



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Nov 2, 2017 – 05:45 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3T3E
Title : Glycogen phosphorylase b in complex with GlcCIU
Authors : Kantsadi, A.L.; Skamnaki, V.T.; Leonidas, D.D.
Deposited on : unknown
Resolution : 2.15 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20030345
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20030345

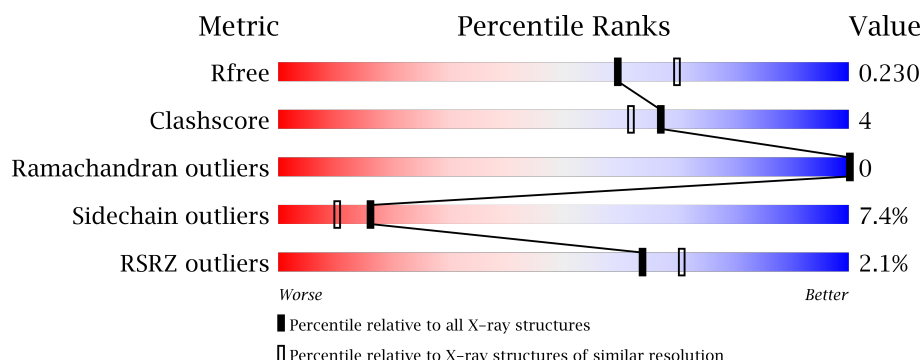
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.15 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	1170 (2.16-2.16)
Clashscore	112137	1278 (2.16-2.16)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	1256 (2.16-2.16)
Sidechain outliers	110143	1255 (2.16-2.16)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1175 (2.16-2.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	842	<div> <div>2%</div> <div>82%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>••</div> </div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

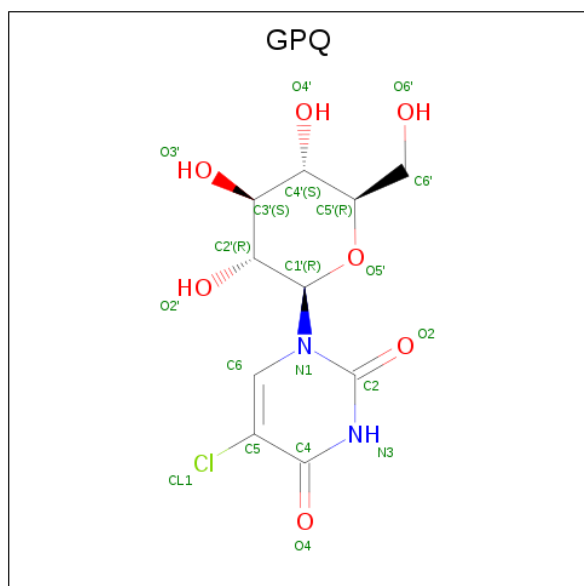
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6866 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glycogen phosphorylase, muscle form.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	810	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			6604	4209	1161	1204	1	29			

- Molecule 2 is 5-chloro-1-(beta-D-glucopyranosyl)pyrimidine-2,4(1H,3H)-dione (three-letter code: GPQ) (formula: C₁₀H₁₃ClN₂O₇).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	Cl	N	O	0	0
			20	10	1	2	7		

