



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2018 – 08:09 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4NTT
Title : Structure of the catalytic subunit of cAMP-dependent protein kinase bound to ADP and one magnesium ion
Authors : Bastidas, A.C.; Wu, J.; Taylor, S.S.
Deposited on : 2013-12-02
Resolution : 3.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : trunk30967
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30967

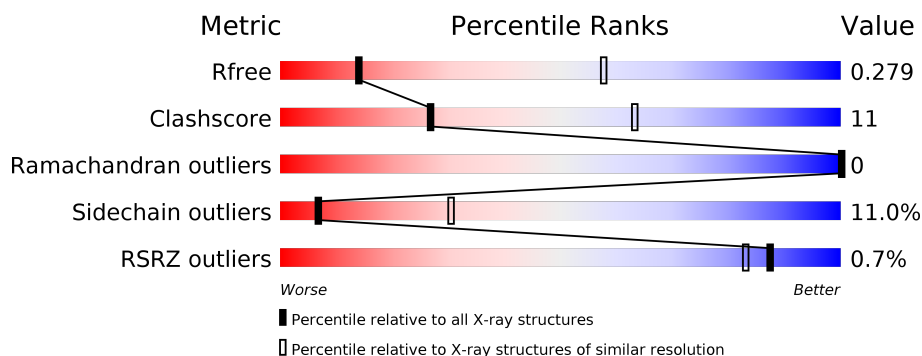
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	111664	1391 (3.60-3.40)
Clashscore	122126	1485 (3.60-3.40)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	1446 (3.60-3.40)
Sidechain outliers	120020	1447 (3.60-3.40)
RSRZ outliers	108989	1303 (3.60-3.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	350	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; position: relative;"> <div style="position: absolute; top: -10px; left: 0; width: 100%; text-align: center;">%</div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 72%; height: 10px; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 72%; width: 23%; height: 10px; background-color: orange;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 95%; width: 5%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 95%; width: 5%; height: 10px; background-color: green;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 95%; width: 5%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> 72% 23% • • </div> </div>
1	B	350	<div> <div style="width: 100%; height: 10px; position: relative;"> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 0; width: 72%; height: 10px; background-color: red;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 72%; width: 23%; height: 10px; background-color: orange;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 95%; width: 5%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 95%; width: 5%; height: 10px; background-color: green;"></div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 0; left: 95%; width: 5%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; width: 100%;"> 72% 23% • • </div> </div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5262 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	341	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2597	1676	439	473	2	7			
1	B	341	Total	C	N	O	P	S	0	0	0
			2609	1688	439	472	2	8			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	7	CYS	LYS	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP P05132
B	7	CYS	LYS	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP P05132

- Molecule 2 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			27	10	5	10	2		

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			27	10	5	10	2		

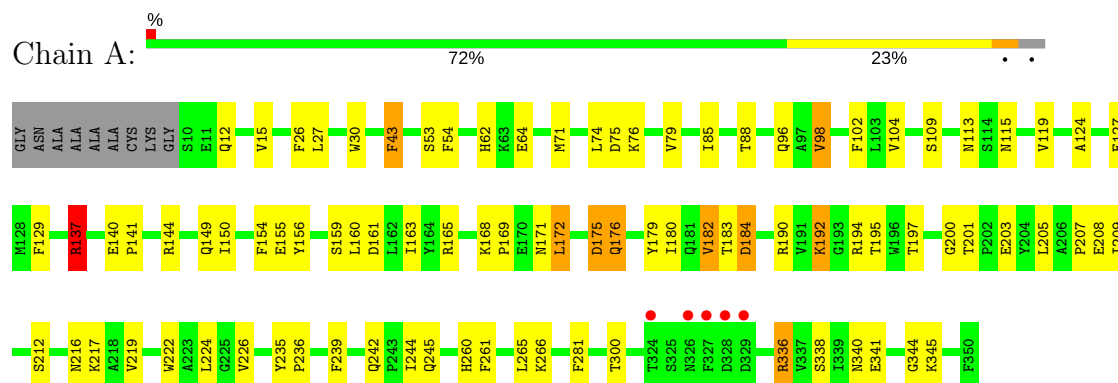
- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		
3	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

