



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jan 6, 2020 – 03:41 PM EST

PDB ID : 6R4J
Title : Crystal structure of human GFAT-1 G451E in complex with UDP-GlcNAc
Authors : Ruegenberg, S.; Horn, M.; Pichlo, C.; Allmeroth, K.; Baumann, U.; Denzel, M.S.
Deposited on : 2019-03-22
Resolution : 2.42 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.0 (224370), CSD as540be (2019)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.4
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20171227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2017)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.4

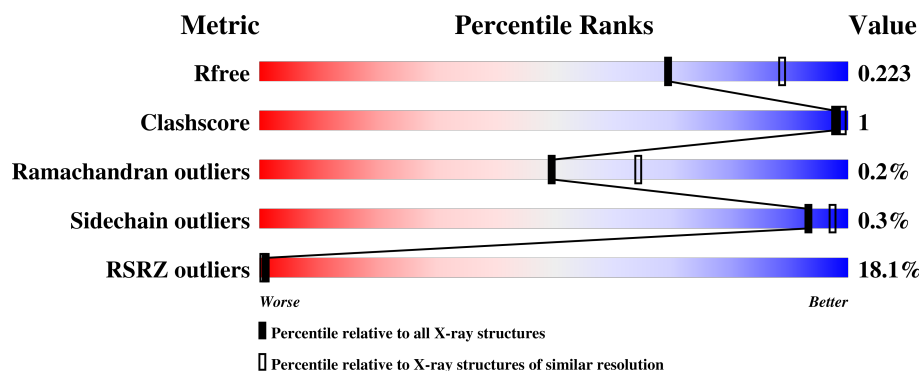
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

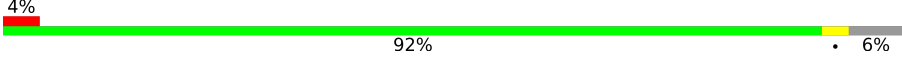
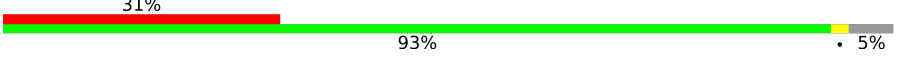
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.42 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	111664	4090 (2.44-2.40)
Clashscore	122126	4587 (2.44-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	120053	4522 (2.44-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	120020	4523 (2.44-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	108989	3987 (2.44-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	687	 4% 92% 6%
1	B	687	 31% 93% 5%

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21010 atoms, of which 10440 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

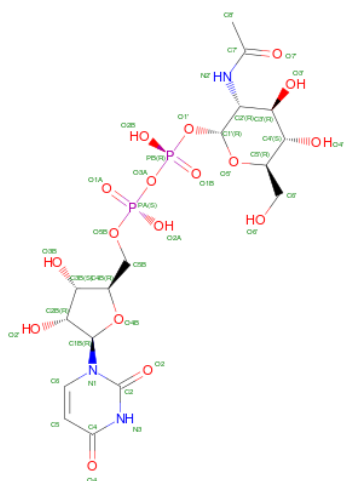
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Glutamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	649	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			10304	3248	5161	895	968	32			
1	B	654	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			10377	3270	5198	899	978	32			

There are 14 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	299A	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
A	299B	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
A	299C	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
A	299D	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
A	299E	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
A	299F	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
A	451	GLU	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP Q06210
B	299A	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
B	299B	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
B	299C	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
B	299D	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
B	299E	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
B	299F	HIS	-	insertion	UNP Q06210
B	451	GLU	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP Q06210

- Molecule 2 is URIDINE-DIPHOSPHATE-N-ACETYLGLUCOSAMINE (three-letter code: UD1) (formula: C₁₇H₂₇N₃O₁₇P₂).

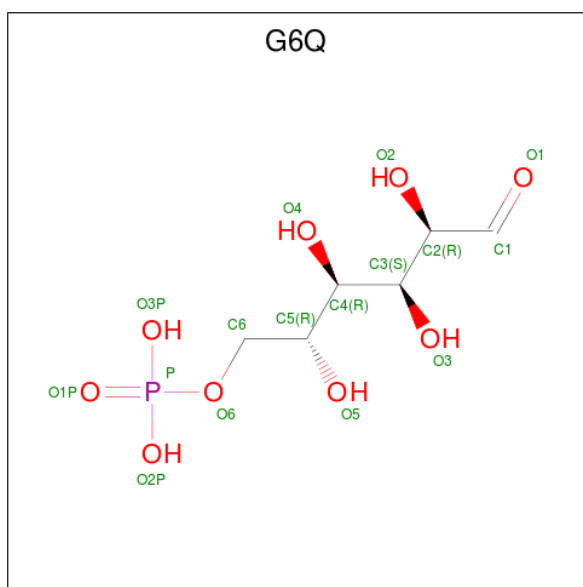


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 64	C 17	H 25	N 3	O 17	P 2	0	0
2	B	1	Total 64	C 17	H 25	N 3	O 17	P 2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

