



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 13, 2017 – 12:12 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4WM6  
Title : High pressure protein crystallography of hen egg white lysozyme at 950 MPa  
Authors : Yamada, H.; Watanabe, N.; Nagae, T.  
Deposited on : 2014-10-08  
Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692  
EDS : trunk28620  
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)  
Refmac : 5.8.0135  
CCP4 : 6.5.0  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

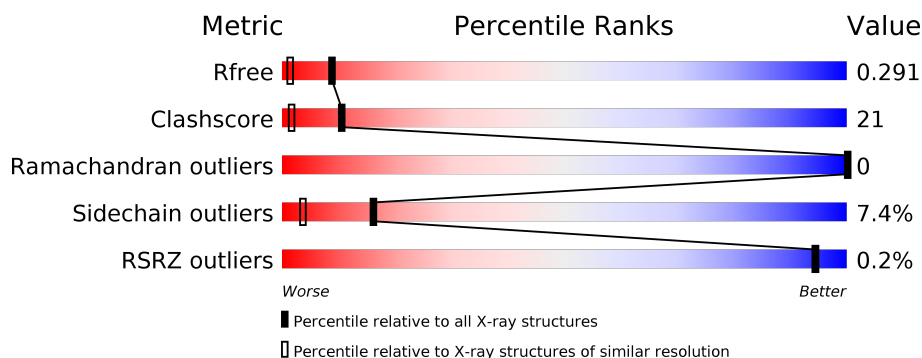
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	100719	1923 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	112137	2083 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	2060 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	110143	2060 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1932 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	129	<div> <div style="width: 64%; background-color: green;"></div> <div style="width: 31%; background-color: yellow;"></div> <div style="width: 5%; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="width: 0%; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <div>64% 31% 5% •</div>
1	B	129	<div> <div style="width: 71%; background-color: green;"></div> <div style="width: 27%; background-color: yellow;"></div> <div style="width: 2%; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="width: 0%; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <div>71% 27% •</div>
1	C	129	<div> <div style="width: 69%; background-color: green;"></div> <div style="width: 24%; background-color: yellow;"></div> <div style="width: 7%; background-color: orange;"></div> <div style="width: 0%; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="width: 0%; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <div>69% 24% 7%</div>
1	D	129	<div> <div style="width: 64%; background-color: green;"></div> <div style="width: 32%; background-color: yellow;"></div> <div style="width: 5%; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="width: 0%; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <div>% 64% 32% 5%</div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-

ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NA	C	201	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4632 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Lysozyme C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	129	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1010	618	194	188	10			
1	B	129	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1001	613	193	185	10			
1	C	129	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1001	613	193	185	10			
1	D	129	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1001	613	193	185	10			

- Molecule 2 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	A	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	D	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		
2	C	1	Total	Na	0	0
			1	1		

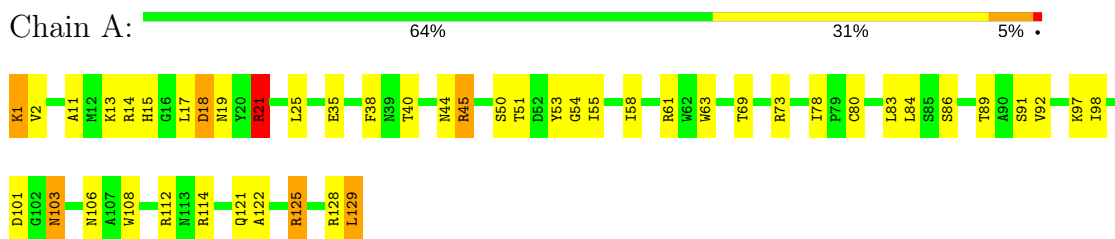
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	173	Total	O	0	0
			173	173		
3	B	154	Total	O	0	0
			154	154		
3	C	129	Total	O	0	0
			129	129		
3	D	159	Total	O	0	0
			159	159		

