



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 30, 2017 – 07:42 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3S5Z
Title : Pharmacological Chaperoning in Human alpha-Galactosidase
Authors : Guce, A.I.; Clark, N.E.; Garman, S.C.
Deposited on : unknown
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20030345
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20030345

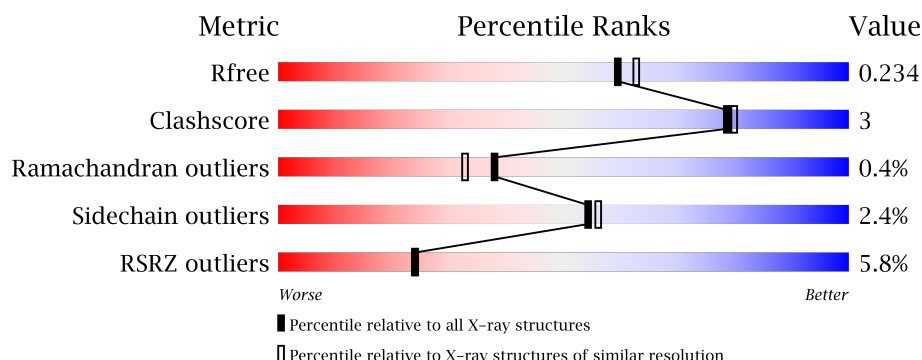
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	6609 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	112137	7775 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	7679 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	110143	7678 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	101464	6696 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	398	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>89%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>•</div> </div>
1	B	398	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>86%</div> <div>11%</div> <div>•</div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	XYP	A	698	X	-	-	-
6	XYP	B	698	X	-	-	-
8	GAL	A	804	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6930 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Alpha-galactosidase A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	390	Total	C	N	O	S	0	5	0
			3143	2000	536	578	29			
1	B	390	Total	C	N	O	S	0	6	0
			3157	2008	540	579	30			

- Molecule 2 is N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



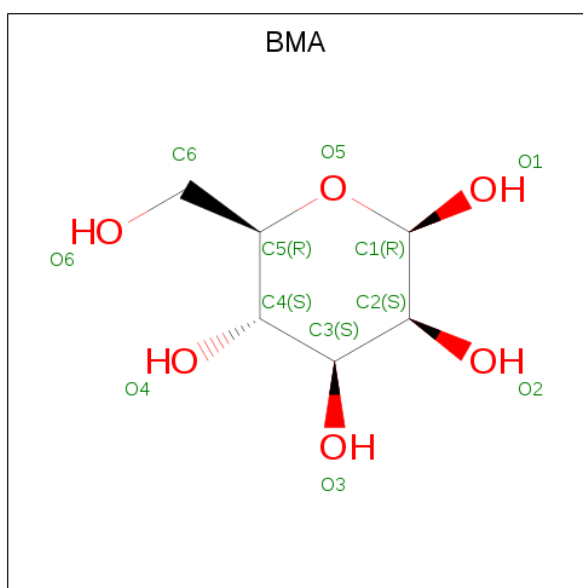
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 3 is BETA-D-MANNOSE (three-letter code: BMA) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).



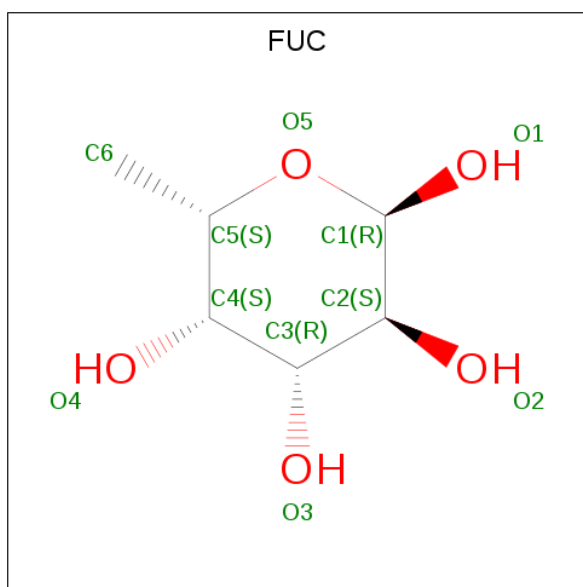
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		

- Molecule 4 is ALPHA-D-MANNOSE (three-letter code: MAN) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		
4	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		

- Molecule 5 is ALPHA-L-FUCOSE (three-letter code: FUC) (formula: C₆H₁₂O₅).



