



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 13, 2017 – 08:29 am GMT

PDB ID : 4X99
Title : Immunoglobulin Fc heterodimers variant
Authors : Seok, S.H.; Choi, H.J.; Kim, Y.J.; Seo, M.D.; Kim, Y.S.
Deposited on : 2014-12-11
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : trunk28620
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

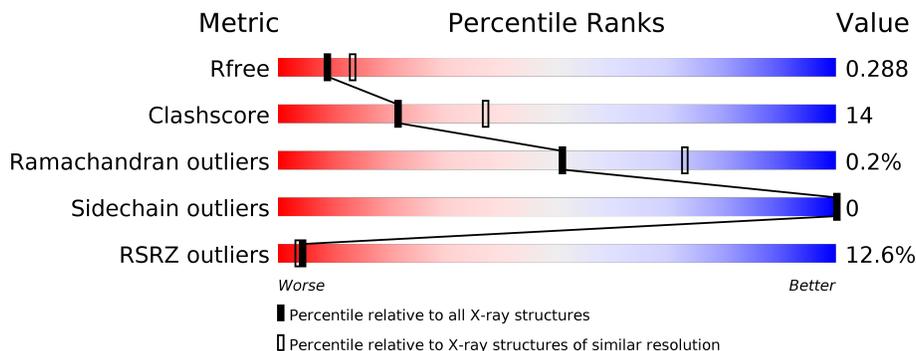
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	3846 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	112137	4554 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	4463 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	110143	4465 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	101464	3876 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	223	
2	B	223	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3502 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ig gamma-1 chain C region.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	208	1663	1057	279	320	7	0	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	349	CYS	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
A	360	GLU	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
A	409	TRP	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P01857

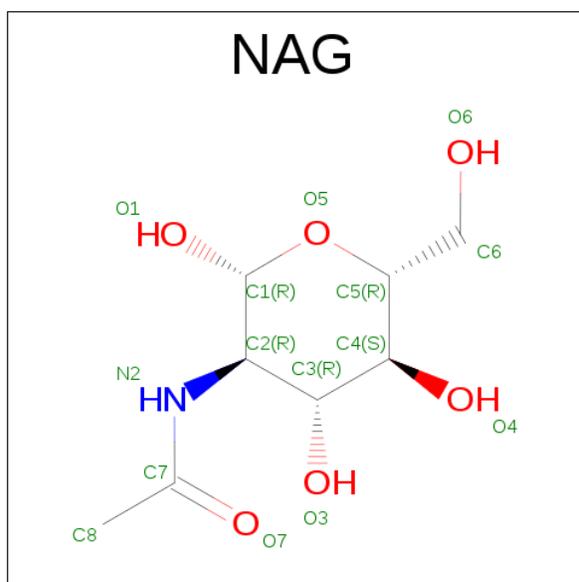
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Ig gamma-1 chain C region.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	205	1600	1018	273	302	7	0	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

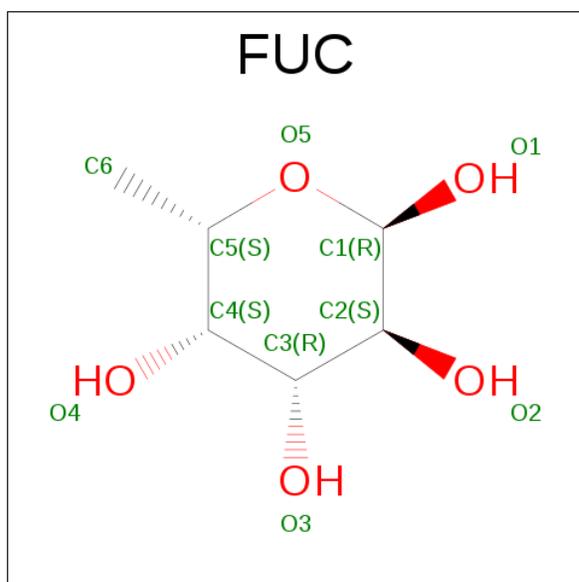
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	347	ARG	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
B	354	CYS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
B	399	VAL	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P01857
B	405	THR	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP P01857

