



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2018 – 10:52 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4DRF
Title : Crystal Structure of Bacterial Pnkp-C/Hen1-N Heterodimer
Authors : Huang, R.H.; Wang, P.
Deposited on : 2012-02-17
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : trunk30967
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30967

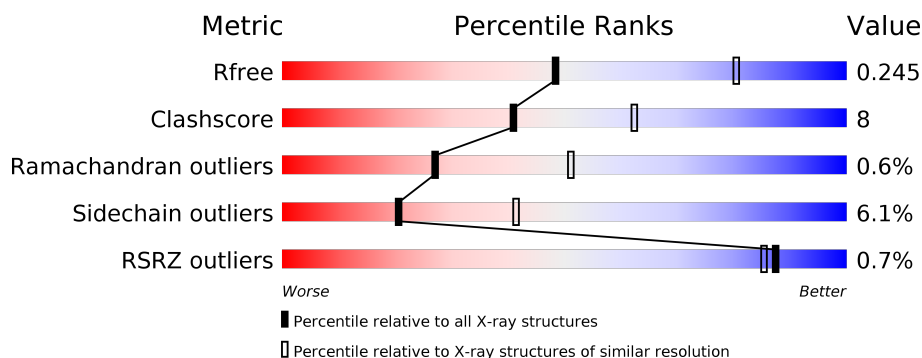
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	111664	2767 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	122126	3110 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	3062 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	120020	3062 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	108989	2706 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	427	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 1%, orange 1%, yellow 17%, green 78%, grey 4%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> % 78% 17% • • </div> </div>
1	C	427	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, green 79%, yellow 15%, grey 6%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> 79% 15% • • </div> </div>
2	B	230	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 1%, orange 1%, yellow 23%, green 63%, grey 10%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> % 63% 23% • 10% </div> </div>
2	D	230	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; background: linear-gradient(to right, red 1%, orange 1%, yellow 23%, green 63%, grey 10%);"></div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> % 63% 23% • 10% </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10046 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Metallophosphoesterase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	408	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3276	2076	570	606	24			
1	C	408	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3276	2076	570	606	24			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	444	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP A3DJ38
C	444	MET	-	INITIATING METHIONINE	UNP A3DJ38

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Methyltransferase type 12.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	206	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1667	1085	269	304	9			
2	D	206	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1667	1085	269	304	9			

- Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C₃H₈O₃).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

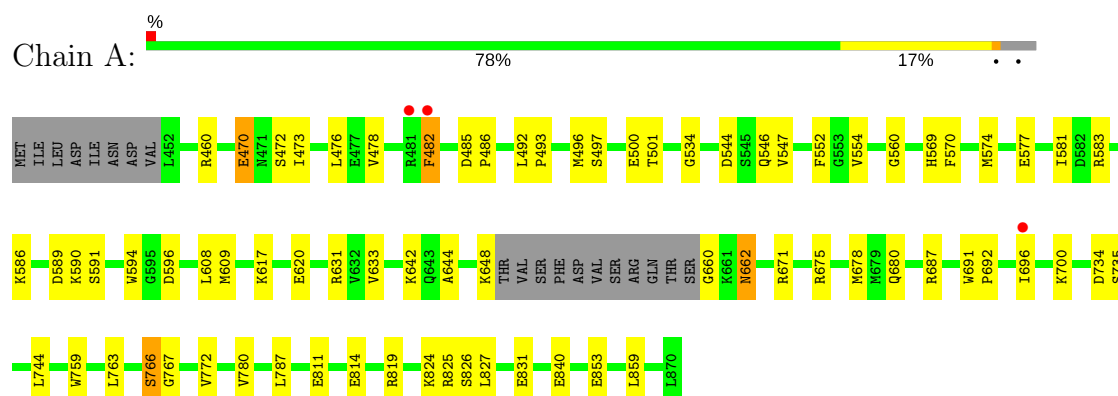
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	54	Total	O	0	0
			54	54		
4	B	28	Total	O	0	0
			28	28		
4	C	52	Total	O	0	0
			52	52		
4	D	20	Total	O	0	0
			20	20		

