



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 7, 2019 – 02:13 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2C3N
Title : Human glutathione-S-transferase T1-1, apo form
Authors : Tars, K.; Larsson, A.-K.; Shokeer, A.; Olin, B.; Mannervik, B.; Kleywegt, G.J.
Deposited on : 2005-10-11
Resolution : 1.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	rb-20031633
Percentile statistics	:	20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	rb-20031633

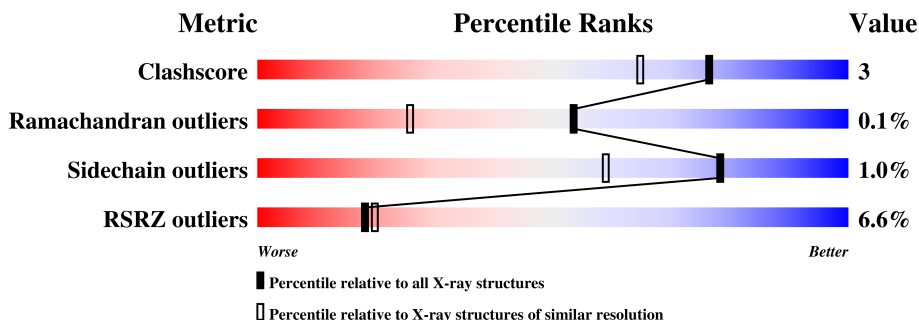
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	122126	2727 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	2661 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	120020	2659 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	108989	2481 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	247	
1	B	247	
1	C	247	
1	D	247	

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8490 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE THETA 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	239	Total	C	N	O	S	0	4	0
			1939	1265	327	338	9			
1	B	239	Total	C	N	O	S	0	4	0
			1938	1264	327	339	8			
1	C	239	Total	C	N	O	S	0	5	0
			1944	1268	328	339	9			
1	D	239	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			1935	1262	327	338	8			

- Molecule 2 is IODIDE ION (three-letter code: IOD) (formula: I).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	4	Total	I	0	0
			4	4		
2	A	4	Total	I	0	0
			4	4		
2	D	4	Total	I	0	0
			4	4		
2	C	3	Total	I	0	0
			3	3		

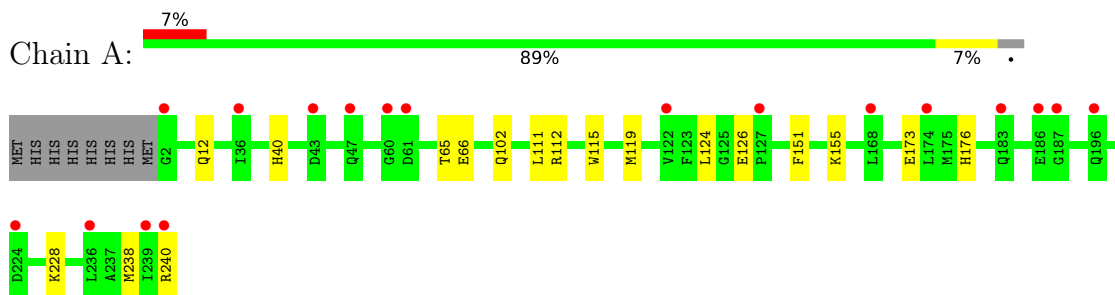
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	175	Total	O	0	0
			175	175		
3	B	173	Total	O	0	0
			173	173		
3	C	190	Total	O	0	0
			190	190		
3	D	181	Total	O	0	0
			181	181		

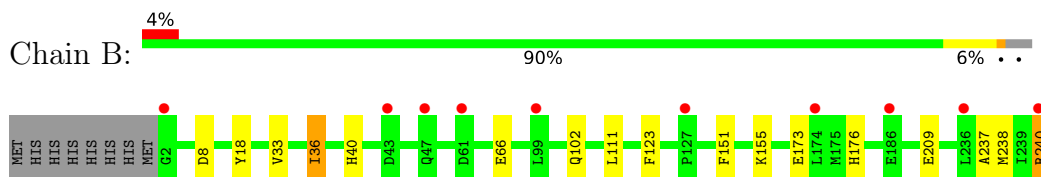
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