- Molecule 3 is N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



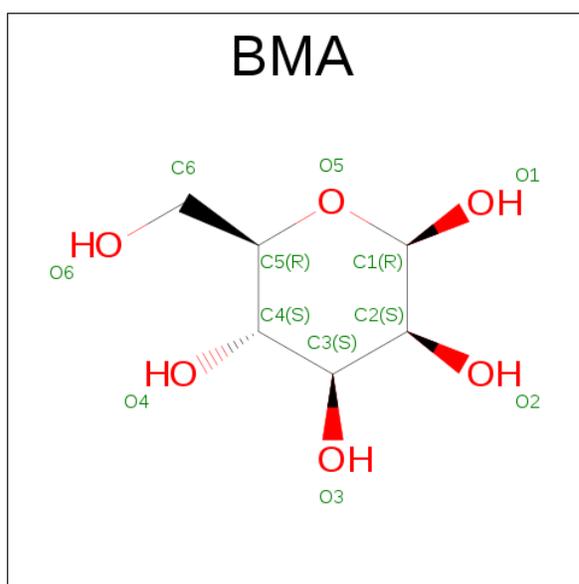
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
3	A	1	Total 14	8	1	5	0	0
3	A	1	Total 14	8	1	5	0	0
3	A	1	Total 14	8	1	5	0	0
3	A	1	Total 14	8	1	5	0	0
3	B	1	Total 14	8	1	5	0	0
3	B	1	Total 14	8	1	5	0	0
3	B	1	Total 14	8	1	5	0	0
3	B	1	Total 14	8	1	5	0	0

- Molecule 4 is ALPHA-L-FUCOSE (three-letter code: FUC) (formula: C₆H₁₂O₅).



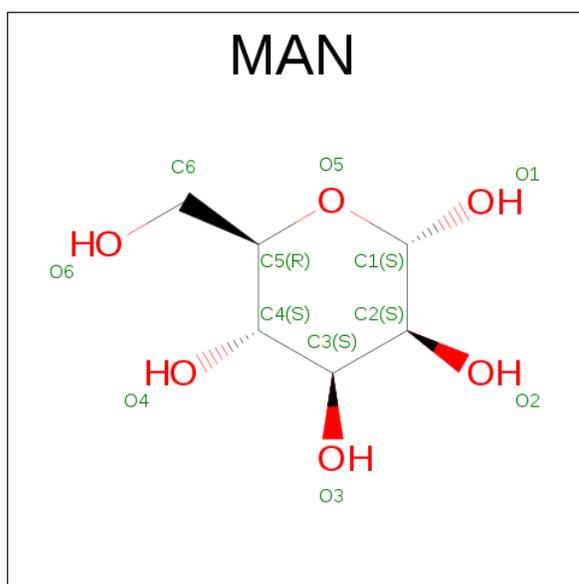
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		
4	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			10	6	4		

- Molecule 5 is BETA-D-MANNOSE (three-letter code: BMA) (formula: $C_6H_{12}O_6$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		
5	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			11	6	5		

- Molecule 6 is ALPHA-D-MANNOSE (three-letter code: MAN) (formula: C₆H₁₂O₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0	0
6	A	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0	0
6	B	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0	0
6	B	1	Total C O 11 6 5	0	0

- Molecule 7 is water.

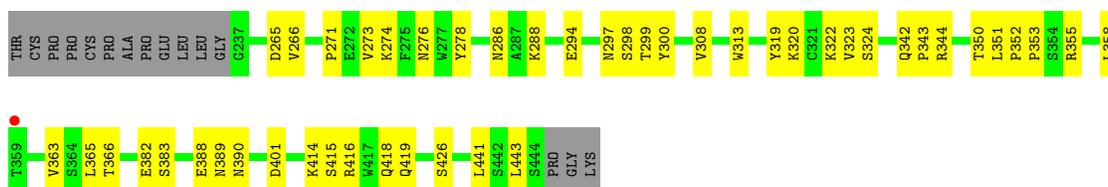
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	30	Total O 30 30	0	0
7	B	11	Total O 11 11	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