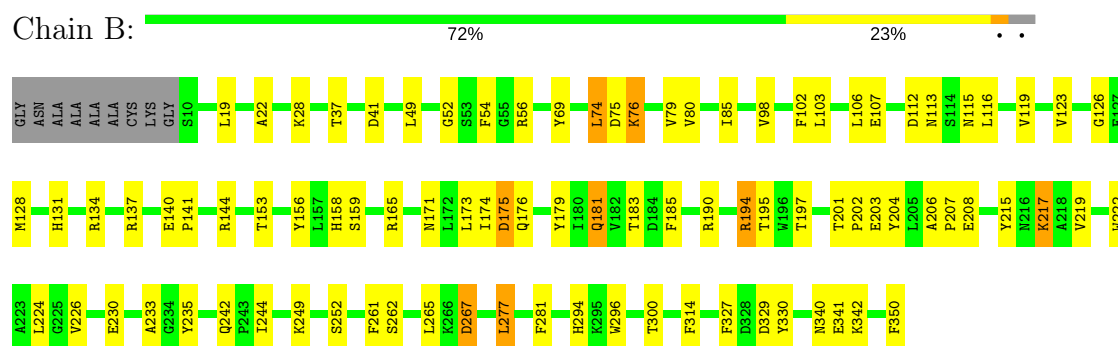
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha



- Molecule 1: cAMP-dependent protein kinase catalytic subunit alpha



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	50.48Å 143.15Å 62.57Å 90.00° 103.61° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	71.58 – 3.50 32.15 – 3.50	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.1 (71.58-3.50) 97.3 (32.15-3.50)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.22 (at 3.47Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0110	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.227 , 0.284 0.222 , 0.279	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	516 reflections (4.85%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	95.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.012	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.26 , 45.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.47$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5262	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	100.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.95% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO, MG, ADP, SEP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.42	1/2641 (0.0%)	0.54	0/3590
1	B	0.41	0/2655	0.55	0/3610
All	All	0.42	1/5296 (0.0%)	0.55	0/7200

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	137	ARG	CZ-NH2	6.73	1.41	1.33

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	182	VAL	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2597	0	2327	58	0
1	B	2609	0	2347	52	0
2	A	27	0	12	2	0
2	B	27	0	12	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	5262	0	4698	110	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (110) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:171:ASN:C	1:A:183:THR:HG22	1.70	1.10
1:A:171:ASN:HB3	1:A:183:THR:HG21	1.40	1.02
1:B:126:GLY:O	1:B:173:LEU:HA	1.67	0.94
1:A:12:GLN:O	1:A:15:VAL:HG22	1.74	0.87
1:A:171:ASN:HB3	1:A:183:THR:CG2	2.05	0.87
1:B:76:LYS:HG2	1:B:115:ASN:HA	1.64	0.79
1:A:163:ILE:HG21	1:A:217:LYS:HA	1.64	0.79
1:A:171:ASN:O	1:A:183:THR:HG22	1.83	0.77
1:B:277:LEU:HD23	1:B:277:LEU:H	1.51	0.74
1:A:236:PRO:HG2	1:A:239:PHE:HB2	1.70	0.73
1:A:75:ASP:HA	1:A:115:ASN:HB3	1.71	0.72
1:B:75:ASP:HA	1:B:115:ASN:HB3	1.71	0.71
1:A:183:THR:OG1	1:A:184:ASP:N	2.19	0.71
1:A:124:ALA:HB3	1:A:176:GLN:HG2	1.74	0.69
1:B:102:PHE:O	1:B:181:GLN:HA	1.92	0.69
1:A:175:ASP:HB2	1:A:179:TYR:H	1.56	0.69
1:B:194:ARG:HH11	1:B:194:ARG:HG3	1.60	0.66
1:B:204:TYR:OH	1:B:230:GLU:OE2	2.09	0.65
1:A:175:ASP:HB2	1:A:179:TYR:N	2.11	0.64
1:B:103:LEU:HD22	1:B:185:PHE:HZ	1.63	0.63
1:A:137:ARG:HH22	1:A:260:HIS:CG	2.16	0.62
1:B:144:ARG:HD3	1:B:300:THR:HG23	1.80	0.62
1:B:156:TYR:O	1:B:159:SER:HB3	2.00	0.61
1:A:76:LYS:HG2	1:A:115:ASN:HA	1.83	0.60
1:A:171:ASN:C	1:A:183:THR:CG2	2.60	0.60
1:B:208:GLU:HB3	1:B:215:TYR:HB3	1.84	0.60

