



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2018 – 05:55 pm GMT

PDB ID : 5A6C
Title : Concomitant binding of Afadin to LGN and F-actin directs planar spindle orientation
Authors : Carminati, M.; Gallini, S.; Pirovano, L.; Alfieri, A.; Bisi, S.; Mapelli, M.
Deposited on : 2015-06-25
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : trunk30967
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30967

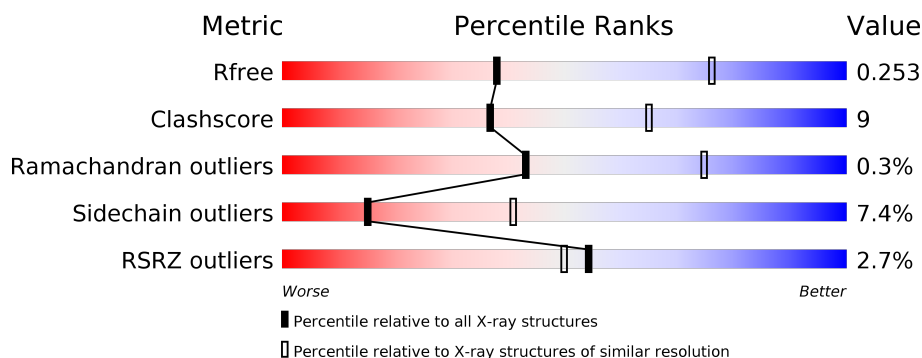
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	111664	1716 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	122126	1924 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	1884 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	120020	1886 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	108989	1669 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	374	<div> <div>%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>76%</div> <div>19%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>
1	B	374	<div> <div>4%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>73%</div> <div>24%</div> <div>• •</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5747 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called G-PROTEIN-SIGNALING MODULATOR 2, AFADIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	363	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2843	1784	499	551	9			
1	B	369	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			2889	1810	505	564	10			

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).

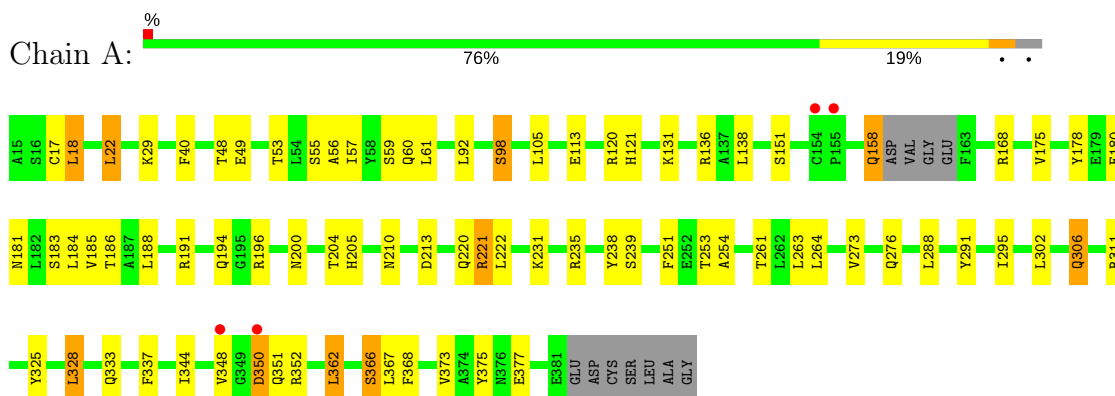


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	A	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
2	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

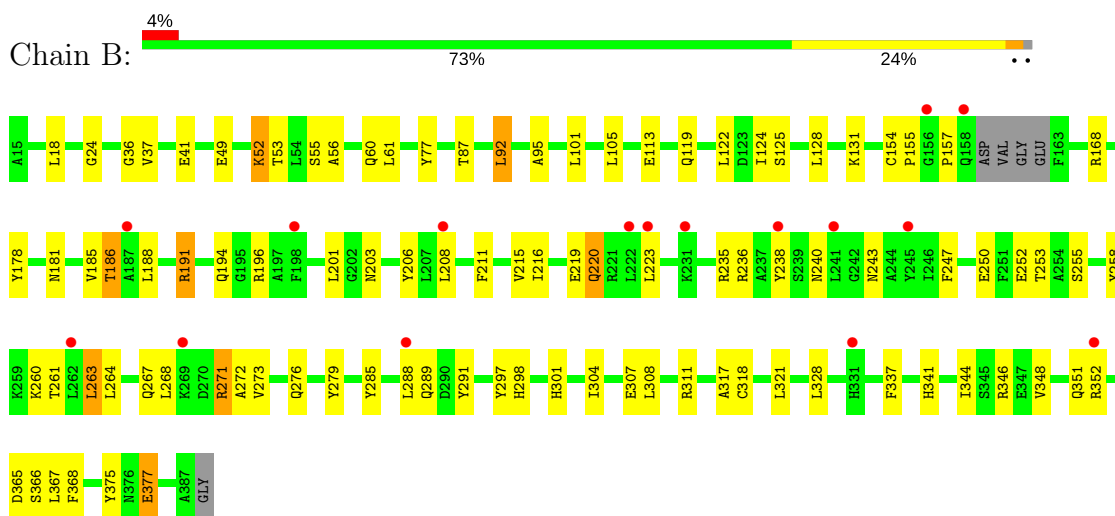
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: G-PROTEIN-SIGNALING MODULATOR 2, AFADIN



