:400:R2C:C14	2.46	0.45
1:A:123:PRO:HA	1:A:154:LEU:HG	1.99	0.45
1:A:337:SER:HB3	1:A:358:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.45
1:A:31:ALA:HB3	7:A:700:DDQ:C1	2.48	0.44
1:A:211:VAL:HG12	1:A:213:VAL:HG13	1.99	0.43
1:A:32:THR:HA	1:A:33:GLY:HA3	1.69	0.43
1:A:241:ARG:C	1:A:241:ARG:HD2	2.39	0.43
6:A:400:R2C:C24	7:A:700:DDQ:H51	2.49	0.43
1:A:192:ALA:HB1	1:A:236:LYS:HD3	2.02	0.42
1:A:33:GLY:H	1:A:34:ASP:HB3	1.85	0.41
7:A:700:DDQ:HM22	7:A:700:DDQ:H22	1.33	0.41
6:A:400:R2C:C23	7:A:700:DDQ:H51	2.50	0.41
1:A:226:GLY:O	1:A:230:LEU:HB2	2.22	0.40
1:A:31:ALA:CB	7:A:700:DDQ:C2	3.00	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	370/367 (101%)	359 (97%)	9 (2%)	2 (0%)	32	28

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	33	GLY
1	A	34	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	301/296 (102%)	296 (98%)	5 (2%)	66 72

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	30	MET
1	A	32	THR
1	A	313[A]	SER
1	A	313[B]	SER
1	A	356	TYR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	47	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	FMN	A	398	-	31,33,33	1.45	4 (12%)	38,50,50	1.66	7 (18%)
5	ORO	A	399	-	6,11,11	1.16	0	4,15,15	4.29	3 (75%)
6	R2C	A	400	-	24,27,27	2.95	17 (70%)	31,36,36	0.96	1 (3%)
2	SO4	A	401	-	4,4,4	0.11	0	6,6,6	0.12	0
3	ACT	A	402	-	1,3,3	0.63	0	0,3,3	0.00	-
3	ACT	A	403	-	1,3,3	1.42	0	0,3,3	0.00	-
7	DDQ	A	700	-	11,13,13	3.07	2 (18%)	12,15,15	0.96	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	FMN	A	398	-	-	0/16/18/18	0/3/3/3
5	ORO	A	399	-	-	0/0/4/4	0/1/1/1
6	R2C	A	400	-	-	0/10/14/14	0/3/3/3
2	SO4	A	401	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	ACT	A	402	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	ACT	A	403	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
7	DDQ	A	700	-	-	0/11/11/11	0/0/0/0

All (23) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	A	700	DDQ	O1-N1	-9.85	1.22	1.42

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	A	700	DDQ	C1-N1	-2.56	1.45	1.51
6	A	400	R2C	C1-C6	2.03	1.43	1.39
6	A	400	R2C	C5-N12	2.05	1.45	1.39
6	A	400	R2C	C23-C22	2.05	1.43	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C18-C17	2.16	1.42	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C24-C23	2.24	1.43	1.38
4	A	398	FMN	C5A-N5	2.26	1.38	1.35
6	A	400	R2C	C25-C20	2.27	1.43	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C22-C21	2.36	1.43	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C4-C5	2.42	1.43	1.39
6	A	400	R2C	C24-C25	2.42	1.43	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C15-C14	2.46	1.43	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C1-C2	2.53	1.43	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C15-C16	2.60	1.44	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C21-C20	2.68	1.44	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C17-C16	3.14	1.45	1.38
4	A	398	FMN	C4-N3	3.15	1.38	1.33
6	A	400	R2C	C4-C3	3.41	1.44	1.38
6	A	400	R2C	C6-C5	3.64	1.45	1.40
4	A	398	FMN	C4A-N5	4.02	1.39	1.33
4	A	398	FMN	C10-N1	4.13	1.39	1.33
6	A	400	R2C	C14-C13	9.69	1.55	1.39

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	399	ORO	C5-C4-N3	-3.50	119.92	124.06
4	A	398	FMN	C4A-C4-N3	-2.40	120.07	123.48
4	A	398	FMN	C9A-C5A-N5	-2.01	119.25	122.24
5	A	399	ORO	C4-C5-C6	2.02	118.03	116.73
4	A	398	FMN	C4-C4A-N5	2.24	121.13	118.68
4	A	398	FMN	C1'-N10-C9A	2.95	121.05	118.35
4	A	398	FMN	C5A-C9A-N10	3.18	120.02	117.66
6	A	400	R2C	C20-O19-C16	3.25	126.61	118.78
4	A	398	FMN	C4A-N5-C5A	3.68	120.65	116.76
4	A	398	FMN	C4-N3-C2	6.49	120.83	115.16
5	A	399	ORO	C4-N3-C2	7.29	120.39	114.13

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 27 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	400	R2C	17	0
7	A	700	DDQ	23	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	367/367 (100%)	-0.09	20 (5%)	26 33	2, 6, 26, 34	1 (0%)

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	72	ARG	6.9
1	A	32	THR	5.6
1	A	70	ARG	5.0
1	A	30	MET	4.5
1	A	223	SER	4.5
1	A	31	ALA	4.2
1	A	74	GLN	4.1
1	A	218	THR	4.0
1	A	219	ALA	4.0
1	A	220	GLY	3.0
1	A	224	LEU	3.0
1	A	71	ALA	2.5
1	A	327	ARG	2.4
1	A	189	VAL	2.3
1	A	246	ARG	2.2
1	A	229	GLU	2.2
1	A	226	GLY	2.1
1	A	213	VAL	2.1
1	A	221	LEU	2.1
1	A	73	PHE	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	ACT	A	402	4/4	0.91	0.15	2.80	22,23,23,23	0
3	ACT	A	403	4/4	0.87	0.20	2.15	37,37,38,38	0
7	DDQ	A	700	14/14	0.47	0.42	1.83	91,92,93,93	0
6	R2C	A	400	25/25	0.90	0.18	1.20	12,15,40,41	0
4	FMN	A	398	31/31	0.98	0.07	-0.65	2,2,3,4	0
5	ORO	A	399	11/11	0.98	0.07	-1.45	3,3,4,5	0
2	SO4	A	401	5/5	0.98	0.16	-	28,28,28,28	0

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.