



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jan 31, 2018 – 02:12 PM EST

PDB ID : 5XLC
Title : The structure of hemagglutinin Q226L-G228S mutant from an avian-origin H4N6 influenza virus in complex with avian receptor analog LSTa
Authors : Song, H.; Qi, J.; Gao, G.F.
Deposited on : 2017-05-10
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : rb-20030736
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : rb-20030736

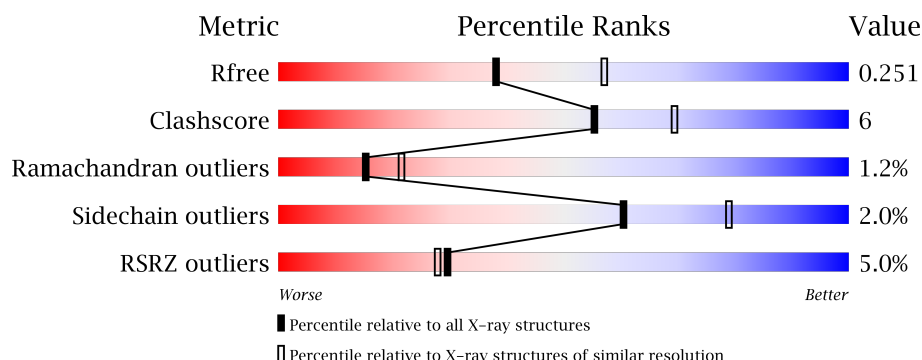
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	3166 (2.40-2.40)
Clashscore	112137	3674 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	3616 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	110143	3617 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	101464	3195 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	327	<div> <div>11%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>76%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>...</div> </div> </div>
1	B	327	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>85%</div> <div>10%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
2	C	176	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>94%</div> <div>...</div> </div> </div>
2	D	176	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>92%</div> <div>6%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8068 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemagglutinin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	319	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2460	1542	436	470	12			
1	B	319	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2460	1542	436	470	12			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	223	LEU	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP A3KF09
A	225	SER	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP A3KF09
B	223	LEU	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP A3KF09
B	225	SER	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP A3KF09

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemagglutinin.

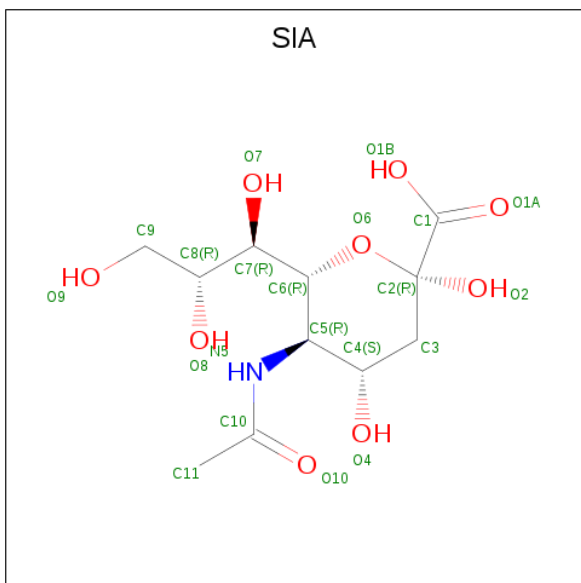
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	172	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1404	871	250	279	4			
2	D	172	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1404	871	250	279	4			

- Molecule 3 is N-ACETYL-D-GLUCOSAMINE (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: C₈H₁₅NO₆).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

- Molecule 4 is O-SIALIC ACID (three-letter code: SIA) (formula: $C_{11}H_{19}NO_9$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			21	11	1	9		
4	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			21	11	1	9		

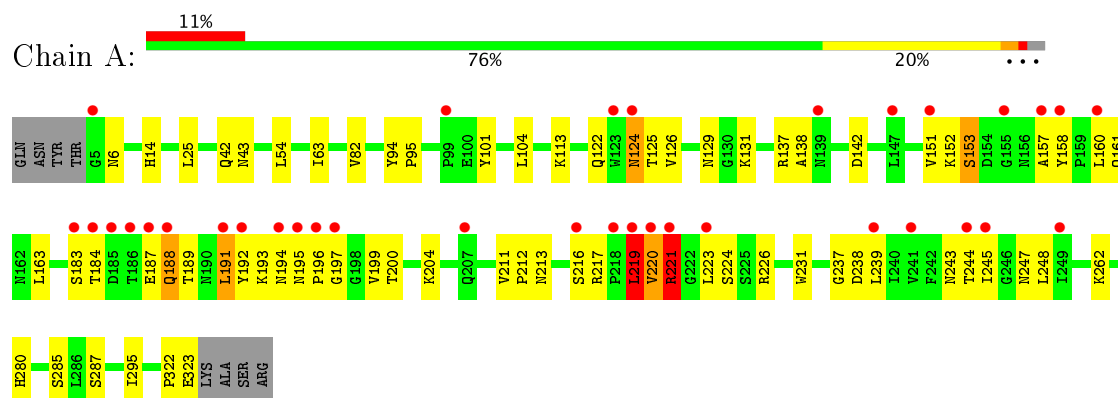
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	40	Total	O	0	0
			40	40		
5	C	60	Total	O	0	0
			60	60		
5	B	66	Total	O	0	0
			66	66		
5	D	76	Total	O	0	0
			76	76		