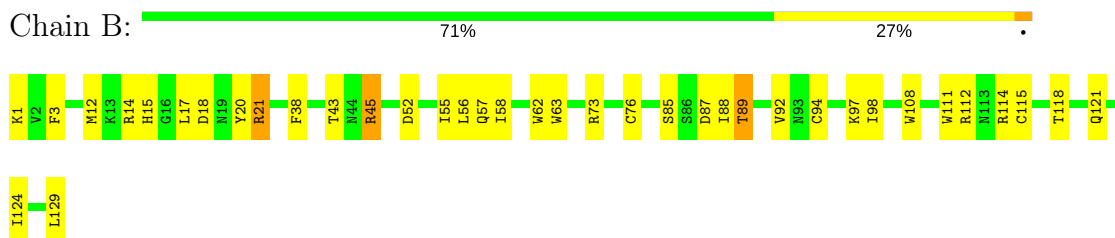
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

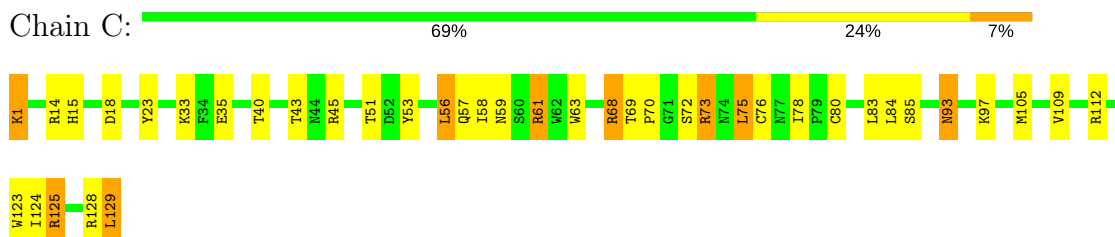
#### • Molecule 1: Lysozyme C



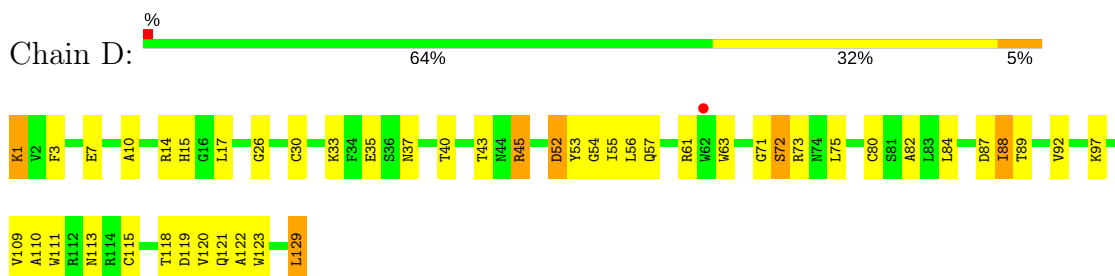
#### • Molecule 1: Lysozyme C



#### • Molecule 1: Lysozyme C



#### • Molecule 1: Lysozyme C



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	107.27Å 107.27Å 36.89Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.76 – 1.85 34.89 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	88.0 (35.76-1.85) 88.0 (34.89-1.85)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.49 (at 1.85Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0032	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.199 , 0.284 0.203 , 0.291	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1603 reflections (5.26%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.082	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.35 , 11.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.47$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.186 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	4632	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 59.05 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo translational symmetry is equal to 1.8681e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.74	0/1030	0.94	4/1391 (0.3%)
1	B	0.79	0/1021	0.98	6/1379 (0.4%)
1	C	0.75	0/1021	0.90	1/1379 (0.1%)
1	D	0.71	0/1021	0.88	1/1379 (0.1%)
All	All	0.75	0/4093	0.92	12/5528 (0.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	114	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.07	115.77	120.30
1	A	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.32	123.96	120.30
1	B	112	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.19	123.89	120.30
1	B	114	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.91	116.84	120.30
1	A	114	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.77	123.69	120.30
1	B	114	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.77	123.69	120.30
1	D	52	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.36	123.12	118.30
1	B	21	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.22	122.91	120.30
1	A	18	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.21	113.61	118.30
1	B	18	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.17	113.65	118.30
1	B	112	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.16	117.72	120.30
1	C	129	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.15	127.15	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1010	0	963	39	0
1	B	1001	0	959	29	0
1	C	1001	0	958	46	0
1	D	1001	0	959	49	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	173	0	0	12	0
3	B	154	0	0	8	1
3	C	129	0	0	17	1
3	D	159	0	0	17	0
All	All	4632	0	3839	162	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 21.