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:209:ILE:HD11	1:A:219:VAL:HG11	1.84	0.60
1:A:172:LEU:N	1:A:183:THR:HG22	2.15	0.59
1:B:165:ARG:HH12	1:B:197:TPO:HB	1.68	0.59
1:B:80:VAL:HG13	1:B:85:ILE:HD11	1.85	0.59
1:B:126:GLY:HA2	1:B:174:ILE:H	1.67	0.58
1:A:43:PHE:HB3	1:A:62:HIS:HA	1.85	0.57
1:B:54:PHE:HB2	1:B:74:LEU:HB2	1.87	0.56
1:A:137:ARG:NH1	1:A:260:HIS:CE1	2.75	0.55
1:A:161:ASP:HB2	1:A:190:ARG:HE	1.72	0.55
1:B:171:ASN:O	1:B:183:THR:HG22	2.06	0.55
1:B:113:ASN:HA	1:B:341:GLU:HG3	1.89	0.55
1:A:137:ARG:NH2	1:A:260:HIS:CD2	2.75	0.54
1:A:222:TRP:O	1:A:226:VAL:HG23	2.08	0.54
1:B:52:GLY:H	1:B:56:ARG:HA	1.73	0.54
1:B:267:ASP:OD1	1:B:294:HIS:NE2	2.40	0.54
1:B:144:ARG:HD3	1:B:300:THR:CG2	2.38	0.53
1:A:98:VAL:HG22	1:A:156:TYR:HE2	1.73	0.53
1:A:144:ARG:HD3	1:A:300:THR:HG23	1.91	0.53
1:A:163:ILE:CG2	1:A:217:LYS:HA	2.35	0.52
1:B:76:LYS:NZ	1:B:112:ASP:O	2.41	0.52
1:A:182:VAL:HG13	1:A:183:THR:HG23	1.92	0.52
1:B:75:ASP:O	1:B:79:VAL:HG23	2.10	0.51
1:B:54:PHE:HB2	1:B:74:LEU:CB	2.41	0.51
1:A:172:LEU:H	1:A:172:LEU:HD23	1.75	0.51
1:A:53:SER:OG	2:A:401:ADP:PB	2.68	0.51
1:B:69:TYR:CE2	1:B:107:GLU:HG3	2.46	0.51
1:A:102:PHE:O	1:A:182:VAL:HG23	2.11	0.51
1:A:137:ARG:NH2	1:A:260:HIS:CG	2.78	0.51
1:A:336:ARG:HH22	1:A:338:SEP:HB3	1.75	0.50
1:A:124:ALA:CB	1:A:176:GLN:HG2	2.41	0.50
1:A:168:LYS:O	1:A:171:ASN:HB2	2.12	0.49
1:A:26:PHE:CG	1:A:160:LEU:HD13	2.48	0.48
1:A:71:MET:HG3	1:A:119:VAL:HG22	1.95	0.48
1:B:265:LEU:HD23	1:B:296:TRP:CE2	2.49	0.48
1:B:233:ALA:HB2	1:B:261:PHE:CZ	2.48	0.48
1:B:249:LYS:O	1:B:252:SER:O	2.32	0.48
1:B:175:ASP:HB2	1:B:179:TYR:N	2.29	0.47
1:B:49:LEU:O	1:B:327:PHE:HD1	1.96	0.47
1:A:161:ASP:OD2	1:A:192:LYS:HE3	2.14	0.47
1:B:206:ALA:HB3	1:B:219:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.47
1:B:69:TYR:HE2	1:B:107:GLU:HG3	1.80	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:129:PHE:HB2	1:A:169:PRO:HB2	1.98	0.46
1:A:149:GLN:OE1	1:A:180:ILE:HB	2.16	0.46
