



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 8, 2018 – 05:15 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2QL5  
Title : Crystal Structure of caspase-7 with inhibitor AC-DMQD-CHO  
Authors : Agniswamy, J.; Fang, B.; Weber, I.  
Deposited on : 2007-07-12  
Resolution : 2.34 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.7.3 (157068), CSD as539be (2018)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : trunk30967  
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : trunk30967

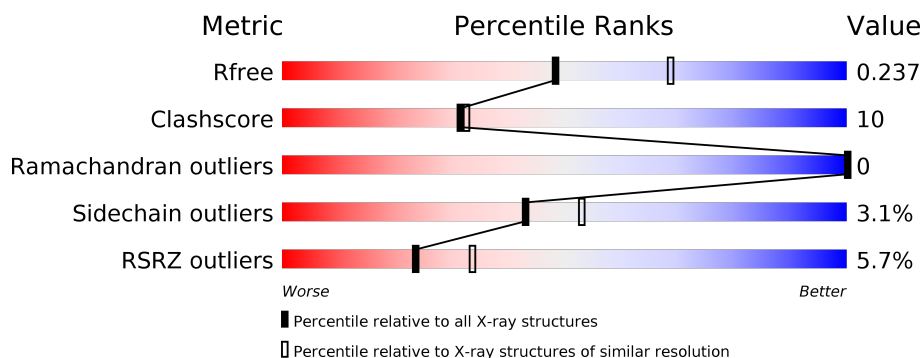
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.34 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	111664	1763 (2.36-2.32)
Clashscore	122126	1858 (2.36-2.32)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	1834 (2.36-2.32)
Sidechain outliers	120020	1835 (2.36-2.32)
RSRZ outliers	108989	1737 (2.36-2.32)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	173	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>64%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>•</div> <div>19%</div> </div>
1	C	173	<div> <div>65%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>•</div> <div>19%</div> </div>
2	B	97	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>73%</div> <div>21%</div> <div>•</div> <div>5%</div> </div>
2	D	97	<div> <div>13%</div> <div>68%</div> <div>26%</div> <div>•</div> <div>5%</div> </div>
3	E	5	<div> <div>20%</div> <div>80%</div> </div>
3	F	5	<div> <div>60%</div> <div>40%</div> </div>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	G	5	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	CIT	D	850	-	-	-	X

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3963 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Caspase-7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	140	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1100	691	188	210	11			
1	C	140	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			1100	691	188	210	11			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Caspase-7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	92	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			758	487	128	139	4			
2	D	92	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			758	487	128	139	4			

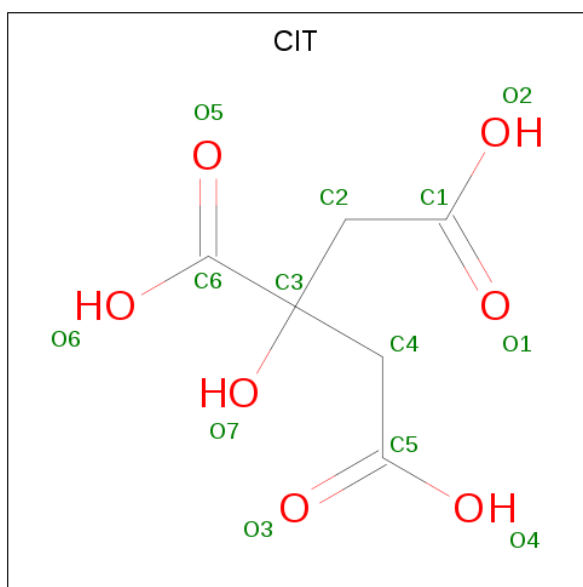
- Molecule 3 is a protein called inhibitor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	E	5	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			36	20	5	10	1			
3	F	5	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			36	20	5	10	1			

- Molecule 4 is a protein called peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	G	5	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			37	20	8	9			

- Molecule 5 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>7</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		