All (162) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:45:ARG:HD3	1:C:51:THR:OG1	1.50	1.11
1:C:63:TRP:HE3	1:C:75:LEU:HD22	1.20	1.04
1:B:115:CYS:O	1:B:118:THR:HG22	1.61	0.99
1:A:13:LYS:HA	3:A:402:HOH:O	1.65	0.96
1:C:63:TRP:CE3	1:C:75:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.96
1:C:68:ARG:HB2	3:C:301:HOH:O	1.70	0.88
1:A:21:ARG:NH2	1:D:113:ASN:OD1	2.05	0.88
1:C:45:ARG:CD	1:C:51:THR:OG1	2.26	0.84
1:D:45:ARG:HD2	3:D:305:HOH:O	1.78	0.83
1:D:56:LEU:HD23	3:D:375:HOH:O	1.79	0.82
1:D:55:ILE:HG21	1:D:88:ILE:HG13	1.65	0.79
1:D:72:SER:HB3	3:D:449:HOH:O	1.82	0.79
1:D:88:ILE:HG23	1:D:92:VAL:HG23	1.67	0.77
1:D:40:THR:HG22	1:D:88:ILE:HD11	1.68	0.76
1:A:128:ARG:O	1:A:129:LEU:HG	1.89	0.72

*Continued on next page...*



*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:82:ALA:HB3	3:D:400:HOH:O	1.89	0.72
1:C:93:ASN:HB3	3:C:397:HOH:O	1.90	0.71
1:D:119:ASP:HB2	3:D:394:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
1:D:14:ARG:HG3	3:D:336:HOH:O	1.93	0.67
1:D:17:LEU:HD13	1:D:92:VAL:HG13	1.76	0.67
1:A:58:ILE:HB	1:A:83:LEU:HD13	1.77	0.66
1:B:1:LYS:HD3	1:B:3:PHE:CE1	2.32	0.65
1:A:83:LEU:HD22	1:A:91:SER:HA	1.81	0.63
1:C:1:LYS:N	1:C:40:THR:OG1	2.32	0.62
1:C:63:TRP:CZ3	1:C:75:LEU:HD13	2.34	0.62
1:C:63:TRP:HE3	1:C:75:LEU:CD2	2.04	0.62
1:A:18:ASP:N	3:A:402:HOH:O	2.27	0.62
1:B:129:LEU:HA	3:B:320:HOH:O	2.00	0.61
1:A:106:ASN:O	1:A:112:ARG:NH1	2.34	0.61
1:A:78:ILE:CD1	1:A:83:LEU:HD21	2.31	0.60
1:D:120:VAL:HG23	1:D:121:GLN:OE1	2.00	0.60
1:A:18:ASP:HB2	3:A:402:HOH:O	2.00	0.60
1:B:38:PHE:HA	1:B:55:ILE:HD11	1.84	0.60
1:D:97:LYS:HD3	3:D:396:HOH:O	2.02	0.60
1:A:122:ALA:O	1:A:125:ARG:HD2	2.01	0.59
1:C:45:ARG:HD3	1:C:51:THR:HG1	1.66	0.59
1:C:61:ARG:HD2	3:C:422:HOH:O	2.00	0.59
1:B:15:HIS:CE1	1:B:89:THR:HG22	2.38	0.59
1:C:56:LEU:CD2	3:C:425:HOH:O	2.51	0.58
1:B:45:ARG:HG2	3:B:388:HOH:O	2.04	0.58
1:C:78:ILE:HD13	1:C:83:LEU:HD11	1.86	0.58
1:B:124:ILE:O	1:B:124:ILE:HG22	2.04	0.57
1:D:118:THR:HG21	3:D:392:HOH:O	2.06	0.56
1:A:44:ASN:HB3	3:A:415:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:D:53:TYR:CD1	1:D:80:CYS:HB3	2.42	0.55
1:B:38:PHE:HA	1:B:55:ILE:CD1	2.36	0.55
1:C:35:GLU:HB3	1:C:57:GLN:CG	2.37	0.55
1:C:59:ASN:OD1	1:C:61:ARG:HB3	2.07	0.55
1:D:40:THR:HG22	1:D:88:ILE:CD1	2.37	0.54
1:C:124:ILE:HG22	1:C:124:ILE:O	2.08	0.54
1:D:61:ARG:HG3	3:D:457:HOH:O	2.07	0.53
1:B:121:GLN:H	1:B:121:GLN:CD	2.11	0.53
1:D:10:ALA:HB1	1:D:129:LEU:HD13	1.91	0.53
1:C:56:LEU:HD21	3:C:425:HOH:O	2.09	0.52
1:C:75:LEU:HD23	1:C:76:CYS:N	2.24	0.52
1:C:63:TRP:CE3	1:C:75:LEU:CD2	2.85	0.52

