



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 21, 2018 – 01:22 am GMT

PDB ID : 3LCK
Title : THE KINASE DOMAIN OF HUMAN LYMPHOCYTE KINASE (LCK), ACTIVATED FORM (AUTO-PHOSPHORYLATED ON TYR394)
Authors : Yamaguchi, H.; Hendrickson, W.A.
Deposited on : 1997-04-08
Resolution : 1.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)
Xtriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30686

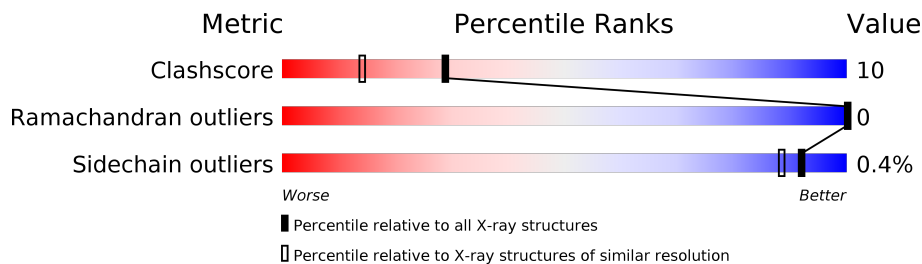
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	122078	4165 (1.70-1.70)
Ramachandran outliers	120005	4098 (1.70-1.70)
Sidechain outliers	119972	4098 (1.70-1.70)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	271	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2692 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTO-ONCOGENE TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P	S			
1	A	271	2347	1502	395	437	1	12	0	18	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	394	PTR	TYR	CONFLICT	UNP P06239

- Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO₄) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O	S		
2	A	1	5	4	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

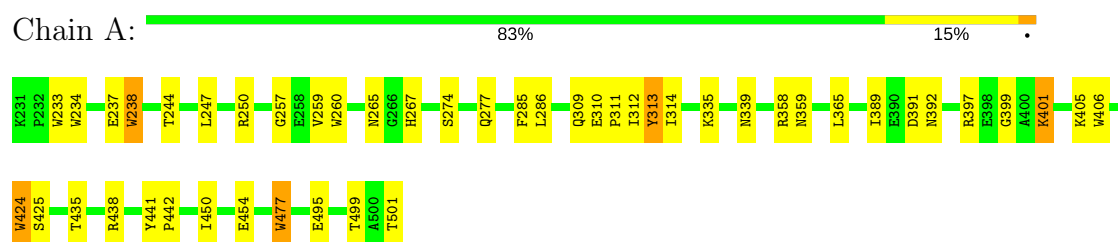
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	340	Total 340	O 340	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: PROTO-ONCOGENE TYROSINE-PROTEIN KINASE



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	42.04Å 73.62Å 91.17Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 1.70	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.0 (10.00-1.70)	Depositor
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.03	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.178 , 0.199	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	2692	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	10.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, PTR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.62	0/2386	1.10	22/3234 (0.7%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (22) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	260	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	10.65	114.82	106.30
1	A	260	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-8.96	100.14	107.30
1	A	406	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	8.26	112.91	106.30
1	A	424	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	8.01	112.70	106.30
1	A	233	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	7.99	112.69	106.30
1	A	238	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	7.97	112.68	106.30
1	A	234	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	7.89	112.62	106.30
1	A	477	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	7.64	112.41	106.30
1	A	406	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-7.40	101.38	107.30
1	A	238	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-7.14	101.59	107.30
1	A	234	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-6.91	101.77	107.30
1	A	260	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-6.90	103.20	110.10
1	A	424	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-6.90	101.78	107.30
1	A	233	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-6.79	101.87	107.30
1	A	477	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-6.55	102.06	107.30
1	A	313	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-5.63	117.62	121.00
1	A	233	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-5.36	104.74	110.10
1	A	424	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-5.36	104.74	110.10
1	A	406	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-5.24	104.86	110.10
1	A	234	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-5.19	104.91	110.10
1	A	477	TRP	CG-CD1-NE1	-5.12	104.98	110.10
1	A	406	TRP	CB-CG-CD1	-5.06	120.43	127.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2347	0	2304	49	0
2	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	A	340	0	0	8	0
All	All	2692	0	2304	49	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (49) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:277[B]:GLN:HE22	1:A:310:GLU:CD	1.40	1.22
1:A:405:LYS:NZ	3:A:1207:HOH:O	1.72	1.19
1:A:285:PHE:CE2	1:A:314[B]:ILE:HD13	1.89	1.07
1:A:389:ILE:CG2	1:A:391:ASP:O	2.06	1.02
1:A:285:PHE:HE2	1:A:314[B]:ILE:HD13	1.32	0.92
1:A:277[B]:GLN:NE2	1:A:310:GLU:CD	2.24	0.91
1:A:389:ILE:HG23	1:A:391:ASP:O	1.73	0.89
1:A:285:PHE:CE2	1:A:314[B]:ILE:CD1	2.62	0.82
1:A:401:LYS:N	1:A:401:LYS:HD3	1.95	0.80
1:A:237:GLU:CD	1:A:237:GLU:H	1.85	0.79
1:A:277[B]:GLN:NE2	1:A:310:GLU:OE1	2.14	0.79
1:A:389:ILE:HG22	1:A:391:ASP:O	1.83	0.78
1:A:313:TYR:C	1:A:314[B]:ILE:HD12	2.05	0.76
1:A:285:PHE:HE2	1:A:314[B]:ILE:CD1	2.02	0.71
1:A:335:LYS:HE3	3:A:1134:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
1:A:401:LYS:H	1:A:401:LYS:HD3	1.61	0.66
1:A:313:TYR:O	1:A:314[B]:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.62
1:A:237:GLU:HG2	1:A:238:TRP:CE3	2.35	0.61
1:A:454:GLU:OE1	3:A:1284:HOH:O	2.17	0.59
1:A:267[A]:HIS:HD2	3:A:1050:HOH:O	1.86	0.59
1:A:339:ASN:HB2	3:A:1175:HOH:O	2.04	0.58

