



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 10, 2018 – 05:06 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4A8S  
Title : Non-Catalytic Ions Direct the RNA-Dependent RNA Polymerase of Bacterial dsRNA virus phi6 from De Novo Initiation to Elongation  
Authors : Wright, S.; Poranen, M.M.; Bamford, D.H.; Stuart, D.I.; Grimes, J.M.  
Deposited on : 2011-11-21  
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : trunk30967  
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30967

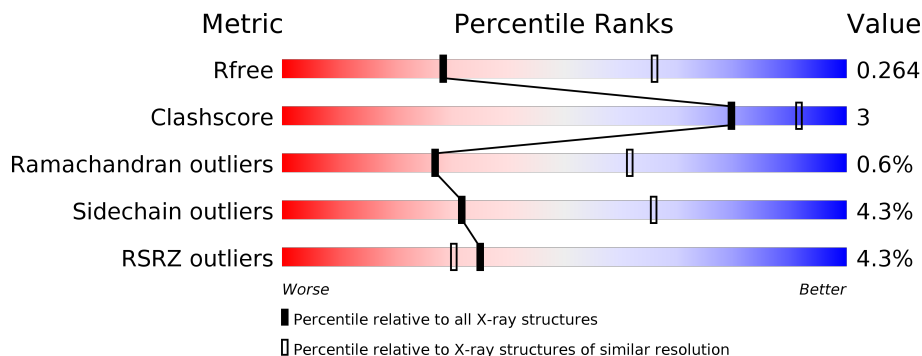
# 1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	111664	1716 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	122126	1924 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	1884 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	120020	1886 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	108989	1669 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	665	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 1%, orange 1%, orange 8%, yellow 8%, yellow 91%, green 91%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>%</span> <span>91%</span> <span>8%</span> </div> </div>
1	B	665	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 4%, orange 4%, orange 92%, yellow 92%, yellow 97%, green 97%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>4%</span> <span>92%</span> <span>7%</span> </div> </div>
1	C	665	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 8%, orange 8%, orange 86%, yellow 86%, yellow 97%, green 97%, green 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>8%</span> <span>86%</span> <span>11%</span> </div> </div>
2	F	13	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 8%, orange 8%, orange 15%, yellow 15%, yellow 77%, grey 77%, grey 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>8%</span> <span>15%</span> <span>77%</span> </div> </div>
2	G	13	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 15%, orange 15%, orange 23%, yellow 23%, yellow 69%, grey 69%, grey 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>15%</span> <span>23%</span> <span>8%</span> </div> </div>
2	H	13	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 0%, red 8%, orange 8%, orange 38%, yellow 38%, yellow 54%, grey 54%, grey 100%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> <span>8%</span> <span>38%</span> <span>54%</span> </div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 15955 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called RNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	664	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5265	3342	915	976	32			
1	B	664	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5265	3342	915	976	32			
1	C	646	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5123	3255	887	949	32			

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	456	MET	ILE	conflict	UNP P11124
A	634	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P11124
B	456	MET	ILE	conflict	UNP P11124
B	634	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P11124
C	456	MET	ILE	conflict	UNP P11124
C	634	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P11124

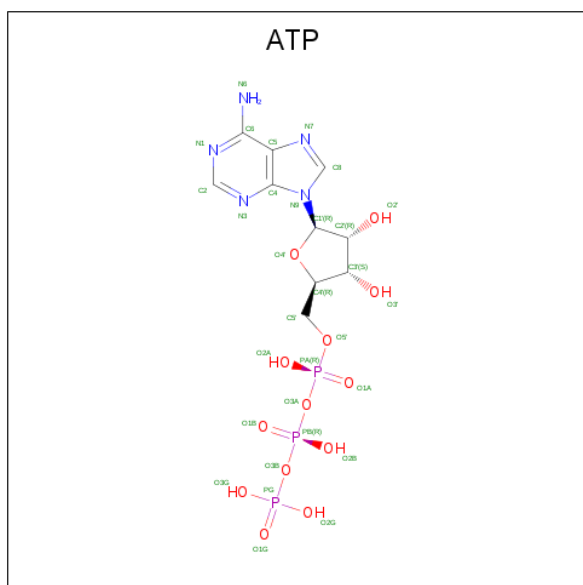
- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*GP\*CP\*GP)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	F	3	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			60	29	13	16	2			
2	G	4	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			81	39	18	21	3			
2	H	6	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			118	59	16	38	5			