• Molecule 1: G-PROTEIN-SIGNALING MODULATOR 2, AFADIN



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	169.88Å 169.88Å 169.88Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.40 – 2.90 45.40 – 2.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	95.6 (45.40-2.90) 95.6 (45.40-2.90)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.58 (at 2.91Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.206 , 0.252 0.208 , 0.253	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1750 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	77.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 49.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.47$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.036 for l,-k,h	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5747	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	81.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.53	0/2895	0.62	0/3907
1	B	0.44	0/2941	0.55	0/3969
All	All	0.49	0/5836	0.58	0/7876

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2843	0	2736	41	0
1	B	2889	0	2776	55	0
2	A	10	0	0	0	0
2	B	5	0	0	0	0
All	All	5747	0	5512	96	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (96) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:235:ARG:HD2	1:A:273:VAL:HG11	1.52	0.91
1:B:235:ARG:HD2	1:B:273:VAL:HG11	1.63	0.81
1:B:263:LEU:HD22	1:B:267:GLN:HE21	1.47	0.79
1:B:276:GLN:NE2	1:B:375:TYR:OH	2.19	0.75
1:B:252:GLU:O	1:B:255:SER:OG	2.07	0.72
1:A:138:LEU:HD13	1:A:180:GLU:HB3	1.75	0.68
1:A:186:THR:HA	1:A:194:GLN:NE2	2.09	0.67
1:B:243:ASN:ND2	1:B:258:TYR:OH	2.28	0.67
1:A:231:LYS:HD2	1:A:264:LEU:HD11	1.80	0.64
1:A:366:SER:O	1:A:367:LEU:HB2	1.96	0.64
1:B:285:TYR:HA	1:B:288:LEU:HB2	1.79	0.63
1:A:186:THR:HA	1:A:194:GLN:HE21	1.63	0.62
1:B:157:PRO:HG3	1:B:206:TYR:CZ	2.35	0.62
1:B:366:SER:O	1:B:367:LEU:HB2	2.00	0.62
1:B:271:ARG:NH2	1:B:307:GLU:OE1	2.31	0.61
1:B:285:TYR:HE2	1:B:297:TYR:HE2	1.48	0.60
1:B:211:PHE:O	1:B:215:VAL:HG23	2.03	0.58
1:B:321:LEU:HD13	1:B:337:PHE:HE2	1.69	0.58
1:B:191:ARG:HH11	1:B:194:GLN:HE22	1.52	0.58
1:B:291:TYR:HB2	1:B:328:LEU:HD13	1.86	0.57
1:A:276:GLN:HG2	1:A:373:VAL:HG21	1.87	0.57
1:A:18:LEU:HD22	1:A:22:LEU:HD12	1.88	0.56
1:B:346:ARG:HG2	1:B:351:GLN:HG3	1.87	0.56
1:A:276:GLN:NE2	1:A:375:TYR:OH	2.35	0.56
1:B:131:LYS:HB3	1:B:188:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.55
1:B:235:ARG:HG3	1:B:261:THR:HG23	1.88	0.55
1:A:56:ALA:O	1:A:60:GLN:HG3	2.06	0.54
1:A:131:LYS:HE2	1:A:188:LEU:HD21	1.90	0.54
1:B:203:ASN:OD1	1:B:240:ASN:ND2	2.41	0.54
1:A:295:ILE:HD13	1:A:325:TYR:CE1	2.43	0.54
1:A:17:CYS:SG	1:A:48:THR:HB	2.48	0.54
1:B:271:ARG:HH21	1:B:307:GLU:CD	2.10	0.54
1:B:247:PHE:CD2	1:B:367:LEU:HD13	2.43	0.53
1:B:318:CYS:HB3	1:B:341:HIS:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:40:PHE:HB2	1:A:61:LEU:HD13	1.89	0.53
1:A:239:SER:OG	1:A:261:THR:HG21	2.09	0.53
1:B:95:ALA:HB2	1:B:124:ILE:HG21	1.91	0.52
1:A:196:ARG:HA	1:A:377:GLU:HG3	1.94	0.50
1:B:344:ILE:O	1:B:348:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.50