1:A:27:LEU:HA	1:A:30:TRP:HB3	1.97	0.45
1:A:341:GLU:OE2	1:A:344:GLY:HA3	2.16	0.45
1:B:329:ASP:O	1:B:330:TYR:HB2	2.17	0.45
1:A:244:ILE:H	1:A:244:ILE:HD12	1.81	0.45
1:B:107:GLU:HB2	1:B:119:VAL:HG12	1.99	0.45
1:B:140:GLU:N	1:B:141:PRO:HD2	2.32	0.45
1:B:242:GLN:HB3	1:B:244:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.44
1:A:140:GLU:N	1:A:141:PRO:HD2	2.31	0.44
1:A:242:GLN:HB2	1:A:245:GLN:NE2	2.33	0.44
1:B:165:ARG:NH1	1:B:197:TPO:O1P	2.51	0.44
1:B:233:ALA:HB2	1:B:261:PHE:HZ	1.82	0.44
1:A:208:GLU:CD	1:A:208:GLU:H	2.21	0.44
1:B:131:HIS:O	1:B:134:ARG:HB3	2.18	0.44
1:B:175:ASP:HB2	1:B:179:TYR:H	1.82	0.43
1:B:222:TRP:O	1:B:226:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.43
1:A:165:ARG:NH1	1:A:197:TPO:O1P	2.50	0.42
1:B:116:LEU:HD22	1:B:350:PHE:CD2	2.54	0.42
1:B:140:GLU:OE1	1:B:262:SER:HB3	2.19	0.42
1:A:194:ARG:HG2	1:A:216:ASN:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:B:98:VAL:HG22	1:B:156:TYR:HE2	1.84	0.42
1:B:19:LEU:HA	1:B:22:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.42
1:A:54:PHE:CE1	1:A:79:VAL:HA	2.55	0.42
1:A:154:PHE:O	1:A:155:GLU:C	2.58	0.41
1:B:207:PRO:O	1:B:208:GLU:C	2.58	0.41
1:B:76:LYS:HE2	1:B:342:LYS:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:182:VAL:CG1	1:A:183:THR:HG23	2.49	0.41
1:A:172:LEU:HD12	1:A:180:ILE:HD13	2.03	0.41
1:B:201:THR:HG23	1:B:202:PRO:HD2	2.03	0.41
1:A:200:GLY:HA3	1:A:205:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:A:62:HIS:NE2	1:A:64:GLU:HB3	2.36	0.41
1:B:144:ARG:CD	1:B:300:THR:HG23	2.48	0.41
1:B:98:VAL:CG2	1:B:156:TYR:HE2	2.33	0.41
1:A:184:ASP:HB3	2:A:401:ADP:O3A	2.21	0.41
1:B:131:HIS:NE2	1:B:314:PHE:CE1	2.88	0.41
1:A:207:PRO:HD3	1:A:222:TRP:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:A:171:ASN:CB	1:A:183:THR:CG2	2.88	0.40
1:A:261:PHE:HB3	1:A:266:LYS:HG3	2.04	0.40
1:A:150:ILE:HD11	1:A:172:LEU:HD13	2.03	0.40
1:B:140:GLU:OE1	1:B:262:SER:CB	2.69	0.40