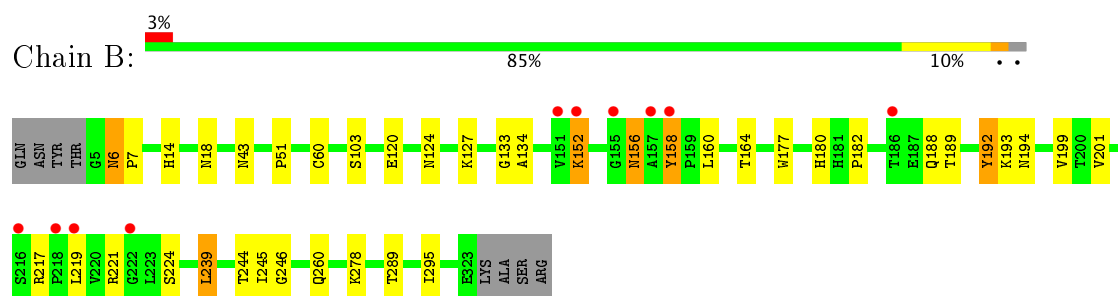
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

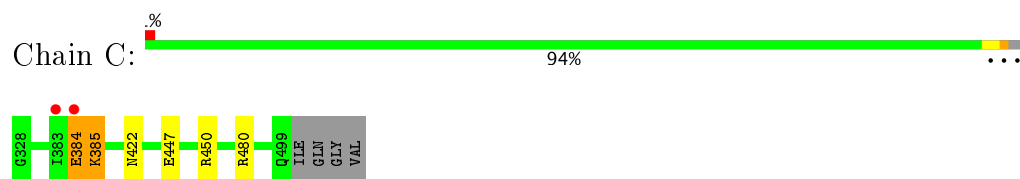
• Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin



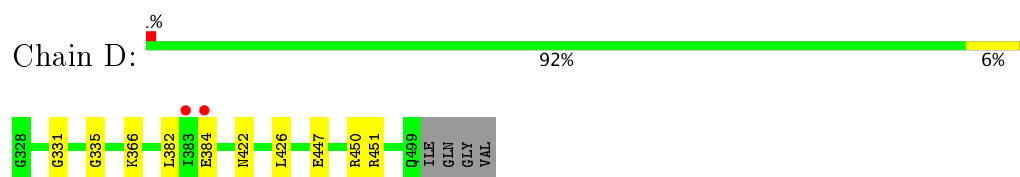
• Molecule 1: Hemagglutinin



• Molecule 2: Hemagglutinin



• Molecule 2: Hemagglutinin



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	100.27Å 100.27Å 686.27Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.97 – 2.40 48.97 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.6 (48.97-2.40) 89.8 (48.97-2.40)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.59 (at 2.39Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.9_1692	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.212 , 0.257 0.207 , 0.251	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2426 reflections (5.10%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	39.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.515	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.30 , 37.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.51$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	8068	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	56.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 50.65 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo translational symmetry is equal to 6.2769e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

² Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SIA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.37	0/2514	0.64	5/3423 (0.1%)
1	B	0.44	3/2514 (0.1%)	0.59	3/3423 (0.1%)
2	C	0.35	0/1428	0.54	0/1922
2	D	0.37	0/1428	0.52	0/1922
All	All	0.39	3/7884 (0.0%)	0.59	8/10690 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
2	C	0	1
All	All	0	2

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	158	TYR	CD1-CE1	8.97	1.52	1.39
1	B	158	TYR	CG-CD2	5.45	1.46	1.39
1	B	158	TYR	CB-CG	5.28	1.59	1.51

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	220	VAL	N-CA-C	-8.24	88.76	111.00
1	B	158	TYR	CA-CB-CG	7.83	128.27	113.40
1	A	219	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.81	130.97	115.30
1	A	221	ARG	CB-CA-C	-6.02	98.36	110.40