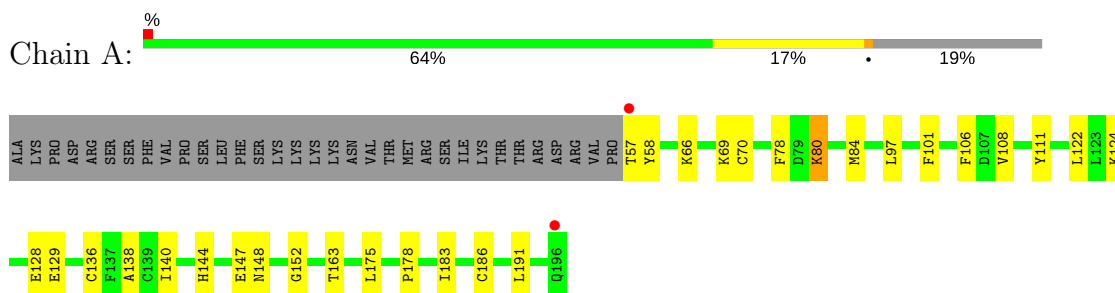
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	33	Total	O	0	0
			33	33		
6	B	23	Total	O	0	0
			23	23		
6	C	43	Total	O	0	0
			43	43		
6	D	23	Total	O	0	0
			23	23		
6	E	1	Total	O	0	0
			1	1		
6	F	2	Total	O	0	0
			2	2		

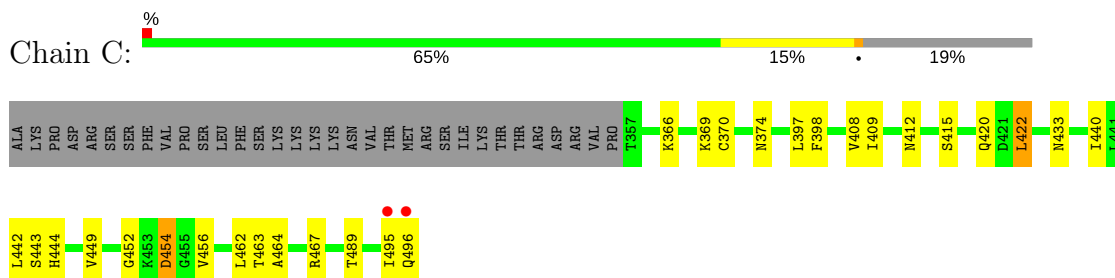
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

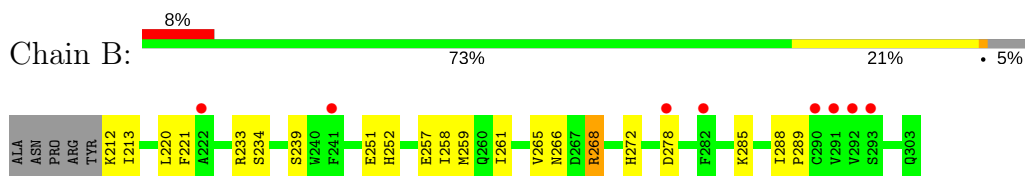
#### • Molecule 1: Caspase-7



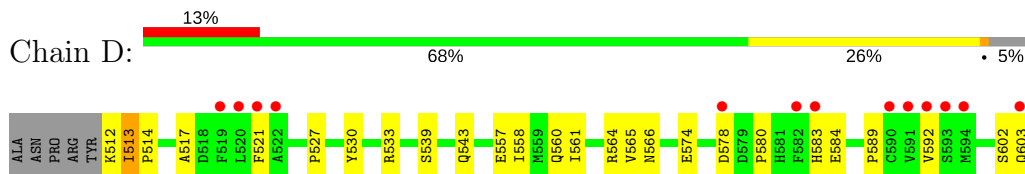
#### • Molecule 1: Caspase-7



#### • Molecule 2: Caspase-7



#### • Molecule 2: Caspase-7



#### • Molecule 3: inhibitor




7701	7705
D702	Q704
M703	

- Molecule 3: inhibitor

Chain F:  60% 40%

7801	7805
D802	Q804
M803	

- Molecule 4: peptide

Chain G:  40% 60% 40%

Q810	E814
G811	
H812	
G813	

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	87.25Å 87.25Å 187.71Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 – 2.34 39.87 – 2.34	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (50.00-2.34) 85.0 (39.87-2.34)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.10	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.78 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.212 , 0.233 0.215 , 0.237	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1590 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	37.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.963	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 44.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.027 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3963	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	62.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality ⓘ