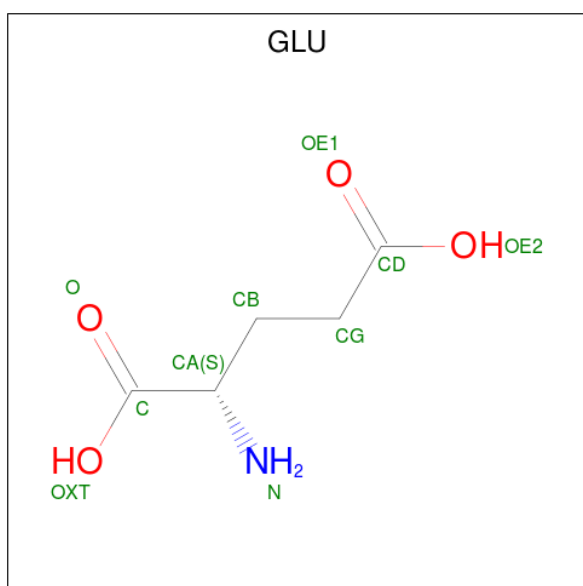
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is GLUCOSE-6-PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: G6P) (formula: $C_6H_{13}O_9P$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	H	O	P	0	0
			29	6	13	9	1		
4	B	1	Total	C	H	O	P	0	0
			29	6	13	9	1		

- Molecule 5 is GLUTAMIC ACID (three-letter code: GLU) (formula: $C_5H_9NO_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			15	5	5	1	4		

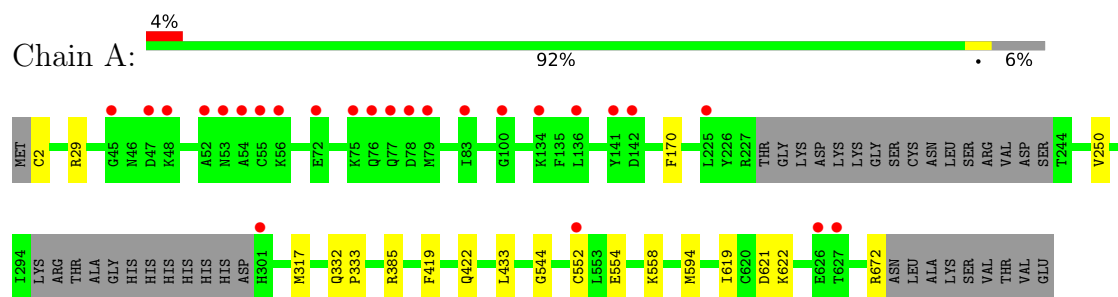
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	79	Total 79	O 79	0	0
6	B	47	Total 47	O 47	0	0

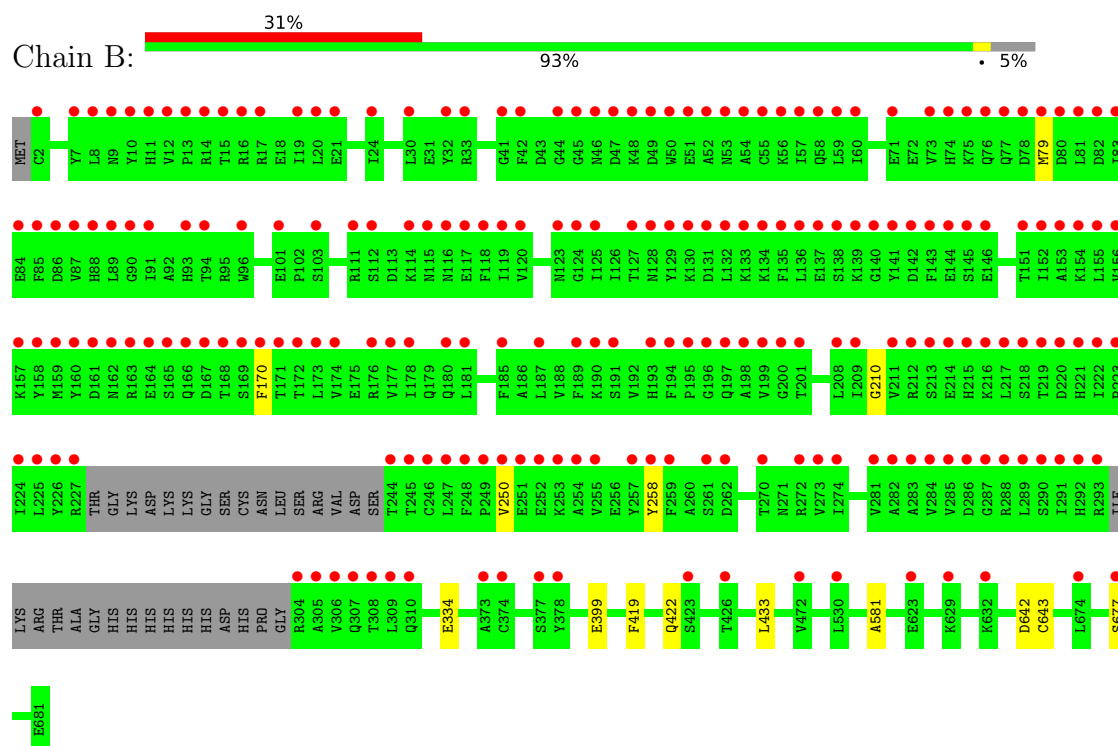
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Glutamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 1