1:A:344:ILE:O	1:A:348:VAL:HG23	2.12	0.49
1:B:181:ASN:O	1:B:185:VAL:HG22	2.13	0.49
1:A:105:LEU:HD13	1:A:113:GLU:HB3	1.95	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:325:TYR:CD2	1:A:333:GLN:HB3	2.47	0.49
1:B:264:LEU:O	1:B:268:LEU:HD13	2.12	0.49
1:A:175:VAL:HG23	1:A:204:THR:CG2	2.43	0.48
1:B:216:ILE:O	1:B:219:GLU:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:B:285:TYR:CE2	1:B:297:TYR:HE2	2.28	0.48
1:A:98:SER:OG	1:A:120:ARG:NH1	2.40	0.48
1:A:18:LEU:HD22	1:A:22:LEU:CD1	2.44	0.47
1:B:24:GLY:HA2	1:B:36:GLY:HA2	1.97	0.47
1:A:328:LEU:HA	1:A:328:LEU:HD12	1.63	0.47
1:B:250:GLU:HB3	1:B:253:THR:OG1	2.15	0.47
1:A:191:ARG:HD2	1:A:194:GLN:OE1	2.15	0.46
1:B:191:ARG:HH11	1:B:194:GLN:NE2	2.12	0.46
1:A:291:TYR:O	1:A:295:ILE:HG13	2.15	0.46
1:B:61:LEU:HD13	1:B:77:TYR:CZ	2.50	0.46
1:B:260:LYS:O	1:B:264:LEU:HG	2.16	0.46
1:A:222:LEU:HD21	1:A:238:TYR:HE1	1.81	0.46
1:A:302:LEU:O	1:A:306:GLN:HG2	2.17	0.45
1:B:196:ARG:HA	1:B:377:GLU:HG3	1.99	0.44
1:A:205:HIS:CD2	1:A:213:ASP:HB3	2.53	0.44
1:B:105:LEU:HD13	1:B:113:GLU:HB3	1.99	0.44
1:B:49:GLU:OE1	1:B:49:GLU:N	2.51	0.44
1:B:220:GLN:O	1:B:223:LEU:HB3	2.18	0.44
1:B:304:ILE:O	1:B:308:LEU:HG	2.17	0.43
1:B:101:LEU:HA	1:B:101:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.43
1:A:178:TYR:CZ	1:A:200:ASN:HB3	2.54	0.43
1:B:56:ALA:O	1:B:60:GLN:HG3	2.18	0.43
1:A:251:PHE:HB2	1:A:288:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.43
1:B:178:TYR:HB2	1:B:201:LEU:HD13	2.00	0.43
1:B:301:HIS:HD2	1:B:317:ALA:HB2	1.84	0.43
1:B:154:CYS:HA	1:B:155:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.43
1:B:236:ARG:HD2	1:B:375:TYR:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:B:298:HIS:HB3	1:B:321:LEU:HG	2.01	0.42
1:A:53:THR:O	1:A:57:ILE:HG13	2.20	0.42
1:B:37:VAL:O	1:B:41:GLU:HG2	2.19	0.42
1:B:119:GLN:NE2	1:B:122:LEU:HD23	2.35	0.42
1:A:158:GLN:HE21	1:A:158:GLN:HB2	1.59	0.42
1:B:168:ARG:HH11	1:B:208:LEU:HD22	1.85	0.42
1:A:362:LEU:HA	1:A:362:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.42
1:A:181:ASN:O	1:A:185:VAL:HG22	2.20	0.41
1:A:325:TYR:HE2	1:A:337:PHE:CE2	2.38	0.41
1:A:251:PHE:O	1:A:254:ALA:HB3	2.19	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:92:LEU:HD23	1:B:128:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.41
1:B:52:LYS:HB3	1:B:52:LYS:HE3	1.75	0.41
1:B:366:SER:O	1:B:368:PHE:N	2.45	0.41
1:A:350:ASP:OD1	1:A:350:ASP:N	2.53	0.41
1:B:186:THR:HA	1:B:194:GLN:OE1	2.21	0.41
1:A:221:ARG:O	1:A:221:ARG:HD3	2.21	0.41
1:B:238:TYR:HE2	1:B:264:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.41
1:B:279:TYR:HB2	1:B:301:HIS:ND1	2.36	0.41
1:B:95:ALA:HB2	1:B:124:ILE:CG2	2.51	0.41
1:A:325:TYR:HE2	1:A:337:PHE:HE2	1.68	0.40
1:A:366:SER:C	1:A:368:PHE:H	2.25	0.40
1:B:52:LYS:O	1:B:55:SER:HB3	2.20	0.40
1:A:306:GLN:H	1:A:306:GLN:HG2	1.69	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	359/374 (96%)	349 (97%)	10 (3%)	0	100	100
1	B	365/374 (98%)	344 (94%)	19 (5%)	2 (0%)	31	65
All	All	724/748 (97%)	693 (96%)	29 (4%)	2 (0%)	43	75

