



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 13, 2017 – 04:16 pm GMT

PDB ID : 1YEN
Title : T-To-T(High) quaternary transitions in human hemoglobin: betaP36A oxy
(2MM IHP, 20% PEG) (10 test sets)
Authors : Kavanaugh, J.S.; Rogers, P.H.; Arnone, A.
Deposited on : 2004-12-28
Resolution : 2.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.9-1692
EDS : trunk28620
Percentile statistics : 20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016)
Refmac : 5.8.0135
CCP4 : 6.5.0
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

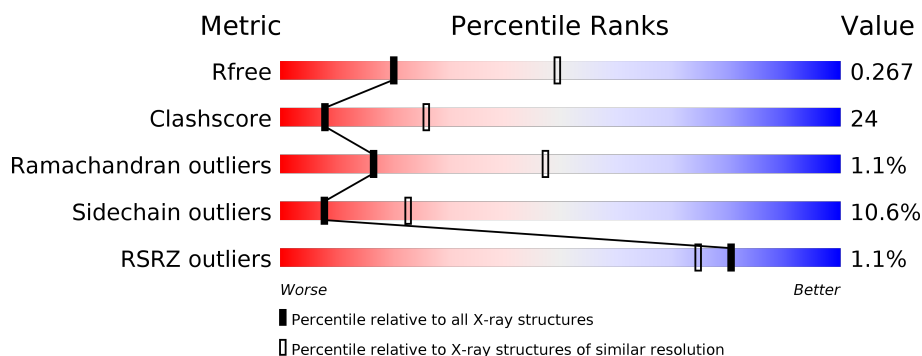
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	100719	2583 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	112137	3033 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	2983 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	110143	2985 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	101464	2610 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	141	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>58%</div> <div>35%</div> <div>5%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>
1	C	141	<div> <div></div> <div> <div>59%</div> <div>33%</div> <div>6%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>
2	B	146	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>56%</div> <div>36%</div> <div>5%</div> <div>•</div> </div> </div>
2	D	146	<div> <div>3%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>51%</div> <div>42%</div> <div>7%</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4669 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemoglobin alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	138	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1036	664	180	189	3			
1	C	138	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1036	664	180	189	3			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemoglobin beta chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	146	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1122	722	195	201	4			
2	D	146	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1122	722	195	201	4			

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

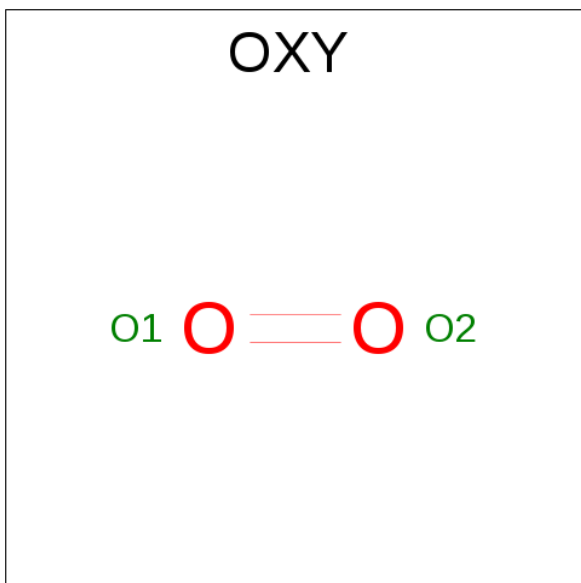
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	1	MET	VAL	ENGINEERED	UNP P68871
B	36	ALA	PRO	ENGINEERED	UNP P68871
D	1	MET	VAL	ENGINEERED	UNP P68871
D	36	ALA	PRO	ENGINEERED	UNP P68871

- Molecule 3 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0
3	B	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0
3	C	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0
3	D	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0

- Molecule 4 is OXYGEN MOLECULE (three-letter code: OXY) (formula: O_2).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total O 2 2	0	0
4	B	1	Total O 2 2	0	0
4	C	1	Total O 2 2	0	0
4	D	1	Total O 2 2	0	0

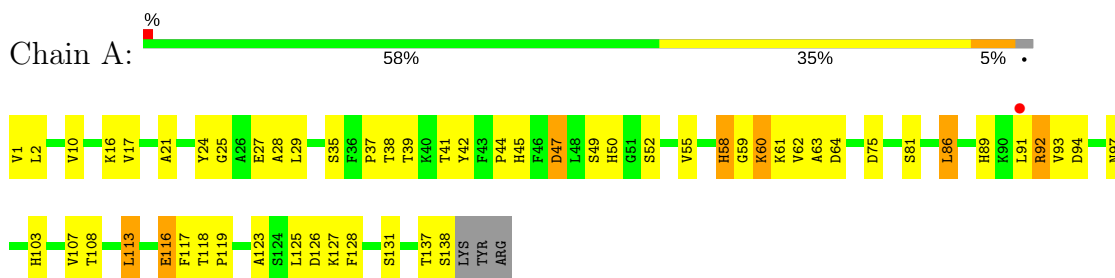
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	59	Total O 59 59	0	0
5	B	42	Total O 42 42	0	0
5	C	41	Total O 41 41	0	0
5	D	31	Total O 31 31	0	0