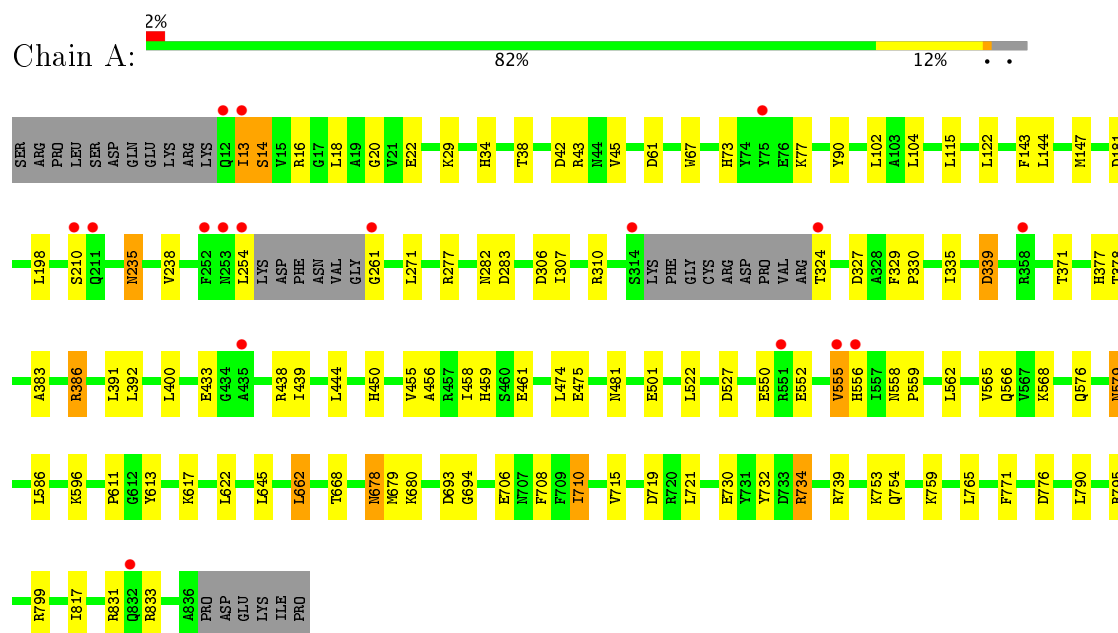
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	242	Total	O	0	0
			242	242		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Glycogen phosphorylase, muscle form



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	128.23Å 128.23Å 116.35Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	13.91 – 2.15 13.91 – 2.15	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.0 (13.91-2.15) 94.5 (13.91-2.15)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.60 (at 2.16Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.177 , 0.233 0.175 , 0.230	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2545 reflections (5.36%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.019	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 45.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.51$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	6866	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.24% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LLP, GPQ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.03	1/6726 (0.0%)	0.96	9/9102 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	461	GLU	CG-CD	5.32	1.59	1.51

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	339	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.40	124.96	118.30
1	A	277	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	6.99	123.79	120.30
1	A	277	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.81	116.90	120.30
1	A	181	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.09	123.78	118.30
1	A	776	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.29	123.06	118.30
1	A	527	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-5.23	113.60	118.30
1	A	710	ILE	CB-CA-C	-5.14	101.33	111.60
1	A	719	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.05	122.84	118.30
1	A	283	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.00	122.80	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	555	VAL	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6604	0	6539	59	0
2	A	20	0	13	1	0
3	A	242	0	0	7	0
All	All	6866	0	6552	59	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (59) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:386:ARG:CB	1:A:386:ARG:HH21	1.41	1.31
1:A:386:ARG:NH2	1:A:386:ARG:HB3	1.56	1.17
1:A:386:ARG:CG	1:A:386:ARG:HH21	1.65	1.09
1:A:386:ARG:HH21	1:A:386:ARG:HB3	0.92	1.08
1:A:261:GLY:HA3	3:A:1045:HOH:O	1.54	1.08
1:A:20:GLY:HA3	3:A:1037:HOH:O	1.71	0.90
1:A:386:ARG:CB	1:A:386:ARG:NH2	2.25	0.88
1:A:455:VAL:H	1:A:459:HIS:HD2	1.27	0.82
1:A:386:ARG:NH2	1:A:386:ARG:CG	2.35	0.81
1:A:386:ARG:HD3	1:A:438:ARG:HD3	1.65	0.76
1:A:144:LEU:HA	1:A:147:MET:CE	2.23	0.68
1:A:730:GLU:O	1:A:734:ARG:HG2	1.94	0.67
1:A:144:LEU:HA	1:A:147:MET:HE2	1.76	0.67
1:A:678:ASN:HD22	1:A:678:ASN:N	1.92	0.65
1:A:34:HIS:HE1	1:A:61:ASP:OD1	1.80	0.64
1:A:34:HIS:HD2	1:A:38:THR:OG1	1.80	0.63
1:A:386:ARG:NH2	1:A:386:ARG:HG2	2.14	0.63
1:A:617:LYS:HE2	3:A:1015:HOH:O	1.98	0.62
1:A:329:PHE:HB3	1:A:330:PRO:HD3	1.82	0.62
1:A:144:LEU:HD23	1:A:147:MET:HE1	1.82	0.61