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	377	GLU
1	B	272	ALA

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	288/297 (97%)	260 (90%)	28 (10%)	9	27
1	B	294/297 (99%)	279 (95%)	15 (5%)	26	60
All	All	582/594 (98%)	539 (93%)	43 (7%)	15	41

All (43) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	18	LEU
1	A	22	LEU
1	A	29	LYS
1	A	49	GLU
1	A	55	SER
1	A	59	SER
1	A	92	LEU
1	A	98	SER
1	A	121	HIS
1	A	136	ARG
1	A	151	SER
1	A	158	GLN
1	A	168	ARG
1	A	183	SER
1	A	184	LEU
1	A	210	ASN
1	A	220	GLN
1	A	221	ARG
1	A	253	THR
1	A	263	LEU
1	A	306	GLN
1	A	311	ARG
1	A	328	LEU
1	A	350	ASP
1	A	351	GLN
1	A	352	ARG
1	A	362	LEU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	366	SER
1	B	18	LEU
1	B	52	LYS
1	B	53	THR
1	B	87	THR
1	B	92	LEU
1	B	125	SER
1	B	186	THR
1	B	191	ARG
1	B	220	GLN
1	B	263	LEU
1	B	271	ARG
1	B	289	GLN
1	B	311	ARG
1	B	352	ARG
1	B	365	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (13) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	103	ASN
1	A	146	HIS
1	A	158	GLN
1	A	205	HIS
1	A	276	GLN
1	B	119	GLN
1	B	194	GLN
1	B	243	ASN
1	B	267	GLN
1	B	276	GLN
1	B	301	HIS
1	B	306	GLN
1	B	336	HIS

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	SO4	A	1382	-	4,4,4	0.21	0	6,6,6	0.26	0
2	SO4	A	1383	-	4,4,4	1.18	0	6,6,6	0.75	0
2	SO4	B	1388	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.35	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SO4	A	1382	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	SO4	A	1383	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	SO4	B	1388	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	363/374 (97%)	0.01	4 (1%) 80 80	46, 63, 92, 122	0
1	B	369/374 (98%)	0.25	16 (4%) 35 30	50, 97, 127, 150	0
All	All	732/748 (97%)	0.13	20 (2%) 54 50	46, 73, 124, 150	0

All (20) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	238	TYR	3.8
1	B	269	LYS	3.6
1	B	245	TYR	3.3
1	B	198	PHE	3.2
1	B	288	LEU	3.2
1	B	262	LEU	3.2
1	B	331	HIS	3.0
1	B	223	LEU	3.0
1	B	158	GLN	3.0
1	B	241	LEU	2.8
1	B	352	ARG	2.7
1	A	348	VAL	2.7
1	B	156	GLY	2.5
1	B	187	ALA	2.5
1	A	154	CYS	2.5
1	B	231	LYS	2.3
1	B	208	LEU	2.3
1	A	155	PRO	2.2
1	A	350	ASP	2.2
1	B	222	LEU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	SO4	A	1383	5/5	0.82	0.27	112,120,136,187	0
2	SO4	B	1388	5/5	0.97	0.15	79,89,93,108	0
2	SO4	A	1382	5/5	0.98	0.12	75,78,89,99	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.