



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 9, 2018 – 05:23 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4KD5
Title : substrate binding domain of putative molybdenum ABC transporter from *Clostridium difficile*
Authors : Maltseva, N.; Kim, Y.; Grimshaw, S.; Anderson, W.F.; Joachimiak, A.; Center for Structural Genomics of Infectious Diseases (CSGID)
Deposited on : 2013-04-24
Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : trunk30967
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30967

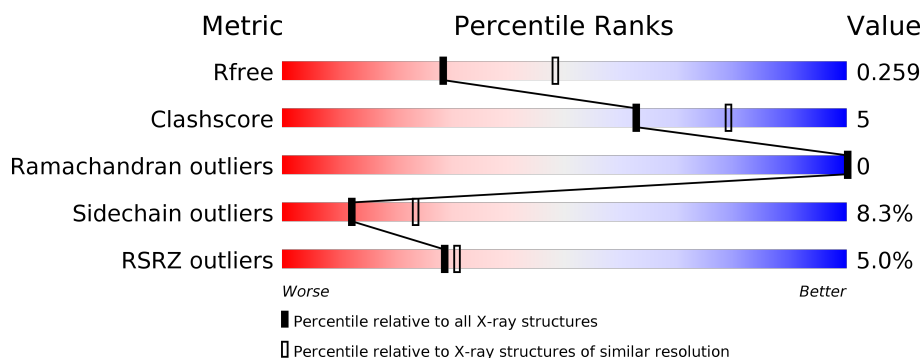
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	111664	4155 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	122126	4827 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	4735 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	120020	4737 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	108989	4058 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	233	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>80%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>
1	B	233	<div> <div>6%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>76%</div> <div>20%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>
1	C	233	<div> <div>2%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>83%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>
1	D	233	<div> <div>9%</div> <div> <div></div> <div>82%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>••</div> </div> </div>

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-

ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	FMT	C	303	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7210 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ABC-type transport system, molybdenum-specific extracellular solute-binding protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	C	229	Total	C	N	O	S	Se	0	5	0
			1802	1140	287	369	2	4			
1	A	229	Total	C	N	O	S	Se	0	1	0
			1770	1121	283	361	1	4			
1	B	228	Total	C	N	O	S	Se	0	1	0
			1761	1116	282	357	2	4			
1	D	227	Total	C	N	O	S	Se	0	2	0
			1761	1116	282	357	2	4			

There are 16 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

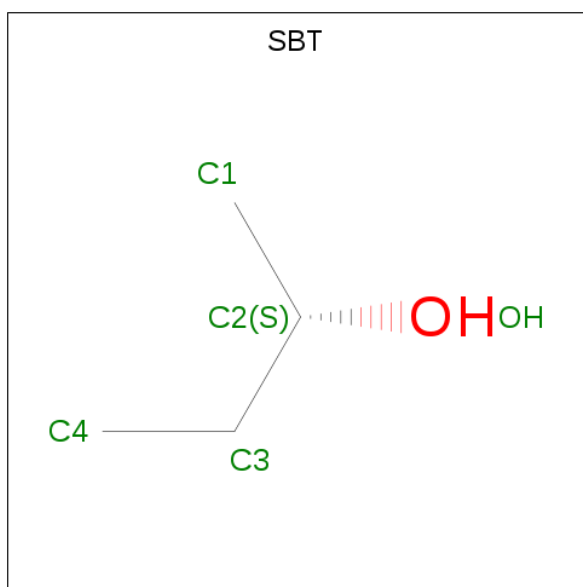
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	38	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
C	39	ASN	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
C	40	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
C	41	ASP	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
A	38	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
A	39	ASN	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
A	40	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
A	41	ASP	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
B	38	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
B	39	ASN	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
B	40	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
B	41	ASP	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
D	38	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
D	39	ASN	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
D	40	ALA	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64
D	41	ASP	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q18A64

- Molecule 2 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: CH₂O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	1	2		
2	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	1	2		
2	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			3	1	2		

- Molecule 3 is 2-BUTANOL (three-letter code: SBT) (formula: C₄H₁₀O).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			5	4	1		

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			5	4	1		
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			5	4	1		

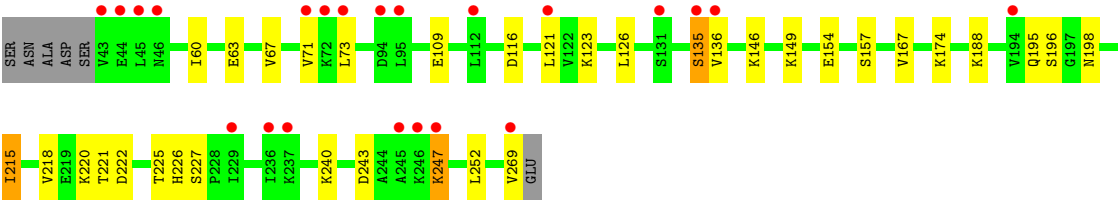
- Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO₄) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		
4	D	1	Total	O	S	0	0
			5	4	1		

- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	C	27	Total	O	0	0
			27	27		
5	A	26	Total	O	0	0
			26	26		
5	B	18	Total	O	0	0
			18	18		
5	D	11	Total	O	0	0
			11	11		



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	123.64Å 141.07Å 122.59Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	34.09 – 2.50 46.49 – 2.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.0 (34.09-2.50) 96.3 (46.49-2.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.08	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.30 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: dev_1227)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.204 , 0.259 0.204 , 0.259	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2000 reflections (5.39%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	58.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.224	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 44.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7210	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	73.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 20.84 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 7.9624e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FMT, SO4, SBT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.27	0/1786	0.45	0/2395
1	B	0.26	0/1777	0.43	0/2383
1	C	0.28	0/1818	0.44	0/2438
1	D	0.25	0/1777	0.42	0/2383
All	All	0.27	0/7158	0.44	0/9599

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1770	0	1807	17	0
1	B	1761	0	1801	23	0
1	C	1802	0	1832	14	0
1	D	1761	0	1800	16	0
2	C	9	0	3	1	0
3	B	5	0	10	1	0
3	C	10	0	20	3	0
4	B	5	0	0	0	0
4	D	5	0	0	0	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	26	0	0	0	0
5	B	18	0	0	0	0
5	C	27	0	0	0	0
5	D	11	0	0	0	0
All	All	7210	0	7273	67	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (67) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:101:GLN:H	3:C:302:SBT:H2	1.56	0.69
1:A:135:SER:HB2	1:A:146:LYS:HE2	1.76	0.66
1:B:94:ASP:HA	1:B:239:SER:HB3	1.79	0.65
1:A:47:ILE:HB	1:A:75:VAL:HG22	1.79	0.65
1:D:136:VAL:HG12	1:D:218:VAL:HG11	1.79	0.64
1:B:97:ILE:HG12	1:B:233:VAL:HG23	1.79	0.63
1:D:121:LEU:HD11	1:D:252:LEU:HB3	1.83	0.61
1:D:196:SER:OG	1:D:198:ASN:ND2	2.34	0.60
1:B:207:SER:HA	1:B:265:GLY:HA3	1.85	0.58
1:B:46:ASN:N	1:B:94:ASP:OD2	2.34	0.57
1:C:65:LYS:NZ	1:C:69:SER:O	2.37	0.56
1:B:128:LEU:HD22	1:B:139:MSE:HE3	1.88	0.56
1:A:122:VAL:HG12	1:A:231:TYR:HB2	1.90	0.54
1:C:112:LEU:HB3	2:C:303:FMT:H	1.90	0.54
1:A:115:SER:HB2	1:D:188:LYS:HG3	1.88	0.54
1:B:212:ASN:HD22	1:B:215:ILE:HG12	1.74	0.53
1:D:195:GLN:HG3	1:D:215:ILE:HG23	1.91	0.53
1:C:173:LEU:HB3	1:C:177:LEU:HD22	1.91	0.53
1:C:63:GLU:HG2	1:C:260:ILE:HD11	1.91	0.52
1:B:48:SER:HB2	1:B:83:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.52
1:D:167:VAL:HG21	1:D:221:THR:HG21	1.91	0.52
1:A:59:LYS:HE2	1:A:264:PHE:CE2	2.45	0.52
1:A:109:GLU:HB2	1:D:157:SER:O	2.12	0.50
1:B:121:LEU:HD11	1:B:252:LEU:HB3	1.94	0.50
1:B:60:ILE:HD13	1:B:260:ILE:HD12	1.94	0.50
1:C:144:THR:HB	3:C:304:SBT:H32	1.95	0.49
1:A:127:VAL:HG12	1:A:220:LYS:HG3	1.95	0.49
1:B:127:VAL:HG12	1:B:220:LYS:HG2	1.94	0.49
1:A:195:GLN:HG2	1:A:215:ILE:HG22	1.94	0.48