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:450:HIS:HD2	3:A:1024:HOH:O	1.82	0.61
1:A:710:ILE:H	1:A:710:ILE:HD12	1.66	0.58
1:A:144:LEU:HD23	1:A:147:MET:CE	2.33	0.57
1:A:732:TYR:CZ	1:A:739:ARG:HG3	2.40	0.56
1:A:680:LLP:NZ	1:A:680:LLP:O3	2.37	0.56
1:A:678:ASN:N	1:A:678:ASN:ND2	2.55	0.53
1:A:678:ASN:HD22	1:A:679:MET:H	1.57	0.53
1:A:235:ASN:H	1:A:235:ASN:HD22	1.57	0.52
1:A:730:GLU:O	1:A:734:ARG:CG	2.56	0.52
1:A:386:ARG:CD	1:A:438:ARG:HD3	2.39	0.51
1:A:450:HIS:HE1	3:A:967:HOH:O	1.94	0.50
1:A:13:ILE:HG13	1:A:16:ARG:HG3	1.95	0.49
1:A:20:GLY:CA	3:A:1037:HOH:O	2.45	0.48
1:A:678:ASN:H	1:A:678:ASN:ND2	2.13	0.47
1:A:579:ASN:C	1:A:579:ASN:HD22	2.18	0.46
1:A:378:THR:HG21	1:A:383:ALA:HB3	1.98	0.46
1:A:14:SER:HB3	1:A:501:GLU:OE1	2.16	0.46
1:A:392:LEU:CD1	1:A:439:ILE:HG13	2.46	0.45
1:A:458:ILE:HD11	1:A:715:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.45
1:A:550:GLU:HG3	1:A:555:VAL:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:335:ILE:HD12	1:A:371:THR:CG2	2.47	0.45
1:A:562:LEU:HD21	1:A:662:LEU:HB2	2.00	0.44
1:A:73:HIS:CE1	1:A:77:LYS:HD2	2.53	0.43
1:A:377:HIS:HB3	2:A:843:GPQ:H6	2.01	0.43
1:A:474:LEU:HG	1:A:475:GLU:HG3	1.99	0.43
1:A:20:GLY:C	3:A:1037:HOH:O	2.56	0.43
1:A:678:ASN:ND2	1:A:679:MET:H	2.16	0.42
1:A:147:MET:HB2	1:A:147:MET:HE2	1.87	0.42
1:A:307:ILE:HD13	1:A:307:ILE:HG21	1.85	0.42
1:A:310:ARG:HH21	1:A:310:ARG:HD2	1.72	0.41
1:A:143:PHE:CG	1:A:817:ILE:HD11	2.56	0.41
1:A:391:LEU:HD23	1:A:391:LEU:HA	1.86	0.41
1:A:456:ALA:C	1:A:481:ASN:HD21	2.24	0.41
1:A:693:ASP:O	1:A:694:GLY:C	2.59	0.41
1:A:795:ARG:O	1:A:799:ARG:HG3	2.21	0.41
1:A:566:GLN:HE22	1:A:576:GLN:HA	1.85	0.41
1:A:558:ASN:HA	1:A:559:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.41
1:A:67:TRP:HA	1:A:238:VAL:HB	2.03	0.40
1:A:668:THR:OG1	1:A:771:PHE:HB3	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	803/842 (95%)	776 (97%)	27 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	700/730 (96%)	648 (93%)	52 (7%)	16	10