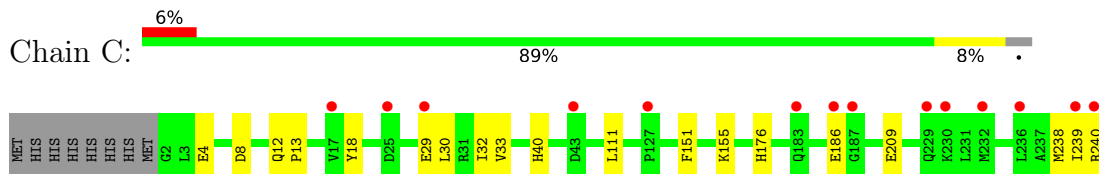
• Molecule 1: GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE THETA 1



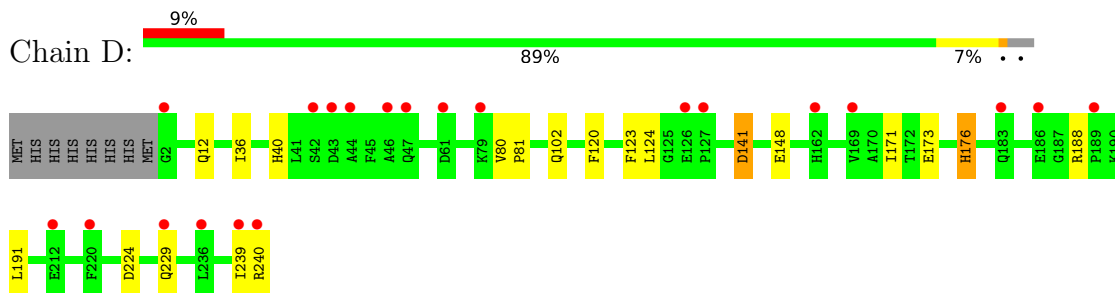
• Molecule 1: GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE THETA 1



• Molecule 1: GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE THETA 1



• Molecule 1: GLUTATHIONE S-TRANSFERASE THETA 1



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	164.58Å 110.99Å 56.30Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 1.50 27.74 – 1.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.7 (30.00-1.50) 98.2 (27.74-1.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	3.80 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.214 , 0.246 0.214 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.080	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.40 , 46.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.50$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	8490	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	24.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.68% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IOD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.52	0/2004	0.64	0/2724
1	B	0.52	0/2003	0.65	0/2724
1	C	0.55	0/2013	0.67	0/2736
1	D	0.54	0/1996	0.67	0/2714
All	All	0.53	0/8016	0.66	0/10898