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:222:ASP:O	1:D:225:THR:OG1	2.30	0.48
1:D:247:LYS:HD3	1:D:247:LYS:HA	1.64	0.47
1:B:101:GLN:HG3	3:B:301:SBT:H13	1.97	0.47
1:A:54:LYS:HA	1:A:77:TYR:CE1	2.50	0.47
1:A:51:ALA:HA	1:A:77:TYR:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:C:100:GLY:HA3	3:C:302:SBT:H42	1.96	0.47
1:C:204:VAL:HG13	1:C:205:TYR:O	2.14	0.47
1:D:135:SER:OG	1:D:146:LYS:HD3	2.15	0.46
1:D:63:GLU:O	1:D:67:VAL:HG23	2.14	0.46
1:C:47:ILE:HG13	1:C:95:LEU:HB3	1.96	0.46
1:D:226:HIS:HD2	1:D:227:SER:O	2.00	0.45
1:A:222:ASP:HB3	1:A:225:THR:HG23	1.99	0.45
1:A:184:ALA:HB1	1:A:189:GLU:HB3	1.97	0.45
1:C:121:LEU:HD11	1:C:252:LEU:HB3	1.99	0.45
1:A:237:LYS:HB2	1:A:237:LYS:HE2	1.78	0.44
1:B:146:LYS:HE3	1:B:146:LYS:HB2	1.76	0.44
1:C:238:ALA:HA	1:B:54:LYS:HE3	1.99	0.44
1:B:212:ASN:ND2	1:B:215:ILE:HG12	2.31	0.44
1:C:148:LYS:N	1:C:200:ASP:OD2	2.28	0.44
1:B:226:HIS:HD2	1:B:227:SER:O	2.02	0.43
1:B:250:GLU:O	1:B:254:SER:N	2.52	0.42
1:C:268:LYS:HG3	1:C:269:VAL:N	2.34	0.42
1:D:220:LYS:HE2	1:D:220:LYS:HB3	1.72	0.42
1:A:54:LYS:HG3	1:A:77:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.42
1:A:205:TYR:CE1	1:A:229:ILE:HD13	2.55	0.42
1:B:121:LEU:HD12	1:B:253:LEU:HD23	2.01	0.42
1:D:60:ILE:HG21	1:D:252:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:B:120:ASP:HB2	1:B:269:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.41
1:B:60:ILE:HG23	1:B:251:PHE:HE2	1.85	0.41
1:A:167:VAL:HG21	1:A:221:THR:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:A:48:SER:HB2	1:A:83:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41
1:B:246:LYS:HA	1:B:249:GLU:HB3	2.03	0.41
1:D:149:LYS:HD2	1:D:198:ASN:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:126:LEU:HD23	1:B:126:LEU:HA	1.93	0.41
1:B:150:ILE:HB	1:B:181:LEU:HD23	2.02	0.41
1:B:216:LYS:HB3	1:B:216:LYS:HE2	1.86	0.40
1:D:123:LYS:HB3	1:D:269:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.40
1:C:184:ALA:HB1	1:C:189:GLU:HB3	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	228/233 (98%)	226 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	B	227/233 (97%)	223 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	232/233 (100%)	226 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
1	D	227/233 (97%)	222 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	914/932 (98%)	897 (98%)	17 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	200/198 (101%)	180 (90%)	20 (10%)	8	16
1	B	199/198 (100%)	180 (90%)	19 (10%)	9	18
1	C	204/198 (103%)	188 (92%)	16 (8%)	14	26
1	D	199/198 (100%)	187 (94%)	12 (6%)	21	39
All	All	802/792 (101%)	735 (92%)	67 (8%)	12	23

All (67) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	55[A]	GLU
1	C	55[B]	GLU

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	62	GLU
1	C	98	SER
1	C	103	GLN
1	C	116	ASP
1	C	123	LYS
1	C	126	LEU
1	C	140	LYS
1	C	143	THR
1	C	145	ASP
1	C	177	LEU
1	C	181	LEU
1	C	204	VAL
1	C	215	ILE
1	C	268	LYS
1	A	53	LEU
1	A	55	GLU
1	A	109	GLU
1	A	122	VAL
1	A	126	LEU
1	A	131	SER
1	A	133	ASP
1	A	135	SER
1	A	137	SER
1	A	140	LYS
1	A	145	ASP
1	A	173	LEU
1	A	201	VAL
1	A	215	ILE
1	A	216	LYS
1	A	237	LYS
1	A	255	GLU
1	A	267	LYS
1	A	268	LYS
1	A	270	GLU
1	B	42	SER
1	B	44	GLU
1	B	45	LEU
1	B	53	LEU
1	B	66	LYS
1	B	95	LEU
1	B	116	ASP
1	B	119	LYS