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	239	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.59	128.16	115.30
1	B	152	LYS	CB-CG-CD	5.59	126.14	111.60
1	A	220	VAL	CB-CA-C	5.38	121.62	111.40
1	A	221	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.25	117.68	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	219	LEU	Peptide
2	C	384	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2460	0	2414	54	0
1	B	2460	0	2414	26	0
2	C	1404	0	1320	3	0
2	D	1404	0	1320	7	0
3	A	28	0	26	0	0
3	B	28	0	26	1	0
4	A	21	0	18	2	0
4	B	21	0	18	1	0
5	A	40	0	0	3	0
5	B	66	0	0	5	0
5	C	60	0	0	2	1
5	D	76	0	0	3	0
All	All	8068	0	7556	90	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (90) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:156:ASN:OD1	1:B:193:LYS:HD2	1.67	0.93
1:B:180:HIS:ND1	1:B:192:TYR:OH	2.06	0.88
1:A:221:ARG:HH12	1:A:226:ARG:HE	1.26	0.84
2:D:382:LEU:HD11	2:D:426:LEU:HD21	1.62	0.81
1:B:260:GLN:OE1	5:B:701:HOH:O	1.98	0.81
1:A:221:ARG:HH22	1:A:226:ARG:HH21	1.35	0.73
1:B:134:ALA:O	1:B:221:ARG:NH1	2.22	0.72
1:A:188:GLN:NE2	1:A:189:THR:HB	2.06	0.70
1:B:152:LYS:HE3	1:B:193:LYS:HG3	1.74	0.69
1:A:187:GLU:OE2	4:A:603:SIA:O9	2.12	0.68
1:A:25:LEU:O	5:A:701:HOH:O	2.13	0.66
1:A:152:LYS:NZ	1:A:189:THR:O	2.28	0.66
2:D:422:ASN:OD1	5:D:601:HOH:O	2.14	0.66
2:D:366:LYS:NZ	5:D:602:HOH:O	2.28	0.66
1:A:188:GLN:CD	1:A:195:ASN:HB2	2.16	0.66
2:C:447:GLU:OE1	2:C:450:ARG:NH1	2.28	0.65
1:B:289:THR:OG1	5:B:702:HOH:O	2.15	0.64
1:B:18:ASN:ND2	5:B:706:HOH:O	2.30	0.63
1:A:188:GLN:NE2	1:A:194:ASN:O	2.31	0.63
1:A:213:ASN:O	1:A:217:ARG:NH2	2.31	0.63
1:B:60:CYS:O	5:B:703:HOH:O	2.16	0.62
1:B:156:ASN:OD1	1:B:193:LYS:CD	2.45	0.62
2:C:422:ASN:OD1	5:C:601:HOH:O	2.16	0.61
1:A:199:VAL:HG11	1:A:248:LEU:HD13	1.83	0.59
1:A:129:ASN:O	1:A:131:LYS:NZ	2.36	0.59
1:A:43:ASN:HB3	1:A:295:ILE:HD13	1.83	0.59
2:D:451:ARG:HD2	5:D:605:HOH:O	2.02	0.59
1:A:183:SER:OG	1:A:187:GLU:OE1	2.14	0.59
1:A:183:SER:HB3	1:A:224:SER:OG	2.04	0.58
2:D:447:GLU:OE1	2:D:450:ARG:NH1	2.37	0.58
1:B:160:LEU:HD23	1:B:245:ILE:HG23	1.87	0.56
1:B:244:THR:HG22	1:B:246:GLY:H	1.71	0.56
1:A:189:THR:HA	1:A:192:TYR:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:280:HIS:HD1	1:A:285:SER:HG	1.52	0.55
1:A:124:ASN:N	1:A:161:GLN:HE21	2.04	0.54
1:A:219:LEU:HD12	1:A:224:SER:HA	1.89	0.54
1:A:42:GLN:NE2	5:A:705:HOH:O	2.42	0.53
1:B:244:THR:HG22	1:B:246:GLY:N	2.23	0.53
1:A:221:ARG:NH1	1:A:226:ARG:HE	2.01	0.53
1:B:188:GLN:O	1:B:192:TYR:O	2.28	0.52
1:A:94:TYR:CD1	1:A:95:PRO:HD2	2.45	0.51
1:B:43:ASN:HB3	1:B:295:ILE:HD13	1.92	0.51