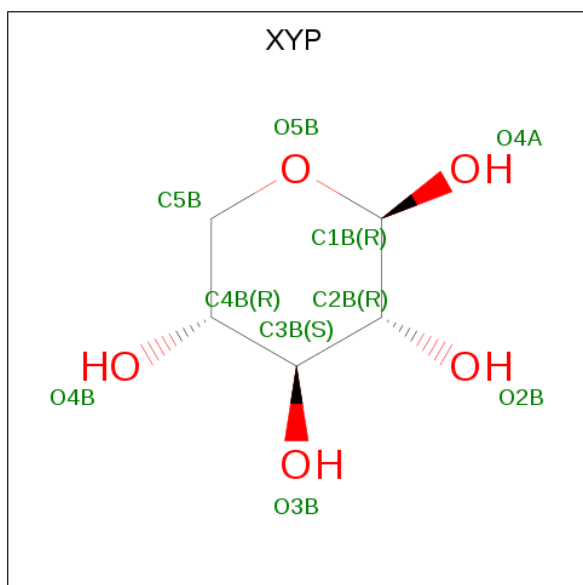
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		

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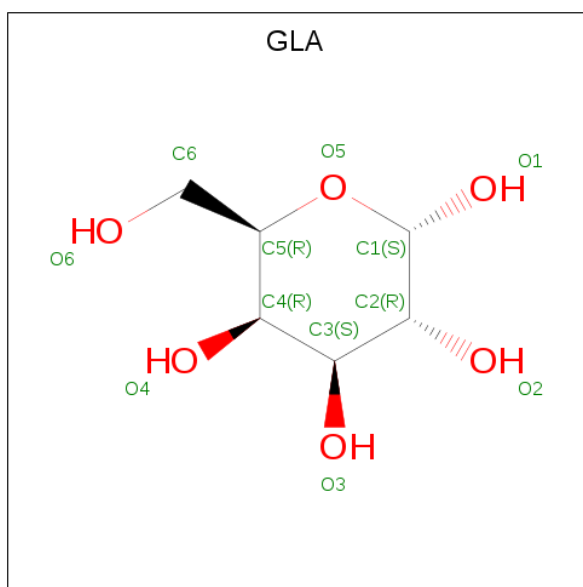
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		
5	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		

- Molecule 6 is BETA-D-XYLOPYRANOSE (three-letter code: XYP) (formula: C₅H₁₀O₅).



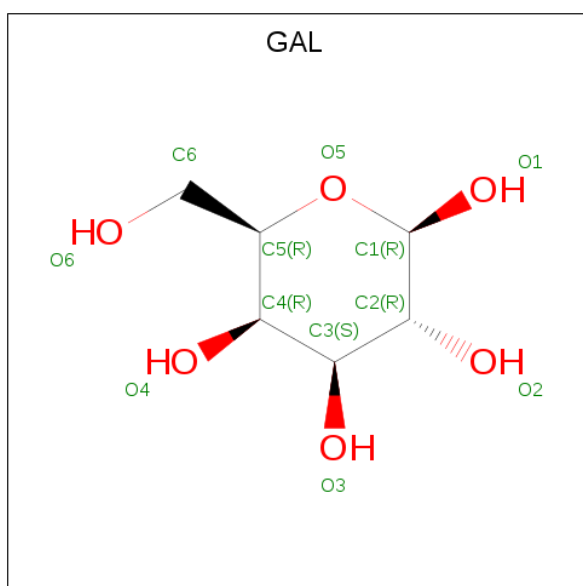
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			9	5	4		
6	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			9	5	4		

- Molecule 7 is ALPHA D-GALACTOSE (three-letter code: GLA) (formula: C₆H₁₂O₆).