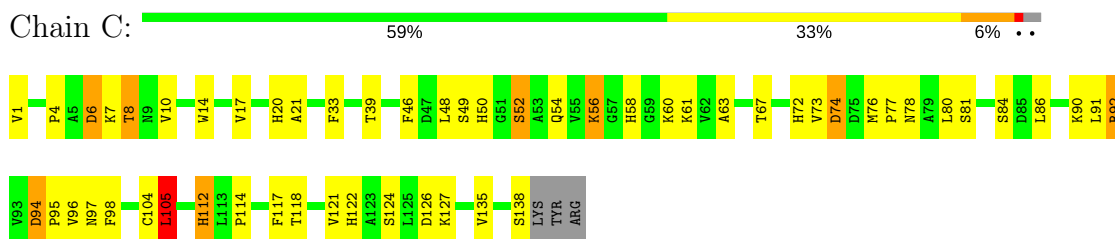
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

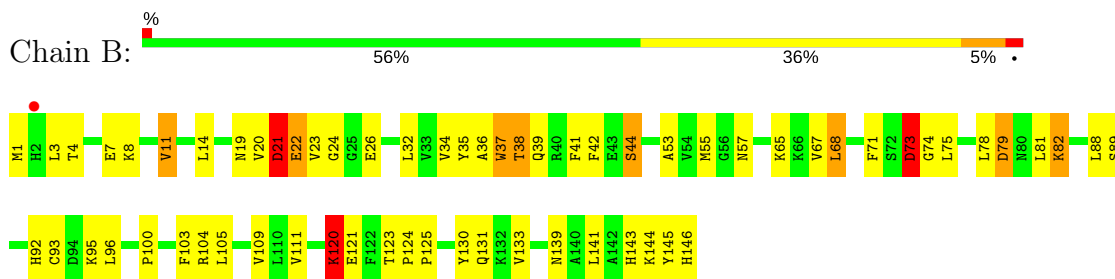
• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin alpha chain



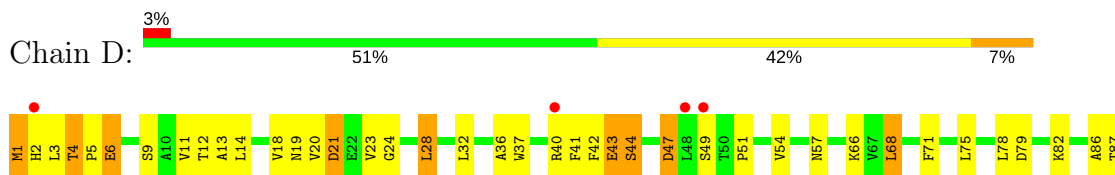
• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin alpha chain



• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin beta chain



• Molecule 2: Hemoglobin beta chain



L88	S89	E90	L91	H92	C93	L96	H97	V98	D99	P100	E101	N102	L114	A115	H116	H117	F118	G119	K120	E121	F122	T123	P124	P125	Y130	Q131	K132	V133	V134	V137	A138	L141	K144	Y145	H146
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4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	95.50Å 98.40Å 67.20Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 2.80 36.20 – 2.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	85.8 (10.00-2.80) 85.7 (36.20-2.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.14	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	17.64 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.175 , 0.267 0.185 , 0.267	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1395 reflections (11.18%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	52.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.208	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.27 , 37.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.47$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.029 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	4669	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	50.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.01% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, OXY

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	1.01	0/1063	1.03	3/1448 (0.2%)
1	C	0.92	0/1063	0.99	5/1448 (0.3%)
2	B	1.09	3/1151 (0.3%)	1.05	2/1561 (0.1%)
2	D	0.97	0/1151	1.04	5/1561 (0.3%)
All	All	1.00	3/4428 (0.1%)	1.03	15/6018 (0.2%)

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	120	LYS	CD-CE	5.94	1.66	1.51
2	B	37	TRP	CB-CG	-5.39	1.40	1.50
2	B	73	ASP	CB-CG	5.04	1.62	1.51

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	79	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	9.37	126.73	118.30
1	C	94	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.76	124.38	118.30
2	D	79	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.69	124.32	118.30
1	A	64	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.33	124.00	118.30
2	D	47	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.26	123.93	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1036	0	1038	44	0
1	C	1036	0	1038	38	0
2	B	1122	0	1116	58	1
2	D	1122	0	1116	59	0
3	A	43	0	30	4	0
3	B	43	0	30	4	0
3	C	43	0	30	5	1
3	D	43	0	30	8	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
4	B	2	0	0	1	0
4	C	2	0	0	0	0
4	D	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	59	0	0	8	0
5	B	42	0	0	16	0
5	C	41	0	0	4	0
5	D	31	0	0	8	0
All	All	4669	0	4428	212	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 24.