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	124	ASN
1	B	126	LEU
1	B	139	MSE
1	B	149	LYS
1	B	154	GLU
1	B	211	ASN
1	B	241	ASN
1	B	249	GLU
1	B	253	LEU
1	B	256	SER
1	B	267	LYS
1	D	71	VAL
1	D	73	LEU
1	D	109	GLU
1	D	116	ASP
1	D	126	LEU
1	D	135	SER
1	D	154	GLU
1	D	174	LYS
1	D	215	ILE
1	D	240	LYS
1	D	243	ASP
1	D	247	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (15) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	85	GLN
1	C	101	GLN
1	C	103	GLN
1	C	226	HIS
1	A	70	ASN
1	A	195	GLN
1	A	198	ASN
1	B	211	ASN
1	B	212	ASN
1	B	226	HIS
1	B	258	GLN
1	D	84	GLN
1	D	101	GLN
1	D	198	ASN
1	D	226	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

8 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
3	SBT	B	301	-	4,4,4	0.21	0	4,4,4	0.15	0
4	SO4	B	302	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.09	0
2	FMT	C	300	-	0,2,2	0.00	-	0,1,1	0.00	-
2	FMT	C	301	-	0,2,2	0.00	-	0,1,1	0.00	-
3	SBT	C	302	-	4,4,4	0.22	0	4,4,4	0.21	0
2	FMT	C	303	-	0,2,2	0.00	-	0,1,1	0.00	-
3	SBT	C	304	-	4,4,4	0.24	0	4,4,4	0.14	0
4	SO4	D	300	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.11	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '2' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	SBT	B	301	-	-	0/2/2/2	0/0/0/0
4	SO4	B	302	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FMT	C	300	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
2	FMT	C	301	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	SBT	C	302	-	-	0/2/2/2	0/0/0/0
2	FMT	C	303	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0
3	SBT	C	304	-	-	0/2/2/2	0/0/0/0
4	SO4	D	300	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	301	SBT	1	0
3	C	302	SBT	2	0
2	C	303	FMT	1	0
3	C	304	SBT	1	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	225/233 (96%)	0.20	5 (2%) 62 64	43, 67, 98, 118	3 (1%)
1	B	224/233 (96%)	0.46	13 (5%) 23 24	47, 80, 116, 132	10 (4%)
1	C	225/233 (96%)	0.17	5 (2%) 62 64	39, 60, 89, 113	2 (0%)
1	D	223/233 (95%)	0.56	22 (9%) 7 7	50, 79, 110, 143	8 (3%)
All	All	897/932 (96%)	0.35	45 (5%) 29 31	39, 70, 108, 143	23 (2%)

All (45) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	69	SER	4.6
1	D	73	LEU	4.5
1	B	70	ASN	4.3
1	D	45	LEU	3.9
1	B	146	LYS	3.7
1	D	247	LYS	3.6
1	A	136	VAL	3.6
1	D	136	VAL	3.5
1	D	194	VAL	3.4
1	A	194	VAL	3.3
1	D	44	GLU	3.2
1	D	43	VAL	3.1
1	C	145	ASP	3.1
1	D	72	LYS	3.0
1	D	121	LEU	3.0
1	B	74	THR	3.0
1	D	236	ILE	2.8
1	D	246	LYS	2.8
1	D	237	LYS	2.7
1	B	133	ASP	2.7
1	A	132	ALA	2.6

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	134	SER	2.6
1	C	146	LYS	2.5
1	D	71	VAL	2.5
1	A	213	ASP	2.5
1	D	95	LEU	2.5
1	B	95	LEU	2.4
1	D	245	ALA	2.4
1	B	77	TYR	2.4
1	C	110	GLU	2.4
1	D	131	SER	2.4
1	B	149	LYS	2.3
1	D	269	VAL	2.3
1	B	71	VAL	2.2
1	D	112	LEU	2.2
1	A	146	LYS	2.2
1	B	92	PRO	2.1
1	C	96	PHE	2.1
1	D	94	ASP	2.1
1	D	229	ILE	2.0
1	B	258	GLN	2.0
1	D	46	ASN	2.0
1	B	136	VAL	2.0
1	D	135	SER	2.0
1	C	112	LEU	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	FMT	C	303	3/3	0.64	0.95	72,72,80,82	0
2	FMT	C	300	3/3	0.69	0.28	88,88,91,91	0
4	SO4	B	302	5/5	0.86	0.24	132,134,134,136	0
4	SO4	D	300	5/5	0.87	0.33	127,127,130,134	0
3	SBT	B	301	5/5	0.88	0.20	58,59,65,66	0
3	SBT	C	304	5/5	0.91	0.40	66,68,73,77	0
3	SBT	C	302	5/5	0.94	0.18	44,49,53,61	0
2	FMT	C	301	3/3	0.94	0.13	65,65,70,70	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.