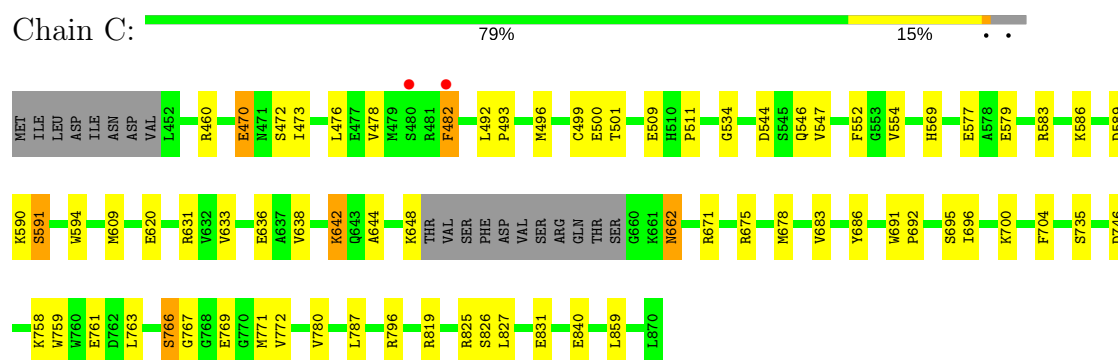
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

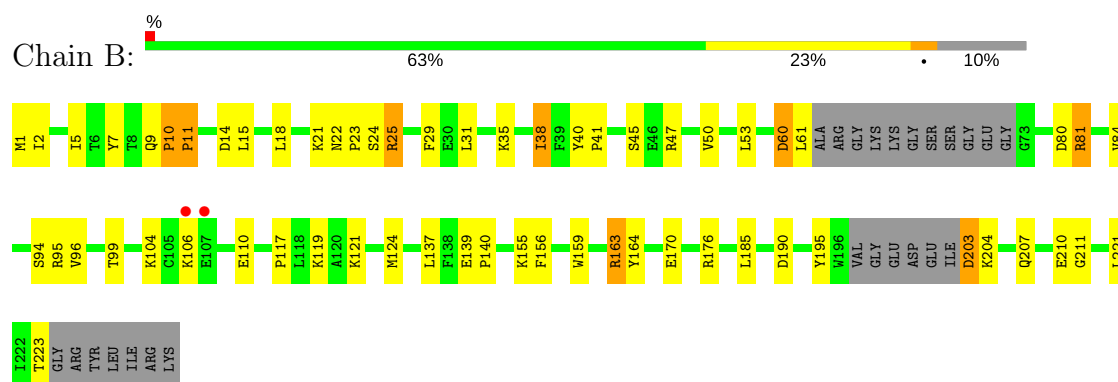
• Molecule 1: Metallophosphoesterase



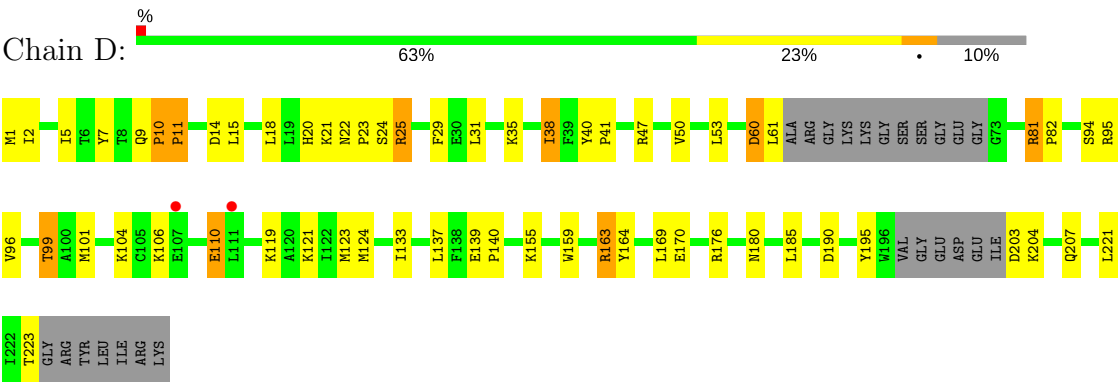
• Molecule 1: Metallophosphoesterase



• Molecule 2: Methyltransferase type 12



● Molecule 2: Methyltransferase type 12



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	59.67Å 59.71Å 101.54Å 81.27° 87.67° 88.39°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	42.40 – 2.60 47.80 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.2 (42.40-2.60) 96.2 (47.80-2.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	4.79 (at 2.61Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.184 , 0.245 0.183 , 0.245	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2011 reflections (4.81%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	42.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.334	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.33 , 48.1	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	10046	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	48.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 12.59% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.48	1/3342 (0.0%)	0.61	0/4506
1	C	0.48	1/3342 (0.0%)	0.61	0/4506
2	B	0.47	0/1711	0.67	0/2318
2	D	0.49	0/1711	0.70	0/2318
All	All	0.48	2/10106 (0.0%)	0.64	0/13648