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:217:ARG:O	1:A:219:LEU:HD13	2.10	0.51
1:B:164:THR:OG1	3:B:601:NAG:O7	2.27	0.51
1:B:133:GLY:N	4:B:603:SIA:O1B	2.38	0.51
1:A:160:LEU:HD23	1:A:245:ILE:HG23	1.92	0.51
1:B:217:ARG:H	1:B:224:SER:HG	1.57	0.50
1:A:238:ASP:OD1	1:A:239:LEU:N	2.43	0.50
1:A:219:LEU:HD12	1:A:223:LEU:O	2.12	0.49
1:B:180:HIS:CG	1:B:192:TYR:OH	2.65	0.49
1:A:95:PRO:HB3	1:A:221:ARG:HG2	1.94	0.49
1:A:221:ARG:HB2	1:A:223:LEU:H	1.78	0.48
1:A:153:SER:OG	1:A:157:ALA:N	2.30	0.48
1:B:103:SER:OG	5:B:704:HOH:O	2.20	0.48
1:B:152:LYS:NZ	1:B:189:THR:O	2.34	0.47
1:A:197:GLY:HA3	1:A:247:ASN:ND2	2.29	0.47
1:A:184:THR:HG1	1:A:187:GLU:H	1.59	0.47
1:A:153:SER:HG	1:A:157:ALA:H	1.57	0.47
1:A:221:ARG:HH22	1:A:226:ARG:NH2	2.10	0.46
1:A:204:LYS:HG2	1:A:238:ASP:OD1	2.16	0.46
2:C:480:ARG:NH1	5:C:606:HOH:O	2.42	0.46
1:A:184:THR:OG1	1:A:187:GLU:N	2.35	0.46
1:A:104:LEU:HB2	1:A:231:TRP:CZ3	2.51	0.46
1:A:113:LYS:NZ	5:A:708:HOH:O	2.49	0.45
1:A:200:THR:OG1	1:A:243:ASN:HB2	2.16	0.45
1:A:195:ASN:HA	1:A:196:PRO:HA	1.71	0.45
2:D:331:GLY:O	2:D:335:GLY:HA3	2.17	0.45
1:A:124:ASN:H	1:A:161:GLN:HE21	1.63	0.45
1:A:63:ILE:HG13	1:A:101:TYR:CE2	2.52	0.44
1:A:191:LEU:HD11	4:A:603:SIA:H92	2.00	0.44
1:A:54:LEU:HD22	1:A:82:VAL:HB	2.00	0.44
1:A:94:TYR:HA	1:A:95:PRO:HD2	1.81	0.44
1:A:211:VAL:HA	1:A:212:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.44
1:B:177:TRP:CE2	1:B:201:VAL:HG21	2.53	0.44
1:A:188:GLN:NE2	1:A:195:ASN:HB2	2.31	0.44
1:A:126:VAL:HG21	1:A:158:TYR:CD1	2.53	0.43
1:A:322:PRO:O	1:A:323:GLU:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:B:6:ASN:H	1:B:7:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.43
1:B:51:PRO:HG2	1:B:278:LYS:HG3	2.01	0.43
1:A:204:LYS:NZ	1:A:237:GLY:O	2.49	0.43
1:A:137:ARG:HD2	1:A:142:ASP:OD2	2.20	0.42
1:A:95:PRO:HG3	1:A:221:ARG:HG2	2.01	0.41
1:A:220:VAL:CG2	1:A:221:ARG:H	2.32	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:127:LYS:HG3	1:B:152:LYS:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:126:VAL:HG12	1:A:151:VAL:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:199:VAL:HG22	1:B:244:THR:HG23	2.01	0.41
1:B:182:PRO:HG2	1:B:188:GLN:OE1	2.21	0.41
1:A:262:LYS:HE2	1:A:262:LYS:HB3	1.88	0.41
1:A:124:ASN:HB3	1:A:125:THR:H	1.56	0.41
2:D:382:LEU:HA	2:D:382:LEU:HD12	1.84	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
5:C:635:HOH:O	5:C:639:HOH:O[2_8135]	1.89	0.31

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	317/327 (97%)	294 (93%)	16 (5%)	7 (2%)	8	9
1	B	317/327 (97%)	301 (95%)	13 (4%)	3 (1%)	20	29
2	C	170/176 (97%)	158 (93%)	10 (6%)	2 (1%)	15	21
2	D	170/176 (97%)	162 (95%)	8 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	974/1006 (97%)	915 (94%)	47 (5%)	12 (1%)	15	21

All (12) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	138	ALA
1	A	193	LYS
2	C	384	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	C	385	LYS
1	B	156	ASN
1	A	122	GLN
1	A	153	SER
1	B	6	ASN
1	B	124	ASN
1	A	216	SER
1	A	6	ASN
1	A	124	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	276/283 (98%)	268 (97%)	8 (3%)	48	68
1	B	276/283 (98%)	269 (98%)	7 (2%)	53	73
2	C	147/150 (98%)	146 (99%)	1 (1%)	87	94
2	D	147/150 (98%)	146 (99%)	1 (1%)	87	94
All	All	846/866 (98%)	829 (98%)	17 (2%)	60	79