- Molecule 1: Glutamine--fructose-6-phosphate aminotransferase [isomerizing] 1



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	153.23Å 153.23Å 162.54Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.73 – 2.42 48.73 – 2.42	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (48.73-2.42) 96.4 (48.73-2.42)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.52 (at 2.42Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (dev_2499: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.194 , 0.223 0.194 , 0.223	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1991 reflections (2.69%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	45.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.122	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.39 , 47.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	21010	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	86.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.31% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, G6Q, UD1

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.24	0/5232	0.42	0/7061
1	B	0.24	0/5267	0.42	0/7109
All	All	0.24	0/10499	0.42	0/14170

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5143	5161	5160	12	0
1	B	5179	5198	5197	7	0
2	A	39	25	25	0	0
2	B	39	25	25	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	16	13	11	2	0
4	B	16	13	11	1	0
5	A	10	5	5	1	0
6	A	79	0	0	0	0
6	B	47	0	0	0	0
All	All	10570	10440	10434	17	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

The worst 5 of 17 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:558:LYS:NZ	4:A:703:G6Q:O1	2.15	0.79
1:A:422:GLN:N	4:A:703:G6Q:O2P	2.27	0.68
1:A:621:ASP:OD1	1:A:622:LYS:N	2.34	0.59
1:B:210:GLY:O	1:B:258:TYR:N	2.42	0.51
1:B:334:GLU:N	1:B:334:GLU:OE1	2.47	0.48

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	643/687 (94%)	629 (98%)	13 (2%)	1 (0%)	49 64
1	B	648/687 (94%)	628 (97%)	18 (3%)	2 (0%)	43 57
All	All	1291/1374 (94%)	1257 (97%)	31 (2%)	3 (0%)	49 64

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	250	VAL
1	B	677	SER
1	A	250	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar

resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	567/602 (94%)	566 (100%)	1 (0%)	94	98
1	B	572/602 (95%)	570 (100%)	2 (0%)	93	97
All	All	1139/1204 (95%)	1136 (100%)	3 (0%)	93	97

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	170	PHE
1	B	79	MET
1	B	170	PHE

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	UD1	A	701	3	33,41,41	3.47	14 (42%)	44,62,62	1.22	4 (9%)
4	G6Q	A	703	-	14,15,15	0.43	0	21,21,21	1.02	2 (9%)
2	UD1	B	701	3	33,41,41	3.48	14 (42%)	44,62,62	1.27	4 (9%)
4	G6Q	B	703	-	14,15,15	0.43	0	21,21,21	0.96	1 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	UD1	A	701	3	-	1/22/63/63	0/3/3/3
4	G6Q	A	703	-	-	5/18/20/20	-
2	UD1	B	701	3	-	5/22/63/63	0/3/3/3
4	G6Q	B	703	-	-	5/18/20/20	-

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	701	UD1	C3B-C2B	-8.72	1.30	1.53
2	A	701	UD1	C3B-C2B	-8.67	1.31	1.53
2	A	701	UD1	O4B-C1B	-7.83	1.30	1.41
2	B	701	UD1	O4B-C1B	-7.77	1.30	1.41
2	B	701	UD1	C4-N3	7.52	1.46	1.33

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	701	UD1	C4B-O4B-C1B	-3.74	105.93	109.83
2	A	701	UD1	O3A-PB-O1'	3.55	109.65	102.48
2	B	701	UD1	O3A-PB-O1'	3.31	109.15	102.48
2	A	701	UD1	C4B-O4B-C1B	-3.21	106.49	109.83
2	B	701	UD1	C8'-C7'-N2'	2.73	120.80	116.10