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:1:LYS:HE3	3:D:421:HOH:O	2.10	0.51
1:B:87:ASP:OD1	1:B:89:THR:HG23	2.09	0.51
1:C:109:VAL:HG23	1:C:112:ARG:HH21	1.75	0.51
1:B:87:ASP:OD1	1:B:89:THR:CG2	2.58	0.51
1:D:71:GLY:HA2	3:D:363:HOH:O	2.11	0.51
1:A:73:ARG:NH2	3:A:303:HOH:O	2.44	0.51
1:D:61:ARG:NH1	3:D:302:HOH:O	2.44	0.51
1:B:20:TYR:CE1	1:B:21:ARG:HG2	2.46	0.51
1:B:111:TRP:CD1	1:B:115:CYS:HB2	2.46	0.50
1:A:38:PHE:HA	1:A:55:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.50
1:C:68:ARG:HD3	3:C:301:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
1:D:119:ASP:HA	3:D:456:HOH:O	2.12	0.50
1:D:109:VAL:HG13	3:D:403:HOH:O	2.10	0.50
1:D:111:TRP:CD1	1:D:115:CYS:HB2	2.47	0.50
1:D:55:ILE:HG21	1:D:88:ILE:CG1	2.39	0.49
1:D:10:ALA:HA	1:D:129:LEU:HD22	1.92	0.49
1:D:53:TYR:CG	1:D:80:CYS:HB3	2.47	0.49
1:B:62:TRP:CZ3	1:B:73:ARG:HG3	2.46	0.49
1:A:14:ARG:HG3	3:A:329:HOH:O	2.11	0.49
1:C:68:ARG:HG3	3:C:324:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:D:30:CYS:HB2	1:D:123:TRP:CD1	2.48	0.49
1:C:23:TYR:CE2	1:C:105:MET:HG3	2.47	0.49
1:A:15:HIS:HB3	3:A:326:HOH:O	2.12	0.49
1:C:33:LYS:HG2	1:C:123:TRP:CH2	2.48	0.49
1:D:40:THR:O	1:D:84:LEU:HA	2.13	0.49
1:A:35[A]:GLU:OE1	1:A:108:TRP:CD1	2.65	0.49
1:A:25:LEU:HD13	3:A:402:HOH:O	2.13	0.49
1:D:118:THR:HG22	1:D:119:ASP:N	2.27	0.49
1:A:35[A]:GLU:OE1	1:A:108:TRP:CG	2.65	0.48
1:D:88:ILE:HG23	1:D:92:VAL:CG2	2.41	0.48
1:D:63:TRP:CE3	1:D:75:LEU:HB2	2.48	0.48
1:D:33:LYS:O	1:D:37:ASN:HA	2.14	0.48
1:C:14:ARG:HG3	3:C:364:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:128:ARG:C	1:A:129:LEU:HD23	2.33	0.48
1:A:129:LEU:CD1	3:A:312:HOH:O	2.61	0.48
1:A:58:ILE:HD12	1:A:98:ILE:CD1	2.43	0.48
1:A:128:ARG:O	1:A:129:LEU:CG	2.60	0.47
1:D:52:ASP:HB3	1:D:57:GLN:HB3	1.94	0.47
1:B:63:TRP:CD2	1:B:98:ILE:HG12	2.50	0.47
1:B:88:ILE:HA	3:B:387:HOH:O	2.12	0.47
1:A:21:ARG:HD2	1:A:21:ARG:O	2.14	0.47