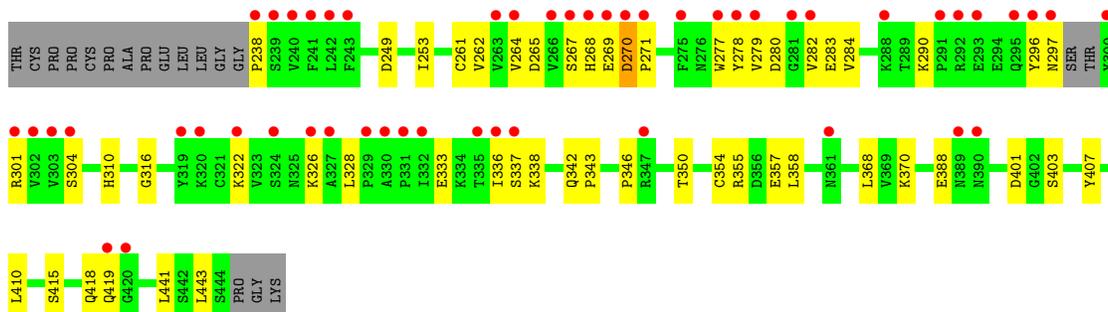
- Molecule 1: Ig gamma-1 chain C region

Chain A: 



- Molecule 2: Ig gamma-1 chain C region

Chain B: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 61 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	152.77Å 152.77Å 109.98Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.63 – 2.50 45.52 – 2.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (44.63-2.50) 93.4 (45.52-2.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.01	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	8.09 (at 2.51Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.9_1692)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.248 , 0.283 0.261 , 0.288	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1981 reflections (7.49%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	52.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.221	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 49.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.51$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	3502	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	65.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, BMA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.63	0/1710	0.70	0/2333
2	B	0.63	0/1642	0.78	3/2241 (0.1%)
All	All	0.63	0/3352	0.74	3/4574 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	268	HIS	CB-CA-C	-10.77	88.87	110.40
2	B	290	LYS	C-N-CD	5.86	140.70	128.40
2	B	270	ASP	C-N-CD	5.59	140.15	128.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1663	0	1614	30	0
2	B	1600	0	1555	47	0
3	A	56	0	48	7	0
3	B	56	0	49	10	0
4	A	10	0	10	0	0
4	B	10	0	10	4	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	11	0	8	0	0
5	B	11	0	8	0	0
6	A	22	0	17	5	0
6	B	22	0	18	3	0
7	A	30	0	0	1	0
7	B	11	0	0	1	0
All	All	3502	0	3337	92	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

The worst 5 of 92 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:278:TYR:CE1	2:B:283:GLU:HB2	1.30	1.56
2:B:278:TYR:CE1	2:B:283:GLU:CB	2.23	1.20
2:B:267:SER:HB2	2:B:271:PRO:HG2	1.33	1.05
1:A:265:ASP:OD1	3:A:502:NAG:O7	1.83	0.96
2:B:278:TYR:HE1	2:B:283:GLU:HB2	1.28	0.94

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	206/223 (92%)	200 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	201/223 (90%)	188 (94%)	12 (6%)	1 (0%)	32	53
All	All	407/446 (91%)	388 (95%)	18 (4%)	1 (0%)	51	73

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	270	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	194/206 (94%)	194 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	183/206 (89%)	183 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	377/412 (92%)	377 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