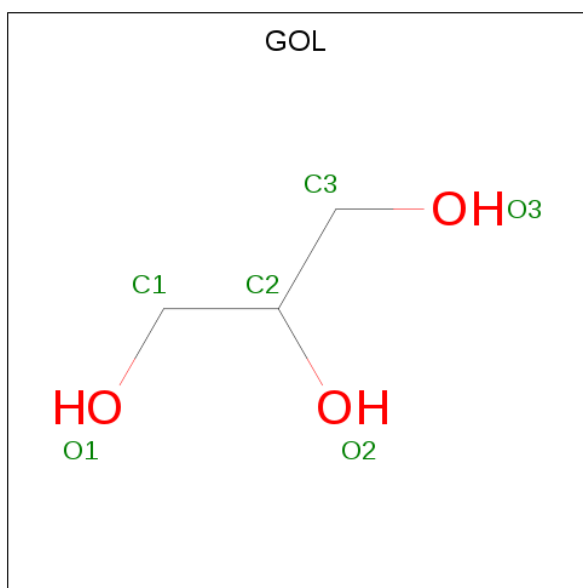
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			12	6	6		
7	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			12	6	6		

- Molecule 8 is BETA-D-GALACTOSE (three-letter code: GAL) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			12	6	6		
8	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			12	6	6		

- Molecule 9 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

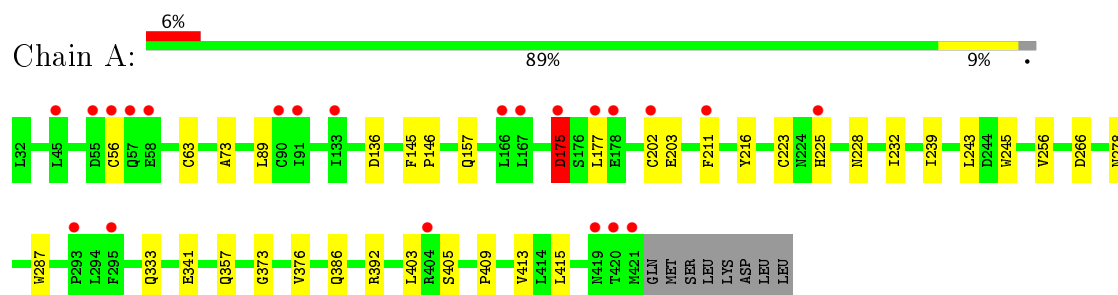
- Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	175	Total	O	0	0
			175	175		
10	B	161	Total	O	0	0
			161	161		

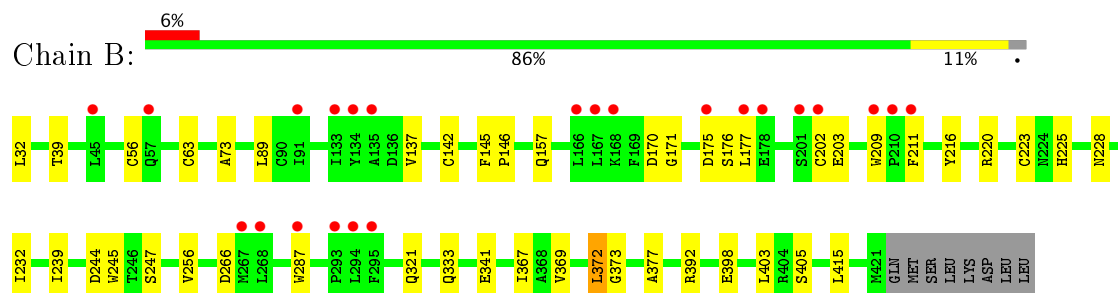
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Alpha-galactosidase A



- Molecule 1: Alpha-galactosidase A



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	89.31Å 140.61Å 182.49Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.44 – 2.00 30.44 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.3 (30.44-2.00) 99.3 (30.44-2.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.12	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.36 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.210 , 0.234 0.213 , 0.234	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3867 reflections (5.29%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	30.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.361	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.36 , 44.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	6930	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.46% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: XYP, GOL, BMA, NAG, GLA, GAL, FUC, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.49	3/3243 (0.1%)	0.62	3/4403 (0.1%)
1	B	0.46	3/3255 (0.1%)	0.60	2/4418 (0.0%)
All	All	0.47	6/6498 (0.1%)	0.61	5/8821 (0.1%)

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	341	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.71	1.19	1.25
1	B	341	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.65	1.19	1.25
1	A	341	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.25	1.19	1.25
1	A	203	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.23	1.19	1.25
1	B	203	GLU	CD-OE2	-5.12	1.20	1.25