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

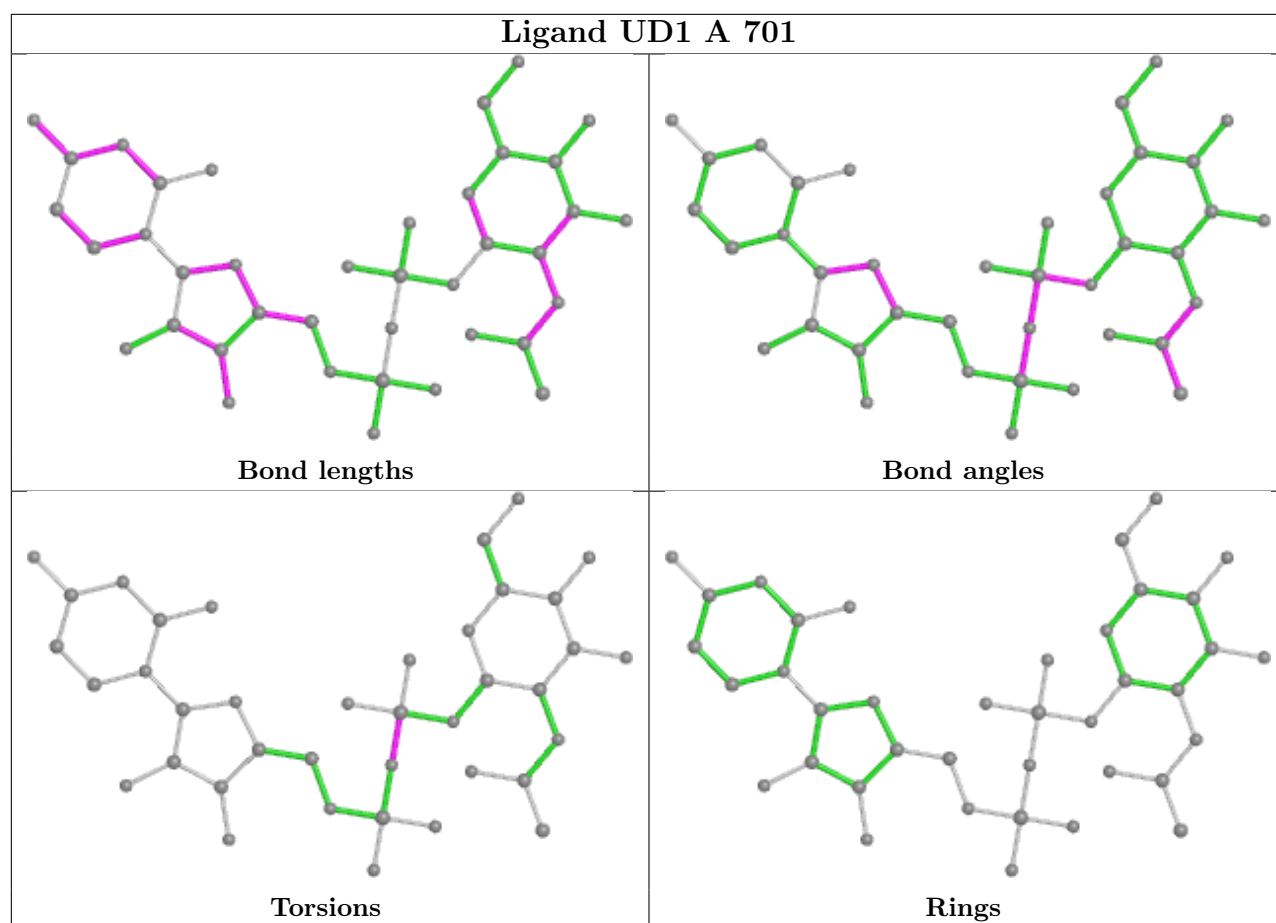
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	703	G6Q	O2-C2-C3-C4
4	A	703	G6Q	O2-C2-C3-O3
4	A	703	G6Q	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	B	703	G6Q	C1-C2-C3-C4
4	B	703	G6Q	O2-C2-C3-C4

There are no ring outliers.

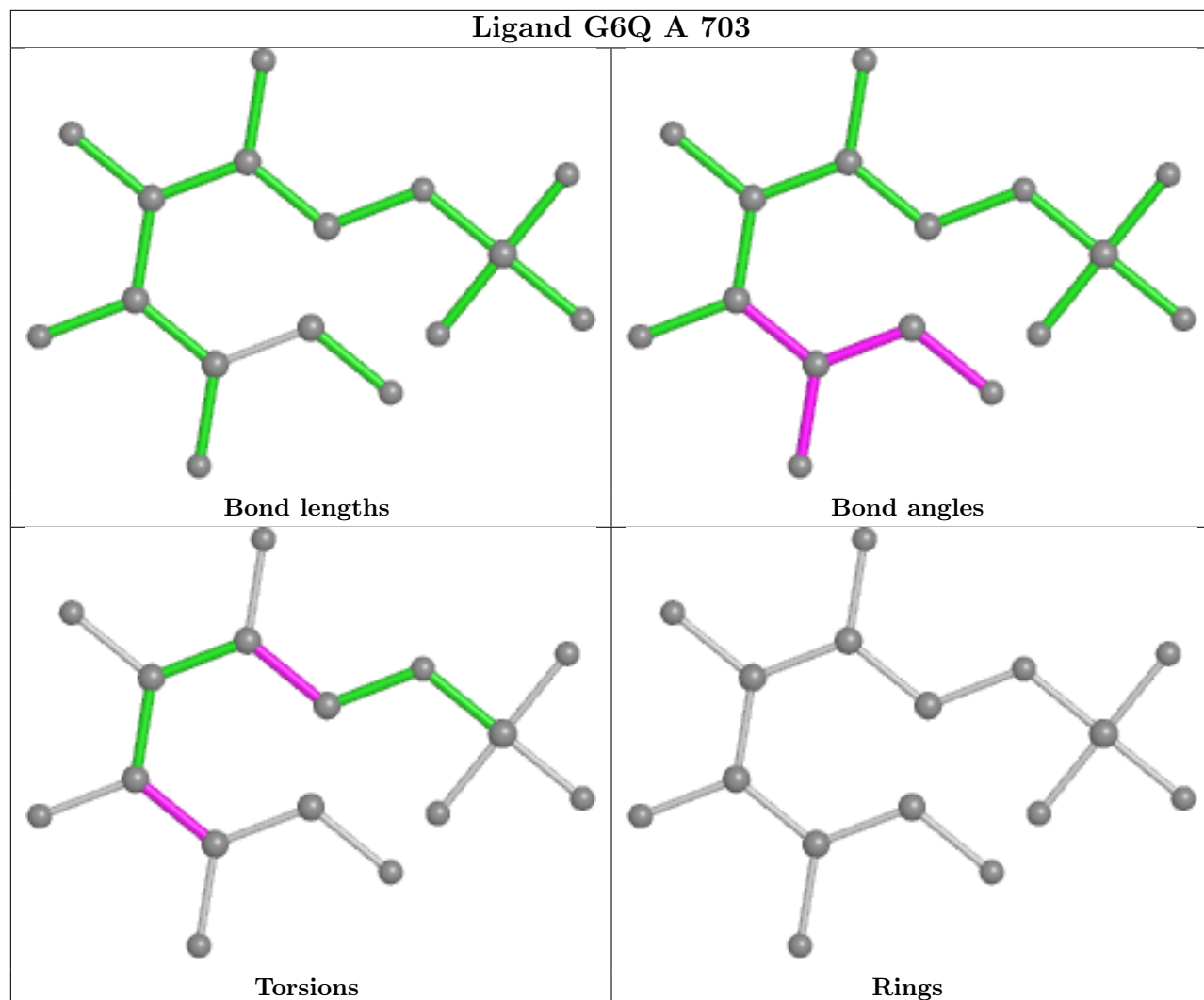
2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