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	B	0	1
2	D	0	1
All	All	0	2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	662	ASN	CG-ND2	-5.73	1.18	1.32
1	C	662	ASN	CG-ND2	-5.24	1.19	1.32

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	10	PRO	Peptide
2	D	10	PRO	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3276	0	3273	47	0
1	C	3276	0	3273	43	0
2	B	1667	0	1667	35	0
2	D	1667	0	1667	41	0
3	B	6	0	8	2	0
4	A	54	0	0	13	0
4	B	28	0	0	4	0
4	C	52	0	0	10	0
4	D	20	0	0	3	0
All	All	10046	0	9888	152	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (152) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:761:GLU:OE1	4:C:921:HOH:O	1.85	0.94
2:B:117:PRO:O	4:B:424:HOH:O	1.91	0.89
1:C:692:PRO:O	4:C:913:HOH:O	1.88	0.88
1:A:500:GLU:OE1	4:A:937:HOH:O	1.92	0.85
2:B:47:ARG:NH2	4:B:420:HOH:O	2.05	0.83
1:C:509:GLU:O	4:C:910:HOH:O	2.00	0.80
1:A:633:VAL:HB	2:B:1:MET:HG2	1.68	0.76
1:C:633:VAL:HB	2:D:1:MET:HG2	1.67	0.76
1:A:824:LYS:NZ	4:A:911:HOH:O	2.01	0.74
1:A:660:GLY:N	4:A:941:HOH:O	2.24	0.71
2:B:210:GLU:HA	3:B:301:GOL:H2	1.73	0.71
1:A:591:SER:O	4:A:951:HOH:O	2.07	0.70
1:A:492:LEU:O	4:A:946:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
1:A:596:ASP:OD2	4:A:951:HOH:O	2.10	0.69
2:D:164:TYR:O	4:D:302:HOH:O	2.10	0.68
1:C:644:ALA:HB2	2:D:41:PRO:HA	1.75	0.67
1:C:769:GLU:OE2	4:C:945:HOH:O	2.13	0.66
1:A:853:GLU:OE2	4:A:932:HOH:O	2.14	0.65