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1939	0	1989	14	0
1	B	1938	0	1987	10	0
1	C	1944	0	1993	13	0
1	D	1935	0	1984	14	0
2	A	4	0	0	0	0
2	B	4	0	0	1	0
2	C	3	0	0	0	0
2	D	4	0	0	0	0
3	A	175	0	0	0	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	173	0	0	1	0
3	C	190	0	0	1	0
3	D	181	0	0	3	0
All	All	8490	0	7953	52	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (52) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:111:LEU:HD21	1:A:238[A]:MET:HG2	1.46	0.97
1:C:4:GLU:HG2	1:C:29:GLU:HG3	1.56	0.87
1:B:111:LEU:HD21	1:B:238[A]:MET:HG2	1.66	0.77
1:B:111:LEU:HD21	1:B:238[B]:MET:HG3	1.68	0.75
2:B:403:IOD:I	3:B:2173:HOH:O	2.76	0.73
1:A:112:ARG:NH1	1:A:240:ARG:OXT	2.24	0.71
1:C:111:LEU:HD21	1:C:238[B]:MET:HG2	1.77	0.66
1:B:36:ILE:HG13	1:B:123:PHE:CZ	2.34	0.63
1:A:124:LEU:O	1:A:228:LYS:HD2	1.99	0.62
1:A:40:HIS:H	1:A:40:HIS:CD2	2.16	0.62
1:C:186:GLU:OE1	1:C:186:GLU:HA	2.02	0.59
1:D:141:ASP:CG	1:D:188[A]:ARG:HH22	2.07	0.58
1:A:12:GLN:HG3	1:A:173:GLU:HA	1.85	0.58
1:A:111:LEU:HD21	1:A:238[B]:MET:HG2	1.86	0.56
1:B:40:HIS:H	1:B:40:HIS:CD2	2.24	0.55
1:D:240:ARG:NH1	3:D:2180:HOH:O	2.31	0.54
1:C:239:ILE:HG13	1:C:240:ARG:H	1.73	0.51
1:C:18:TYR:OH	1:C:209:GLU:OE2	2.30	0.49
1:D:120:PHE:CD2	1:D:124:LEU:HD12	2.47	0.49
1:B:18:TYR:OH	1:B:209:GLU:OE2	2.22	0.49
1:D:40:HIS:H	1:D:40:HIS:CD2	2.30	0.48
1:C:239:ILE:HG13	1:C:240:ARG:N	2.29	0.48
1:D:240:ARG:HB2	3:D:2179:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:D:36:ILE:HG23	1:D:123:PHE:CE1	2.49	0.48
1:C:111:LEU:HD21	1:C:238[A]:MET:HG2	1.96	0.47
1:C:240:ARG:NH1	3:C:2190:HOH:O	2.35	0.47
1:D:12:GLN:HG3	1:D:176:HIS:CE1	2.49	0.47
1:B:8:ASP:HB2	1:B:33:VAL:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:124:LEU:HD22	1:A:228:LYS:HG3	1.97	0.47
1:A:40:HIS:H	1:A:40:HIS:HD2	1.63	0.46

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:30:LEU:HD21	1:C:32:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.46
1:B:237:ALA:O	1:B:240:ARG:HD3	2.15	0.46
1:A:126:GLU:OE2	1:A:228:LYS:NZ	2.48	0.46
1:D:239:ILE:HG13	1:D:240:ARG:N	2.29	0.46
1:C:40:HIS:H	1:C:40:HIS:CD2	2.33	0.46
1:C:151:PHE:O	1:C:155:LYS:NZ	2.49	0.45
1:D:188[A]:ARG:HD3	1:D:191:LEU:HD12	1.99	0.44
1:C:12:GLN:HB2	1:C:13:PRO:CD	2.48	0.43
1:C:8:ASP:HB2	1:C:33:VAL:O	2.18	0.43
1:D:229:GLN:HG2	3:D:2172:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:D:171:ILE:HA	1:D:171:ILE:HD12	1.86	0.42
1:D:148:GLU:HG2	1:D:191:LEU:HG	2.00	0.42
1:D:80:VAL:HB	1:D:81:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.42
1:B:36:ILE:HG13	1:B:123:PHE:CE1	2.54	0.42
1:B:151:PHE:O	1:B:155:LYS:NZ	2.52	0.42
1:A:115:TRP:HA	1:A:119[B]:MET:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:B:102:GLN:OE1	1:B:173:GLU:OE2	2.39	0.41
1:A:151:PHE:O	1:A:155:LYS:NZ	2.55	0.40
1:D:102:GLN:OE1	1:D:173:GLU:OE2	2.39	0.40
1:A:102:GLN:OE1	1:A:173:GLU:OE2	2.39	0.40
1:A:65:THR:O	1:A:66:GLU:HB2	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	241/247 (98%)	236 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	241/247 (98%)	236 (98%)	4 (2%)	1 (0%)	36	14
1	C	242/247 (98%)	238 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	240/247 (97%)	233 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	964/988 (98%)	943 (98%)	20 (2%)	1 (0%)	53 26

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	66	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	210/214 (98%)	209 (100%)	1 (0%)	90 79
1	B	210/214 (98%)	207 (99%)	3 (1%)	69 44
1	C	211/214 (99%)	210 (100%)	1 (0%)	90 79
1	D	209/214 (98%)	206 (99%)	3 (1%)	69 44
All	All	840/856 (98%)	832 (99%)	8 (1%)	78 59

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	176	HIS
1	B	36	ILE
1	B	176	HIS
1	B	240	ARG
1	C	176	HIS
1	D	141	ASP
1	D	176	HIS
1	D	224	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	40	HIS