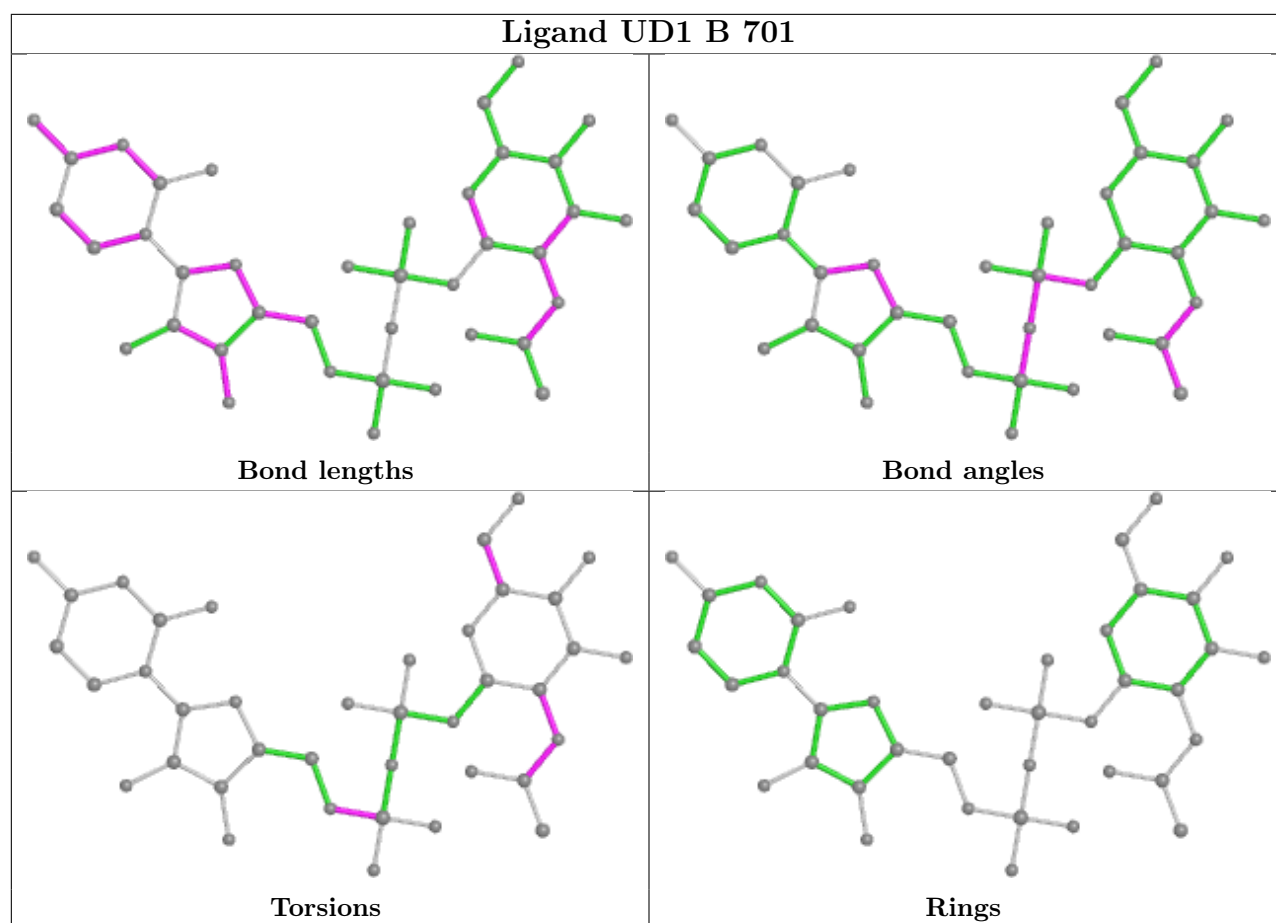
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	703	G6Q	2	0
4	B	703	G6Q	1	0