### 5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ASJ, ACE, CIT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.38	0/1117	0.62	1/1496 (0.1%)
1	C	0.39	0/1117	0.65	2/1496 (0.1%)
2	B	0.36	0/780	0.61	0/1054
2	D	0.38	0/780	0.62	0/1054
3	E	0.58	0/25	0.81	0/32
3	F	0.97	0/25	1.61	1/32 (3.1%)
4	G	0.46	0/37	0.47	0/46
All	All	0.39	0/3881	0.64	4/5210 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	F	802	ASP	N-CA-CB	-6.76	98.43	110.60
1	C	422	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.18	129.51	115.30
1	A	152	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.77	98.68	113.10
1	C	452	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.58	99.15	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1100	0	1085	26	0
1	C	1100	0	1085	21	0
2	B	758	0	731	13	0
2	D	758	0	731	16	0
3	E	36	0	29	4	0
3	F	36	0	29	0	0
4	G	37	0	26	1	0
5	D	13	0	6	2	0
6	A	33	0	0	1	0
6	B	23	0	0	0	0
6	C	43	0	0	0	0
6	D	23	0	0	0	0
6	E	1	0	0	0	0
6	F	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	3963	0	3722	73	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 73 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:80:LYS:HD3	1:A:80:LYS:H	1.06	1.09
1:A:57:THR:HG22	1:A:58:TYR:H	1.33	0.93
1:A:57:THR:HG22	1:A:58:TYR:N	1.90	0.86
1:A:80:LYS:HD3	1:A:80:LYS:N	1.91	0.82
1:A:80:LYS:CD	1:A:80:LYS:H	1.87	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	138/173 (80%)	131 (95%)	7 (5%)	0	100	100
1	C	138/173 (80%)	134 (97%)	4 (3%)	0	100	100
2	B	90/97 (93%)	90 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	D	90/97 (93%)	88 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
3	E	3/5 (60%)	3 (100%)	0	0	100	100
3	F	3/5 (60%)	2 (67%)	1 (33%)	0	100	100
4	G	3/5 (60%)	2 (67%)	1 (33%)	0	100	100
All	All	465/555 (84%)	450 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	120/152 (79%)	118 (98%)	2 (2%)	63	75
1	C	120/152 (79%)	116 (97%)	4 (3%)	41	51
2	B	84/88 (96%)	80 (95%)	4 (5%)	28	35
2	D	84/88 (96%)	83 (99%)	1 (1%)	74	84
3	E	3/3 (100%)	3 (100%)	0	100	100
3	F	3/3 (100%)	2 (67%)	1 (33%)	0	0
4	G	3/3 (100%)	2 (67%)	1 (33%)	0	0
All	All	417/489 (85%)	404 (97%)	13 (3%)	43	53

5 of 13 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	278	ASP
1	C	398	PHE
2	D	513	ILE
2	B	268	ARG
1	C	454	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	412	ASN
4	G	810	GLN
1	C	448	ASN
2	B	303	GLN
3	F	804	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	ASJ	E	705	1,3	4,7,7	0.60	0	3,8,8	1.49	1 (33%)
3	ASJ	F	805	1,3	4,7,7	1.44	1 (25%)	3,8,8	1.07	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ASJ	E	705	1,3	-	0/4/6/6	0/0/0/0
3	ASJ	F	805	1,3	-	0/4/6/6	0/0/0/0

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	F	805	ASJ	C-CA	-2.66	1.48	1.52

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	E	705	ASJ	CB-CA-C	-2.58	107.12	112.16

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	E	705	ASJ	2	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
5	CIT	D	850	-	3,12,12	1.40	0	3,17,17	0.98	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	CIT	D	850	-	-	0/6/16/16	0/0/0/0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	D	850	CIT	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	140/173 (80%)	-0.08	2 (1%) 75 83	49, 63, 79, 91	0
1	C	140/173 (80%)	-0.16	2 (1%) 75 83	44, 56, 72, 100	0
2	B	92/97 (94%)	0.44	8 (8%) 10 16	42, 59, 94, 101	0
2	D	92/97 (94%)	0.47	13 (14%) 2 4	46, 58, 95, 101	0
3	E	3/5 (60%)	0.16	0 100 100	73, 73, 75, 76	0
3	F	3/5 (60%)	0.43	0 100 100	71, 71, 74, 75	0
4	G	5/5 (100%)	2.75	2 (40%) 0 0	110, 111, 119, 119	0
All	All	475/555 (85%)	0.14	27 (5%) 24 34	42, 60, 87, 119	0

The worst 5 of 27 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
4	G	813	GLY	6.2
2	B	282	PHE	3.8
1	C	496	GLN	3.8
2	D	592	VAL	3.7
4	G	814	GLU	3.7

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	ASJ	E	705	8/8	0.95	0.13	62,63,65,66	0
3	ASJ	F	805	8/8	0.96	0.11	60,62,64,64	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
5	CIT	D	850	13/13	0.66	0.46	108,111,113,113	0

### 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.