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:746:ASP:OD2	4:C:952:HOH:O	2.13	0.65
2:B:137:LEU:HB3	2:B:185:LEU:HD13	1.78	0.64
1:A:644:ALA:HB2	2:B:41:PRO:HA	1.80	0.63
1:A:814:GLU:OE1	2:D:25:ARG:NH2	2.32	0.62
2:D:137:LEU:HB3	2:D:185:LEU:HD13	1.81	0.62
1:A:631:ARG:NH2	4:A:903:HOH:O	2.07	0.59
2:D:21:LYS:HG3	2:D:38:ILE:HD12	1.84	0.59
2:B:203:ASP:OD2	4:B:409:HOH:O	2.16	0.59
2:B:21:LYS:HG3	2:B:38:ILE:HD12	1.85	0.59
1:A:482:PHE:N	1:A:482:PHE:CD2	2.70	0.58
1:C:620:GLU:HG2	2:D:159:TRP:CG	2.38	0.58
1:C:695:SER:OG	4:C:930:HOH:O	2.17	0.58
1:A:675:ARG:HA	1:A:678:MET:HE2	1.86	0.58
1:A:662:ASN:HD21	2:B:25:ARG:HH21	1.51	0.58
1:C:482:PHE:N	1:C:482:PHE:CD2	2.72	0.57
2:D:163:ARG:HG2	2:D:163:ARG:HH11	1.69	0.57
1:A:620:GLU:HG2	2:B:159:TRP:CG	2.39	0.57
2:D:23:PRO:HA	2:D:40:TYR:CD2	2.41	0.56
2:D:22:ASN:OD1	2:D:24:SER:OG	2.20	0.56
2:D:81:ARG:NH2	2:D:190:ASP:OD1	2.39	0.55
2:B:7:TYR:CZ	2:B:9:GLN:HB2	2.41	0.55
2:B:23:PRO:HA	2:B:40:TYR:CD2	2.42	0.55
1:C:675:ARG:HA	1:C:678:MET:HE2	1.89	0.55
1:C:759:TRP:CH2	1:C:763:LEU:HD11	2.42	0.54
2:D:15:LEU:HA	2:D:18:LEU:HD12	1.90	0.54
2:D:7:TYR:CZ	2:D:9:GLN:HB2	2.42	0.54
1:A:617:LYS:NZ	4:A:936:HOH:O	2.29	0.53
2:D:21:LYS:NZ	2:D:96:VAL:O	2.33	0.53
2:B:15:LEU:HA	2:B:18:LEU:HD12	1.89	0.53
2:B:1:MET:HE1	4:B:401:HOH:O	2.07	0.53
1:A:734:ASP:O	4:A:933:HOH:O	2.18	0.53
1:A:766:SER:N	1:A:767:GLY:HA2	2.24	0.53
1:C:766:SER:N	1:C:767:GLY:HA2	2.24	0.53
2:B:81:ARG:NH2	2:B:190:ASP:OD1	2.41	0.52
2:B:163:ARG:HH11	2:B:163:ARG:HG2	1.75	0.52
1:C:704:PHE:O	4:C:943:HOH:O	2.19	0.51
2:B:21:LYS:NZ	2:B:96:VAL:O	2.37	0.50
1:A:569:HIS:ND1	1:A:577:GLU:OE2	2.41	0.50
1:A:589:ASP:OD1	1:A:594:TRP:NE1	2.44	0.50
1:A:470:GLU:HA	1:A:473:ILE:HG12	1.94	0.50
1:A:759:TRP:CH2	1:A:763:LEU:HD11	2.46	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:470:GLU:HA	1:C:473:ILE:HG12	1.93	0.50
1:A:583:ARG:NH1	1:A:696:ILE:HD13	2.27	0.49
1:C:583:ARG:NH1	1:C:696:ILE:HD13	2.26	0.49
1:C:460:ARG:NH1	1:C:840:GLU:OE2	2.45	0.49
1:A:780:VAL:HG23	1:A:787:LEU:HB2	1.93	0.49
1:A:460:ARG:NH1	1:A:840:GLU:OE2	2.45	0.49
1:A:827:LEU:O	1:A:831:GLU:HG3	2.12	0.48
1:C:589:ASP:OD1	1:C:594:TRP:NE1	2.46	0.48
2:D:110:GLU:HG2	2:D:110:GLU:H	1.52	0.48
1:A:814:GLU:HG2	2:D:25:ARG:NH1	2.29	0.48
2:B:10:PRO:HA	2:B:45:SER:O	2.14	0.47
2:B:11:PRO:HG2	2:B:14:ASP:OD2	2.14	0.47
1:C:511:PRO:HB3	1:C:771:MET:HE1	1.96	0.47
2:D:47:ARG:NH2	4:D:312:HOH:O	2.46	0.47
2:B:80:ASP:O	2:B:84:VAL:HG13	2.13	0.47
2:D:163:ARG:HG2	2:D:163:ARG:NH1	2.30	0.47
1:C:544:ASP:OD1	1:C:547:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.47
1:C:827:LEU:O	1:C:831:GLU:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:C:671:ARG:O	1:C:675:ARG:HG3	2.15	0.46
2:B:22:ASN:OD1	2:B:24:SER:OG	2.20	0.46
2:B:221:LEU:HD23	2:B:221:LEU:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:544:ASP:OD1	1:A:547:VAL:HG23	2.16	0.46
2:D:1:MET:HG3	2:D:2:ILE:HG13	1.98	0.46
2:D:1:MET:HE1	4:D:301:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
2:D:81:ARG:HD2	2:D:81:ARG:HA	1.55	0.45
1:A:552:PHE:HB2	1:A:554:VAL:HG23	1.98	0.45
1:A:589:ASP:O	1:A:591:SER:N	2.44	0.45
1:C:620:GLU:HG2	2:D:159:TRP:CD1	2.50	0.45
1:C:780:VAL:HG23	1:C:787:LEU:HB2	1.99	0.45
2:D:11:PRO:HG2	2:D:14:ASP:OD2	2.16	0.45
1:C:589:ASP:O	1:C:591:SER:N	2.42	0.44