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:62:TRP:CE3	1:B:73:ARG:HG3	2.49	0.47
1:B:63:TRP:O	1:B:76:CYS:HB2	2.15	0.47
1:B:43:THR:HA	1:B:52:ASP:O	2.15	0.47
1:D:10:ALA:CA	1:D:129:LEU:HD22	2.44	0.47
1:A:121:GLN:H	1:A:121:GLN:CD	2.18	0.47
1:D:122:ALA:HB3	3:D:409:HOH:O	2.14	0.47
1:C:68:ARG:HG2	3:C:345:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:D:35:GLU:HB3	1:D:57:GLN:CG	2.45	0.46
1:D:10:ALA:CB	1:D:129:LEU:HD13	2.46	0.46
1:C:45:ARG:HG3	3:C:347:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:D:118:THR:CG2	1:D:119:ASP:N	2.79	0.46
1:C:43:THR:CG2	1:C:84:LEU:HD21	2.46	0.46
1:A:50:SER:HA	1:A:69:THR:HG23	1.98	0.46
1:D:14:ARG:CG	3:D:336:HOH:O	2.59	0.45
1:B:108:TRP:CD2	3:B:397:HOH:O	2.69	0.45
1:A:45:ARG:O	1:A:45:ARG:HG3	2.16	0.45
1:C:69:THR:O	1:C:72:SER:HB3	2.17	0.45
1:D:87:ASP:OD1	1:D:87:ASP:C	2.55	0.45
3:A:357:HOH:O	1:C:15:HIS:HD2	2.00	0.45
1:B:58:ILE:HD13	1:B:94:CYS:HB3	1.99	0.44
1:D:40:THR:O	1:D:54:GLY:HA2	2.17	0.44
1:A:103:ASN:HB3	3:A:397:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:D:3:PHE:CD2	1:D:7:GLU:HG2	2.53	0.44
1:A:18:ASP:OD1	1:A:19:ASN:ND2	2.50	0.44
1:C:45:ARG:NH1	3:C:301:HOH:O	2.33	0.44
1:C:1:LYS:HB2	3:C:416:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:D:26:GLY:H	1:D:121:GLN:HE22	1.65	0.44
1:C:63:TRP:HZ3	1:C:75:LEU:HD13	1.81	0.44
1:C:45:ARG:CG	3:C:347:HOH:O	2.65	0.43
1:D:10:ALA:O	1:D:129:LEU:HD22	2.18	0.43
1:A:11:ALA:O	1:A:15:HIS:CD2	2.71	0.43
1:C:53:TYR:CD1	1:C:80:CYS:HB3	2.54	0.43
1:A:53:TYR:CD2	1:A:80:CYS:HB3	2.54	0.43
1:A:63:TRP:CE2	1:A:98:ILE:HG12	2.53	0.43
1:A:54:GLY:HA3	1:A:83:LEU:O	2.18	0.43
1:B:97:LYS:HE2	3:B:349:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:D:15:HIS:CE1	1:D:89:THR:OG1	2.72	0.42
1:A:17:LEU:HG	1:A:92:VAL:HG13	2.01	0.42
1:B:45:ARG:CG	3:B:446:HOH:O	2.66	0.42
1:C:23:TYR:CD2	1:C:105:MET:HG3	2.53	0.42
1:A:61:ARG:HD3	3:A:403:HOH:O	2.19	0.42