All (52) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	13	ILE
1	A	14	SER
1	A	18	LEU
1	A	22	GLU
1	A	29	LYS
1	A	42	ASP
1	A	43	ARG
1	A	45	VAL
1	A	90	TYR
1	A	102	LEU
1	A	104	LEU
1	A	115	LEU
1	A	122	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	198	LEU
1	A	210	SER
1	A	235	ASN
1	A	254	LEU
1	A	271	LEU
1	A	282	ASN
1	A	306	ASP
1	A	324	THR
1	A	327	ASP
1	A	339	ASP
1	A	386	ARG
1	A	400	LEU
1	A	433	GLU
1	A	444	LEU
1	A	522	LEU
1	A	552	GLU
1	A	556	HIS
1	A	565	VAL
1	A	568	LYS
1	A	579	ASN
1	A	586	LEU
1	A	596	LYS
1	A	611	PRO
1	A	613	TYR
1	A	622	LEU
1	A	645	LEU
1	A	662	LEU
1	A	678	ASN
1	A	706	GLU
1	A	708	PHE
1	A	721	LEU
1	A	734	ARG
1	A	753	LYS
1	A	754	GLN
1	A	759	LYS
1	A	765	LEU
1	A	790	LEU
1	A	831	ARG
1	A	833	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (12) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	34	HIS
1	A	235	ASN
1	A	270	ASN
1	A	412	ASN
1	A	450	HIS
1	A	459	HIS
1	A	481	ASN
1	A	484	ASN
1	A	566	GLN
1	A	579	ASN
1	A	614	HIS
1	A	678	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	LLP	A	680	1	24,24,25	1.73	7 (29%)	28,32,34	2.00	7 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	LLP	A	680	1	-	0/15/17/19	0/1/1/1

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	680	LLP	O3-C3	-3.79	1.28	1.37
1	A	680	LLP	C3-C2	-3.04	1.38	1.40
1	A	680	LLP	C4-C4'	2.05	1.50	1.46
1	A	680	LLP	CE-NZ	2.10	1.51	1.46
1	A	680	LLP	C4'-NZ	2.52	1.34	1.27
1	A	680	LLP	CA-C	2.81	1.53	1.50
1	A	680	LLP	C6-N1	3.22	1.41	1.34

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	680	LLP	CE-NZ-C4'	-5.71	102.46	119.03
1	A	680	LLP	C5-C6-N1	-4.21	116.74	123.87
1	A	680	LLP	C4-C3-C2	-3.41	118.06	120.15
1	A	680	LLP	C4-C4'-NZ	-2.18	114.08	124.66
1	A	680	LLP	OP3-P-OP1	2.00	118.34	110.50
1	A	680	LLP	C6-N1-C2	2.24	123.57	119.26
1	A	680	LLP	C3-C4-C5	4.22	121.46	118.24

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	680	LLP	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	GPQ	A	843	-	15,21,21	1.52	2 (13%)	19,31,31	1.91	5 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GPQ	A	843	-	-	0/2/26/26	0/2/2/2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	843	GPQ	O5'-C1'	3.24	1.47	1.42
2	A	843	GPQ	C4-N3	3.95	1.40	1.33

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	843	GPQ	O5'-C5'-C6'	-2.28	100.96	106.41
2	A	843	GPQ	O5'-C1'-N1	2.04	111.52	107.22
2	A	843	GPQ	C3'-C4'-C5'	2.42	114.49	110.22
2	A	843	GPQ	C4-C5-CL1	2.43	123.22	120.81
2	A	843	GPQ	C4-N3-C2	5.46	119.94	115.16

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	843	GPQ	1	0

5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	809/842 (96%)	-0.53	17 (2%) 64 71	14, 28, 51, 79	0

All (17) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	253	ASN	6.7
1	A	324	THR	6.3
1	A	252	PHE	6.2
1	A	12	GLN	3.6
1	A	832	GLN	3.0
1	A	435	ALA	3.0
1	A	254	LEU	3.0
1	A	13	ILE	2.9
1	A	210	SER	2.7
1	A	551	ARG	2.7
1	A	75	TYR	2.6
1	A	314	SER	2.6
1	A	556	HIS	2.3
1	A	555	VAL	2.2
1	A	358	ARG	2.2
1	A	261	GLY	2.0
1	A	211	GLN	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
1	LLP	A	680	24/25	0.99	0.06	-	13,19,22,28	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	GPQ	A	843	20/20	0.98	0.05	-1.24	14,21,23,28	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.