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:314[B]:ILE:N	1:A:314[B]:ILE:CD1	2.70	0.54
1:A:314[B]:ILE:HD12	1:A:314[B]:ILE:N	2.23	0.54
1:A:441:TYR:N	1:A:442:PRO:HD3	2.24	0.53
1:A:247[A]:LEU:HD12	1:A:247[A]:LEU:N	2.27	0.49
1:A:438[B]:ARG:NH2	3:A:1179:HOH:O	2.47	0.48
1:A:435:THR:O	1:A:438[B]:ARG:HG2	2.15	0.47
1:A:397:ARG:HG2	1:A:399:GLY:H	1.80	0.46
1:A:401:LYS:CD	1:A:401:LYS:N	2.67	0.46
1:A:286:LEU:HD21	1:A:312:ILE:CG2	2.46	0.46
1:A:277[B]:GLN:CD	1:A:310:GLU:OE1	2.55	0.45
1:A:358:ARG:O	1:A:359:ASN:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:A:392:ASN:O	1:A:392:ASN:OD1	2.35	0.44
1:A:495:GLU:O	1:A:499:THR:HG23	2.17	0.44
1:A:247[A]:LEU:CD1	1:A:247[A]:LEU:N	2.82	0.43
1:A:244:THR:HB	1:A:265:ASN:ND2	2.33	0.43
1:A:277[B]:GLN:HE22	1:A:310:GLU:CG	2.23	0.43
1:A:257:GLY:HA3	1:A:274[B]:SER:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:450[B]:ILE:HD12	3:A:1139:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:286:LEU:HD23	1:A:314[B]:ILE:HD11	2.02	0.42
1:A:365:LEU:O	1:A:425[B]:SER:OG	2.33	0.42
1:A:313:TYR:C	1:A:314[B]:ILE:CD1	2.84	0.42
1:A:424:TRP:CE3	1:A:477:TRP:HA	2.55	0.42
1:A:501:THR:HG23	3:A:1295:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:A:250:ARG:HH11	1:A:250:ARG:HD3	1.69	0.41
1:A:309:GLN:HG2	1:A:310:GLU:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:310:GLU:HA	1:A:311:PRO:C	2.41	0.41
1:A:237:GLU:HG2	1:A:238:TRP:CZ3	2.56	0.41
1:A:259[B]:VAL:HG13	1:A:259[B]:VAL:O	2.19	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	286/271 (106%)	281 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	253/235 (108%)	252 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	88

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	401	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	265	ASN
1	A	452	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	PTR	A	394	1	16,16,17	0.91	1 (6%)	21,22,24	2.94	6 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	PTR	A	394	1	-	0/9/11/13	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	394	PTR	CA-C	2.13	1.53	1.50

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	394	PTR	O3P-P-OH	-5.88	85.65	105.50
1	A	394	PTR	O2P-P-OH	-3.66	93.16	105.50
1	A	394	PTR	OH-P-O1P	-2.01	99.78	108.55
1	A	394	PTR	O2P-P-O1P	3.36	123.70	110.60
1	A	394	PTR	O3P-P-O2P	4.81	126.61	107.59
1	A	394	PTR	P-OH-CZ	9.22	155.05	123.98

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	SO4	A	901	-	4,4,4	0.44	0	6,6,6	0.16	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SO4	A	901	-	-	0/0/0/0	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.