1:A:577:GLU:HB2	4:A:908:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:C:569:HIS:ND1	1:C:577:GLU:OE2	2.45	0.44
1:C:700:LYS:HE2	1:C:735:SER:O	2.17	0.44
1:C:500:GLU:CD	1:C:825:ARG:HH22	2.21	0.44
1:C:638:VAL:O	1:C:642:LYS:HB2	2.18	0.44
1:A:560:GLY:HA3	1:A:581:ILE:HG21	1.99	0.44
1:A:691:TRP:HA	1:A:692:PRO:HD3	1.71	0.44
1:C:758:LYS:HD2	4:C:921:HOH:O	2.16	0.44
1:A:570:PHE:CZ	1:A:608:LEU:HD22	2.52	0.43
2:D:29:PHE:O	2:D:35:LYS:HB2	2.18	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:211:GLY:H	3:B:301:GOL:H2	1.83	0.43
1:A:501:THR:HG22	1:A:819:ARG:NE	2.33	0.43
1:A:671:ARG:O	1:A:675:ARG:HG3	2.18	0.43
2:B:139:GLU:N	2:B:140:PRO:HD2	2.33	0.43
1:C:796:ARG:NH1	4:C:931:HOH:O	2.45	0.43
2:D:204:LYS:HB2	2:D:207:GLN:OE1	2.19	0.43
2:D:20:HIS:HD2	2:D:99:THR:HG23	1.84	0.43
1:A:687:ARG:HG2	2:B:156:PHE:HE2	1.84	0.43
1:C:631:ARG:NH2	4:C:902:HOH:O	2.24	0.43
1:C:552:PHE:HB2	1:C:554:VAL:HG23	1.99	0.43
2:B:9:GLN:HA	2:B:10:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.43
2:B:5:ILE:HB	2:B:50:VAL:HG12	2.00	0.43
1:C:492:LEU:HA	1:C:493:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.43
2:D:221:LEU:HD23	2:D:221:LEU:O	2.19	0.43
1:C:662:ASN:HD21	2:D:25:ARG:HH21	1.67	0.43
1:A:680:GLN:OE1	4:A:953:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
1:C:501:THR:HG22	1:C:819:ARG:NE	2.34	0.43
1:C:636:GLU:HG2	2:D:123:MET:SD	2.59	0.43
2:D:20:HIS:HD2	2:D:99:THR:CG2	2.32	0.43
2:D:1:MET:HE3	2:D:82:PRO:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:500:GLU:CD	1:A:825:ARG:HH22	2.23	0.42
2:D:5:ILE:HB	2:D:50:VAL:HG12	2.00	0.42
1:C:496:MET:SD	1:C:772:VAL:HG13	2.59	0.42
2:D:9:GLN:HA	2:D:10:PRO:HD3	1.80	0.42
1:A:700:LYS:HE2	1:A:735:SER:O	2.19	0.42
1:C:691:TRP:HA	1:C:692:PRO:HD3	1.71	0.42
1:A:534:GLY:HA3	1:A:609:MET:HG3	2.00	0.42
1:A:496:MET:SD	1:A:772:VAL:HG13	2.60	0.42
2:B:81:ARG:HA	2:B:81:ARG:HD2	1.57	0.42
2:D:119:LYS:HG2	2:D:170:GLU:HG3	2.01	0.42
1:A:574:MET:HG3	4:A:954:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:C:683:VAL:HA	1:C:686:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.42
1:A:620:GLU:HG2	2:B:159:TRP:CD1	2.53	0.42
1:C:579:GLU:HG2	1:C:696:ILE:HD12	2.02	0.42
2:D:1:MET:HE2	2:D:1:MET:HB2	1.81	0.42
2:D:119:LYS:HA	2:D:169:LEU:O	2.20	0.41
2:D:139:GLU:N	2:D:140:PRO:HD2	2.34	0.41
2:B:163:ARG:NH1	2:B:163:ARG:HG2	2.34	0.41
2:B:204:LYS:HB2	2:B:207:GLN:OE1	2.20	0.41
1:C:859:LEU:HA	1:C:859:LEU:HD23	1.81	0.41
2:D:20:HIS:CD2	2:D:99:THR:HG23	2.56	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:492:LEU:HA	1:A:493:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.41
2:B:29:PHE:O	2:B:35:LYS:HB2	2.21	0.41
2:B:119:LYS:HG2	2:B:170:GLU:HG3	2.03	0.41
2:B:80:ASP:OD2	2:B:164:TYR:OH	2.28	0.41
2:D:101:MET:HB3	2:D:180:ASN:HD21	1.85	0.41
2:D:2:ILE:HG12	2:D:53:LEU:CD1	2.50	0.41
1:A:859:LEU:HA	1:A:859:LEU:HD23	1.81	0.41
2:B:2:ILE:HG12	2:B:53:LEU:CD1	2.51	0.41
1:C:534:GLY:HA3	1:C:609:MET:HG3	2.01	0.41
1:A:485:ASP:HA	1:A:486:PRO:HD3	1.94	0.41
2:D:133:ILE:HA	2:D:133:ILE:HD12	1.81	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	404/427 (95%)	394 (98%)	9 (2%)	1 (0%)	49	74
1	C	404/427 (95%)	394 (98%)	8 (2%)	2 (0%)	31	56
2	B	200/230 (87%)	185 (92%)	13 (6%)	2 (1%)	17	35
2	D	200/230 (87%)	186 (93%)	12 (6%)	2 (1%)	17	35
All	All	1208/1314 (92%)	1159 (96%)	42 (4%)	7 (1%)	27	51