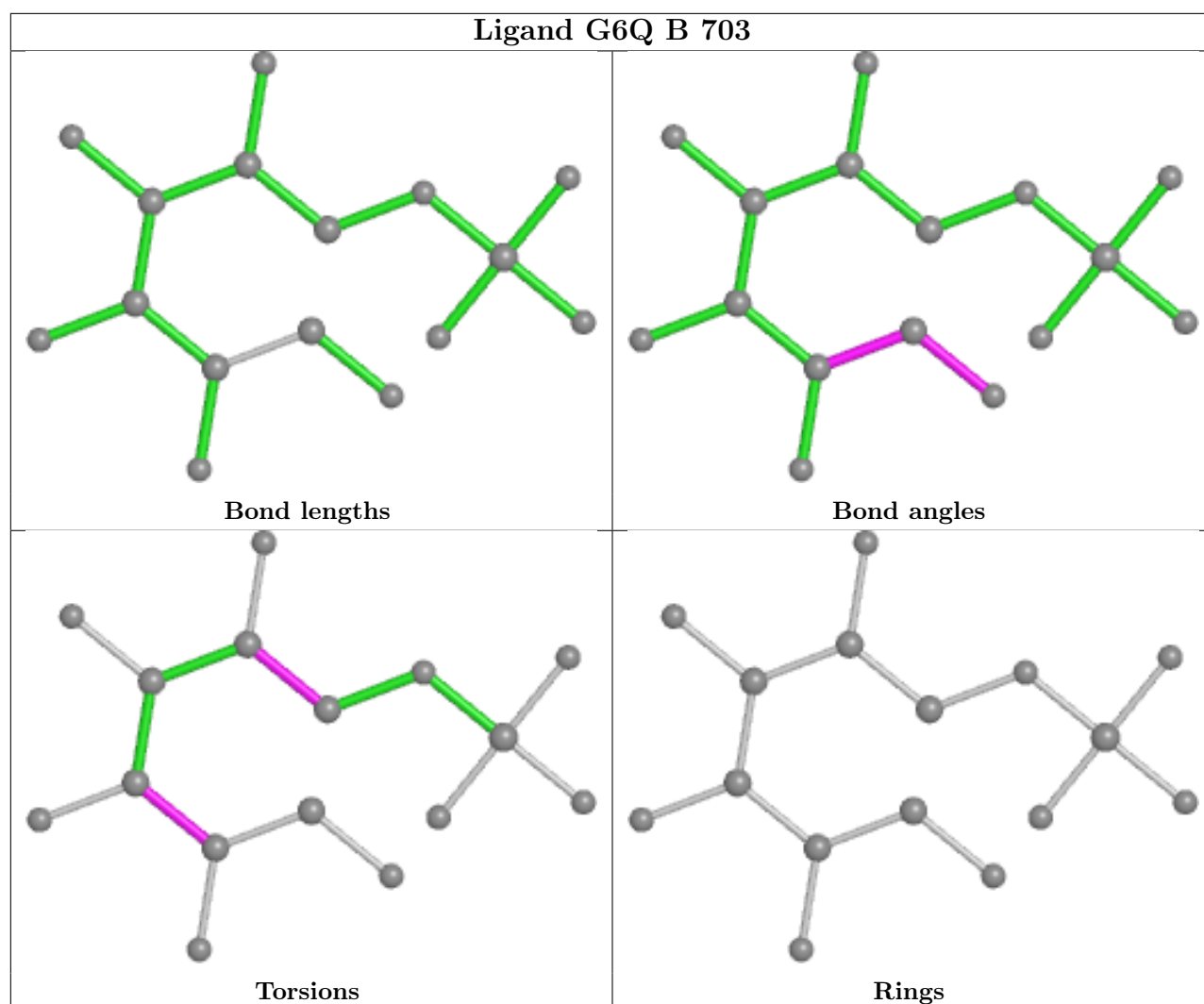
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



Ligand G6Q A 703







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2		OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	649/687 (94%)	0.29	25 (3%)	39 37	33, 52, 102, 156	0
1	B	654/687 (95%)	1.98	211 (32%)	0 0	35, 76, 188, 251	0
All	All	1303/1374 (94%)	1.14	236 (18%)	1 1	33, 58, 174, 251	0

The worst 5 of 236 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	170	PHE	13.0
1	B	250	VAL	13.0
1	B	255	VAL	12.5
1	B	89	LEU	12.3
1	B	225	LEU	12.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