All (17) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	14	HIS
1	A	163	LEU
1	A	188	GLN
1	A	191	LEU
1	A	219	LEU
1	A	221	ARG
1	A	244	THR
1	A	287	SER
2	C	385	LYS
1	B	14	HIS
1	B	120	GLU
1	B	158	TYR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	192	TYR
1	B	194	ASN
1	B	219	LEU
1	B	239	LEU
2	D	384	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	14	HIS
1	A	128	GLN
1	A	247	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	NAG	A	601	1	14,14,15	0.62	1 (7%)	15,19,21	0.77	1 (6%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	A	602	1	14,14,15	0.36	0	15,19,21	0.41	0
4	SIA	A	603	-	18,21,21	0.98	1 (5%)	19,31,31	0.52	0
3	NAG	B	601	1	14,14,15	0.47	0	15,19,21	0.41	0
3	NAG	B	602	1	14,14,15	0.40	0	15,19,21	0.65	0
4	SIA	B	603	-	18,21,21	1.02	1 (5%)	19,31,31	0.76	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	A	601	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	A	602	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	SIA	A	603	-	-	0/14/38/38	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	601	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	B	602	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	SIA	B	603	-	-	0/14/38/38	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	601	NAG	C1-C2	2.10	1.55	1.52
4	A	603	SIA	O2-C2	3.74	1.43	1.39
4	B	603	SIA	O2-C2	3.97	1.44	1.39

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	B	603	SIA	O6-C6-C7	2.22	110.65	107.41
3	A	601	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.40	115.47	112.17

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	603	SIA	2	0
3	B	601	NAG	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	603	SIA	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	319/327 (97%)	0.52	35 (10%) 6 5	31, 71, 131, 162	0
1	B	319/327 (97%)	-0.14	10 (3%) 49 47	25, 50, 85, 110	0
2	C	172/176 (97%)	-0.06	2 (1%) 79 77	28, 41, 64, 120	0
2	D	172/176 (97%)	-0.16	2 (1%) 79 77	24, 38, 56, 116	0
All	All	982/1006 (97%)	0.09	49 (4%) 30 28	24, 48, 108, 162	0

All (49) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	220	VAL	7.9
1	A	219	LEU	7.1
1	A	139	ASN	6.8
1	A	158	TYR	6.4
1	A	192	TYR	5.9
1	A	216	SER	5.5
2	D	383	ILE	5.4
1	A	184	THR	5.3
1	A	191	LEU	5.1
1	A	157	ALA	5.0
1	A	188	GLN	5.0
1	A	123	TRP	4.6
1	A	197	GLY	3.9
1	B	219	LEU	3.9
2	C	384	GLU	3.7
1	B	186	THR	3.7
1	B	157	ALA	3.6
1	A	155	GLY	3.5
1	A	160	LEU	3.4
1	A	218	PRO	3.3
1	A	151	VAL	3.2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	244	THR	3.2
1	A	185	ASP	3.2
1	A	239	LEU	3.2
1	A	183	SER	3.1
1	A	195	ASN	3.1
2	D	384	GLU	2.9
1	A	249	ILE	2.7
1	A	196	PRO	2.7
1	A	207	GLN	2.7
1	A	221	ARG	2.7
1	A	5	GLY	2.7
1	A	241	VAL	2.7
1	A	147	LEU	2.6
1	B	158	TYR	2.6
1	B	155	GLY	2.5
1	B	222	GLY	2.4
1	B	218	PRO	2.4
1	A	245	ILE	2.3
2	C	383	ILE	2.3
1	A	124	ASN	2.3
1	B	216	SER	2.2
1	A	99	PRO	2.2
1	B	151	VAL	2.2
1	A	186	THR	2.2
1	A	223	LEU	2.1
1	B	152	LYS	2.1
1	A	194	ASN	2.1
1	A	187	GLU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron

density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
4	SIA	A	603	21/21	0.69	0.35	1.12	111,119,122,123	0
4	SIA	B	603	21/21	0.86	0.19	0.31	69,74,79,82	0
3	NAG	A	601	14/15	0.77	0.36	0.17	111,116,120,123	0
3	NAG	B	602	14/15	0.93	0.12	-	31,38,41,42	0
3	NAG	A	602	14/15	0.92	0.13	-	44,49,52,54	0
3	NAG	B	601	14/15	0.76	0.34	-	91,102,103,104	0

6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.