All (7) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	590	LYS
1	C	590	LYS
2	D	11	PRO
2	D	60	ASP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	60	ASP
2	B	11	PRO
1	C	591	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	356/375 (95%)	342 (96%)	14 (4%)	35	62
1	C	356/375 (95%)	344 (97%)	12 (3%)	40	67
2	B	184/201 (92%)	164 (89%)	20 (11%)	7	12
2	D	184/201 (92%)	164 (89%)	20 (11%)	7	12
All	All	1080/1152 (94%)	1014 (94%)	66 (6%)	20	41

All (66) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	470	GLU
1	A	472	SER
1	A	476	LEU
1	A	478	VAL
1	A	482	PHE
1	A	497	SER
1	A	546	GLN
1	A	586	LYS
1	A	642	LYS
1	A	648	LYS
1	A	744	LEU
1	A	766	SER
1	A	811	GLU
1	A	826	SER
2	B	25	ARG
2	B	31	LEU
2	B	38	ILE
2	B	60	ASP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	61	LEU
2	B	81	ARG
2	B	94	SER
2	B	95	ARG
2	B	99	THR
2	B	104	LYS
2	B	106	LYS
2	B	110	GLU
2	B	121	LYS
2	B	124	MET
2	B	155	LYS
2	B	163	ARG
2	B	176	ARG
2	B	195	TYR
2	B	203	ASP
2	B	223	THR
1	C	470	GLU
1	C	472	SER
1	C	476	LEU
1	C	478	VAL
1	C	482	PHE
1	C	499	CYS
1	C	546	GLN
1	C	586	LYS
1	C	642	LYS
1	C	648	LYS
1	C	766	SER
1	C	826	SER
2	D	25	ARG
2	D	31	LEU
2	D	38	ILE
2	D	60	ASP
2	D	61	LEU
2	D	81	ARG
2	D	94	SER
2	D	95	ARG
2	D	99	THR
2	D	104	LYS
2	D	106	LYS
2	D	110	GLU
2	D	121	LYS
2	D	124	MET

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	155	LYS
2	D	163	ARG
2	D	176	ARG
2	D	195	TYR
2	D	203	ASP
2	D	223	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	194	HIS
2	B	208	HIS
2	D	20	HIS
2	D	194	HIS
2	D	208	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	GOL	B	301	-	5,5,5	0.41	0	5,5,5	0.56	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	B	301	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	301	GOL	2	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	408/427 (95%)	-0.28	3 (0%) 87 85	21, 43, 75, 141	0
1	C	408/427 (95%)	-0.28	2 (0%) 90 89	23, 43, 75, 141	0
2	B	206/230 (89%)	-0.23	2 (0%) 82 79	25, 46, 89, 137	0
2	D	206/230 (89%)	-0.22	2 (0%) 82 79	26, 48, 89, 137	0
All	All	1228/1314 (93%)	-0.26	9 (0%) 87 85	21, 44, 79, 141	0

All (9) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	480	SER	4.1
1	C	482	PHE	3.0
2	D	107	GLU	2.9
1	A	482	PHE	2.5
2	D	111	LEU	2.4
2	B	107	GLU	2.4
1	A	481	ARG	2.3
2	B	106	LYS	2.3
1	A	696	ILE	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	GOL	B	301	6/6	0.83	0.22	48,62,80,81	0

6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.