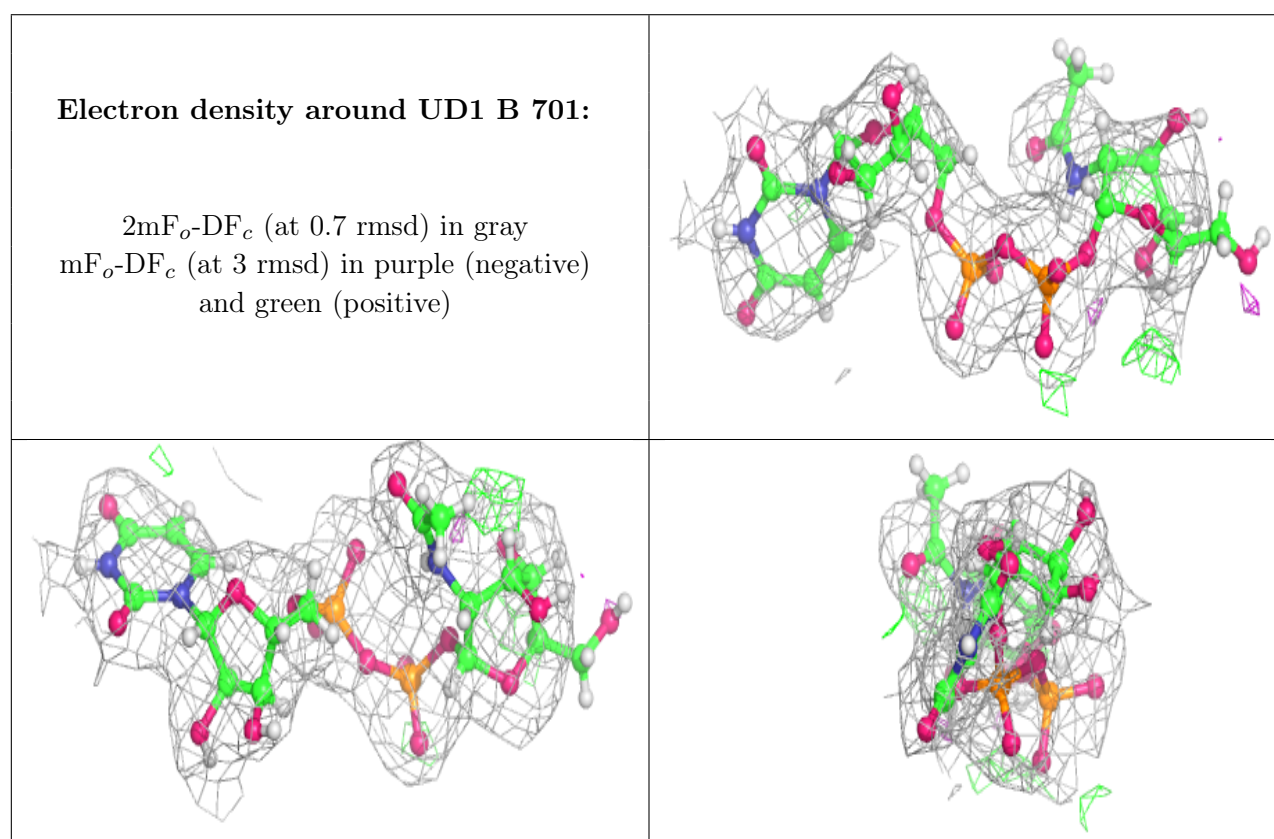
There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

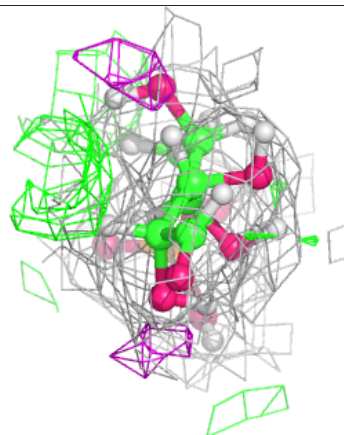
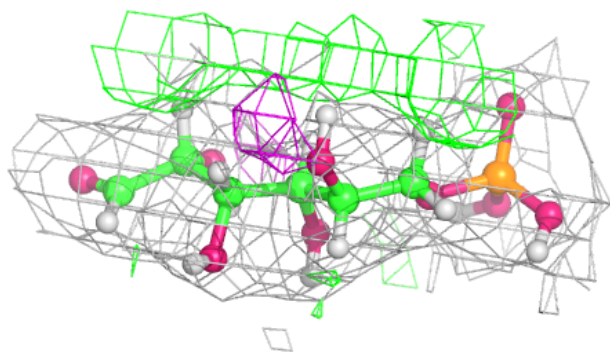
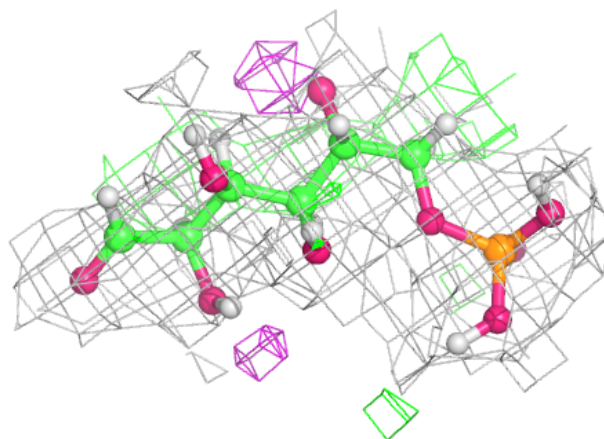
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
5	GLU	A	704	10/10	0.90	0.17	76,80,96,96	0
3	MG	B	702	1/1	0.94	0.18	40,40,40,40	0
2	UD1	B	701	39/39	0.94	0.16	48,72,108,125	0
4	G6Q	B	703	16/16	0.96	0.27	40,49,57,63	0
2	UD1	A	701	39/39	0.97	0.14	41,55,72,79	0
4	G6Q	A	703	16/16	0.97	0.24	34,42,51,56	0
3	MG	A	702	1/1	0.98	0.21	31,31,31,31	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