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	341	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-7.69	114.07	123.30
1	A	203	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-6.76	115.19	123.30
1	A	341	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-6.64	115.33	123.30
1	B	203	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-6.08	116.00	123.30
1	A	136	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.22	123.00	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3143	0	2996	21	0
1	B	3157	0	3013	21	2
2	A	56	0	47	0	0
2	B	70	0	60	0	0
3	A	11	0	7	0	0
3	B	22	0	18	0	0
4	A	22	0	20	0	0
4	B	11	0	10	0	0
5	A	20	0	20	0	0
5	B	10	0	10	0	0
6	A	9	0	7	0	0
6	B	9	0	7	0	0
7	A	12	0	12	0	0
7	B	12	0	12	0	0
8	A	12	0	12	0	0
8	B	12	0	12	0	0
9	B	6	0	8	0	0
10	A	175	0	0	6	0
10	B	161	0	0	1	2
All	All	6930	0	6271	42	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 42 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:413:VAL:CG1	10:A:454:HOH:O	2.25	0.84
1:B:216:TYR:HB3	1:B:256:VAL:HG11	1.60	0.84
1:A:413:VAL:HG13	10:A:454:HOH:O	1.81	0.80
1:A:216:TYR:HB3	1:A:256:VAL:HG11	1.76	0.67
1:A:413:VAL:HG12	10:A:454:HOH:O	1.93	0.64

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:247:SER:N	10:B:507:HOH:O[3_655]	1.93	0.27

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:244:ASP:O	10:B:507:HOH:O[3_655]	1.96	0.24

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	393/398 (99%)	380 (97%)	11 (3%)	2 (0%)	32	26
1	B	394/398 (99%)	381 (97%)	12 (3%)	1 (0%)	44	40
All	All	787/796 (99%)	761 (97%)	23 (3%)	3 (0%)	38	33

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	266	ASP
1	B	266	ASP
1	A	175	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	336/339 (99%)	329 (98%)	7 (2%)	59	62
1	B	337/339 (99%)	328 (97%)	9 (3%)	50	51
All	All	673/678 (99%)	657 (98%)	16 (2%)	54	56

5 of 16 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	157	GLN
1	B	176	SER
1	B	372	LEU
1	A	405	SER
1	B	392	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	379	ASN
1	A	416	GLN
1	B	228	ASN
1	B	321	GLN
1	B	416	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

25 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	A	692	1,2,5	14,14,15	0.49	0	15,19,21	1.51	1 (6%)
2	NAG	A	693	3,2	14,14,15	0.61	0	15,19,21	0.76	0
3	BMA	A	694	2,4,6	11,11,12	0.41	0	13,15,17	1.39	2 (15%)
4	MAN	A	695	3	11,11,12	0.58	0	13,15,17	0.66	0
4	MAN	A	696	3	11,11,12	0.57	0	13,15,17	0.89	1 (7%)
5	FUC	A	697	2	9,10,11	0.59	0	13,14,16	0.81	0
6	XYP	A	698	3	9,9,10	1.25	1 (11%)	10,12,14	0.63	0
2	NAG	A	715	1,2,5	14,14,15	0.53	0	15,19,21	0.77	0
2	NAG	A	716	2	14,14,15	0.50	0	15,19,21	0.84	0
5	FUC	A	720	2	9,10,11	0.57	0	13,14,16	0.58	0
7	GLA	A	801	-	12,12,12	0.50	0	17,17,17	0.97	1 (5%)
8	GAL	A	804	-	12,12,12	0.50	0	17,17,17	0.55	0
9	GOL	B	1001	-	5,5,5	0.33	0	5,5,5	0.30	0
2	NAG	B	639	1	14,14,15	0.55	0	15,19,21	0.67	0
2	NAG	B	692	1,2	14,14,15	0.39	0	15,19,21	1.41	2 (13%)
2	NAG	B	693	3,2	14,14,15	0.56	0	15,19,21	1.13	1 (6%)
3	BMA	B	694	2,4,6	11,11,12	0.55	0	13,15,17	1.60	2 (15%)
4	MAN	B	695	3	11,11,12	0.56	0	13,15,17	1.06	1 (7%)
6	XYP	B	698	3	9,9,10	1.23	1 (11%)	10,12,14	0.79	0
2	NAG	B	715	1,2,5	14,14,15	0.57	0	15,19,21	1.23	1 (6%)
2	NAG	B	716	3,2	14,14,15	0.64	0	15,19,21	1.03	1 (6%)
3	BMA	B	717	2	11,11,12	0.39	0	13,15,17	0.70	0
5	FUC	B	720	2	9,10,11	0.67	0	13,14,16	0.97	0
7	GLA	B	802	-	12,12,12	0.53	0	17,17,17	0.97	1 (5%)
8	GAL	B	803	-	12,12,12	0.44	0	17,17,17	0.63	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	692	1,2,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	693	3,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	A	694	2,4,6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	695	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	696	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	FUC	A	697	2	-	0/0/17/20	0/1/1/1
6	XYP	A	698	3	3/3/3/4	0/0/14/17	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	715	1,2,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	A	716	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	FUC	A	720	2	-	0/0/17/20	0/1/1/1
7	GLA	A	801	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
8	GAL	A	804	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
9	GOL	B	1001	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0
2	NAG	B	639	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	692	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	693	3,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	B	694	2,4,6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	B	695	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	XYP	B	698	3	3/3/3/4	0/0/14/17	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	715	1,2,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	716	3,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	B	717	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	FUC	B	720	2	-	0/0/17/20	0/1/1/1
7	GLA	B	802	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
8	GAL	B	803	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	A	698	XYP	O5B-C5B	-3.35	1.36	1.42
6	B	698	XYP	O5B-C5B	-3.27	1.36	1.42