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	A	2	Total Mg 2 2	0	0

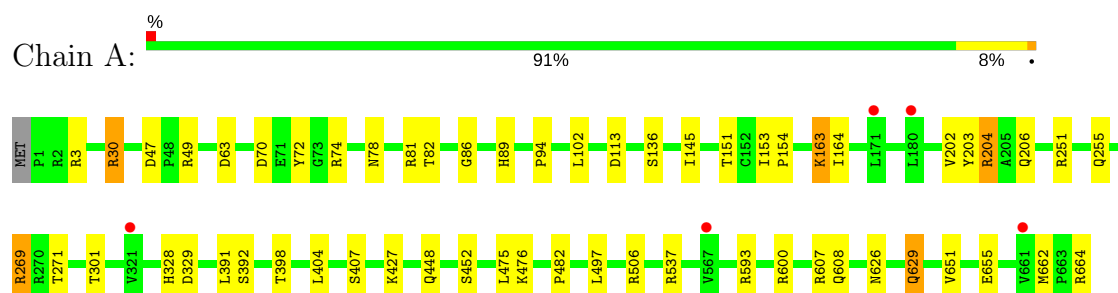
- Molecule 4 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$ ).



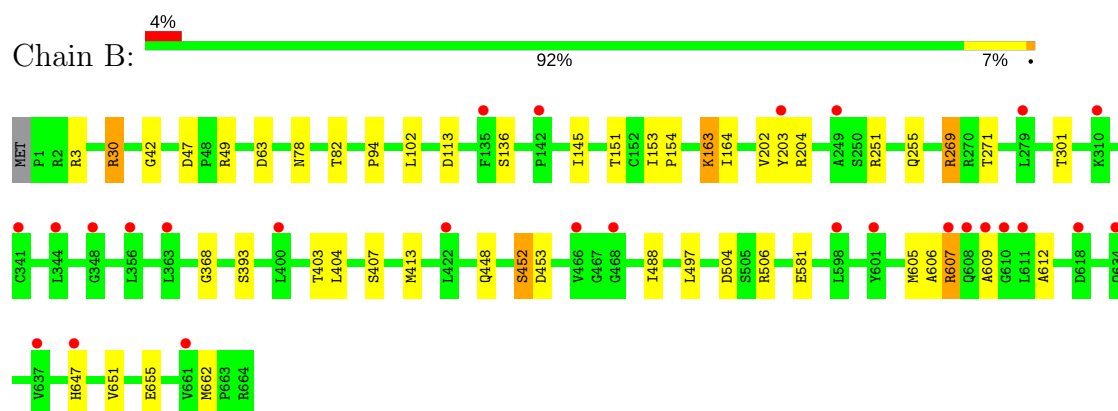
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

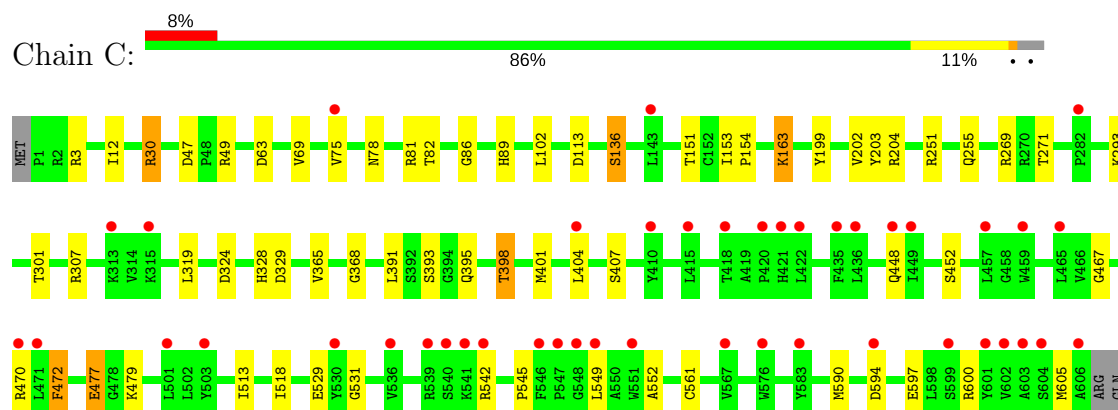
#### • Molecule 1: RNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE

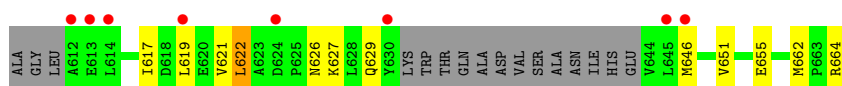


#### • Molecule 1: RNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE



#### • Molecule 1: RNA-DIRECTED RNA POLYMERASE

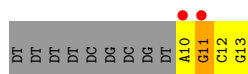




- Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*GP\*CP\*GP)-3'



- Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*GP\*CP\*GP)-3'



- Molecule 2: 5'-D(\*TP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*CP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*GP\*CP\*GP)-3'