*Continued on next page...*

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:63:TRP:CE3	1:C:75:LEU:HD13	2.53	0.42
1:A:21:ARG:CD	1:A:21:ARG:O	2.67	0.42
1:C:75:LEU:HD23	1:C:76:CYS:H	1.85	0.42
1:C:78:ILE:HD12	1:C:78:ILE:O	2.20	0.42
1:C:33:LYS:HG2	1:C:123:TRP:HH2	1.83	0.42
1:D:43:THR:HA	1:D:52:ASP:O	2.20	0.42
1:A:1:LYS:HG2	1:A:86:SER:HB3	2.01	0.41
1:B:15:HIS:HB3	3:B:414:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:52:ASP:HB3	1:B:57:GLN:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:C:73:ARG:HD2	3:C:423:HOH:O	2.18	0.41
1:A:40:THR:O	1:A:84:LEU:HA	2.21	0.41
1:B:15:HIS:CB	1:B:92:VAL:HG11	2.50	0.41
1:D:119:ASP:HB2	3:D:459:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:C:18:ASP:HB3	3:C:315:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:C:58:ILE:N	1:C:58:ILE:HD13	2.36	0.41
1:B:45:ARG:NE	3:B:388:HOH:O	2.53	0.41
1:A:15:HIS:CE1	1:A:89:THR:OG1	2.74	0.41
1:B:12:MET:CE	1:B:56:LEU:HD21	2.51	0.41
1:B:17:LEU:HG	1:B:92:VAL:HG13	2.01	0.41
1:C:68:ARG:CB	3:C:301:HOH:O	2.45	0.41
1:C:76:CYS:HA	1:C:97:LYS:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:C:125:ARG:CZ	3:C:307:HOH:O	2.68	0.40
1:D:35:GLU:HG3	1:D:110:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.40
1:A:51:THR:HB	1:A:53:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:303:HOH:O	3:C:339:HOH:O[4_555]	1.75	0.45
3:B:345:HOH:O	3:B:370:HOH:O[4_565]	2.10	0.10

## 5.3 Torsion angles

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	128/129 (99%)	123 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	127/129 (98%)	122 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
1	C	127/129 (98%)	122 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
1	D	127/129 (98%)	122 (96%)	5 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	509/516 (99%)	489 (96%)	20 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	106/105 (101%)	97 (92%)	9 (8%)	12	2
1	B	105/105 (100%)	101 (96%)	4 (4%)	38	18
1	C	105/105 (100%)	93 (89%)	12 (11%)	7	1
1	D	105/105 (100%)	99 (94%)	6 (6%)	24	8
All	All	421/420 (100%)	390 (93%)	31 (7%)	16	4

All (31) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1	LYS
1	A	2	VAL
1	A	21	ARG
1	A	45	ARG
1	A	97	LYS
1	A	101	ASP
1	A	103	ASN
1	A	125	ARG
1	A	129	LEU
1	B	14	ARG

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	45	ARG
1	B	85	SER
1	B	89	THR
1	C	1	LYS
1	C	56	LEU
1	C	61	ARG
1	C	68	ARG
1	C	70	PRO
1	C	73	ARG
1	C	75	LEU
1	C	85	SER
1	C	93	ASN
1	C	125	ARG
1	C	128	ARG
1	C	129	LEU
1	D	1	LYS
1	D	45	ARG
1	D	72	SER
1	D	73	ARG
1	D	88	ILE
1	D	129	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	HIS
1	A	19	ASN
1	B	15	HIS
1	B	44	ASN
1	B	59	ASN
1	D	15	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	129/129 (100%)	-0.45	0 <a href="#">100</a> <a href="#">100</a>	10, 15, 26, 35	0
1	B	129/129 (100%)	-0.41	0 <a href="#">100</a> <a href="#">100</a>	9, 14, 27, 34	0
1	C	129/129 (100%)	-0.40	0 <a href="#">100</a> <a href="#">100</a>	10, 16, 29, 39	0
1	D	129/129 (100%)	-0.34	1 (0%) <a href="#">86</a> <a href="#">86</a>	10, 16, 31, 44	0
All	All	516/516 (100%)	-0.40	1 (0%) <a href="#">94</a> <a href="#">94</a>	9, 15, 29, 44	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	62	TRP	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	NA	C	201	1/1	0.88	0.33	5.57	38,38,38,38	0
2	NA	D	201	1/1	0.98	0.16	0.80	38,38,38,38	0
2	NA	B	201	1/1	0.96	0.06	-1.16	31,31,31,31	0
2	NA	A	201	1/1	0.98	0.04	-1.69	9,9,9,9	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.