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	694	BMA	O5-C1-C2	-2.76	106.47	110.79
2	B	692	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-2.44	107.30	113.00
3	A	694	BMA	C1-C2-C3	-2.38	106.63	109.65
7	B	802	GLA	C1-O5-C5	2.06	117.11	113.39
3	A	694	BMA	C3-C4-C5	2.13	113.98	110.22

5 of 6 chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
6	B	698	XYP	C4B
6	B	698	XYP	C2B
6	B	698	XYP	C3B
6	A	698	XYP	C4B
6	A	698	XYP	C2B

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	390/398 (97%)	0.11	22 (5%) 25 25	17, 36, 63, 105	0
1	B	390/398 (97%)	0.13	23 (5%) 23 23	23, 36, 60, 88	0
All	All	780/796 (97%)	0.12	45 (5%) 24 24	17, 36, 62, 105	0

The worst 5 of 45 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	209	TRP	6.4
1	B	210	PRO	5.8
1	B	211	PHE	5.7
1	A	211	PHE	4.9
1	B	295	PHE	4.7

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
8	GAL	A	804	12/12	0.89	0.23	3.12	56,60,65,69	0
2	NAG	A	692	14/15	0.93	0.14	1.67	36,44,56,60	0
9	GOL	B	1001	6/6	0.90	0.17	1.31	69,78,78,82	0
8	GAL	B	803	12/12	0.89	0.16	1.05	59,66,73,76	0
2	NAG	B	692	14/15	0.92	0.16	0.55	39,47,54,64	0
2	NAG	B	715	14/15	0.95	0.13	0.50	28,39,50,51	0
7	GLA	A	801	12/12	0.95	0.13	-0.35	29,34,39,46	0
7	GLA	B	802	12/12	0.95	0.11	-0.76	18,26,31,37	0
3	BMA	B	694	11/12	0.80	0.31	-	90,97,101,107	0
2	NAG	A	693	14/15	0.93	0.17	-	47,60,71,73	0
2	NAG	B	693	14/15	0.84	0.26	-	55,69,78,85	0
6	XYP	B	698	9/10	0.77	0.37	-	95,98,101,104	0
3	BMA	B	717	11/12	0.70	0.27	-	82,87,91,92	0
4	MAN	A	695	11/12	0.78	0.33	-	81,89,92,95	0
2	NAG	A	716	14/15	0.88	0.34	-	81,93,96,99	0
5	FUC	A	697	10/11	0.79	0.60	-	82,90,93,94	0
2	NAG	B	639	14/15	0.63	0.40	-	76,83,92,94	0
5	FUC	B	720	10/11	0.95	0.19	-	37,40,47,47	0
2	NAG	A	715	14/15	0.86	0.28	-	68,78,93,95	0
4	MAN	B	695	11/12	0.77	0.32	-	80,91,94,95	0
6	XYP	A	698	9/10	0.74	0.28	-	64,81,86,87	0
5	FUC	A	720	10/11	0.87	0.39	-	90,94,96,97	0
4	MAN	A	696	11/12	0.78	0.39	-	96,101,107,107	0
2	NAG	B	716	14/15	0.92	0.20	-	40,49,67,75	0
3	BMA	A	694	11/12	0.86	0.27	-	78,88,99,103	0

6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.