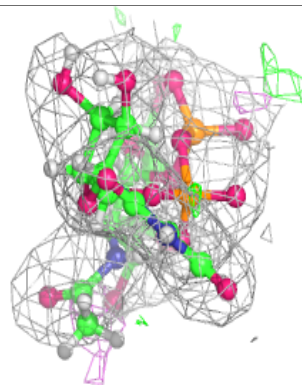
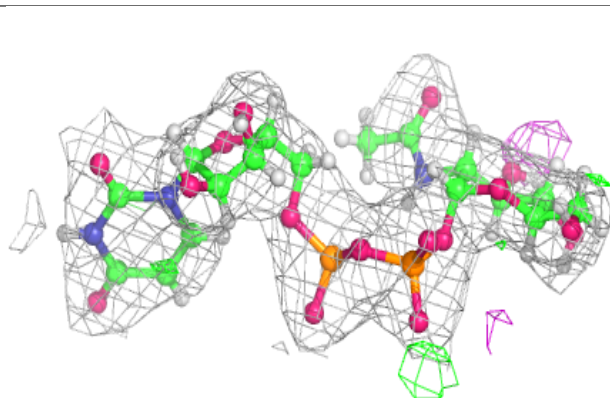
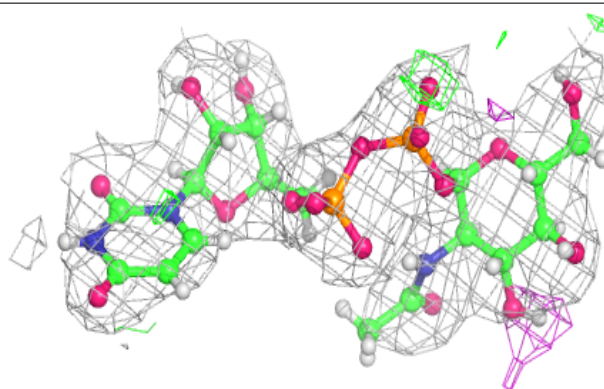


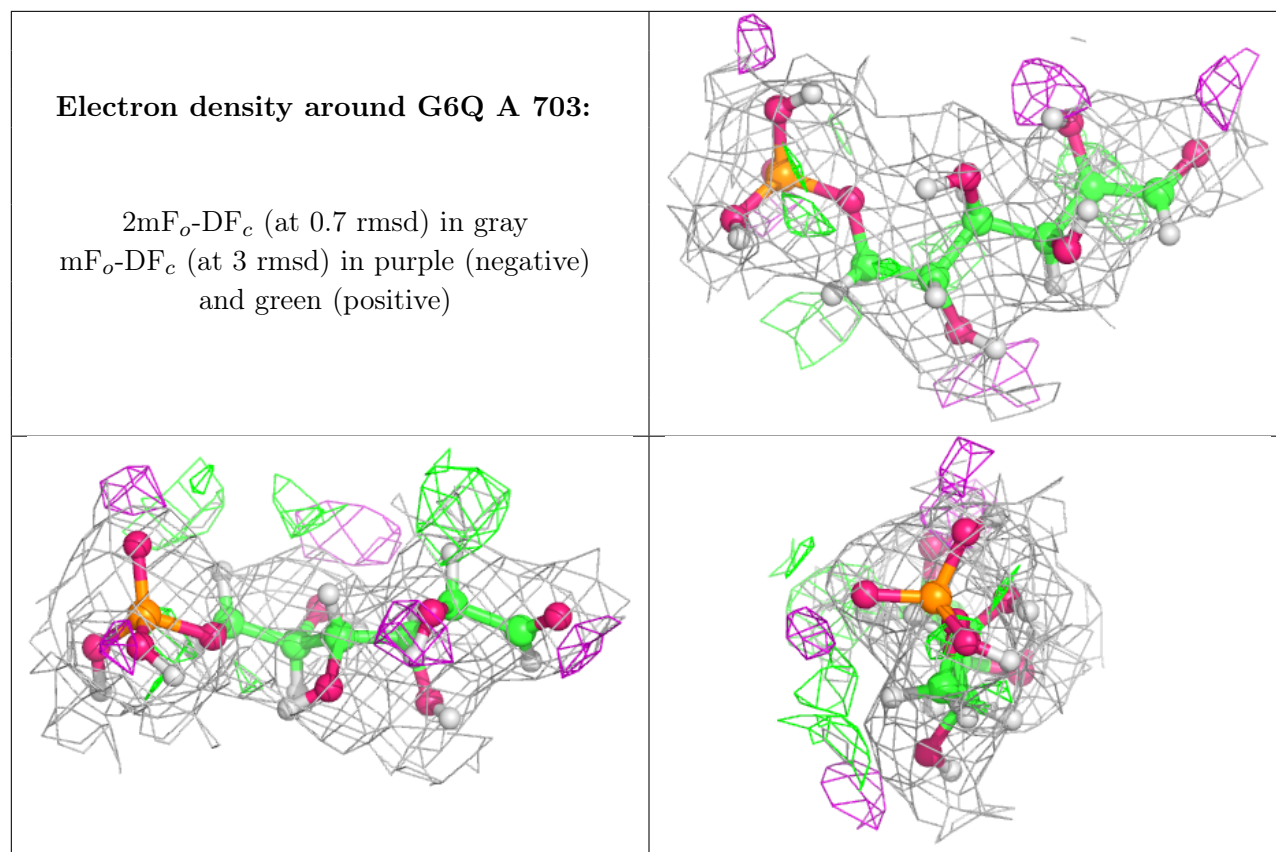
Electron density around G6Q B 703:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around UD1 A 701:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.