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	107.51Å 91.71Å 142.08Å 90.00° 102.05° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	33.49 – 2.90 65.57 – 2.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (33.49-2.90) 90.1 (65.57-2.90)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.19	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	0.96 (at 2.91Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.9.2	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.216 , 0.250 0.232 , 0.264	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2743 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	86.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.672	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.32 , 53.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	15955	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	97.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.46% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.45	0/5396	0.64	1/7297 (0.0%)
1	B	0.46	0/5396	0.67	0/7297
1	C	0.46	0/5249	0.68	0/7094
2	F	1.39	0/67	2.48	6/102 (5.9%)
2	G	1.35	0/91	2.24	7/139 (5.0%)
2	H	1.63	1/130 (0.8%)	2.89	16/199 (8.0%)
All	All	0.49	1/16329 (0.0%)	0.75	30/22128 (0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	H	5	DC	C1'-N1	5.32	1.56	1.49

The worst 5 of 30 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	H	1	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	14.61	118.22	108.00
2	H	1	DT	P-O3'-C3'	11.02	132.92	119.70
2	H	3	DT	P-O3'-C3'	11.01	132.91	119.70
2	H	5	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	9.12	114.38	108.00
2	H	3	DT	N3-C2-O2	-8.58	117.15	122.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5265	0	5167	33	0
1	B	5265	0	5167	28	0
1	C	5123	0	5029	33	0
2	F	60	0	35	7	0
2	G	81	0	46	4	0
2	H	118	0	72	5	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	13	0	0	0	0
4	B	13	0	0	0	0
4	C	13	0	0	0	0
5	C	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	15955	0	15516	93	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 93 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:393:SER:HB2	2:G:11:DG:H21	1.36	0.91
1:B:203:TYR:CE1	1:B:271:THR:HG22	2.22	0.75
1:A:251:ARG:HH11	1:A:255:GLN:HE22	1.40	0.70
1:C:251:ARG:HH11	1:C:255:GLN:HE22	1.39	0.69
1:B:251:ARG:HH11	1:B:255:GLN:HE22	1.37	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	662/665 (100%)	642 (97%)	18 (3%)	2 (0%)	43	75
1	B	662/665 (100%)	633 (96%)	25 (4%)	4 (1%)	27	61
1	C	640/665 (96%)	606 (95%)	28 (4%)	6 (1%)	19	52
All	All	1964/1995 (98%)	1881 (96%)	71 (4%)	12 (1%)	27	61

5 of 12 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	136	SER
1	A	607	ARG
1	B	607	ARG
1	B	136	SER
1	C	368	GLY

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	557/558 (100%)	536 (96%)	21 (4%)	36	71
1	B	557/558 (100%)	538 (97%)	19 (3%)	40	74
1	C	543/558 (97%)	512 (94%)	31 (6%)	23	54
All	All	1657/1674 (99%)	1586 (96%)	71 (4%)	32	66

5 of 71 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	403	THR
1	B	662	MET
1	C	605	MET
1	B	404	LEU
1	B	605	MET

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 35 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	91	ASN
1	B	492	HIS
1	C	492	HIS
1	B	255	GLN
1	B	309	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	ATP	A	1666	3	10,12,33	1.01	0	11,20,52	0.63	0
4	ATP	B	1666	-	10,12,33	1.19	1 (10%)	11,20,52	0.59	0
4	ATP	C	1665	-	10,12,33	0.94	0	11,20,52	0.59	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	ATP	A	1666	3	-	0/12/12/38	0/0/0/3
4	ATP	B	1666	-	-	0/12/12/38	0/0/0/3
4	ATP	C	1665	-	-	0/12/12/38	0/0/0/3

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	B	1666	ATP	PG-O3B	-2.08	1.56	1.60

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	664/665 (99%)	0.29	5 (0%) 86 85	59, 83, 107, 136	0
1	B	664/665 (99%)	0.40	27 (4%) 37 32	69, 92, 124, 157	0
1	C	646/665 (97%)	0.65	52 (8%) 12 9	61, 105, 159, 217	0
2	F	3/13 (23%)	0.89	0 100 100	108, 108, 112, 118	0
2	G	4/13 (30%)	1.73	2 (50%) 0 0	160, 166, 170, 181	0
2	H	6/13 (46%)	0.80	0 100 100	121, 131, 141, 142	0
All	All	1987/2034 (97%)	0.45	86 (4%) 35 30	59, 90, 141, 217	0

The worst 5 of 86 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	601	TYR	8.3
1	C	612	ALA	8.3
1	C	541	LYS	7.8
1	C	540	SER	6.1
1	C	606	ALA	6.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	ATP	A	1666	13/31	0.72	0.19	180,184,185,186	0
4	ATP	B	1666	13/31	0.83	0.17	154,159,164,165	0
4	ATP	C	1665	13/31	0.83	0.16	201,206,211,212	0
3	MG	A	1667	1/1	0.89	0.11	69,69,69,69	0
3	MG	B	1665	1/1	0.93	0.12	71,71,71,71	0
3	MG	A	1665	1/1	0.97	0.17	72,72,72,72	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.