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:158:HIS:ND1	1:B:217:LYS:HD2	2.37	0.40
1:A:113:ASN:OD1	1:A:341:GLU:HA	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	337/350 (96%)	298 (88%)	39 (12%)	0	100	100
1	B	337/350 (96%)	302 (90%)	35 (10%)	0	100	100
All	All	674/700 (96%)	600 (89%)	74 (11%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	231/303 (76%)	204 (88%)	27 (12%)	6	27
1	B	234/303 (77%)	210 (90%)	24 (10%)	8	33
All	All	465/606 (77%)	414 (89%)	51 (11%)	7	30

All (51) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	43	PHE
1	A	74	LEU
1	A	85	ILE
1	A	88	THR
1	A	96	GLN
1	A	98	VAL
1	A	104	VAL
1	A	109	SER
1	A	127	GLU
1	A	137	ARG
1	A	159	SER
1	A	172	LEU
1	A	175	ASP
1	A	176	GLN
1	A	184	ASP
1	A	192	LYS
1	A	195	THR
1	A	201	THR
1	A	203	GLU
1	A	212	SER
1	A	224	LEU
1	A	235	TYR
1	A	265	LEU
1	A	281	PHE
1	A	336	ARG
1	A	340	ASN
1	A	345	LYS
1	B	28	LYS
1	B	37	THR
1	B	41	ASP
1	B	74	LEU
1	B	76	LYS
1	B	106	LEU
1	B	123	VAL
1	B	128	MET
1	B	137	ARG
1	B	153	THR
1	B	175	ASP
1	B	176	GLN
1	B	181	GLN
1	B	190	ARG
1	B	194	ARG
1	B	195	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	203	GLU
1	B	217	LYS
1	B	224	LEU
1	B	235	TYR
1	B	267	ASP
1	B	277	LEU
1	B	281	PHE
1	B	340	ASN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	307	GLN
1	B	181	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
1	TPO	A	197	1	9,10,11	0.61	0	11,14,16	1.23	1 (9%)
1	SEP	A	338	1	9,9,10	1.58	2 (22%)	9,12,14	1.57	2 (22%)
1	TPO	B	197	1	9,10,11	0.59	0	11,14,16	1.30	1 (9%)
1	SEP	B	338	1	9,9,10	1.71	2 (22%)	9,12,14	1.61	2 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	A	197	1	-	0/8/11/13	0/0/0/0
1	SEP	A	338	1	-	0/5/8/10	0/0/0/0
1	TPO	B	197	1	-	0/8/11/13	0/0/0/0
1	SEP	B	338	1	-	0/5/8/10	0/0/0/0

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	338	SEP	CA-C	2.24	1.53	1.50
1	B	338	SEP	CA-C	2.88	1.54	1.50
1	A	338	SEP	P-O1P	3.21	1.61	1.50
1	B	338	SEP	P-O1P	3.25	1.61	1.50

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	338	SEP	P-OG-CB	-3.26	109.32	118.30
1	A	338	SEP	P-OG-CB	-3.12	109.69	118.30
1	B	197	TPO	O3P-P-O2P	2.00	115.51	107.59
1	A	197	TPO	O3P-P-O2P	2.07	115.78	107.59
1	A	338	SEP	OG-CB-CA	2.56	110.69	108.17
1	B	338	SEP	OG-CB-CA	2.82	110.94	108.17

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	197	TPO	1	0
1	A	338	SEP	1	0
1	B	197	TPO	2	0

5.5 Carbohydrates

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
2	ADP	A	401	3	25,29,29	1.08	1 (4%)	25,45,45	1.76	3 (12%)
2	ADP	B	401	3	25,29,29	1.12	2 (8%)	25,45,45	1.68	3 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	ADP	A	401	3	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
2	ADP	B	401	3	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	401	ADP	C2-N3	2.04	1.35	1.32
2	A	401	ADP	C5-C4	3.20	1.47	1.40
2	B	401	ADP	C5-C4	3.25	1.47	1.40

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	401	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-6.40	123.38	128.86
2	B	401	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-6.31	123.47	128.86
2	A	401	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.91	122.85	132.63
2	A	401	ADP	C4-C5-N7	-2.88	106.63	109.41
2	B	401	ADP	C4-C5-N7	-2.77	106.73	109.41
2	B	401	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.25	125.05	132.63

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	401	ADP	2	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	339/350 (96%)	-0.48	5 (1%) 73 67	82, 101, 129, 146	0
1	B	339/350 (96%)	-0.44	0 100 100	78, 96, 128, 147	0
All	All	678/700 (96%)	-0.46	5 (0%) 87 83	78, 99, 129, 147	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	327	PHE	2.6
1	A	328	ASP	2.4
1	A	326	ASN	2.3
1	A	324	THR	2.3
1	A	329	ASP	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	SEP	A	338	10/11	0.92	0.10	130,134,141,143	0
1	SEP	B	338	10/11	0.95	0.07	134,138,146,147	0
1	TPO	A	197	11/12	0.95	0.12	91,93,94,94	0
1	TPO	B	197	11/12	0.96	0.14	90,92,94,94	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	ADP	B	401	27/27	0.88	0.26	115,122,133,139	0
2	ADP	A	401	27/27	0.91	0.33	144,156,189,198	0
3	MG	B	402	1/1	0.93	0.54	78,78,78,78	0
3	MG	A	402	1/1	0.97	0.39	62,62,62,62	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.