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	103	HIS
1	B	40	HIS
1	C	40	HIS
1	D	40	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 15 ligands modelled in this entry, 15 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	239/247 (96%)	0.58	18 (7%) 14 15	12, 23, 36, 52	0
1	B	239/247 (96%)	0.47	10 (4%) 36 40	13, 22, 34, 38	0
1	C	239/247 (96%)	0.43	14 (5%) 22 24	12, 21, 34, 45	0
1	D	239/247 (96%)	0.54	21 (8%) 10 10	13, 22, 34, 42	0
All	All	956/988 (96%)	0.50	63 (6%) 18 20	12, 22, 35, 52	0

All (63) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	183	GLN	5.3
1	D	183	GLN	4.9
1	A	43	ASP	4.9
1	B	43	ASP	4.6
1	D	79	LYS	4.5
1	A	186	GLU	4.4
1	D	43	ASP	4.2
1	A	239	ILE	4.2
1	C	186	GLU	4.0
1	B	61	ASP	3.9
1	D	186	GLU	3.7
1	D	61	ASP	3.6
1	B	2	GLY	3.4
1	A	183	GLN	3.4
1	A	236	LEU	3.3
1	D	127	PRO	3.3
1	C	240	ARG	3.3
1	C	239	ILE	3.3
1	D	229	GLN	3.2
1	B	186	GLU	3.1
1	C	229	GLN	3.0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	47	GLN	3.0
1	A	61	ASP	3.0
1	A	240	ARG	2.9
1	C	43	ASP	2.9
1	D	44	ALA	2.9
1	A	47	GLN	2.8
1	D	47	GLN	2.8
1	C	236	LEU	2.8
1	D	240	ARG	2.8
1	C	29	GLU	2.7
1	B	236	LEU	2.7
1	C	127	PRO	2.7
1	D	239	ILE	2.7
1	D	2	GLY	2.7
1	D	42	SER	2.6
1	A	2	GLY	2.5
1	D	189	PRO	2.4
1	B	127	PRO	2.4
1	C	232	MET	2.4
1	B	174	LEU	2.4
1	B	240	ARG	2.4
1	A	187	GLY	2.4
1	A	174	LEU	2.4
1	D	212	GLU	2.3
1	D	169	VAL	2.3
1	D	236	LEU	2.3
1	D	126	GLU	2.2
1	A	36	ILE	2.2
1	A	168	LEU	2.2
1	A	122	VAL	2.2
1	D	46	ALA	2.2
1	B	99	LEU	2.2
1	D	162	HIS	2.2
1	C	17	VAL	2.1
1	A	224	ASP	2.1
1	A	60	GLY	2.1
1	C	187	GLY	2.1
1	D	220	PHE	2.1
1	C	230	LYS	2.0
1	C	25	ASP	2.0
1	A	196	GLN	2.0
1	A	127	PRO	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	IOD	B	403	1/1	0.89	0.12	53,53,53,53	0
2	IOD	D	402	1/1	0.94	0.07	58,58,58,58	0
2	IOD	D	403	1/1	0.94	0.10	46,46,46,46	0
2	IOD	B	402	1/1	0.94	0.07	59,59,59,59	0
2	IOD	C	402	1/1	0.94	0.10	54,54,54,54	0
2	IOD	A	402	1/1	0.95	0.07	76,76,76,76	0
2	IOD	D	401	1/1	0.95	0.14	52,52,52,52	0
2	IOD	D	404	1/1	0.95	0.15	57,57,57,57	0
2	IOD	B	401	1/1	0.98	0.11	49,49,49,49	0
2	IOD	A	403	1/1	0.98	0.07	38,38,38,38	0
2	IOD	B	404	1/1	0.98	0.03	26,26,26,26	0
2	IOD	A	404	1/1	0.99	0.16	44,44,44,44	0
2	IOD	C	401	1/1	0.99	0.13	44,44,44,44	0
2	IOD	A	401	1/1	0.99	0.09	49,49,49,49	0
2	IOD	C	403	1/1	0.99	0.15	41,41,41,41	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.