



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 21, 2018 – 06:36 pm GMT

PDB ID : 1JDK
Title : solution structure of lactam analogue (EDap) of HIV gp41 600-612 loop.
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Deposited on : 2001-06-14

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : trunk30686
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30686

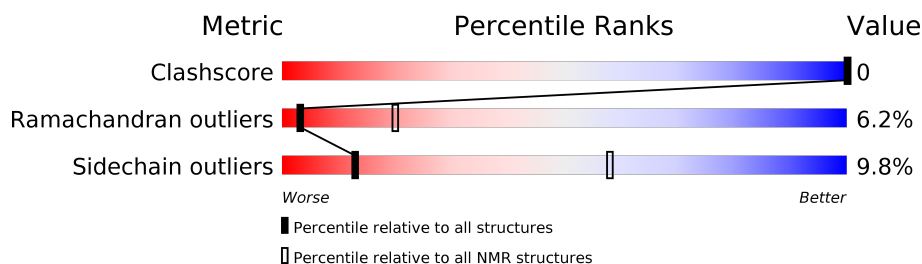
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 45%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	136279	12091
Ramachandran outliers	132675	10835
Sidechain outliers	132484	10811

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	14	 79% 21%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 25 models.

Cyrange was unable to find well-defined residues.

Error message: Only domains with < 8 residues could be identified.

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Wrapper check: not enough residues in core to run NmrClust

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 201 atoms, of which 102 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ACETYL GROUP.

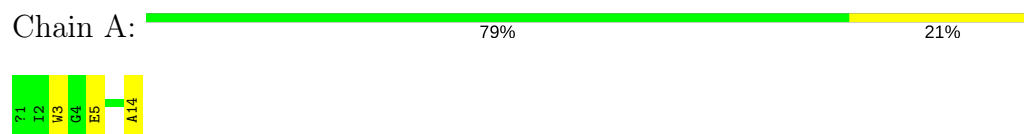
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
1	A	14	Total	C	H	N	O	0
			201	64	102	16	19	

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP



4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP




4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

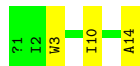
- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

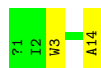
Chain A:  79% 21%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  86% 14%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  71% 29%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  79% 21%



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

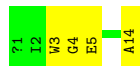
Chain A:  71% 29%



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

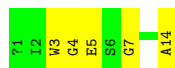
Chain A:  71% 29%



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

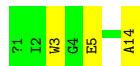
Chain A:  64% 36%



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  79% 21%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  79% 21%



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

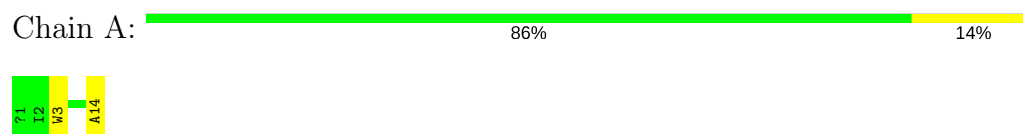
- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  64% 36%



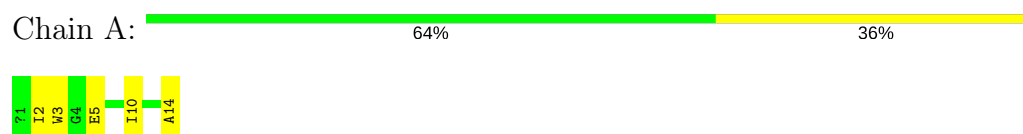
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP



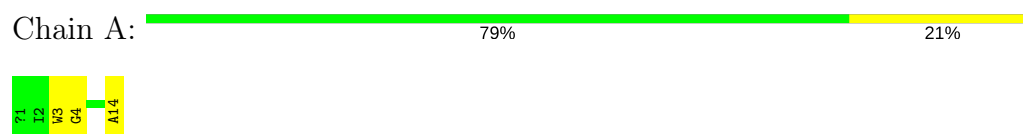
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP



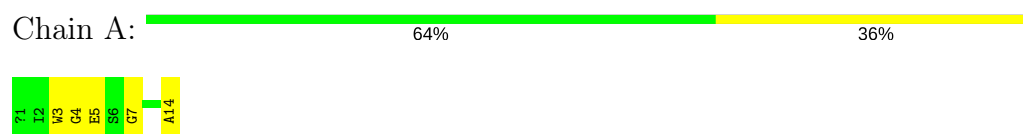
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP



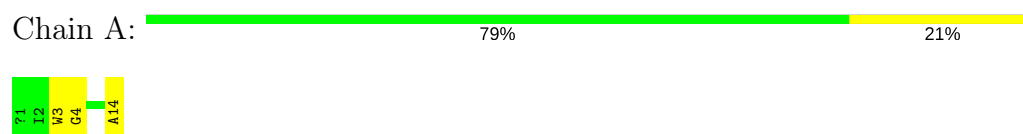
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

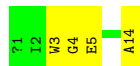
- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

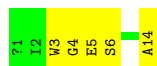
Chain A:  71% 29%



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

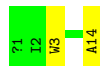
Chain A:  64% 36%



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  86% 14%



4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

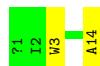
Chain A:  79% 21%



4.2.22 Score per residue for model 22


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

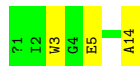
Chain A:  86% 14%



4.2.23 Score per residue for model 23


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  79% 21%



4.2.24 Score per residue for model 24


- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

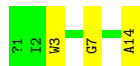
Chain A:  79% 21%



4.2.25 Score per residue for model 25

- Molecule 1: ACETYL GROUP

Chain A:  79% 21%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics, energy minimization, molecular dynamics*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	refinement	1.5
DISCOVER	refinement	3

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	BMRB entry 5136
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	86
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	86
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	45%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACE, DAB

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.47±0.02	1±0/90 (1.1±0.0%)	1.33±0.07	1±0/118 (0.8±0.0%)
All	All	1.47	25/2250 (1.1%)	1.34	25/2950 (0.8%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	14	ALA	C-OXT	7.72	1.38	1.23	15	25

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	3	TRP	CD1-NE1-CE2	-5.69	103.88	109.00	15	25

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	2475	2550	2518	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	11/14 (79%)	6±2 (53±14%)	5±1 (41±12%)	1±1 (6±6%)	3	20
All	All	275/350 (79%)	145 (53%)	113 (41%)	17 (6%)	3	20

All 3 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	4	GLY	9
1	A	7	GLY	6
1	A	6	SER	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	9/9 (100%)	8±1 (90±9%)	1±1 (10±9%)	13	58
All	All	225/225 (100%)	203 (90%)	22 (10%)	13	58

All 4 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	5	GLU	15
1	A	2	ILE	3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	10	ILE	3
1	A	8	LYS	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	Bond lengths	
						RMSZ	#Z>2
1	DAB	A	11	1	6,6,7	2.20±0.16	0±0 (4±7%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	Bond angles	
						RMSZ	#Z>2
1	DAB	A	11	1	3,6,8	1.36±0.36	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	DAB	A	11	1	-	0±0,3,5,7	0±0,0,0,0

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	11	DAB	CA-C	5.75	1.57	1.50	12	7

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 45% for the well-defined parts and 45% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: BMRB entry 5136

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	86
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	86
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 61 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 135. 0 out of 1 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	22/60 (37%)	22/24 (92%)	0/24 (0%)	0/12 (0%)
Sidechain	33/63 (52%)	33/36 (92%)	0/26 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Aromatic	6/12 (50%)	6/6 (100%)	0/5 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	61/135 (45%)	61/66 (92%)	0/55 (0%)	0/14 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 45%, i.e. 61 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 135. 0 out of 1 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	22/60 (37%)	22/24 (92%)	0/24 (0%)	0/12 (0%)
Sidechain	33/63 (52%)	33/36 (92%)	0/26 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Aromatic	6/12 (50%)	6/6 (100%)	0/5 (0%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	61/135 (45%)	61/66 (92%)	0/55 (0%)	0/14 (0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts ⓘ

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