The worst 5 of 212 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:7:LYS:NZ	1:C:74:ASP:OD1	1.68	1.24
2:D:102:ASN:N	5:D:401:HOH:O	1.78	1.17
1:C:127:LYS:HD2	5:C:394:HOH:O	0.98	1.13
2:B:104:ARG:NH1	5:B:248:HOH:O	1.85	1.09
2:B:73:ASP:HB3	5:B:269:HOH:O	1.48	1.09

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:120:LYS:NZ	3:C:142:HEM:O1D[3_555]	2.10	0.10

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	136/141 (96%)	126 (93%)	10 (7%)	0	100	100
1	C	136/141 (96%)	125 (92%)	10 (7%)	1 (1%)	25	59
2	B	144/146 (99%)	130 (90%)	12 (8%)	2 (1%)	13	39
2	D	144/146 (99%)	127 (88%)	14 (10%)	3 (2%)	8	27
All	All	560/574 (98%)	508 (91%)	46 (8%)	6 (1%)	17	47

5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	36	ALA
2	D	2	HIS
2	D	121	GLU
1	C	117	PHE
2	B	11	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	110/113 (97%)	98 (89%)	12 (11%)	7	22
1	C	110/113 (97%)	99 (90%)	11 (10%)	9	26
2	B	117/117 (100%)	107 (92%)	10 (8%)	12	35
2	D	117/117 (100%)	102 (87%)	15 (13%)	5	15
All	All	454/460 (99%)	406 (89%)	48 (11%)	8	23

5 of 48 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	120	LYS
1	C	56	LYS
2	D	82	LYS
1	C	1	VAL
1	C	50	HIS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	112	HIS
2	D	139	ASN
2	D	102	ASN
1	A	97	ASN
2	D	116	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	HEM	A	142	1,4	28,50,50	2.45	6 (21%)	17,82,82	1.81	7 (41%)
4	OXY	A	150	3	1,1,1	0.10	0	0,0,0	0.00	-
3	HEM	B	147	2,4	28,50,50	2.21	4 (14%)	17,82,82	2.95	6 (35%)
4	OXY	B	150	3	1,1,1	0.10	0	0,0,0	0.00	-
3	HEM	C	142	1,4	28,50,50	2.53	7 (25%)	17,82,82	1.98	4 (23%)
4	OXY	C	150	3	1,1,1	0.15	0	0,0,0	0.00	-
3	HEM	D	147	2,4	28,50,50	2.25	7 (25%)	17,82,82	1.62	3 (17%)
4	OXY	D	150	3	1,1,1	0.07	0	0,0,0	0.00	-

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HEM	A	142	1,4	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8
4	OXY	A	150	3	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	HEM	B	147	2,4	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8
4	OXY	B	150	3	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	HEM	C	142	1,4	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8
4	OXY	C	150	3	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	HEM	D	147	2,4	-	0/6/54/54	0/0/8/8
4	OXY	D	150	3	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

The worst 5 of 24 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	C	142	HEM	C3B-C2B	-7.12	1.31	1.40
3	A	142	HEM	C3C-C2C	-6.86	1.31	1.40
3	C	142	HEM	C3C-C2C	-6.78	1.31	1.40
3	B	147	HEM	C3C-C2C	-6.73	1.31	1.40
3	D	147	HEM	C3B-C2B	-6.62	1.31	1.40

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	147	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-8.62	96.00	112.48
3	C	142	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-4.89	103.14	112.47
3	A	142	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-4.12	104.13	107.00
3	D	147	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	-3.84	106.09	112.66
3	B	147	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-3.71	122.76	128.46

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 23 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	142	HEM	4	0
3	B	147	HEM	4	0
4	B	150	OXY	1	0
3	C	142	HEM	5	1
3	D	147	HEM	8	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	138/141 (97%)	-0.58	1 (0%) 87 83	30, 44, 62, 78	0
1	C	138/141 (97%)	-0.49	0 100 100	31, 54, 81, 87	0
2	B	146/146 (100%)	-0.53	1 (0%) 87 83	32, 40, 67, 99	0
2	D	146/146 (100%)	-0.40	4 (2%) 55 44	35, 52, 90, 109	0
All	All	568/574 (98%)	-0.50	6 (1%) 80 74	30, 47, 82, 109	0

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	2	HIS	3.7
2	D	2	HIS	3.3
1	A	91	LEU	2.9
2	D	49	SER	2.4
2	D	40	ARG	2.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors

of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
4	OXY	B	150	2/2	0.99	0.14	0.21	31,31,31,39	0
3	HEM	B	147	43/43	0.97	0.15	0.18	29,34,41,47	0
4	OXY	A	150	2/2	0.99	0.15	0.06	47,47,47,47	0
3	HEM	D	147	43/43	0.95	0.15	-0.12	49,56,75,80	0
3	HEM	A	142	43/43	0.97	0.13	-0.43	36,44,56,58	0
3	HEM	C	142	43/43	0.98	0.14	-0.61	42,45,60,65	0
4	OXY	D	150	2/2	0.99	0.08	-2.27	47,47,47,49	0
4	OXY	C	150	2/2	0.99	0.09	-2.73	45,45,45,50	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.