16 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length

(or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	A	501	3,5	14,14,15	1.33	2 (14%)	15,19,21	1.45	3 (20%)
3	NAG	A	502	1,3,4	14,14,15	1.36	2 (14%)	15,19,21	1.93	4 (26%)
4	FUC	A	503	3	9,10,11	1.97	5 (55%)	13,14,16	1.28	1 (7%)
5	BMA	A	504	3,6	11,11,12	1.60	2 (18%)	13,15,17	1.65	3 (23%)
6	MAN	A	505	3,5	11,11,12	2.03	4 (36%)	13,15,17	2.13	3 (23%)
3	NAG	A	506	6	14,14,15	1.44	3 (21%)	15,19,21	1.50	3 (20%)
6	MAN	A	507	3,5	11,11,12	1.42	1 (9%)	13,15,17	1.95	6 (46%)
3	NAG	A	508	6	14,14,15	0.97	1 (7%)	15,19,21	2.11	5 (33%)
3	NAG	B	501	3,5	14,14,15	0.95	1 (7%)	15,19,21	1.42	2 (13%)
3	NAG	B	502	3,2,4	14,14,15	0.80	0	15,19,21	0.82	0
4	FUC	B	503	3	9,10,11	1.29	1 (11%)	13,14,16	1.63	6 (46%)
5	BMA	B	504	3,6	11,11,12	1.27	1 (9%)	13,15,17	2.36	5 (38%)
6	MAN	B	505	3,5	11,11,12	1.02	1 (9%)	13,15,17	1.67	4 (30%)
3	NAG	B	506	6	14,14,15	1.02	1 (7%)	15,19,21	1.54	3 (20%)
6	MAN	B	507	3,5	11,11,12	0.78	0	13,15,17	1.46	2 (15%)
3	NAG	B	508	6	14,14,15	1.40	3 (21%)	15,19,21	1.88	2 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	501	3,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	502	1,3,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	A	503	3	-	0/0/17/20	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	A	504	3,6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	A	505	3,5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	506	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	A	507	3,5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	508	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	501	3,5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	502	3,2,4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	B	503	3	-	0/0/17/20	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	B	504	3,6	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	MAN	B	505	3,5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	506	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	MAN	B	507	3,5	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	508	6	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	A	505	MAN	O3-C3	-3.57	1.34	1.43
3	A	502	NAG	C1-C2	-3.35	1.47	1.52
4	A	503	FUC	O5-C1	-3.21	1.38	1.43
6	A	505	MAN	O5-C1	-3.13	1.38	1.43
3	A	506	NAG	O4-C4	-3.13	1.35	1.43

The worst 5 of 52 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	B	504	BMA	C1-C2-C3	-4.83	103.52	109.65
3	B	501	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.89	106.06	111.47
3	A	501	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.78	106.22	111.47
3	A	508	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.73	104.12	110.49
3	A	506	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-3.67	106.36	111.47

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

9 monomers are involved in 17 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	502	NAG	2	0
6	A	507	MAN	5	0
3	A	508	NAG	5	0
3	B	502	NAG	5	0
4	B	503	FUC	4	0
6	B	505	MAN	1	0
3	B	506	NAG	2	0
6	B	507	MAN	2	0
3	B	508	NAG	3	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	208/223 (93%)	0.43	1 (0%) 90 91	39, 52, 82, 95	0
2	B	205/223 (91%)	1.36	51 (24%) 1 0	37, 71, 109, 132	0
All	All	413/446 (92%)	0.89	52 (12%) 4 3	37, 59, 104, 132	0

The worst 5 of 52 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	302	VAL	21.2
2	B	270	ASP	10.1
2	B	241	PHE	7.3
2	B	263	VAL	6.9
2	B	296	TYR	5.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
3	NAG	A	502	14/15	0.89	0.16	-0.35	44,49,54,54	0
3	NAG	A	506	14/15	0.94	0.17	-2.81	53,59,66,70	0
3	NAG	A	501	14/15	0.92	0.11	-	43,51,57,59	0
6	MAN	B	505	11/12	0.62	0.29	-	94,101,106,108	0
3	NAG	B	508	14/15	0.44	0.38	-	97,105,112,113	0
3	NAG	A	508	14/15	0.82	0.15	-	74,83,91,91	0
6	MAN	B	507	11/12	0.70	0.23	-	92,100,105,106	0
6	MAN	A	507	11/12	0.88	0.17	-	73,79,87,87	0
3	NAG	B	502	14/15	0.72	0.40	-	95,109,112,113	0
4	FUC	A	503	10/11	0.94	0.13	-	48,52,56,59	0
3	NAG	B	506	14/15	0.65	0.32	-	96,101,106,107	0
3	NAG	B	501	14/15	0.54	0.46	-	103,106,111,112	0
5	BMA	B	504	11/12	0.76	0.20	-	97,104,109,110	0
4	FUC	B	503	10/11	0.72	0.24	-	97,104,108,109	0
5	BMA	A	504	11/12	0.93	0.14	-	50,56,62,71	0
6	MAN	A	505	11/12	0.96	0.15	-	56,58,64,75	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.